

nodegrid

User Guide v5.8



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About the Nodegrid v5.8 User Guide

Document updated: November 30, 2022.

All manuals (PDF and HTML format) are available here.

If any features/functions cannot be viewed, user does not have necessary privileges.

This document provides user information and details on the Nodegrid Platform and the supporting units:

- Nodegrid Serial Console Series
- Nodegrid Net Services Router
- Nodegrid Gate SR
- Nodegrid Bold SR
- Nodegrid Link SR
- Nodegrid Hive SR
- Nodegrid Mini SR

Notifications

USA

WARNING: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense.

Canada

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

European Union

This is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case, the user may be required to take adequate measures.



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Product Overview

Nodegrid Serial Console

The Nodegrid Serial Console product line consolidates and manages attached devices via a Serial Port Connection including servers, network routers and switches, storage, PDUs, UPSs, and any other device with a serial port.

Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series

The Nodegrid Serial Console (S Series) is designed to fit modern and legacy mixed environment. With auto-sensing ports, the S Series Console Servers can be used within any environment with straight-through cables or legacy adapters.

Features include:

- Auto-Switching (Cisco or Legacy Pin-out)
- 16/32/48/96 Serial Ports
- Additional USB ports



- Factory upgradeable CPU and RAM
- 1U 19" Rack Standard Unit
- Single AC, Dual AC, and Dual DC
- Fan options

Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
СРИ	Intel x86_64 dual core CPU
Memory & Storage	4 GB of DDR3 DRAM 32 GB mSATA SSD
Interfaces	16, 32, 48, 96 RS-232 serial ports on RJ45 @ 230,400 bps max/port 2 Gb (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 or (optional) 2 SFP+ 1/2.5/10GB compatible 1 RS-232 serial console port on RJ45 1 USB 3.0 Host and 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A connector 1 HDMI output port
Power	40V-63 VDC dual power input (redundant) Power consumption 45 W typical Single or Dual AC: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L x W x H): 443 x 312 x 43 mm (17.4 x 12.3 x 1.7 in), 1U Weight: 4.9 kg (10.8 lb), depending on options Shipping weight: 7.65 kg (17 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 600 x 440 x 210 mm (23.6 x 17.3 x 8.3 in) F: front-to-back or back-to-front fans (Swappable) B: no fans
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 50° C (32 to 122° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond.

Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series Front Interfaces (F: with fan)





Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series Front Interfaces (B: without fan)



Port	Description
HDMI	HDMI Interface
USB	USB 2.0 Port
PWR	Power LED Green:-Solid - normal,- Off - power is off
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking – normal, Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment, Off or Solid - no activity
RST	Reset button: <3s system reset,>10s configuration factory reset and system reset
FAN	Fan options: F (with fan), B (without fan)
USB	1 USB 2.0 Port, 12 USB 1.1 Ports

Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series Rear Interfaces



Port	Description
Power	Single or Dual Power Sockets
Serial	Serial Interfaces: Right/Orange DCD/DTR – On (port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T- Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)



Port	Description
ETH0/SFP0	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green: Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected Ethernet fault:· Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed). Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green - 10Gb link speed:·Right/Orange (1Gb link speed),Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
ETH1/SFP1	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green: Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed),·Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed),·Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green: Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed),·Right/Orange (1Gb link speed),·Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
Console	Console MGMT Interface Right/Orange (LED Power Failure), Blinking:(Power supply failure/off – for dual power supply models), Off (normal) Left/Green LED System Activity: Blinking (normal), Off or Solid (no activity)
USB	1 USB 3.0

Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series

The Nodegrid Serial Console (R Series) fits into major hardware environments like Cisco, Arista, Dell, Palo Alto Networks, and Juniper. The R Series Serial Consoles are perfect for retrofits and to upgrade rack standards of existing builds.

Features include:

- For Cisco Pin-out Devices
- 16/32/48/96 Serial Ports
- 1U 19" Rack Standard Unit
- Single AC, Dual AC, and Dual DC

Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
СРИ	Intel Atom x86_64 dual core @ 1.75 GHz CPU
Memory & Storage	4 GB of DDR3 DRAM 32 GB mSATA SSD



Item	Description
Interfaces	16, 32, 48, 96 RS-232 serial ports on RJ45 @ 230,400 bps max/port. 2 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 or optionally 2 SFP+ 1/2.5/10GB compatible 1 RS-232 serial console port on RJ45 1 USB 3.0 Host and 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A connector 1 HDMI output port
Power	40V-63 VDC dual power input (redundant) Power consumption 45 W typical Single or Dual AC: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L x W x H): 443 x 312 x 43 mm (17.4 x 12.3 x 1.7 in), 1U Weight: 4.9 kg (10.8 lb), depending on options Shipping weight: 9.5 kg (20.9 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 600 x 440 x 210 mm (23.6 x 17.3 x 8.3 in)
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 50° C (32 to 122° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond.

Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series Front Interfaces



Port	Description	
НДМІ	HDMI Interface	
USB	2 USB 2.0 Port	
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal, Off - power is off	
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking – normal, Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment, Off or Solid - no activity	
RST	Reset button:<3s system reset,>10s configuration factory reset and system reset	

Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series Rear Interfaces





Port	Description	
Power	Single or Dual Power Sockets	
Serial	Serial Interfaces: Right/Orange DCD/DTR – On (port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T- Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)	
ETH0/SFP0	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed),·Right/Orange (1Gb link speed),·Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
ETH1/SFP1	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off:(no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed), Right/Orange (1Gb link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
Console	Console MGMT Interface Right/Orange (LED Power Failure), Blinking (Power supply failure/off - for dual power supply models), Off (normal) Left/Green (LED System Activity) – Blinking (normal), Off or Solid (no activity)	
USB	USB 3.0	

Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series

The Nodegrid Serial Console (T Series) fits into environments that still utilize legacy devices and can be a direct replacement for any legacy console server.

Features include:

- For Legacy Devices
- 16/32/48/96 Serial Ports
- 1U 19" Standard Unit
- Single AC, Dual AC, and Dual DC

Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Atom x86_64 dual core @ 1.75 GHz CPU



Item	Description	
Memory & Storage	4 GB of DDR3 DRAM 32 GB mSATA SSD	
Interfaces	2 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 or 2 SFP+ Fiber interfaces compatible with 1Gb 2.5Gb / 10Gb modules16, 32, 48, 96 RS-232 serial ports on RJ45 @ 230,400 bps max/port 1 RS-232 serial console port on RJ45 1 USB 3.0 Host 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A connector HDMI	
Power	Single/Dual AC 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz Dual DC: 40-63 VDC Power consumption 45 W (on 96 ports)	
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L x W x H): 443 x 312 x 43 mm (17.4 x 12.3 x 1.7 in), 1U Weight: 4.9 kg (10.8 lb), depending on options Shipping weight: 9.5 kg (20.9 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 600 x 440 x 210 mm (23.6 x 17.3 x 8.3 in)	
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 50° C (32 to 122° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond.	

Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series Front Interfaces



Port	Description	
HDMI	HDMI Interface	
USB	2 USB 2.0 Port	
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal, Off - power is off	
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking – normal, Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment, Off or Solid - no activity	
RST	Reset button:<3s system reset,>10s configuration factory reset and system reset	
НДМІ	HDMI Interface	



Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series Rear Interfaces



Port	Description	
Power	Single or Dual Power Sockets	
Serial	Serial Interfaces: Right/Orange DCD/DTR – On (port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T- Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)	
ETH0/SFP0	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed),·Right/Orange (1Gb link speed),·Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
ETH1/SFP1	Network Interface Copper:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off:(no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) SFP 1Gb/10Gb:·Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed), Right/Orange (1Gb link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
Console	Console MGMT Interface Right/Orange (LED Power Failure), Blinking (Power supply failure/off - for dual power supply models), Off (normal) Left/Green (LED System Activity) – Blinking (normal), Off or Solid (no activity)	
USB	USB 3.0	

Nodegrid Net Services Router Family

The Nodegrid Net Services Router (NSR) is a platform appliance designed for software-defined networking (SDN), out of band (OOB) management, DevOps, cellular failover, docker, SD-WAN, remote/branch offices, retail locations, and network function virtualization (NFV) capabilities.



Nodegrid Net Services Router

The Nodegrid Net Services Router is a modular, open platform appliance designed for software-defined networking (SDN), out of band (OOB) management, DevOps, cellular failover, docker, SD-WAN, remote/branch offices, retail locations, and network function virtualization (NFV) capabilities.

Features include:

- Open Framework, Modular Services Router
- Pluggable Expansion Modules 5 slots available
- Modules for GbE, Serial, SFP+ 10GbE, PoE+, USB, M.2/SATA + Antenna, Storage, Extra Compute
- 1U 19" Standard Unit
- Separation of Control Plane and Data Plane

Nodegrid Net Services Router Hardware Specifications

Item	Description	
СРИ	Intel Multi-core x86_64 CPU	
Memory & Storage	8 GB of DDR4 DRAM (Upgradeable) 32 GB FLASH (mSATA SSD) (Upgradeable) Self-Encrypted Drive (SED)	
Interfaces	2 SFP+ Ethernet 2 Gigabit Ethernet 1 RS-232 serial console port on RJ45 1 USB 3.0 1 USB 2.0 1 HDMI	
Power	Dual AC 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz or Dual DC 36-75 VDC Power Consumption 90W-150W typical	
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L x W x H): 438 x 332 x 43mm (17.2 x 13.1 x 1.7 in), 1U Weight: 4.9 kg (10.8 lb), depending on options Air Exhaust or Air Intake Fans (Swappable)	
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 45° C (32 to 113° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 10-90% RH, non-cond.	



Nodegrid Net Services Router Front Interfaces



Port	Description	
Slot 1	Slot for Module	
Slot 2	Slot for Module	
Slot 3	Slot for Module	
SFP+0	Network Interface- Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed), Right/Orange (1Gb link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
SFP+ 1	Network Interface- Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (10Gb link speed), Right/Orange (1Gb link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
ETH0	Network Interface- Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
ETH1	Network Interface- Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
Console	Console MGMT Interface Right/Orange (LED Power Failure), Blinking (Power supply failure/off for dual power supply models), Off (normal) Left/Green (LED System Activity), Blinking (normal), Off or Solid (no activity)	
USB	USB 3.0	
RST	Reset button: <3s (system reset) >10s (configuration factory reset and system reset)	



Nodegrid Net Services Router Rear Interfaces



Port	Description	
Slot 4	Slot for Module (depending on the Model)	
Slot 5	Slot for Module (depending on the Model)	
USB	2 USB 2.0 Port	
HDMI	HDMI Interface	
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal, Off - power is off	
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking – normal, Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment, Off or Solid - no activity	
FAN	Fans	
Power Socket	Dual Power Sockets	
Power	Single or Dual Power Sockets	

Nodegrid Net Services Router Expansion Modules

The Nodegrid Net Services Router has up to five slots for modules that provide extreme flexibility and expanded functionality.

Nodegrid Net Services Router Expansion Modules

Module	Image	Specification
16-Port 1GbE		1000BASE-T Cat5e or better
16-Port SFP 1GbE		Supports all SFP Modules



Module	Image	Specification
8-Port SFP+ 10GbE	D-00-00-05-0	Supports all SFP+ Modules
8-Port PoE+		25.5W mapower per port Total ma150W PoE+ available Configurable power budget
16-Port Serial		RJ45 Serial Rolled port ma230,400 bps
16-Port USB		USB 2.0 interfaces Type A
M.2 Cellular + Antenna	0 0 0 0	For up to 24G/LTE modems
M.2 SATA		For up to 2mSATA storage modules
Storage		For 2.5" SATA (HDD/SDD) storage
Compute		Compute module (server on a card), provides independent compute capabilities.

Expansion Module Compatibility Chart

Expansion card	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 5
16-Port GbE Ethernet	√	✓	✓	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
16-Port SFP	√	√	√	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
16-Port Serial	✓	✓	√	✓	1
16-Port USB	√	√	√	✓	1
M.2 Cellular / WiFi	✓	✓	√	✓	1



Expansion card	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 5
8-Port SFP+	✓	√	✓	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
8-Port POE+	√	✓	√	_	_
Compute	√	√	√	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
Storage *	_	_	_	✓	✓
M.2 SATA *	_	_	_	✓	✓

NOTES:

- (*) The Nodegrid Net Services Router supports a maximum of 2 SATA drives, which can be divided into 2 Storage cards or in one M.2 SATA card.
- (**) The Secure Isolated Mode allows for the management of the cards as if they would be located in a normal Slot, but the network traffic is isolated from any other slot.

Configure Extra Storage Devices on NSR

IMPORTANT: When additional storage is added, special steps are required to allow the system to see more than one disk (i.e., use both storage and an LTE/M2.SATA module).

If using Storage and LTE/M2.SATA:

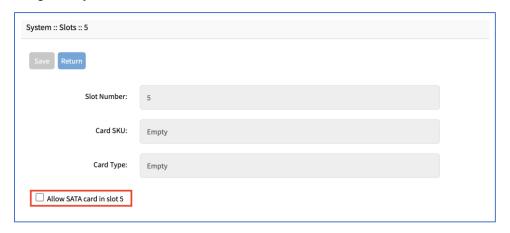
LTE/M2.SATA must be installed in slot 4.

Storage module must be installed in slot 5.

M2.SATA must be installed in Channel A.

Modem must be installed in Channel B.

1. In the WebUI, go to System :: Slots :: 5.



- 2. Select Allow SATA card in slot 5 checkbox.
- 3. Click Save.



Nodegrid Gate SR

The Nodegrid Gate SR brings agility to any network. Perfect for both data center and branch, Nodegrid Gate SR packs tremendous power in a small form factor – to provide a truly robust and dynamic, secure infrastructure management solution. Configuration and management of the Nodegrid Gate SR is easily done on the ZPE Cloud application.



Features include:

- Secure, fast, and consistent deployments across all your branches with ZPE Cloud
- Software Defined Networking, Network Function Virtualization, Guest OS, Kubernetes, and Docker capabilities
- Minimizes MTTR, downtime and expenses with secure, centralized remote device access & control
- Increases site reliability with open industry standard hardware and easy-to-use software
- Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) for fast and easy setup in remote locations
- Integrates with ZPE Cloud and ZPE Systems Nodegrid Manager for a vendor-neutral, unified management solution
- Direct Linux shell, HTML5 cross-device web access, and command line interface
- Modern 64-bit Linux Kernel for fast security patching and widespread software availability
- Kubernetes and Docker-optimized for quick, flexible script and application integration
- Extended Automation based on actionable real-time data
- Failover to 4G/LTE modem



- Gateway and multi-routing table capability
- VPN and IPsec
- DHCP server extra IPs for your remote site or replace your current router altogether
- Firewall built-in and turns on with a check box
- Secure selectable encrypted cryptographic protocols and cipher suite levels, and a configuration checksum™
- Power control and monitoring get alerts on suboptimal IT device health before malfunctions occur and solve problems automatically
- Orchestration Puppet, Chef, Ansible, RESTful and ZPE Cloud
- WiFi hotspot ready via internal card or add your AP (Access Point) via a PoE+ port
- High density and flexible interfaces for greater connectivity

Nodegrid Gate SR Hardware Specifications

Item	Description	
CPU	Intel Multi-core x86_64 CPU	
Memory & Storage	8-32GB DDR4 DRAM 32GB Hardware encrypted SSD	
Interfaces	8 RJ45 Serial ports 2 SFP+ (10G) 1 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 4 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 with Built-in Switch 4 PoE+ Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 with Built-in Switch 2 GPIO (Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V max @ 64mA) 1 Digital Out Port (Signal MOSFET Digital Output 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA max) 1 Relay Port (NC relay contact max 24V @ 1A) 2 USB 3.0 Host on Type A 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A 1 Wi-Fi (optional) 2 Cellular Slots with Dual SIM (optional) 1 HDMI port	
Power	36V-75 VDC dual power input (redundant) Power consumption 45 W typical AC Power adapter (add-on), 100-240V~, 1.2A, 50-60Hz (operating temperature: -25C – 60C	
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L W H): 241.3 x 260.4 x 44.5 mm (9.5 x 10.25 x 1.75 in) Weight: .9 kg (2 lb) Shipping weight: 3.6 kg (8.0 lb) Shipping (L W H): 349.2 x 374.7 x 177.8 mm (13.75 x 14.75 x 7 in)	
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 60° C (32 to 140° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond.	



Nodegrid Gate SR Front Interfaces



Interface	Description	
DIO0	Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V ma@ 64mA	
DIO1	Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V ma@ 64mA	
OUT0	Signal MOSFET Digital Output 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA max	
Relay Output	NC relay contact ma24V @ 1A	
Console	Console MGMT Interface	
USB	2 USB 2.0	
НДМІ	Monitor Interface	
Channel A	Signal Strength indicator for Channel A	
Channel B	Signal Strength indicator for Channel B	
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal Off - power is off	
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking – normal, Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment, Off or Solid - no activity	
RST	Reset button:<3s system reset>10s reset to factory default and system reset	
Power Switch	Power on/off Switch	



Nodegrid Gate SR Rear Interfaces



Port	Description	
PWR	Power LED Green:- Solid – normal, Off - power is off	
V2- / GND / V2+	Power Connector for External Power Supply: 36V - 75VDC dual power input (redundant)	
V1- / GND / V1+	Power Connector for External Power Supply: 36V - 75VDC dual power input (redundant)	
PoE+	4 PoE+ Network Interface numbered 1 to 4· Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
NET	4 Network Interface numbered 5 to 8 Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)	
SFP+0	SFP+ Network Interface 0 Left/Yellow – Solid (Link UP), Off (no link/cable disconnected) Right/Green – Solid (Link UP), Blinking (Activity), Off (no link/cable disconnected)	
SFP+ 1	SFP+ Network Interface 1- Left/Yellow – Solid (Link UP), Off (no link/cable disconnected)- Right/Green – Solid (Link UP), Blinking (Activity), Off (no link/cable disconnected)	
ETH0	Network Interface- Left/Yellow – Solid (Link UP), Blinking (data activity), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ehternet fault)- Right/Green – Solid (1000Base-T link speed), Off (100/10BaseT link speed or off)	
USB	2 USB 3.0 Port	
Serial	Serial Interfaces 1-8- Right/Orange DCD/DTR – On)port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T- Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)	



Nodegrid Hive SR

The Nodegrid Hive SR is used for SD-WAN and SD-Branch applications.



NOTE; Hive SR default system profile is Gateway Profile.

Features include:

- Three M.2 slots for flexible combinations of up to Wifi 6, 5G and NVMe drives
- Four SIM card slots for up to two cellular modems
- Four RJ-45 Network Ports (2.5G)
- Two SFP+
- Two 1GbE Combo (RJ45/SFP)
- +12V DC power
- Fan-cooled
- Rack or wall mountable
- Five antenna slots.
- Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) for fast and easy setup in remote locations



• Integrates with ZPE Cloud and ZPE Systems Nodegrid Manager for a vendor-neutral, unified management solution

Nodegrid Hive SR Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Atom C3558 - 4 cores
Memory & Storage	DDR4 16 GB, bus 64-bit, with ECC 16GB eMMC 128 GB NVMe SSD
Interfaces	4 RJ-45 Network Ports (2.5G) 2 SFP+ 2 1GbE Combo (RJ45/SFP) Console: Cisco RJ45 and micro-USB 2 USB 3.0 Host on Type A 4 SIM card slots Expansion Slot-0: M.2 Key-M (x2 PCle Gen3), 128GB NVMe Channel-A (expansion slot-2): M.2 Key-B (x1 PCle Gen3, USB3/2) optional cards: 5G cellular card or EM7565 Channel-B (expansion slot-1): M.2 Key-B (x1 PCle Gen3, USB3/2) optional cards: Enli Wi-Fi 6 card, Wi-Fi 5 card, NVMe card or EM7565 second card.
Power	+12V DC Locking Barrel Jack External 60W PSU Power consumption 20W max (board only), 40W (includes max peripheral power)
Physical	Fan cooled. Rackmount accessory kit: Rackmount bracket, USB patch cables Wall-mount accessory kit: Unit mounting brackets, PSU mounting bracket – with hardware Size (L W H): 200 x 256 x 44 mm (7.87.x-10.07-x.1.73 in) Weight: .9 kg (2 lb) Shipping weight: 3.6 kg (8.0 lb) Shipping (L W H): 349.2 x 374.7 1x 77.8 mm (13.75 x 14.75 x 7 in)
Environmental	Operation: 0 to 60° C (32 to 140° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond.

Nodegrid Hive SR Side Interfaces





Interface	Description
Left LED (PWR/Status)	AMBER (has power, standby). During BOOT: BLUE (unit starts boot) Operating: GREEN (system booted), blinking RED (alarm), solid RED (reset button pressed more than 10sec)
Middle LED	During BOOT: OFF Operating: M.2 - Channel A signal strength – OFF (no signal), solid RED (poor), solid AMBER (fair), solid BLUE (good), solid GREEN (excellent)
Right LED	During BOOT: OFF Operating: M.2 - Channel B signal strength – OFF (no signal), solid RED (poor), solid AMBER (fair), solid BLUE (good), solid GREEN (excellent)
(optional) SIM CARDS	SIM Slot-A1 SIM Slot-A2 SIM Slot-B1 SIM Slot-B2
USB	2 USB 3.0
Protruding Button	2-7s (graceful OS shutdown and set status bit) <4s (no action) 4-7s (graceful OS shutdown) >7s (immediate CPU shutdown)
Recessed Button	<10s (hardware reset) >10s (Factory default unit and reboot)

Nodegrid Hive SR Rear Interfaces



Port	Description
MicroUSB	Console Port
Console Port	Cisco RJ-45 Left LED (not used) Right LED: Green Solid (RJ-45 cable connected); Off (microUSB)



Port	Description
WAN0 (1G)	CAT 5e or CAT 6 cable. Left LED (speed) Solid Amber (1G); Solid Green (100Mb); Off (10Mb). Right LED (data traffic): Solid Green (Link Up); Blinking Green (data traffic).
WAN1 (1G)	CAT 5e or CAT 6 cable Left LED (speed) Solid Amber (1G); Solid Green (100Mb); Off (10Mb). Right LED (data traffic): Solid Green (Link Up); Blinking Green (data traffic).
SFP0 (10G)	SFP+ Network Interface 0 Left LED: Solid Green (link ready), Off (no link). Right LED (data traffic): Solid Green (Link Up); Blinking Green (data traffic).
SFP1 (10G)	SFP+ Network Interface 1 Left LED: Solid Green (link ready), Off (no link). Right LED (data traffic): Solid Green (Link Up); Blinking Green (data traffic).
LAN[0-3]	Network Ports Left LED (speed) Solid Green(2.5G); Solid Amber (1G); Off (10/100M). Right LED (data traffic): Solid Green (Link Up); Blinking Green (data traffic).
Antenna Connection	(optional) 5G/LTE
Antenna Connection	(optional) WiFi Antenna
DC Power Adaptor	12VDC for External Power Supply

Nodegrid Bold SR

The Nodegrid Bold SR is an open platform appliance designed for secure access and control over remote and IoT devices at the EDGE of your network. The Bold SR supports cellular failover, Network Function Virtualization (NFV), and Software Defined Networking with a focus on SD-WAN.





Features include:

- 1U high, compact size, high processing power
- Ideal for Software Defined Networking
- Network Function Virtualization
- Cellular failover
- WiFi hotspot & client
- Multiple Interfaces

Nodegrid Bold SR Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Multi-core x86_64 CPU
Memory & Storage	4 GB of DDR3 DRAM 32 GB SATADOM SSD (Upgradeable)
Interfaces	8 RJ45 Serial ports 1 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 4 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 with Built-in Switch 2 USB 3.0 Host on Type A 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A 1 Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Slot (optional) 2 Cellular CAT-12 Slots with Dual SIM (optional) 1 VGA port



Item	Description
Power	12VDC via external 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz adapter Power consumption 25 W typical
Physical	Front-Rear mounting brackets Size (L x W x H): 142 x 201 x 44 mm (5.5 x 7.9 x 1.73 in) Weight: 1.2 kg (2.6 lb) Shipping weight: 2.3 kg (5.0 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 313 x 313 x 140 mm (12.3 x 12.3 x 5.5 in)

Nodegrid Bold SR Front Interfaces



Port	Description	
Channel A	Signal Strength indicator for Channel A	
Channel B	Signal Strength indicator for Channel B	
Console	Console MGMT Interface	
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal, Off - power is off	
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking - normal Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment Off or Solid - no activity	
RST	Reset button:<3s system reset,>10s configuration factory reset and system reset	
Power Switch	Power on/off Switch	



Nodegrid Bold SR Rear View



Port	Description
PWR IN	Power Socket for external Power Supply
Monitor	VGA Interface
ETH0	Network Interface Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
USB	2 USB 2.0 Port 2 USB 3.0 Port
ETH1	Network Interface(NET) Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
ETH2	Network Interface(NET) Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
ETH3	Network Interface(NET) Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)
ETH4	Network Interface(NET)- Left/Green – Blinking (data activity), Solid (ready), Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault) Right/Green (1000Base-T link speed), Right/Orange (100BaseT link speed), Right/Off (no link/cable disconnected/Ethernet fault)



Port	Description
Serial	Serial Interfaces 1-8 Right/Orange DCD/DTR – On (port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T – Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)

Nodegrid Link SR

The Nodegrid Link SR brings agility to the branch network and packs tremendous power in a compact design. Truly robust and dynamic, secure infrastructure management. Configure and manage Link SR via the ZPE Cloud to get your Branch / IoT / M2M / Kiosk / ATM / Remote Locations up and running quickly and easily.



Features include:

- Secure, fast and consistent deployments across your branches with the ZPE Cloud
- Combines Cellular gateway and WiFi Access Point (AP) with power input via PoE or Power Adapter
- Software Defined Networking, Network Function Virtualization, Guest OS, Kubernetes, and Docker capabilities
- Minimizes MTTR, downtime and expenses with secure, centralized remote device access & control
- Increases site reliability with open industry standard hardware, and easy-to-use software



- Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) for fast and easy setup in remote locations
- Integrates with ZPE Cloud and ZPE Systems Nodegrid Manager vendor-neutral, unified management solution
- Direct Linux shell, HTML5 cross-device web access and command line interface
- Modern 64-bit Linux Kernel for fast security patching and widespread software availability
- Kubernetes and Docker-optimized for quick, flexible script and application integration
- Extended Automation based on actionable real-time data
- Failover to 4G/LTE modem
- Linkway and multi-routing table capability
- VPN and IPsec
- DHCP server extra IPs for your remote site or replace your current router altogether
- Firewall built-in and turns on with a checkbox
- Secure selectable encrypted cryptographic protocols and cypher suite levels, configuration checksum™
- Power control and monitoring get alerts on suboptimal IT device health before malfunctions occur and solve problems automatically
- Orchestration Puppet, Chef, Ansible, RESTful and ZPE Cloud
- High density and flexible interfaces for greater connectivity

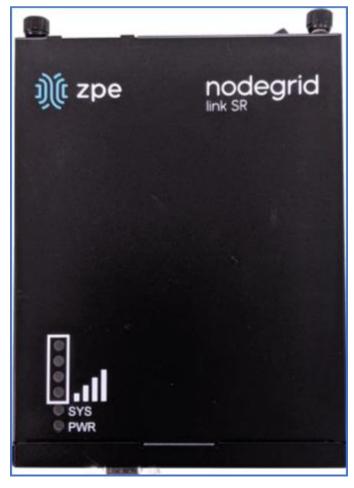
Nodegrid Link SR Hardware Specifications

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Multi-core x86_64 CPU
Memory & Storage	4-8GB of DDR3 DRAM 16GB Self Encrypted Disk (SED) 32 GB SATADOM SSD (Upgradeable)
Interfaces	1 RJ45 Serial ports 1 SFP (1G) 1 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet interfaces on RJ45 with PoE in 2 GPIO Port (Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V max @ 64mA) 2 Digital Out Port (Signal MOSFET Digital Output 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA max) 2 USB 2.0 Hosts on Type A 1 Wi-Fi (optional) 1 Cellular Slots with Dual SIM (optional) 1 VGA port



Item	Description
Power	10V - 57VDC power input AC Power adapter (add-on) 100-240V~ 50-60Hz 1.5A PoE power input Power consumption 15 W typical
Physical	DIM Rail and Wall Mountable Size (L x W x H): 170 130 55 mm (6.69 x 5.11 x 2.16 in) Weight: 1.58 kg (2.3 lb) Shipping weight: 1.58 kg (3.5 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 228.6 x 342.9 x 88.9 mm (9 x 13.5 x 3.5 in)
Environmental	Operating: 0 to 60°C (32 to 140° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 10-90% RH, non-cond.

Nodegrid Link SR Top View

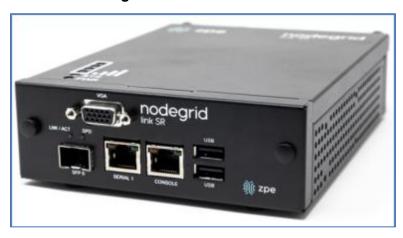


Designation	Description
BARS	Signal Strength indicator



Designation	Description
PWR	Power LED Green: Solid - normal Off - power is off
SYS	System LED Green: Blinking - normal Fast Blink - RST button Acknowledgment Off or Solid - no activity

Nodegrid Link SR Front Interfaces



Designation	Description
SFP 0	SFP Network Interface 0 Left/Yellow – Blinking (data activity), Solid (link up), Off (no link/cable disconnected) Right/Green – Solid (1000Base-T link speed), Off (no link/cable disconnected)
Serial	Serial Interface 1- Right/Orange DCD/DTR – Solid (port open and/or cable connected), Off (not ready) Left/Green RX/T- Blinking (data activity), Off (no activity)
Console	Console MGMT Interface
USB	2 USB 2.0
VGA	Monitor Interface



Nodegrid Link SR Rear Interfaces



Item	Description	
Power Switch	Power on/off Switch	
V1- / GND / V1+	Power Connector for External Power Supply: 10V - 57VDC power input	
ETH0	1 Gigabit (10/100/1000BT) Ethernet with PoE in Left/Yellow – Solid (link up), Blinking (data activity), Off (no link/cable) Right/Green - Solid: (1000Base-T link speed), Off (10/100BaseT link speed)	
DIO0	Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V ma @ 64mA	
DIO1	Digital I/O TTL level 5.5V ma @ 64mA	
OUT0	Signal MOSFET Digital Output 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA max	
OUT1	Signal MOSFET Digital Output 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA max	
RST	Reset button:<3s system reset>10s reset to factory default and system reset	

Nodegrid Mini SR

The Nodegrid Mini SR is a miniature PC designed to be tough, capable, versatile and user-friendly. The unique fan-less design eliminates the need for any maintenance after installation. The device is designed to minimize size and maximize capabilities, durability and thermal performance.





Nodegrid Mini SR Hardware Specifications

Item	Description			
CPU	Intel Apollo Lake CPU			
Memory & Storage	Ix SO-DIMM 204-pin DDR3L SDRAM Jp to 16 GB RAM eMMC M.2 SATA 2.5" storage*			
Interfaces	1 HDMI 1.4b up to 3840 x 2160 @ 30Hz 1 Display Port 1.2 up to 4096 x 2160 @ 60 Hz (via Mini DP connector) 1 LAN1: Intel I211 GbE controller (RJ-45) 1 LAN2: Intel I211 GbE controller (RJ-45) 2 USB 3.0 2 USB 2.0 1 Serial communication ports 1 COM1: RS232 via mini serial connector			
Power	Unregulated 7 - 20VDC input Power consumption 5W to 15W depending on configuration and system load			
Physical	Size (L x W x H): 112 mm X 84 mm X 34 mm (4.41 x 3.31 x 1.34 in) Weight: 0.35 kg (0.77 lb) Shipping weight: 0.91 kg (2 lb) Shipping (L x W x H): 305 x 127 x 63.5 mm (12 x 5 x 2.5 in)			



Item	Description
Environmental	Operating: 0 to 45°C (32 to 113° F), 5-95% RH, non-cond. Storage: -20 to 67° C (-4 to 153° F), 10-90% RH, non-cond.

Nodegrid Mini SR Rear Interfaces



Designation	Description		
USB	2 USB 2.0		
USB	2 USB 2.0		
HDMI	HDMI 1.4b up to 3840 x 2160 @ 30Hz		
Mini DP	Display Port 1.2 up to 4096 x 2160 @ 60 Hz (via Mini DP connector)		
DC In	DC Power In connector (Unregulated 7 - 20VDC input)		
RS232	COM1: RS232 via mini serial connector		
LAN1	1 LAN1: Intel I211 GbE controller (RJ-45)		
LAN2	1 LAN2: Intel I211 GbE controller (RJ-45)		



Nodegrid Mini SR Front Interfaces



Item	Description	
Power button	Power on/off Switch	
USB 3.0	USB 3.0 connector	
Line-in		
Line-out		
LED1	Yellow – Solid (link up), Blinking (data activity), Off (no link/cable) Green – Solid: (1000Base-T link speed), Off (10/100BaseT link speed)	
USB 3.0	USB 3.0 connector.	
LED2	Yellow – Solid (link up), Blinking (data activity), Off (no link/cable) Green – Solid: (1000Base-T link speed), Off (10/100BaseT link speed)	

Nodegrid Manager

The Nodegrid Manager provides you with a unified solution to control compute, network, storage, and smart power assets.



Nodegrid Manager Hardware Requirements (physical or virtual devices)

Item	Description		
CPU	inimum: two cores, x86_64 CPU		
Memory & Storage	RAM, minimum 32 GB HDD		
Interfaces	linimum 1 Gigabit Ethernet interface		
Supported Hypervisors	VMWare ESX LinuKVM Oracle Virtualbo LinuOS		

Installation

Hardware Installation

Refer to the "Quick Install Guide" provided with the boxed unit.

Shipping Box Contents

Each unit is shipped with multiple accessories. The table below lists the box contents.

Accessories

Model	Mounting brackets	Power cables	Loop-back adapter	Console adapter	Network cable	Quick start guide & safety sheet
Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series	Yes	Yes	Legacy	Z000036	Yes	Yes
Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series - TxxR	Yes	Yes	Cisco	Z000014	Yes	Yes
Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series - TxxS	Yes	Yes	Legacy/Cisco	Z000015Z0 00036	Yes	Yes



Model	Mounting brackets	Power cables	Loop-back adapter	Console adapter	Network cable	Quick start guide & safety sheet
Nodegrid Net Services Router	Yes	Yes	Cisco	Z000014	Yes	Yes
Nodegrid Bold Services Router	Yes	External Power Supply	Cisco	Z000014	Yes	Yes
Nodegrid Link Services Router	No	Optional External Power Supply	Cisco	Z000014	Yes	Yes
Nodegrid Gate Services Router	Yes	Optional External Power Supply	Cisco	Z000014	Yes	Yes

Installation of Modules for Nodegrid Net Services Router

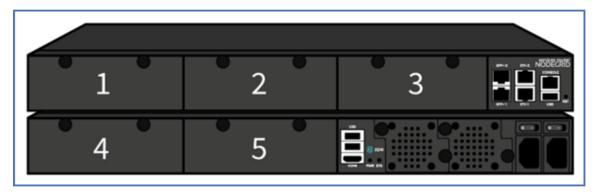
The Nodegrid Net Services Router supports a variety of different modules. All modules are not hotswappable and need to be installed before the unit is powered up. The modules should be installed in an ESD protected environment to avoid damage. To install a card, follow the steps below:

- 1. Ensure that the Nodegrid Net Services Router is powered off.
- 2. Turn off the power supplies on the Nodegrid Net Services Router.
- 3. Unscrew the blanking panel which covers the slot in which the module should be installed.
- 4. Unbox the card and insert it into the appropriate slot.
- 5. Fix the card with the provided screws.
- 6. The Nodegrid Net Services Router can now be turned on.

NOTE: The blanking panel should be kept for later use. For thermal efficiency and safety, each unused slot needs to be covered with a blanking panel.



Module Compatibility Layout



Nodegrid Net Services Router Expansion Module Compatibility Chart

Expansion card	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 5
16-Port GbE Ethernet	✓	√	√	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
16-Port SFP	✓	✓	✓	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
16-Port Serial	√	√	√	✓	✓
16-Port USB	√	√	√	✓	✓
M.2 Cellular / WiFi	√	√	√	✓	✓
8-Port SFP+	√	√	√	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
8-Port POE+	√	√	√	-	-
Compute	✓	√	√	Secure Isolated Mode **	Secure Isolated Mode **
Storage *	_	_	_	✓	✓
M.2 SATA *	_	_	_	✓	✓

NOTES:

- (*) The Nodegrid Net Services Router supports a maximum of 2 SATA drives, which can be divided into 2 Storage cards or in one M.2 SATA card.
- (**) The Secure Isolated Mode allows for the management of the cards as if they would be located in a normal Slot, but the network traffic is isolated from any other slot.

M.2 Cellular Antenna Placement

Correct antenna placement is critical to ensure proper functionality of the M.2 Cellular expansion card. Two antennas (main and auxiliary) are required for each card and should be separated to improve signal quality.



Single Card Configuration

For single card applications, antenna placement is as follows:

Channel A

Main in slot 1

Auxiliary in slot 6

The A and B channel strength indicators do not directly correspond to the antenna slot positions (Slots 4-6 are not specifically reserved for channel B).

Dual Card Configuration

For dual card applications, four antennas (2 main and 2 auxiliary) will be used. Antenna placement is as follows:

Channel A

Main in slot 1

Auxiliary in slot 4

Channel B

Main in slot 3

Auxiliary in slot 6

Device Power Connections

DC Power

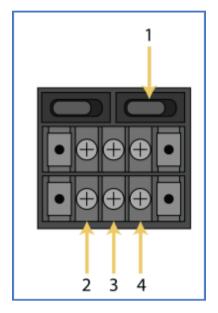
DC power is connected to DC-powered equipment with three wires: Return (RTN), Ground and 48 VDC.

WARNING: It is critical that the power source supports the DC power requirements of your Nodegrid. Make sure that the power source is the correct type and that the DC power cables are in good condition before proceeding. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment.

WARNING: Wiring to power from a DC supply may be confusing, especially in telecom racks, where the supply's positive wire (usually of red color) goes to the ground, and the hot wire (usually of black color) carries the -48VDC. In case of any doubt, consult a certified electric technician before proceeding with connections. Failure to do the right connections could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment.



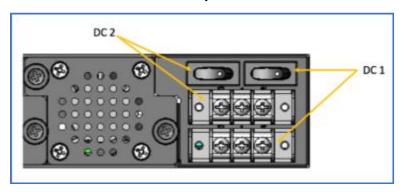
Dual DC Power Connection Terminal Block



DC Power Block Terminals

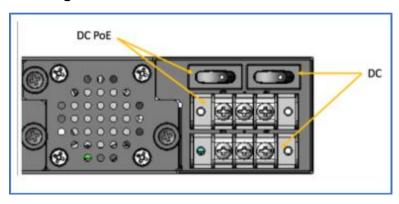
Number	Description	
1	Power Switch	
2	RTN (Return)	
3	Ground	
4	48 VDC	

DC association - terminal power source and switch





NSR Single DC + PoE Power Connection Terminal Block



Connect a Nodegrid device to DC Power

- 1. Make sure the device is turned off.
- 2. Make sure DC power cables are **not** connected to a power source. **Never work on powered wires.**
- 3. On the DC power block, remove the protective cover. (Slide to the left or right to remove.)
- 4. Loosen all three DC power connection terminal screws.

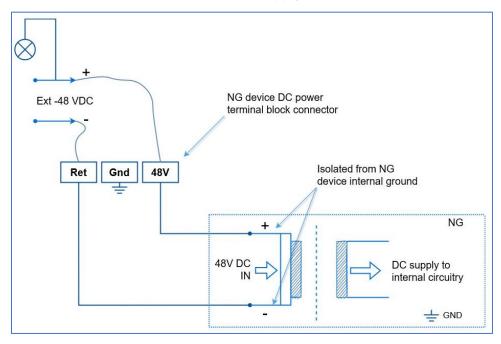
Connect return lead to the RTN terminal.

Connect 48 VDC lead to the 48 VDC terminal.

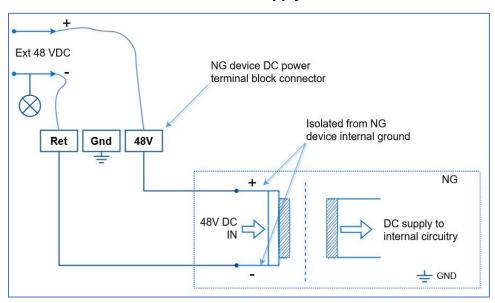
- 5. Tighten the screws.
- 6. Slide the DC terminal block protective cover back into place.
- 7. If device has dual-input DC terminals, repeat DC power connection steps for the second terminal block.
- 8. Connect the DC power cables to the DC power source.
- 9. Turn on the DC power source.
- 10. (optional) Connect a serial client (set as 115200 8N1) to the console port (Teraterm, puTTY, etc).
- 11. Turn power on to the serial client.
- 12. On the connected serial client, double-check booting messages.
- 13. For the connected devices, turn on the power switches.
- 14. Connect the DC power cables to the DC power source.
- 15. Turn on the DC power source.
- 16. Turn on the unit.
- 17. Turn on the power switches of the connected devices.



-48VDC supply



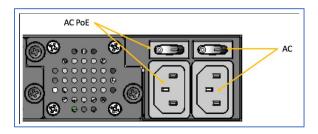
+48VDC supply



AC Power

This is the AC diagram for the NSR models with PoE+ support.





Rack Mounting

All units shipped with rack mounting brackets can be mounted to fit a standard 19" rack. Two rack mounting brackets are provided in the box as outlined in the What is in the box section. The remainder of this document will refer to "rack or cabinet" as "rack".

Some units are actively cooled by fans. These units must be properly mounted into the rack to ensure the fans blow into the correct direction. The fan direction can be determined from the part number of the unit.

Rack Mounting

Model	Part Number	Cooled	Airflow
Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series	NSC-Txx-xxxx-xxx	Passive	N/A
Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series	NSC-TxxR-xxxx-xxx	Passive	N/A
Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series	NSC-TxxS-xxxx- xxx-F	Active	Front-Back (air in)
Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series	NSC-TxxS-xxxx- xxx-B	Active	Back-Front (air out)
Nodegrid Net Services Router	NSR-xxxx-xxx	Active	Front-Back (air out)
Nodegrid Net Services Router	NSR-xxxx-xxx	Active	Back-Front (air in)



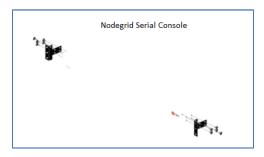
Model	Part Number	Cooled	Airflow
Nodegrid Bold Services Router	BSR-xx-xxxx	Passive	N/A
Nodegrid Link Services Router	LSR-xx-xxxx	Passive	N/A
Nodegrid Gate Services Router	GSR-xx-BASE	Passive	N/A
Nodegrid Gate Services Router	GSR-xx-UPGx	Active	Front-Back (air out)

Rack Installation

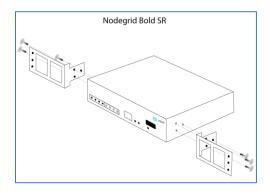
1. Install the rack mounting brackets with the provided screws as shown in the diagrams below



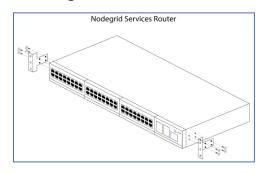
Nodegrid Serial Console



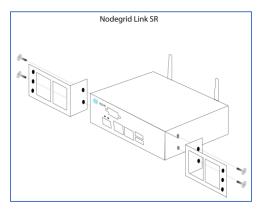
Nodegrid Bold SR



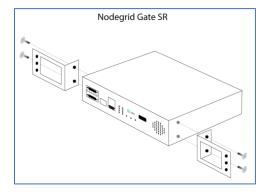
Nodegrid Net Services Router



Nodegrid Link SR



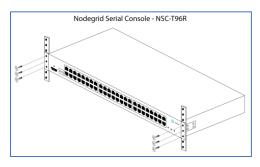
Nodegrid Gate SR



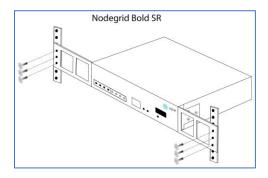
- 2. Locate the position on the rack where you would like to mount the unit and ensure the slot is clear of any obstructions.
- 3. Slide the unit into the rack and align the mounting bracket screw holes with the screw holes on the rack as shown below:



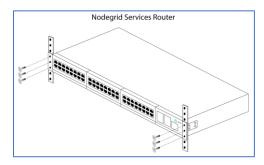
Nodegrid Serial Console



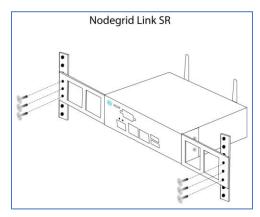
Nodegrid Bold SR



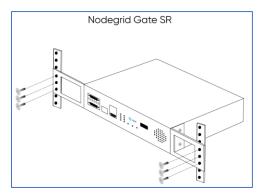
Nodegrid Net Services Router



Nodegrid Link SR



Nodegrid Gate SR



- 4. While holding the unit in position, insert the rack mount screws (not included) and turn them clockwise until they are snug, but not tight.
- 5. Once all the screws are installed, check to ensure that the unit is supported and still in the correct position.
- 6. Tighten the screws securely in place to complete the installation.



Network Connection

Depending on model and version, the unit has a minimum of two copper Ethernet ports or two SFP+ ports. Connect the proper network cables (CAT5e, CAT6, CAT6A) from the network switch port to any available unit network ports. For models with SFP+ ports, before the unit is turned on, install the SFP+ module and connect the appropriate cables.

Power Cord(s) Connection

The Nodegrid unit can have one or multiple power supplies (AC or DC). Connect all the power supplies with appropriate cables to an available power source (usually a Rack PDU. If the unit was shipped with one power supply, that unit has no power failure redundancy. Units with two power supplies provide redundancy against power failures. Make sure these power supplies are connected to two independent power sources.

NOTE: On the Nodegrid Net Services Router with PoE support, the second power supply specifically powers the PoE feature – and does not provide power outage redundancy.

When all power supplies are appropriately connected to a power source, power can be turned on.

Connect Devices

Serial Devices

NOTE: To avoid EMC issues, always use good quality network cable for all port connections.

The cabling and adapters needed between the unit serial ports and the serial devices' console port are determined by their pin-outs.

Newer serial devices (routers, switches, and servers) use either a DB9, RJ45 or USB port as console ports. See the manufacturer's manual for serial device port pin-out specs. Generally, the RJ45 console port uses the Cisco-like pin-out.

Required Cabling Ports/Pin-outs

Model	Port type	Pin-out	Device port - RJ45 (Legacy)	Device port - RJj45 (cisco)	Device port - DB9	Device port - USB
Nodegrid Serial Console - T Series	RJ45	Legacy	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000039 crossover adapter	CAT5e cable plus Z000036 crossover adapter	USB
Nodegrid Serial Console - R Series	RJ45	Cisco	-	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB
Nodegrid Serial Console - S Series	RJ45	Auto- Sensing (Legacy/C isco)	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB



Model	Port type	Pin-out	Device port - RJ45 (Legacy)	Device port - RJj45 (cisco)	Device port - DB9	Device port - USB
Nodegrid Net Services Router	RJ45	Cisco	-	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB
Nodegrid Bold Services Router	RJ45	Cisco	-	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB
Nodegrid Link Services Router	RJ45	Cisco	-	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB
Nodegrid Gate Services Router	RJ45	Cisco	-	CAT5e cable	CAT5e cable plus Z000015 crossover adapter	USB

If the serial device's RJ45 does not have the Cisco-like pin-out, or there is a question on connecting a serial device to the unit, contact <u>ZPE Systems Technical Support</u> for assistance.

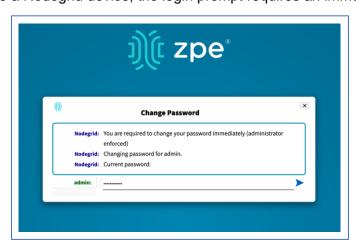
IP Devices

NOTE: To avoid EMC issues, always use good quality network cable for all port connections.

All IP based devices are directly connected to a network interface on a Nodegrid unit; or connected through an existing network infrastructure. If devices are directly connected, use standard network cables (CAT 5, CAT6, CAT6e) for Ethernet connections, or an appropriate fiber cable.

Connect to a Nodegrid Device

On the first connection to a Nodegrid device, the login prompt requires an immediate password change.



NOTE: On new devices, SSH is disabled by default.



Connect to the Console Port

Use the provided CAT5e and RJ45-DB9 Z000036 adapter/cable to communicate with the Nodegrid unit.

- 1. Connect one end of the CAT5e cable to the Nodegrid console port.
- 2. Connect the other end to the RJ45-DB9 adapter.
- Plug the adapter into the PC's DB9 COM port.
 If no DB9 COM port, use a USB-DB9 adapter (not provided).
- 4. On the PC, use a serial application (Xterm, TeraTerm, PuTTY, SecureCRT) to open a terminal session to the COM port:
- 5. Set it to: 115200bps, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control settings.

NOTE: See system information to find the COM port.

ETH0 Connection

By default, the ETH0 interface is configured to listen for DHCP requests. If no DHCP Server is available, the unit uses the default IP address: 192.168.160.10. Use a browser to access the unit: https://[DHCP ASSIGNED IP] or https://192.168.160.10. If needed, a SSH client can be an alternative access.

Connection through ETH0

Setting	Value
DHCP	enabled
Fall-back IP	yes
Default IP	192.168.160.10/24
Default URL	https://192.168.160.10
Default SSH	SSH admin@192.168.160.10
DHCP	enabled

WiFi Connection

The Nodegrid device is pre-configured to act as a WiFi hotspot with a built-in WiFi module or a USB WiFi adapter. When turned on, the device automatically presents a WiFi network with the SSID = **Nodegrid**. The password is the device's serial number.

The Nodegrid device provides the IP address to clients in the network 192.168.162.0/24. The client can be configured statically with a valid IP address in the 192.168.162.<2-254> range, bitmask 24.



Bluetooth® Connection

Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) via Bluetooth allows faster deployment, even when the network infrastructure is not in place. The only additional equipment needed is a smartphone or laptop with Bluetooth tethering enabled.

On Nodegrid devices configured with Bluetooth hardware, this is enabled by default. Bluetooth is enabled/disabled via the **Security** tab or **Network Settings**.

NOTE: For devices without Bluetooth, configure an adapter. Contact ZPE Support for the latest list of compatible adapters.

To connect via Bluetooth:

- 1. On your smartphone or laptop, enable tethering.
- 2. On the Bluetooth screen, locate and click on the new Nodegrid device.
- 3. Once paired, Nodegrid connects to the ZPE Cloud and automatically begins the ZTP process.

KVM Port Connection

The Nodegrid unit can be directly configured with KVM.

1. Connect a HDMI cable to the monitor and the device's HDMI interface.

NOTE: The Nodegrid Bold SR uses a VGA port. If monitor only has HDMI, use a HDMI to DVI-D adapter to connect.

2. Connect a USB Keyboard and Mouse to the USB ports.

NOTE: The keyboard and mouse must support Linux. Windows-only devices are not supported. This limitation generally affects devices which use a USB wireless dongle.

3. The login prompt indicates the connection is active.

I/O Ports (GPIO)

Nodegrid Gate SR supports two digital I/O ports (DIO0, DIO1), one digital output port (OUT0) and one relay port (1A@24V).

Nodegrid Link SR supports two digital I/O ports (DIO0, DIO1) and two digital output ports (OUT0, OUT1).

DIO0 and DIO1 can be independently configured as input or output. The DIO0 and DIO1 are opendrain digital I/O ports with TTL level (5.5V max @ 64mA). ESD protection exceeds JESD 22.

When DIO port is configured as input:

contact is open, senses High (1)

contact is closed, senses Low (0)

NOTE: DIO0 and DIO1 port configuration as input is ideal for dry contact applications (door close, vibration, water, smoke sensors).

When DIO port is configured as output:



set to high, outputs TTL high

set to low, outputs TTL low

NOTE: DIO0 and DIO1 port configuration as output can control low voltage/current applications.

The OUT0 and OUT1 are high voltage digital outputs. Each port is internally attached to a Signal MOSFET. The output port is normally open (NO) and capable of supporting a voltage range from 2.5V to 60V @ 500mA.

When OUT port is set to:

High (enabled/active and pulls OUT to ground)

Low (disabled/inactive and keeps OUT open)

NOTE: OUT0 and OUT1 can pull a power-connected line to ground (i.e., relay circuit).

On Nodegrid Gate SR, the RELAY port is normally a closed (NC) relay (rated max value of 24V @ 1A). The RELAY specification supports a maximum switching power of 60W, 125VA; maximum switching voltage of 220VDC, 250VAC; maximum switching current of 2A, with restive load.

The RELAY's primary function is a Power Source Control Alarm. When closed, it indicates that Nodegrid Gate SR is powered by a single power source or has no power. If the Nodegrid Gate SR is powered by both power input sources, when RELAY is closed, it indicates a FAILURE on at least one power input sources.

(optional), RELAY can be changed to follow software control (Open / Close), to control an external device. Possible relay states are:

open (opens relay contact)

close (closes relay contact)

The I/O Port configuration is under *System :: I/O Ports*. I/O Port status and other hardware details is under *Tracking :: HW Monitor*.

WARNING! For Safety Reasons, do not exceed max voltage or current defined on each port.

Import / Export Configuration

The CLI can import the entire (or partial) Nodegrid configuration.

Import Configuration Settings

import_settings [arguments]

where arguments can be:

- --file <local-pathname> (local file input)
- --overwrite-tables (overwrite table when its configuration is given)
- --quiet (suppress report of success/failure per path, just output final counters)



NOTE: In interactive mode (no --file given), the lines can be typed or copied/pasted. Enter **<ctrl>D** to finalize.

Export Configuration Settings

export_settings [cli-path] [arguments]

where arguments can be:

- --with-options (provide a list of choices for value)
- --include-empty (generate parameter line even if no value)
- --not-enabled (generate parameter line even if parameter not active)
- --plain-password (plain/hash password)
- --file <local-pathname> (output to a local file)

Nodegrid Manager Installation

Install Nodegrid Manager from an ISO file. This is the three-step process:

- 1. Create a virtual machine.
- 2. To install, boot from the ISO file/CD.
- 3. Restart and boot from the new virtual machine.

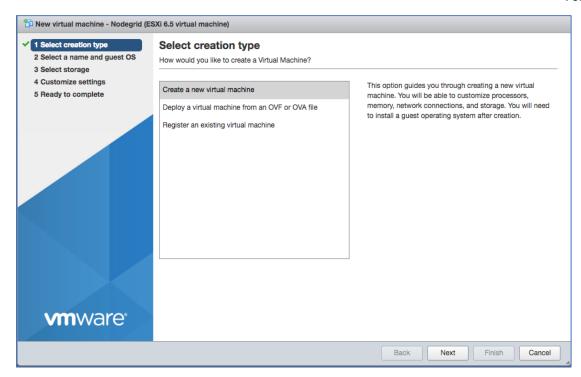
Minimum Requirements:

- ESXi 4.1 or above
- 32 GB hard drive (connected through the LSI Logic Parallel Controller)
- 4 GB memory (8GB is recommended)
- 2 Network adapters (E1000 adapters are recommended)

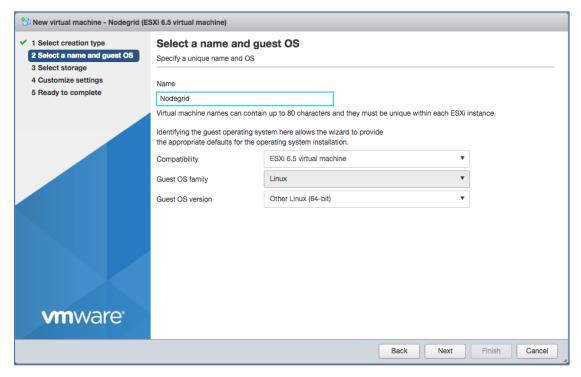
Create a VMware Virtual Machine

- 1. On the ESXi vSphere application, click **Create a new virtual machine**.
- 2. On the Create a new virtual machine dialog, click Next.





3. On Select a name and guest OS dialog:



Enter Name for the Nodegrid Manager virtual machine.

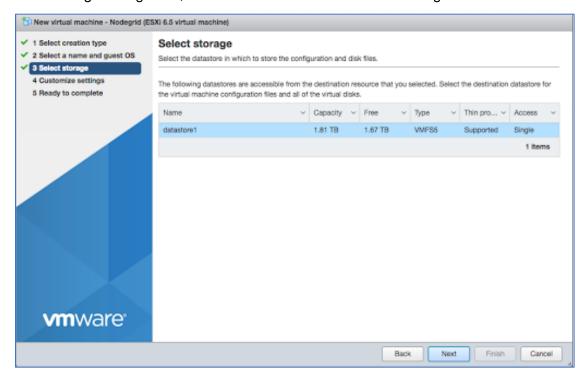
For Guest OS family, select Linux.

For Guest OS version, select Other Linux (64-Bit).

Click Next.



4. On Select storage dialog table, select the virtual machine's data storage volume. Click Next.



5. On the *Customize settings* dialog, enter these settings (these are minimum settings – adjust as needed). Then click **Next**.

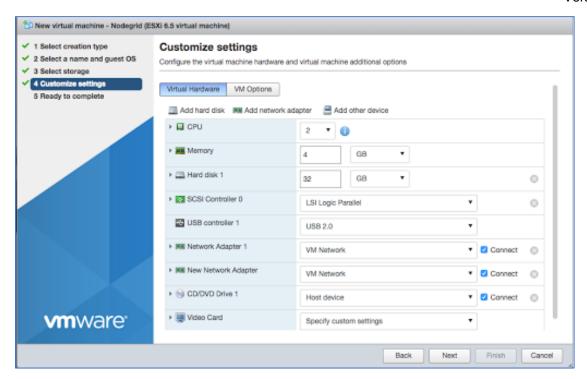
CPU: 2

Memory: 4GB

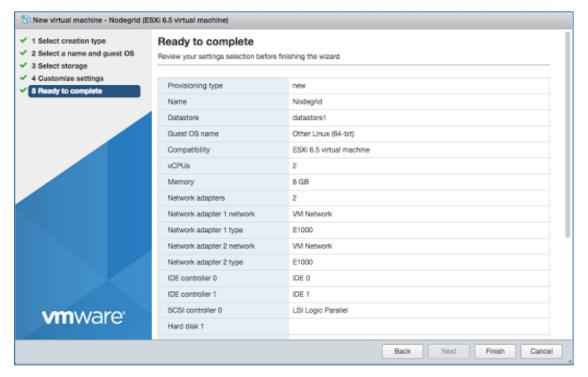
Hard disk: 32GB

SCSI Controller: LSI Logic Parallel **Network adapters**: 2 of type E1000





6. On the Ready to complete dialog, review the details. Click Finish



This completes the virtual machine configuration on the ESXi server.

Install Nodegrid Manager

To install the software:



- 1. On the virtual machine Summary screen, click the Console tab.
- 2. Turn on power to the virtual machine. Because there is on installed OS, the boot will fail.
- 3. Click on the CD/DVD icon and locate the Nodegrid Manager ISO file.
- 4. In the Console area, click CTL-ALT-INSERT. This reboots the virtual machine.
- 5. The virtual machine console server open with a boot prompt. The image is decompressed and then loaded.
- 6. When the image boots, follow the console instructions. To accept the EULA, type accept.

```
NodeGrid Boot live
http://нын.zpesystems.com

To proceed with installation you must accept the License Agreement.
Туре 'view' to read the License Agreement or 'accept' to agree with it: accept_
```

7. When complete, the virtual machine reboots.



```
🗔 🖂 🛗 🛗 🗘 Actions 🚷
 Nodegrid
Disk ∕dev∕sda: 34.4GB
Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B
Partition Table: msdos
            Start
Number
                         End
                                      Size
                                                   Type
                                                                  File system Flags
             1049kB
                         99.6MB
                                      98.6MB
                                                   ргімату
 2
             101MB
                         201MB
                                      101MB
                                                   ргімагу
 3
             201MB
                         3202MB
                                      3001MB
                                                  primary
                                                                                       boot
 4 5
             3202MB
                                                                                       l ba
                         34.4GB
                                      31.2GB
                                                   extended
             3204MB
                         3304MB
                                      99.6MB
                                                   logical
                                      9437kB
             3305MB
                         3315MB
                                                   logical
             3316MB
                         3816MB
                                     500MB
                                                   logical
             3817MB
                         34.4GB
                                     30.5GB
                                                   logical
Checking current file system
Probe HD: Birectory /var or root home directory not found.
From HD: Directory /var or root home directory /var or root home directory formatting partitions to ext4 ...

Mounting all partitions before start copy Creating swap areas
Copying rootfs files...
Generating factory default settings files
Preparing second boot partition...
Installing grub on /dev/sda?
Remove your installation media and press
Remo∨e your installation media, and press ENTER
```

8. On reboot, the Nodegrid Manager application is ready to be configured.

Enroll Nodegrid Manager to ZPE Cloud

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Log into ZPE Cloud.
- 2. For enrollment information, go to SETTINGS :: ENROLLMENT:: CLOUD.
- 3. Locate the device and open the WebUI.



4. Go to Security :: Services and select Enable ZPE Cloud checkbox.

To enroll the device in one on-premise instance of ZPE Cloud, select **Enable Remote Access** checkbox.

- 5. Make other changes, as needed.
- 6. Click Save.
- 7. To enroll device, go to System :: Toolkit and click Cloud Enrollment. Enter Customer Code and Enrollment Key.

To enroll the device in one on-premise instance of ZPE Cloud, enter On-premise URL.

8. Click ENROLL.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Log into ZPE Cloud.
- 2. For enrollment information, go to: SETTINGS :: ENROLLMENT :: CLOUD.

Open the vSphere Client.

On the Menu dropdown, select Hosts and Clusters.

On the Hosts and Clusters list, select the Nodegrid Manager VM

- 3. Click Launch Web Console.
- 4. On the CLI, enter admin credentials.
- 5. To enable ZPE Cloud, enter:

```
cd settings/zpe_cloud
set enable zpe cloud=yes
```

To enable the remote access feature, enter:

```
set enable_remote_access=yes
commit
```

6. To complete, enter:

commit

System Profile

The system profile handle interactions between local network and remote network/internet. Two system profile configurations (OOB, Gateway) are available for the following devices.

Device System Profile Configuration

Device	WAN/Uplink	LAN
Hive SR	wan[0-1], sfp[0-1], wwan[0-1]	lan[0-3], wlan0
Bold SR	eth0, wwan[0-1]	net[0-3], wlan0



Device	WAN/Uplink	LAN
Gate SR	eth0, sfp[0-1], wwan[0-1]	net[0-7], wlan0
Link SR	eth0, wwan0	sfp0, wlan0

On these devices, two system profile options are: Out of Band Profile and Gateway Profile. Administrator can update the profile at *System :: Toolkit :: Restore to Factory Default Settings*.

NOTE: When set, the System Profile is persistent.

Gateway Profile

When the System Profile selection is Gateway Profile, the following settings are configured:

- Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets enabled for all WAN ports
- IPv4 Forwarding and IPv6 Forwarding set to enabled
- Reverse Path Filtering set to Loose Mode
- Connection BRIDGE created for LAN interfaces
- Firewall rules and NAT rules are created
- If cellular card is detected:

Connection is created with name: CELLULAR-<channel>

Failover is enabled with these settings:

Primary Connection: ETH0 or WAN0

Secondary Connection: CELLULAR-<channel>

Trigger IP address: api.zpecloud.com

Out of Band Profile

Out Of Band Profile is set with the following configuration:

- Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets set to disabled (all network connections)
- Network Settings configuration:

IPv4 Forwarding set to disabled

IPv6 Forwarding set to disabled

Reverse Path Filtering set to Restrict Mode

- Firewall rules created to allow traffic to/from "lo" device
- If cellular card detected, connection is not created
- Failover is disabled
- For hotspot, DHCP server is enabled



NOTE: If the device's DHCP server fails or is unavailable, Nodegrid Platform responds on ETH0 at 192.168.160.10

Initial Network Configuration

Access the CLI Window

On the Nodegrid Platform's CLI window, after the boot messages, the login prompt is displayed.

Admin user:

Initial username = admin

Initial password = admin (after first login, default password must be changed)

Super User:

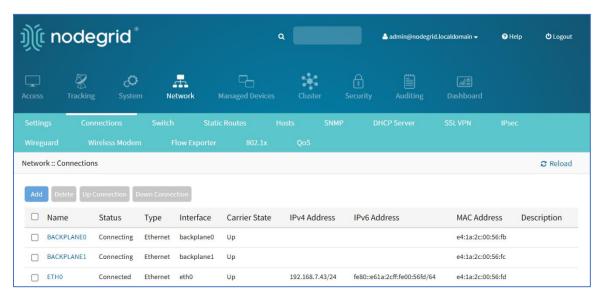
Username = **root** (SHELL access to Linux OS, but not web interface)

Default password = root

Identify Current IP Address

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Use admin login to device's Nodegrid Platform.
- 2. Go to Network :: Connections.



3. Review assigned IP addresses (save for later use).

CLI Procedure

- 1. Log into device as admin.
- 2. Enter:

show /settings/network_connections/



Example output:

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# show /settings/network_connections/
         status
                         interface
 name
                  type
                                 carrier state ipv4 address
                                                         ipv6
address
                                 description
                    mac address
                                 BACKPLANEO connected
                 ethernet eth0
                                up
                                         192.168.10.252/24 fe80 ::
290:fbff:fe5b:72bc/64 e4:1a:2c:5b:72:bc ETH0 connected ethernet backplane0
        192.168.29.3/24 fe80 :: 290:fbff:fe5b:72bd/64 e4:1a:2c:5b:72:bd
 hotspot
         not active WiFi
                                 down
```

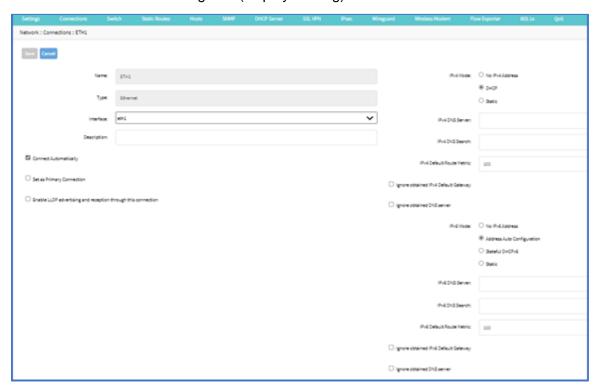
Define Static IP Address

If no DHCP server is available on the network, or to change from a dynamic to static IP, configure the network parameters.

NOTE: The examples below use IPv4 for communication. IPv6 is fully supported on the Nodegrid Platform. Settings are available in the same menus.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Click on the Interface to be configured (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter the required details.
- 4. Click Save.



CLI Procedure

1. Go to the desired network Interface:

```
cd settings/network_connections/ETH0/
```

2. Configure the Network interface:

```
set ipv4_mode=static
set ipv4_address=<IP_ADDRESS> ipv4_bitmask=<BITMASK> ipv4_gateway=<GATEWAY>
commit
```

Example:

```
[admin@Nodegrid /]# cd settings/network connections/ETH0/
[admin@Nodegrid ETH0]# set ipv4 mode=static
[+admin@Nodegrid ETH0]# set ipv4_address=10.0.0.10 ipv4_bitmask=24
ipv4 gateway=10.0.0.1
[+admin@Nodegrid ETH0]# show
name: ETH0
type: ethernet
ethernet interface = eth0
connect_automatically = yes
set as primary connection = no
enable 11dp = no
ipv4 mode = static
ipv4_address = 10.0.0.10
ipv4 bitmask = 24
ipv4 gateway = 10.0.0.1
ipv4_dns_server =
ipv4_dns_search =
ipv6 mode = address auto configuration
ipv6_dns_server =
ipv6_dns_search =
[+admin@Nodegrid ETH0]# commit
[admin@Nodegrid ETH0]#
```

3. Follow the same steps for other interfaces.

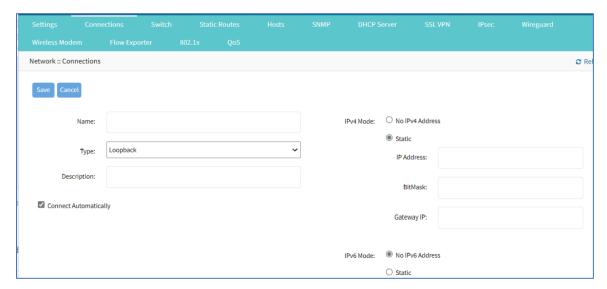
Configure Loopback Address

WebUI Procedure

Multiple loopback addresses can be created with assigned IP addresses from within Network :: Connections.

- 1. Go to Network:: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. On Type drop-down, select Loopback (modifies the UI).





- Enter required details.
- 5. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

This is a minimal example. Other settings may be required (i.e., IP address is static or uses DHCP).

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd settings/network_connections/
[admin@nodegrid network_connections]# add
[admin@nodegrid {network_connections}]# set name=test
[admin@nodegrid {network_connections}]# set type=loopback
[admin@nodegrid {network_connections}]# commit
```

WiFi Module

When the WiFi module is installed, Nodegrid automatically creates an SSID named "Nodegrid" on the 192.168.162.x/24 network with an IP address of 192.168.162.1. Any WiFi enabled device can be connected to this network to access the Nodegrid device.

NOTE: The device can also be accessed through the Internet with properly configured routing and network settings.

By default, a hotspot interface is defined which configures the device as an access point (if a WiFi module is present). To use the Nodegrid as an access point, update the values. The default password of the hotspot connection is the device serial number.

See Add WiFi Interface

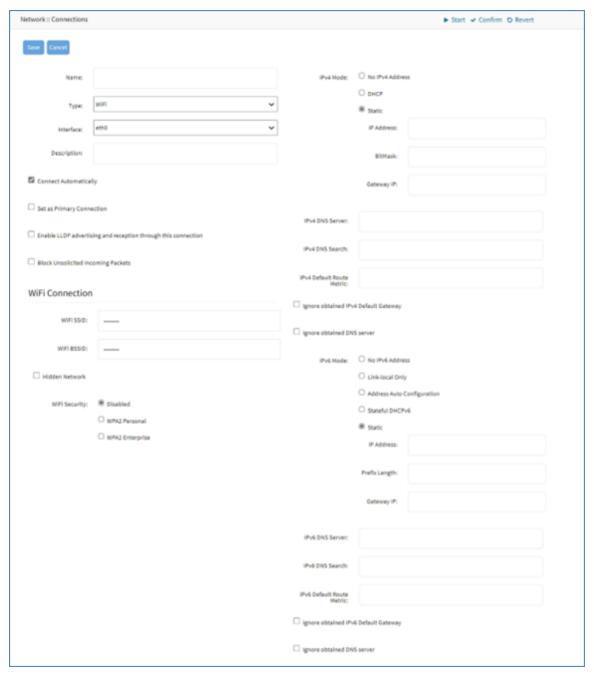
Connect Nodegrid Device to Another SSID

To connect the Nodegrid device to another client through any available SSID:

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name (of the WiFi module).
- 4. On the **Type** drop-down, select **WiFi** (changes display).



- 5. On Interface drop-down, select wlan0.
- 6. Enter a **Description**
- 7. In WiFi Connection menu

Enter SSID

Enter **BSSID**



- 8. On *WiFi Security* menu, select appropriate radio button.

 Enter Security settings (required for the selected connection)
- 9. Click Save.

General Information

User Interfaces

WebUI Banner

This banner header provides links to major sections of the Nodegrid Manager. Several tools are also available.



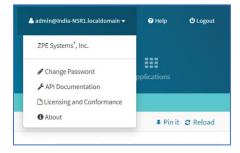
Each icon opens options to view and modify settings. Details on each section are available in the User Guide.

Search Bar

The search bar provides advanced search capabilities to locate and view information. Boolean expressions are allowed. See Search Functionality for more details.

Account drop-down options

The account name drop-down provides several options.



Change Password

- 1. On the Account Name (upper right) drop-down, click Change Password.
- 2. On the Change Password dialog, enter the required fields:





- Enter Old Password.
- 4. Enter New Password and Confirm Password.
- 5. Click Save.

API Documentation

This links to the Nodegrid API documentation.

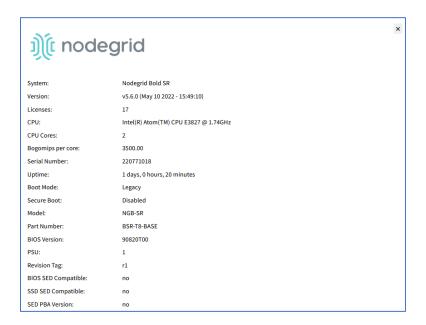
Licensing and Conformance

This opens the page with Nodegrid license and conformance details.

About

This displays the *About* pop-up dialog with the device version and hardware details.





Banner Section Icons

Each device's Nodegrid Platform can be accessed from ZPE Cloud via WebUI. This provides full access to device configuration and management.

All modern browsers with HTML5 are supported, including mobile (phone/tablet) browsers. This includes Internet Explorer 11, Edge, Chrome, and Firefox.

Device WebUI Section Icons

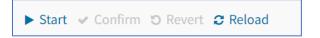
Menu	Item	Description
Access	Access	Easy access for all device users. With appropriate permissions, users can start sessions, control power and review device logging details.
Tracking	& Tracking	Provides an overview of general statistics and system information, including system utilization and serial port statistics.
System	Ç System	Administrators can perform general admin tasks (firmware updates, backups, restorations, licensing).
Network	Network	Access and management of all network interfaces and features.
Managed Devices	Managed Devices	Administrators can add, configure, and remove devices managed through the Nodegrid platform.



Menu	Item	Description
Cluster	Cluster	Administrators can configure Nodegrid Cluster feature.
Security	Security	User access configuration options and general security settings.
Auditing	Auditing	Administrators can configure auditing levels and locations, and some global logging settings.
Dashboard	্রান্ত্রি Dashboard	Users and administrators can create and view dashboards and reports.
Applications	Applications	Only visible with a valid Virtualization license. Administrators can manage and control NFVs and Docker applications.

Configuration Updates

In all sections (excluding *Access* and *Tracking*), configuration updates can be implemented with these buttons (located at upper right area on each page).



In this section, configuration changes can be initiated with these actions.

Start - initiates 30 seconds time window to apply the specific settings.

Confirm – setting changes are confirmed and permanently applied (if clicked before 30 second window)

NOTE: If confirm is not clicked before 30 seconds, settings will be reverted back automatically

Revert – changes are reverted and are not applied.

Reload – reloads settings to refresh the displayed content.

CLI Interface

The Nodegrid Platform can be accessed through a CLI interface, by connecting to the platform with a SSH client or through its console port. The interface can manage and configure the device, including access to console target sessions. CLI structure generally follows the WebUI.



CLI Folders

Folder	Description	
/access	Access for all users to managed devices. Users with appropriate permissions can start sessions, control power, and review device logging details.	
/system	rovides access to the combined functions of the Tracking and System menu (accessed with febUI). Tracking features include an overview of general statistics and system information ystem utilization, serial port statics, etc.). Administrators can perform general admin tasks on e Nodegrid Platform (i.e., firmware updates, backups, restorations, and licensing).	
/settings	Provides access to the system, security, auditing, and managed device settings, and configuration options.	

The CLI provides many commands and options. General usage includes several basic commands.

CLI Commands

CLI Command	Description
TAB TAB	Lists all available commands, settings, or options currently available.
cd	Returns user to root/home directory.
cd – (cd <space><dash></dash></space>	Moves to previous location cd /settings/authorization cd /settings/authentication cd - # it goes back to authorization cd - # it goes back to authentication cd - # it goes back to authorization
Is	Lists the current folder structure.
show	Displays current settings in a tabular view.
set	Initiates changes and settings with "set option=value". Multiple settings can be combined in sequence of option=value pairs (i.e., set option1=value1 option2=value2). Regular expressions are supported.
commit	Commits changes to configurations. A "show" command can display whether previous line entries were saved. If not saved, enter commit. A "+" in front of the command prompt, [i.e., +admin@nodegrid /]#" is shown only when editing an entry or configuration. To add new entries, the + indicator is not displayed – and "commit" is required.
cancel or revert	Abort an "add" command".
revert	Restore a setting from the most recent "commit"

Examples



```
[admin@nodegrid /]# ls
access/
system/
settings/
[admin@nodegrid /]# show
[admin@nodegrid /]# show /access/
 name
                        status
  Device_Console_Serial Connected
[admin@nodegrid /]# set settings/devices/ttyS2/access/ mode=on-demand
[+admin@nodegrid /]# set settings/devices/ttyS2/access/ rs-
232_signal_for_device_state_detection=
CTS
     DCD
           None
[+admin@nodegrid /]# set settings/devices/ttyS2/access/ rs-
232 signal for device state detection=DCD enable hostname detection=yes
[+admin@nodegrid /]# commit
[admin@nodegrid /]#
```

Shell Access

The Nodegrid Platform has direct access to the operating system's shell. By default, this is only available to the root user (directly) and admin user (from CLI). Direct shell access can be granted to users of specific groups (useful for system automation processes which require direct shell access. Authorization for usets is provided with SSH key authorization.

Access should be limited based on shell access requirements. This requires careful consideration and caution. Changes made through shell access can have a negative impact.

Access to Devices

This provides an overview of all available devices (Search is available). Users can connect to managed devices and review current device status. User permissions and current state of Nodegrid Cluster nodes determine which devices are displayed.

Device Sessions

When a user logs into the WebUI, the first page is the Access section. This is overview of all available user-accessible targets. Each device current connection status and available connection types are shown.

Device Sessions

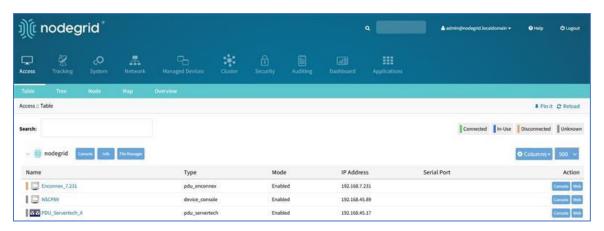
State	Indicator color	Icon	Description
Connected	Green	Connected	Nodegrid can successfully connect to the device and it is available for sessions
In-Use	Blue	In-Use The Device is currently in use	



State	Indicator color	Icon	Description
Disconnected	Orange	Disconnected	Nodegrid could not successfully connect to the device and it is not available for sessions
Unknown	Grey	Unknown	The connection status is unknown. This is the default state for devices with the connection mode On-Demand or for new devices for which the discovery process is not completed.

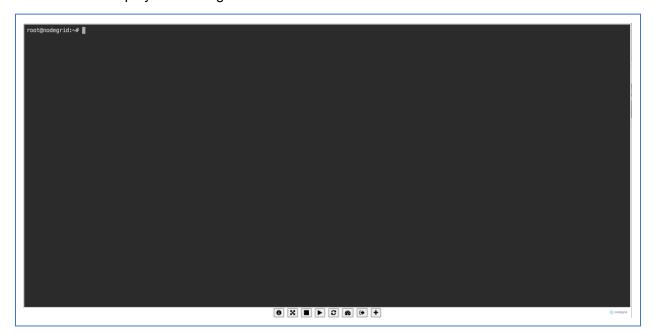
Device sessions can be directly started from this location.

WebUI View



Console (CLI) View

Click Console to display a new target session window.





Buttons at lower center can further control the session and device. Available options depend on connection type and device configuration.

Session Options

Options	Description
1 Info	Displays current device details.
X Full Screen	Expand the window to use the full monitor screen. The session window does not expand beyond its maximum size.
■ Power Off	Performs a power off on the device through a connected Rack PDU or IPMI device.
▶ Power On	Performs a power on for the device through a connected Rack PDU or IPMI device.
2 Reset	Initiates a power cycle on the device through a connected Rack PDU or IPMI device.
♠ Power Status	Display device's current power status (as returned by a connected Rack PDU or IPMI device).
Close Session	Closes the active session.
+	Expands or minimizes the command line options at the window's lower center.

Close the CLI window to end the device session.

Copy & Paste Functionality

NOTE: TTYD terminal copy and paste is not currently supported within Windows and Linux.

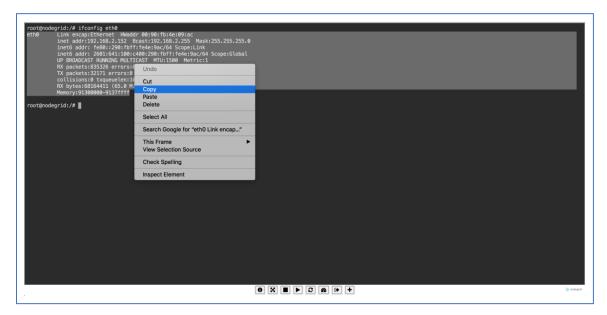
Nodegrid supports **Copy & Paste** of text between the HTML5 graphical device session window and the desktop environment. Some OS may require a different key combination.

Windows and Linux user – Ctrl+Ins to copy highlighted text and Shift+Ins to paste.

Mac users - Cmd+C to copy, and Cmd+V to paste.

Highlight the text and right-click to open the menu – or use the shortcuts.





CLI Device Sessions

A user can directly go to this directory with cd /access.

View currently available targets

show.

Example:

Start a device session

connect <target name>

Example:

```
[admin@nodegrid access]# connect Device_Console_Serial
[Enter '^Ec?' for help]
[Enter '^Ec.' to cli ]
login:
```



NOTE: Only console sessions or sessions which provide a text-based interface can be started from the CLI.

With an established connection, use the escape sequence ^Ec or ^O to further control the session.

NOTE: Escape sequences can be changed in Device Settings.

Session Options

Option	Escape sequence	Description
	^Ec.	Disconnect the current session.
g	^Ecg	Display current user group information.
1	^Ecl	Send break signal (defined in Device Settings).
w	^Ecw	Display currently connected users.
<cr></cr>	^Ec <cr></cr>	Send ignore/abort command signal.
k	^Eck	Serial port (speed data bits parity stop bits flow).
b	^Ecb	Send a broadcast message. Type message after the escape sequence.
i	^Eci	Display current serial port information.
s	^Ecs	Change current session to read-only mode.
а	^Eca	Change current session to read-write mode.
f	^Ecf	Force current session to read-write mode.
z	^Ecz	Disconnect a specific connected user session.
?	^Ec?	Print this message.

Power Control options are available on targets connected to a managed Rack PDU or provided power control through IMPI. The power menu can be displayed with ^O.

Power Menu - Device_Console_Serial

Options:

- 1. Exit
- 2. Status
- 3. On
- 4. Off
- 5. Cycle

Enter option:



Search Functionality

The Nodegrid Manager provides advanced search capabilities to locate and view device information.

Device Search

In the WebUI, this is available on all Device views and can filter device lists based on search criteria. On the CLI, the search command is available in the access folder.

NOTE: The function is available on stand-alone units and units in a Cluster configuration. All changes to device information and newly added device properties are automatically updated in the System as a background function.

Search Field Options

Field	Description	
[search string]	A search string that represents part of or a complete string.	
AND	Combines multiple search strings with an Boolean AND.	
OR	Combines multiple search strings with a Boolean OR. Default search behavior for more than one search string.	
NOT	Targets matching the search string with Boolean NOT are excluded from the returns.	
[field name]	Limits the search results to a specific Field Name.	

NOTE: The Boolean keywords AND, OR and NOT are case-sensitive. Lower-case is entered (and, or, not) is included as part of the search string.

Examples of standard and custom field data searches

This includes groups (such as "admin" group), IP addresses or a specific device.

Example with AND "PDU AND IPMI"



```
[admin@nodegrid search]# search "PDU AND IPMI"

search: PDU AND IPMI
results: 1 result
page: 1 of 1

[admin@nodegrid search]# show
   name status action
```



```
==== ======
IPMI -
```

Example with OR "PDU OR IPMI"



Example with "PDU IPMI"





Device_Console_Serial -

Example with NOT "PDU AND NOT IPMI"



Example with Field Name "name:PDU"



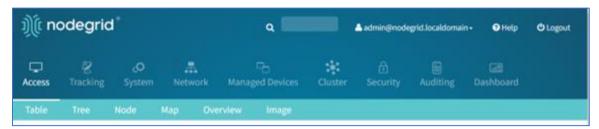


Global Search

The WebUI has a Global Search field located at the top, next to current user information and log out. Global Search works in the same as Device Search and supports the same keywords. This is available at the top of all pages.

Access Section

Each device on the Nodegrid platform has embedded device information. This information is visible to users and is fully searchable. The stored information includes discovered values and those set during device configuration. An administrator can associate additional device information.



The WebUI offers multiple ways to view and access devices. By default, all users have access to the Table view. Other views are also available and improve the accessibility or visualization of the current device status.

Each user can change the default view after login. To change the default view, display the preferred view and click **Pin It** (upper right).

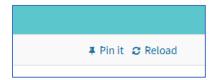


Table tab

This provides easy access to all devices with current status conditions. Any connected devices to a device are shown on the Cluster page.

NOTE: When attempting to access an unlicensed or expired license device, an error message displays. Contact ZPE to update the license.

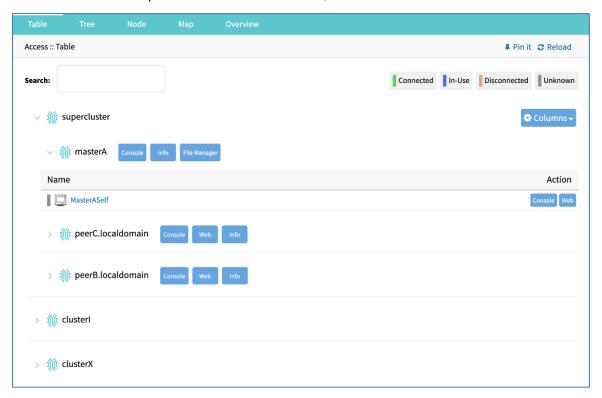
In the table, the *Action* column shows buttons to access that device. Type of button depends on device: **Console**, **SSH**, **Telnet**, **KVM**, **MKS**.





Click on a device to provide the full range of access.

If the device has joined any remote clusters, the remote cluster details are shown. This screen capture shows three clusters. The top is the local cluster details, The others are remote clusters.



Function Descriptions

These are additional functions on the page.



Search – entry returns list of matches.

These entries are accepted:

[search string] (string to represent part of or a complete string)

Boolean (AND, OR, NOT - caps only)

[field name] (limits results to a specific Field Name).

Clock icon (shows a history of past searches)

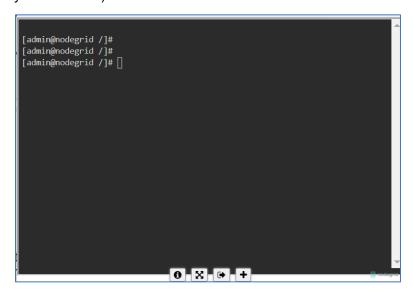
"X" (clears the search field)

• Arrow (show/hide table – click down arrow to hide table, click up arrow to show table)

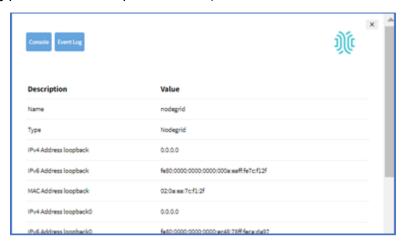




• Console (display CLI window)



• Info (pop-up dialog provides device-specific details)

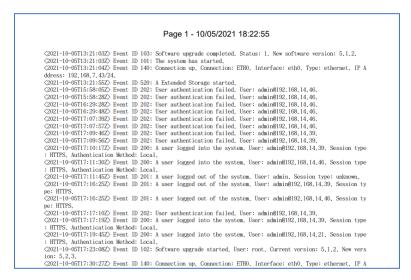


Pop-up dialog buttons:

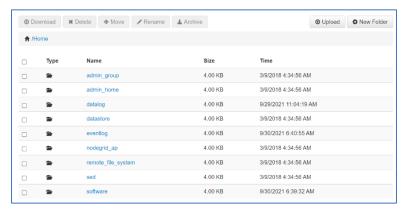
Console button – opens the Console (CLI) window (see above).

Event Log button – displays the raw log details.





• File Manager (display folder/file structure)



• Page Quantity button – on the drop-down (100, 250, 500, 750, 1000) to select the number of items to display on the page.



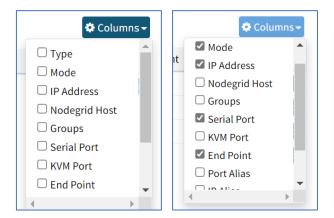
Display Table Columns

WebUI Procedure

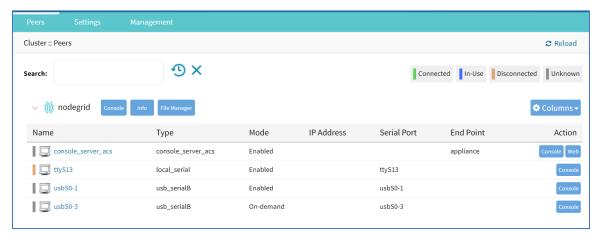
Details on each device can be viewed by selecting columns.

- 1. Go to Access :: Table.
- On the right side, click Columns (displays a drop-down dialog of available table columns.



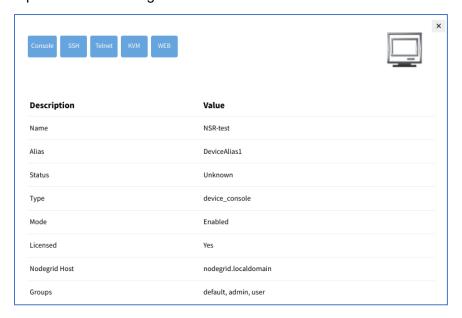


3. As columns are selected, they are displayed in the table.



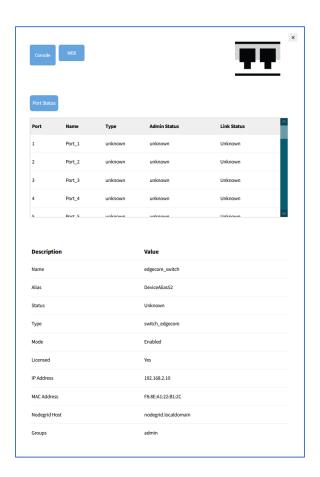
View Device Details

Click on a device to provide the full range of access.



This is an example of a Switch device:





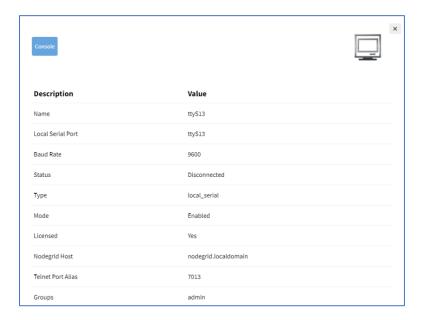
Manage Power

View Device Power Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Access :: Table.
- 2. In the **Name** column, locate and click the name (displayed dialog details change according to the type).





CLI Procedure

Example:

[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /access/

[admin@nodegrid access]# show Device_Console_Serial/

name: Device_Console_Serial

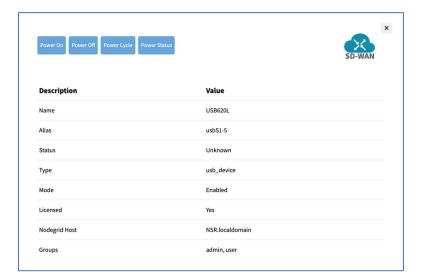
status: Connected

Set Device USB Power Option

WebUI Procedure

- 1. To confirm the USB card supports USB Passthrough, go to *System :: Slots. Supported cards* . Check the *Add-ons* column for the entry: **Power Control**.
- 2. Go to Access :: Table.
- 3. Locate and click the device name.
- 4. On the pop-up dialog, select a power option.





Power On (turns power on)

Power Off (turns power off)

Power Cycle (cycles power on and off)

Power Status (current status)

Tree tab

This displays the physical hierarchies of the Nodegrid setup. Start connections can be applied to each device. Devices can be found based on location (i.e., Nodegrid name, city name, data center name, row and rack, and others). Filters can be applied based on location and device types. Select from the expanded *View* column branches: *Devices*, *Appliances*, *Groups*.



View Column Branches

There are three trees in the View columns: **Devices**, **Appliances**, **Groups**. Details can be observed by clicking the ">".

Expand Individual Tree

WebUI Procedure

This example uses Devices.

1. Click the right icon to display the next branch level.





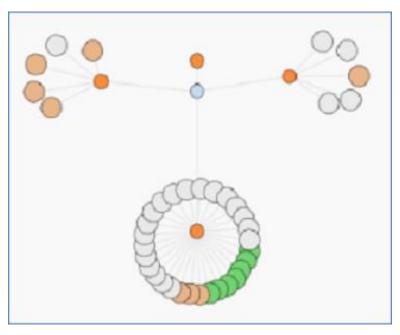
- 2. If further branch levels are available, click the right arrow igspace icon to expand the branch.
- 3. To contract the branch, click the down arrow $\[\]$ icon.
- 4. To see every item in the tree, click on **All**. Click on other items to see associated names (some clicked items may not have names).
- 5. Click on a name to display a pop-up dialog of details.



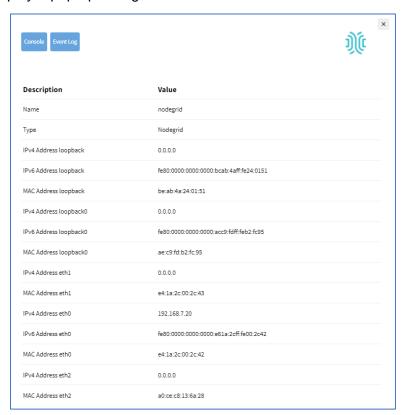


Node tab

This arranges all devices around connected Nodegrid units. It provides a complete overview of all targets and Nodegrid units in a Cluster.



Click on a node to display a pop-up dialog of details.





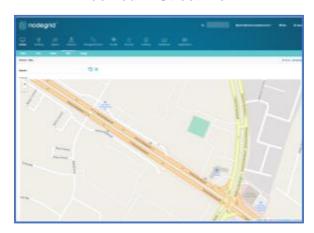
Map tab

This shows device status on a global-based map. This provides an overview of all targets and Nodegrid units in a Cluster. Precise device location details are included down to a building level. Click on a marker to display information and connections.

Global View



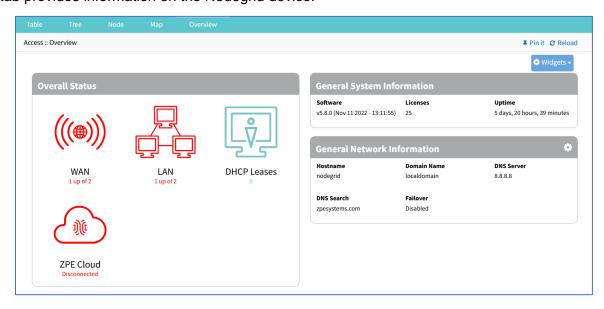
Zoomed in Street View



To move the map position, use click and drag.

Overview tab

This tab provides information on the Nodegrid device.

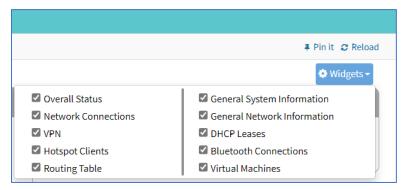


If the device's System Profile is configured as Gateway Profile, Access :: Overview is the default WebUI page. For devices with Out of Band Profile, the user can use the **Pin It** feature to designate *Access* :: Overview as the default page.





Click the **Widgets** button to configure the display. Select/unselect checkboxes as needed. The order of the checkboxes can be moved (click on a checkbox item, drag and drop inside the widget). This modifies the display of the *Overview* page.



Review details, as needed.

Image tab

The configuration requires Professional Services implementation. Contact Customer Support at support@zpesystem.com for additional information.

If available, displays a custom view of Nodegrid units and devices with associated information.



Tracking Section

This provides information about the System and connected devices. This includes Open Sessions, Event List, Routing Table, System Usage, Discovery Logs, LLDP, and Serial Statistics.



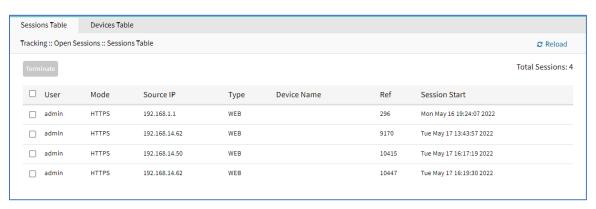


Open Sessions tab

This provides an overview of connected users and devices sessions.

Sessions Table sub-tab

This lists all users actively connected to the system, where they are connected from, and the time period.



Terminate Session

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Open Sessions :: Sessions Table.
- 2. In *User* column, locate session and select checkbox.



3. Click Terminate.

Devices Table sub-tab

This shows information about active device sessions, the amount of connected session and the users which are connected.





Terminate Session

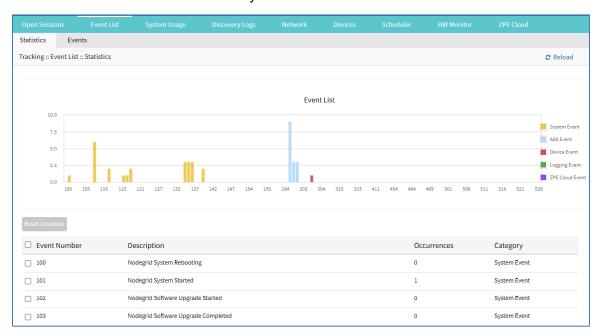
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Open Sessions :: Sessions Table.
- 2. In Device Name column, locate session and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Terminate.

Event List tab

Statistics sub-tab

This provides statistical information on the system event occurrences.



Reset Event Counter

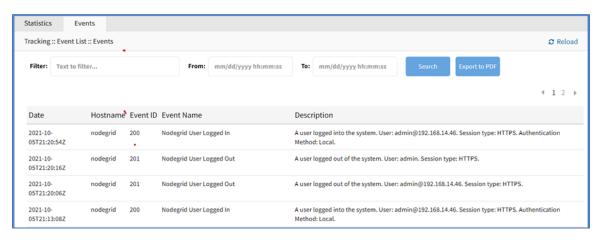
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Event List :: Statistics.
- 2. In Event Number column, locate the number and select checkbox (can select multiple).
- 3. Click Reset Counters.

Events sub-tab

This displays event details (read only).





Export Event Listing to PDF

The PDF file can contain a maximum of 10,000 results. The list is based on the Filter fields and the **From** and **To** dates.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Event List :: Events.
- (optional) Enter Filter keyword.
- (optional) Adjust From and To date/time, then click Search.
- 4. Click Export to PDF.
- 5. On Save dialog, navigate to the location, then click Save.

Registered Events Description

Event #	Description	Catagory
100	Nodegrid System Rebooting	System Event
101	Nodegrid System Started	System Event
102	Nodegrid Software Upgrade Started	System Event
103	Nodegrid Software Upgrade Completed	System Event
104	Nodegrid Configuration Settings Saved to File	System Event
105	Nodegrid Configuration Settings Applied	System Event
106	Nodegrid ZTP Started	System Event
107	Nodegrid ZTP Completed	System Event
108	Nodegrid Configuration Changed	System Event
109	Nodegrid SSD Life Left	System Event



Event #	Description	Catagory
110	Nodegrid Local User Added to System Datastore	System Event
111	Nodegrid Local User Deleted from System Datastore	System Event
112	Nodegrid Local User Modified in System Datastore	System Event
113	Nodegrid ZTP execution success	System Event
114	Nodegrid ZTP execution failure	System Event
115	Nodegrid Session Terminated	System Event
116	Nodegrid Session Timed Out	System Event
118	Nodegrid Power Supply State Changed	System Event
119	Nodegrid Power Supply Sound Alarm Stopped by User	System Event
120	Nodegrid Utilization Rate Exceeded	System Event
121	Nodegrid Thermal Temperature ThrottleUp	System Event
122	Nodegrid Thermal Temperature Dropping	System Event
123	Nodegrid Thermal Temperature Warning	System Event
124	Nodegrid Thermal Temperature Critical	System Event
126	Nodegrid Fan Status Changed	System Event
127	Nodegrid Fan Sound Alarm Stopped by User	System Event
128	Nodegrid Total number of local serial ports mismatch	System Event
129	Nodegrid dry contact change state	System Event
130	Nodegrid License Added	System Event
131	Nodegrid License Removed	System Event
132	Nodegrid License Conflict	System Event
133	Nodegrid License Scarce	System Event
134	Nodegrid License Expiring	System Event
135	Nodegrid Shell Started	System Event
136	Nodegrid Shell Stopped	System Event



Event #	Description	Catagory
137	Nodegrid Sudo Executed	System Event
138	Nodegrid SMS Executed	System Event
139	Nodegrid SMS Invalid	System Event
140	Nodegrid Connection Up	System Event
141	Nodegrid Connection Down	System Event
142	Nodegrid SIM Card Swap	System Event
144	Network Failover Executed	System Event
145	Network Failback Executed	System Event
150	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Online	System Event
151	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Offline	System Event
152	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Signed On	System Event
153	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Signed Off	System Event
154	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Removed	System Event
155	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Became Coordinator	System Event
156	Nodegrid Cluster Coordinator Became Peer	System Event
157	Nodegrid Cluster Coordinator Deleted	System Event
158	Nodegrid Cluster Coordinator Created	System Event
159	Nodegrid Cluster Peer Configured	System Event
160	Nodegrid Search Unavailable	System Event
161	Nodegrid Search Restored	System Event
166	Nodegrid Wireguard Tunnel Up	
167	Nodegrid Wireguard Tunnel Down	
200	Nodegrid User Logged In	AAA Event
201	Nodegrid User Logged Out	AAA Event
202	Nodegrid System Authentication Failure	AAA Event



Event #	Description	Catagory
300	Nodegrid Device Session Started	Device Event
301	Nodegrid Device Session Stopped	Device Event
302	Nodegrid Device Created	Device Event
303	Nodegrid Device Deleted	Device Event
304	Nodegrid Device Renamed	Device Event
305	Nodegrid Device Cloned	Device Event
306	Nodegrid Device Up	Device Event
307	Nodegrid Device Down	Device Event
308	Nodegrid Device Session Terminated	Device Event
310	Nodegrid Power On Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
311	Nodegrid Power Off Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
312	Nodegrid Power Cycle Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
313	Nodegrid Suspend Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
314	Nodegrid Reset Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
315	Nodegrid Shutdown Command Executed on a Device	Device Event
400	Nodegrid System Alert Detected	Logging Event
401	Nodegrid Alert String Detected on a Device Session	Logging Event
402	Nodegrid Event Log String Detected on a Device Event Log	Logging Event
410	Nodegrid System NFS Failure	Logging Event
411	Nodegrid System NFS Recovered	Logging Event
450	Nodegrid Datapoint State High Critical	Logging Event
451	Nodegrid Datapoint State High Warning	Logging Event
452	Nodegrid Datapoint State Normal	Logging Event
453	Nodegrid Datapoint State Low Warning	Logging Event
454	Nodegrid Datapoint State Low Critical	Logging Event



Event #	Description	Catagory
460	Nodegrid Door Unlocked	Logging Event
461	Nodegrid Door Locked	Logging Event
462	Nodegrid Door Open	Logging Event
463	Nodegrid Door Close	Logging Event
464	Nodegrid Door Access Denied	Logging Event
465	Nodegrid Door Alarm Active	Logging Event
466	Nodegrid Door Alarm Inactive	Logging Event
467	Nodegrid PoE Power Fault	Logging Event
468	Nodegrid PoE Power Budget Exceeded	Logging Event

System Usage tab

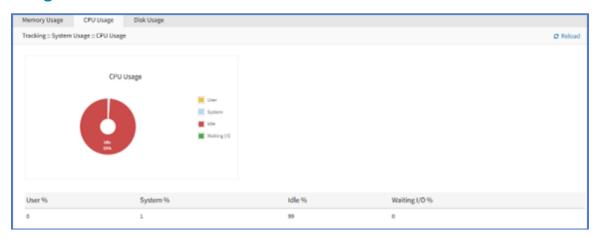
This presents information usage details. The sub-tabs provide read-only information.

Memory Usage sub-tab





CPU Usage sub-tab



Disk Usage sub-tab



Discovery Logs tab

This shows the logs of the discovery processes set on the Managed Devices setting for auto discovery.



Manage Logs

Reset Logs

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Discovery Logs.
- 2. Click Reset Logs.

The table is cleared.



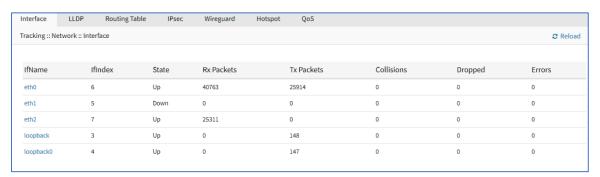
Network tab

This displays network Interface information, LLDP, Routing Table, IPsec Table, and Hotspot details.

NOTE: The displayed sub-tabs can change depending on the device configuration.

Interface sub-tab

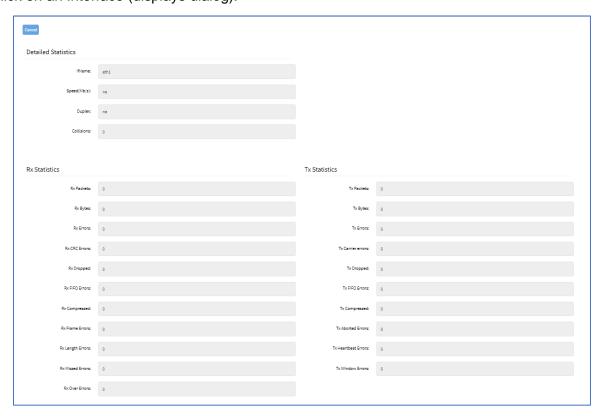
This displays the network interface statistics, like state, package counters, collisions, dropped and errors.



Review Interface Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Network :: Interface.
- 2. Click on an Interface (displays dialog):





Review details:

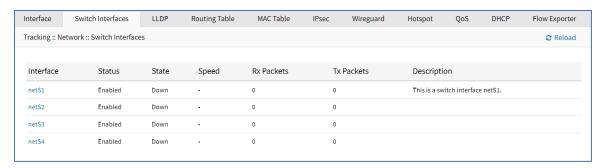
Detailed Statistics (IfName, Speed, Duplex, Collisions)

Rx Statistics (Rx Packets, Rx Bytes, Rx Errors, Rx CRC Errors, Rx Dropped, Rx FIFO Errors, Rx Compressed, Rx Frame Errors, Rx Length Errors, Rx Missed Errors, Rx Over Errors)

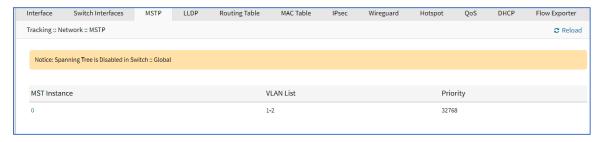
Tx Statistics (Tx Packets, Tx Bytes, Tx Errors, Tx Carrier errors, Tx Dropped, Tx FIFO Errors, Tx Compressed, Tx Aborted Errors, Tx Heartbeat Errors, Tx Window Errors)

3. Cancel button returns to the Interface sub-tab.

Switch Interfaces sub-tab



MSTP sub-tab (Net SR only)



View MSTP Instance Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Network :: MSTP.
- 2. In MST Instance column, click on name (displays dialog).



3. Click Return.



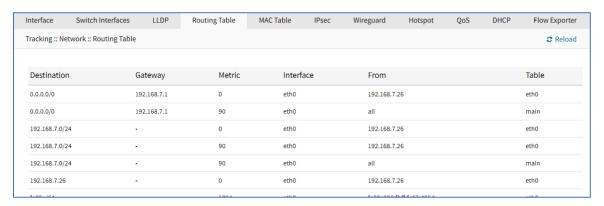
LLDP sub-tab

(read only) This shows devices that advertise their identity and capabilities on the LAN. LLDP advertising and reception can be enabled in Nodegrid with network connections.



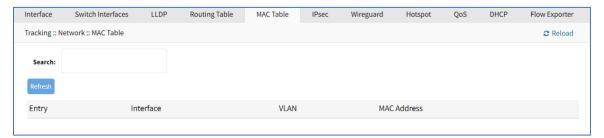
Routing Table sub-tab

(read only) This shows the routing rules that Nodegrid follows for network communications. Any added static network routes are included.



MAC Table sub-tab

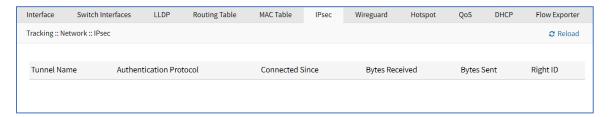
(read only) This displays information in MAC settings.



IPsec sub-tab

(read only) This displays information for each IPsec tunnel connection.

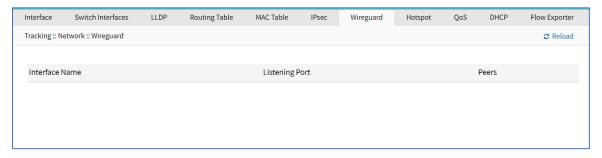




To appear on the IPsec list, Monitoring must be enabled for each IPsec tunnel.

Wireguard sub-tab

This shows the Wireguard connection details.

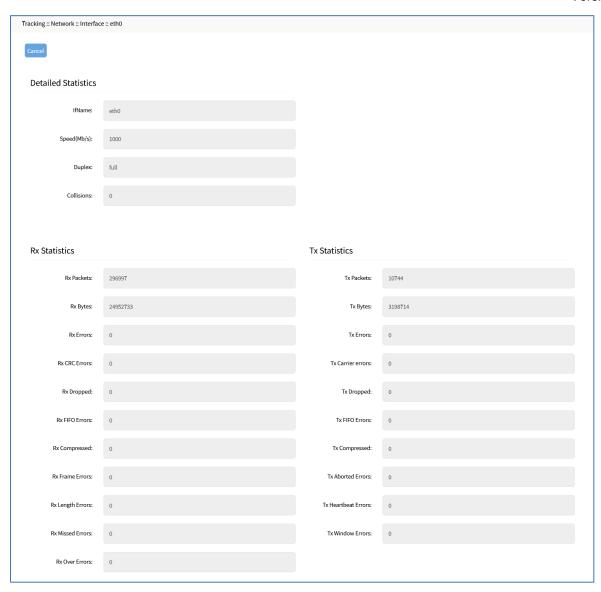


View Details on Wireguard Configuration

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Network :: Wireguard.
- 2. In Interface Name column, click on a name (displays dialog of details):

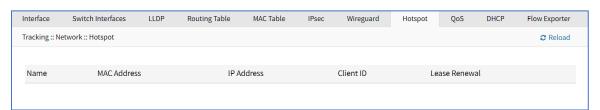




3. Review details.

Hotspot sub-tab

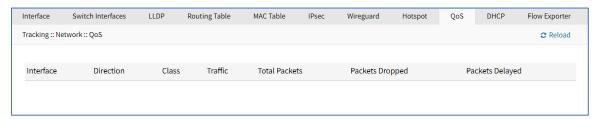
(read-only) This displays all devices currently connected to the hotspot.





QoS sub-tab

(read only) This displays traffic information from each configured QoS (Quality of Service) class/interface. If the QoS interface is bidirectional, two entries are shown (one for input and one for output).



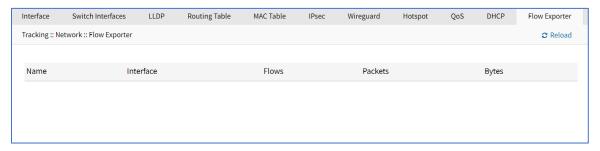
DHCP sub-tab

(read-only) This displays DHCP information.



Flow Exporter sub-tab

(read-only) This displays Flow Exporter details.



Devices tab

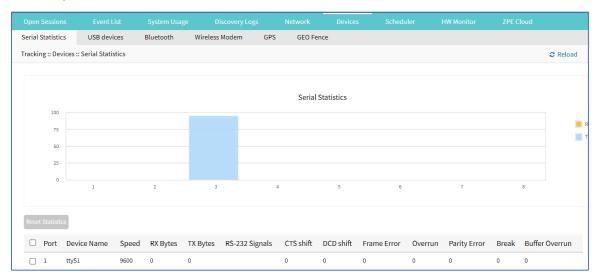
This shows connection statistics for physically connected devices, like serial and USB devices, and wireless modems. The available options will depend on the specific Nodegrid unit.





Serial Statistics sub-tab

This provides statistical information on the serial ports connectivity such as transmitted and received data, RS232 signals, errors.



Reset Statistics

WebUI Procedure

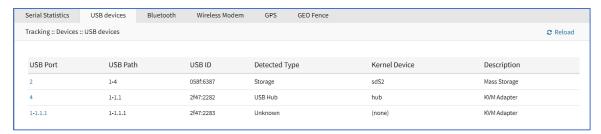
- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: Serial Statistics.
- 2. Select checkboxes next to Port numbers.



3. Click Reset Statistics.

USB devices sub-tab

This provides details about connected USB devices and initialized drivers.

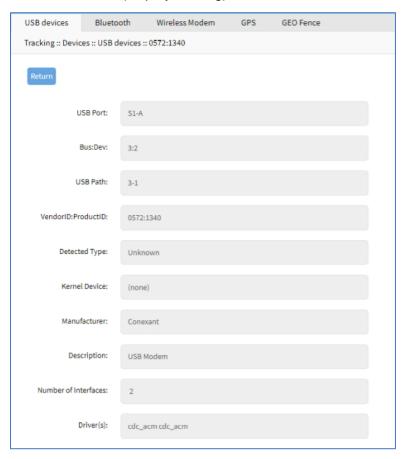


View USB Device Details

WebUI Procedure



- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: USB devices.
- 2. In USB Port column, click on name (displays dialog)



- 3. Review details.
- 4. Click **Return** to go back.

Convert M2 Analog Modem to USB Serial Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: USB devices.
- 2. In USB Port column, click on name of a M.2 Analog Modem.
- 3. On the dialog, click Set as Serial Device.
- 4. Click Save.

Convert USB Analog Modem to USB Serial Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: USB devices.
- 2. In USB Port column, click on name of a USB Analog Modem (displays dialog).
- 3. On the dialog, click Set as Serial Device.

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4. Click Save.

Bluetooth sub-tab

This displays information about Bluetooth devices.



Unpair Bluetooth

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: Bluetooth.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- 3. Click Unpair.

Connect Bluetooth

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: Bluetooth.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- 3. Click Connect.

Disconnect Bluetooth

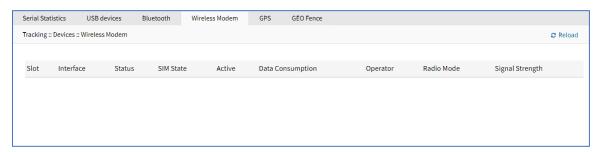
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: Bluetooth.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- 3. Click Disconnect.

Wireless Modem sub-tab

This displays information about wireless modem.



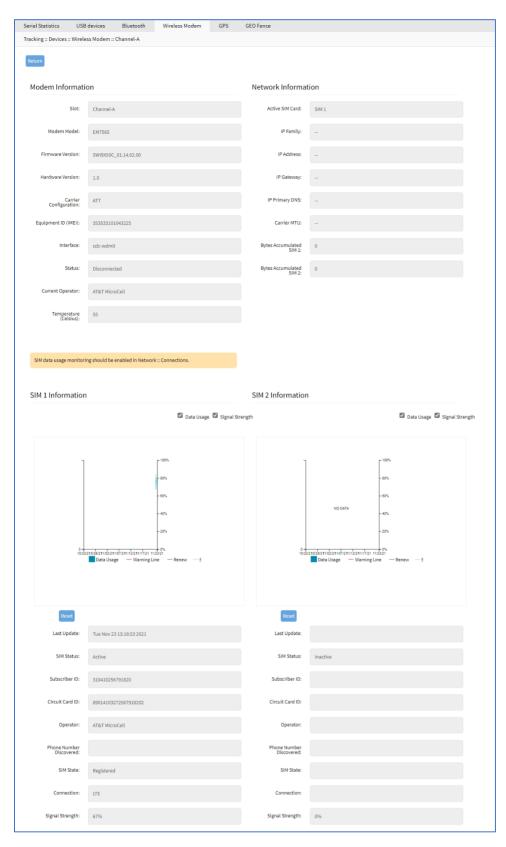


View Wireless Modem Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Devices :: Wireless Modem.
- 2. In Slot column, click on name (displays dialog).





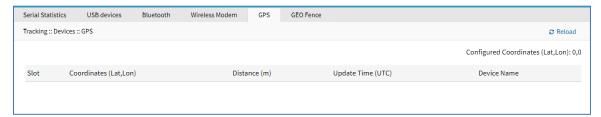
3. Review details.



4. Click Return to go back.

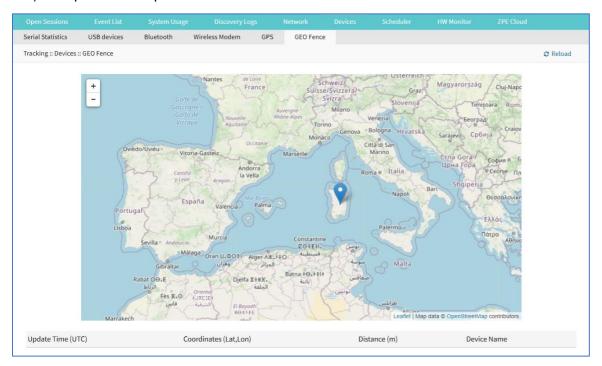
GPS sub-tab

This provides information about GPS details (when installed).



GEO Fence sub-tab

(if enabled) This provides map of GEO Fence location. View can be zoomed in or out.



Scheduler tab

This provides information about scheduled tasks.





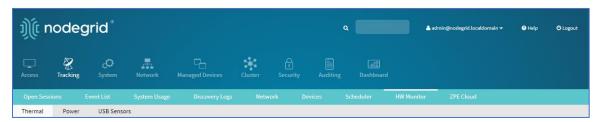
Reset Log

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Tracking :: Scheduler.
- 2. Select checkbox to reset.
- 3. Click Reset.

HW Monitor tab

(ready only) This displays Nodegrid system hardware information.



Thermal sub-tab

Go to Tracking :: HW Monitor :: Thermal.

This displays the current CPU temperature, System temperature, and FAN speeds (if available).



Power sub-tab

Go to Tracking :: HW Monitor :: Power.

This displays information about current Power sources (current state and power consumption).

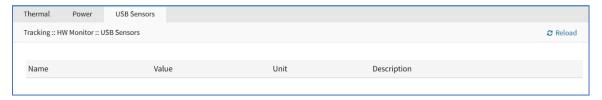


USB Sensors sub-tab

Go to Tracking :: HW Monitor :: USB Sensors.

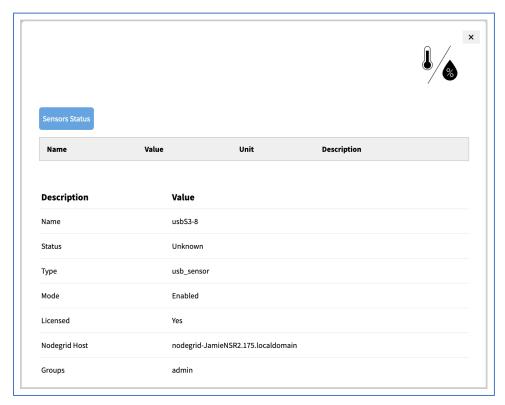
NOTE: The details shown depend on the Nodegrid device.





Nodegrid USB Temperature and Humidity Sensors are automatically discovered by the System (usb_sensor). After detection, it must be enabled to use with monitoring and alarm management.

Click a sensor to open a detail page. A click on the **Sensor Status** button displays more details and specifics.



ZPE USB Environmental Sensors and Actuators

ZPE USB Device	Description
THS-U01	Temperature and Humidity USB sensor, cable 2m (6.5ft)
AIR-U01	Air Flow and Temperature USB sensor, 0.15 to 1.0 m/s [30 to 200 fpm], cable 4m (13ft)
AIR-U02	Air Flow and Temperature USB sensor, 0.5 to 10.0 m/s [100 to 2,000 fpm], cable 4m (13ft)
DOOR-01	Proximity sensor, cable 4m (13ft) - Requires IO8-U01
RL4-U01	4-port Relay via USB, cable 3m (10ft)
IO8-U01	8-port GPIO via USB, cable 3m (10ft)



ZPE USB Device	Description
BCON-U01	Beacon with alarm USB, black base, blue light, cable 3m (10ft)
BCON-U05	Beacon, no alarm USB, black base, clear light, cable 5m (16ft)
SMK-U01	Smoke detector, cable 3m (10ft) - Requires IO8-U01 and RL4-U01

Supported USB Sensors

USB Device	Vendor
USB Serial	FTDI, CP2105, CP210X
USB KVM	ZPE KVM-U01 - KVM over USB dongle (VGA, USB kb, USB mouse)
USB Sensor	ZPE Environmental: THS-U01 - temperature & humidity, Degree Controls F200 - Air Velocity Sensor (paired with TLL-232R-3V3 or TTL-232R-5V converter cable)
USB Analog Modem	Zoom, US Robotics
USB Cellular Modem	USB620L, USB730L
USB 1G Ethernet	Any USB 3.0 Gigabit Ethernet adapter
USB SFP Ethernet	Winyao USB1000F USB 3.0 Gigabit Fiber adapter
USB WiFi	Wireless Network adapter for Linux (TP-Link TL-WN722N)
USB Storage	Any USB flash drive

NOTE: These devices utilize Linux drivers supported by the System. Certain driver versions may not work as expected. If any issues occur, contact support@zpesystems.com.

Supported USB I/O Devices

USB I/O Device	Description	GPIO Input	Analog Input
Numato GP80001E	GPIO Module	8-On/Off	6-Any
Numato USBPOWRL001	Relay Module	No	4-Any
Delcom USB HID 9040XX	Light Tower	No	No
Patlite LR6-USB-W/K	Light Tower	No	No
TRH-320	Humidity and temperature sensors	No	1 Humidity - % 1 Temperature - °C



USB I/O Device	Description	GPIO Input	Analog Input
Degree Controls F200	Air temperature and velocity sensors	No	1 Air Temperature - °C 1 Air Velocity - m/s
Homologated Generic USB I/O Device	All in one	100-On/Off	100 generic - any

Additional Supported USB Devices

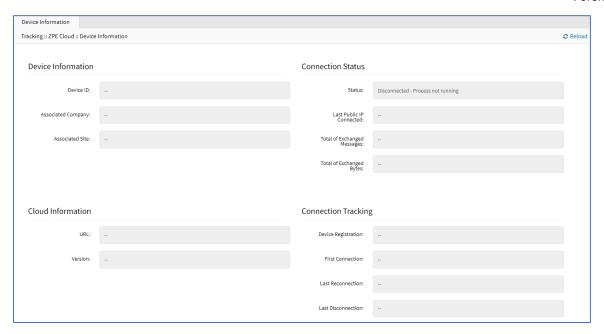
USB i/O Device	GPIO output	Relay	Light	Buzzer
Numato GP80001E	UP TO 8 – On, Off	No	No	No
Numato USBPOWRL001	UP TO 4 – On, Off	2 – On, Off	No	No
Delcom USB HID 9040XX	No	No	3 – On, Off, continuous cycle	1 – On, Off, continuous cycle
Patlite LR6-USB-W/K	No	No	1 – On, Off, continuous cycle	1 – On, Off, continuous cycle
TRH-320	No	No	No	No
Degree Controls F200	No	No	No	No
Homologated Generic USB I/O Device	100 – On, Off	100 – On, Off	100 – On, Off, continuous cycle	100 – On, Off, continuous cycle
Numato GP80001E	UP TO 8 – On, Off	No	No	No
Numato USBPOWRL001	UP TO 4 – On, Off	2 – On, Off	No	No

I/O Ports (GPIO) sub-tab (Gate SR/Link SR only)

This shows the status of GPIO ports (only displayed for models with GPIO ports.

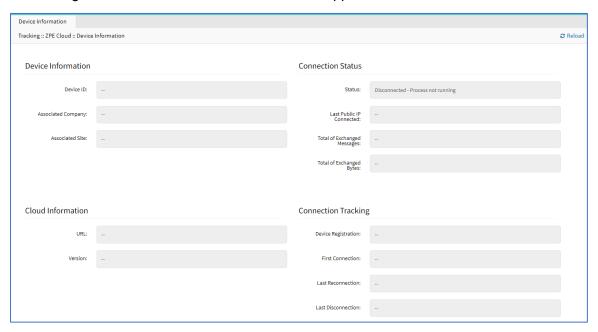
Example - Nodegrid Gate SR WebUI





ZPE Cloud tab

This shows configured connections with the ZPE Cloud application.



SD-WAN tab

This shows configured underlay and overlay paths of SD-WAN tunnels.





Path status conditions are:

Normal (no issue related to SD-WAN)

Warning (SLA metrics are violated)

Error (All SLA metrics are violated, or path is down)

This only displays path information if SD-WAN is enabled. To verify, go to *Network :: SD-WAN ::* Settings and ensure **Enable SD-WAN** checkbox is selected. If disabled, the following message displays.



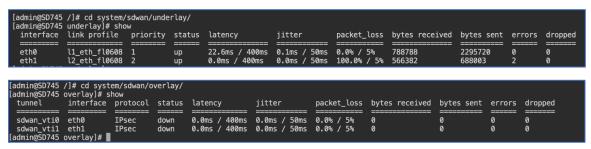
If topology is not yet configured inside the device, the following message displays.



If there is an error communicating with the SD-WAN daemon, the following message displays.



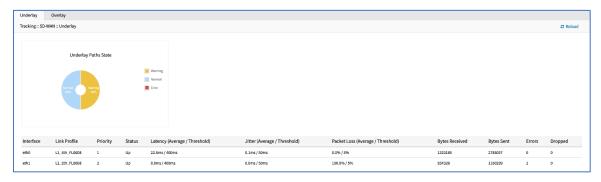
On the CLI, go to /system/sdwan/ directory and use show command to display details.



The values displayed under columns of latency, jitter, and packet loss; are the average and the threshold for each metric.

Underlay sub-tab

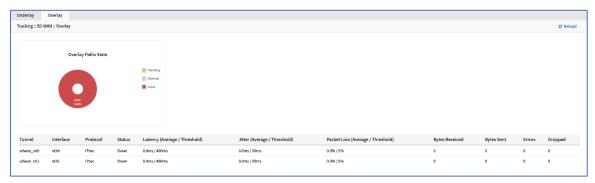
This shows the status of the Underlay path.





Overlay sub-tab

This shows the status of the Overlay path.



System Section

System settings are configured for each device, including license keys, general system settings, firmware updates, backup and restore, and other device management configurations.



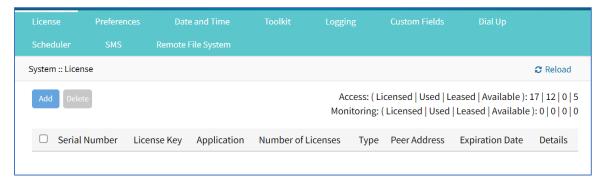
License tab

This displays all licenses enrolled on this Nodegrid device, with license key, expiration date, application, etc. Number of licenses (used and available) are shown in upper right. Licenses can be added or deleted. If licenses expire or are deleted, the devices exceeding the total licenses changes status to "unlicensed" (information is retained in the System). Unlicensed devices are not shown on the Access tab.

For Nodegrid access and control, each managed device must have a license. The required license for each Nodegrid serial port is included with the device.

NOTE: A managed device is any physical or virtual device defined under Nodegrid for access and control.





Available license details are listed on the right side.

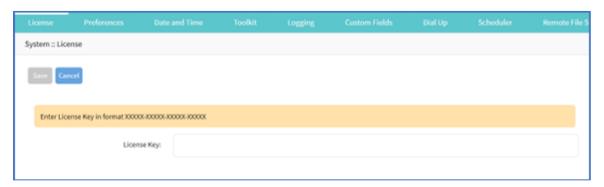


Manage Licenses

Add a License

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: License.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter License Key.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete a License

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: License.
- Select the checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.



Preferences tab

Main system preferences are configured in this tab. Any change in the fields activates the **Save** button.

Manage Preferences

Settings are provided with individual sections on the page.

Configure Nodegrid Device Preferences

- 1. Go to System :: Preferences.
- 2. In the Nodegrid Location menu:



Enter Address Location (a valid address for the device location).

Enter **Coordinates (Lat, Lon)** (if GPS is available, click **Compass** icon O or manually enter GPS coordinates).

For **Help Location**, enter alternate URL location for the User Guide.

NOTE: The administrator can download the documentation from ZPE (HTML5 or PDF, as preferred) to be available for users (when **Help** icon is clicked.



3. In the Session Idle Timeout menu (number of seconds of session inactivity until the session times out and logs the user off.) This setting applies to all telnet, SSH, HTTP, HTTPS, and Console sessions.

NOTE: Any change in value is applied on the next login.

In **Timeout (seconds)**, enter one of these:

zero (0) – the session will never expire.

Value (i.e., 6000 keeps session active for 100 minutes).

4. In the Nodegrid Configuration menu:





Enter **Revision Tag** (a free format string used as a configuration reference tag - can be manually updated or updated with an automated change management process).

The Latest Profile Applied (read-only) is the last applied profile (ZTP process or on ZPE Cloud).

(optional) Select **Show Hostname on WebUI Header** checkbox (displays the device hostname on the WebUI banner. **For Choose Text Color**, click in the color box and select color (click in color grid or enter RGB or CYMK values.



NOTE: For a color change to take effect, log out of the application and log in.



5. In the Logo Page Logo Image menu:

The administrator can change the logo image (png or jpg) used on the Nodegrid WebUI login. It can be uploaded from the local desktop or a remote server (FTP, TFTP, SFTP, SCP, HTTP, and HTTPS). This is the URL format (username and password may be required): <PROTOCOL>://<Server Address>/<Remote File>.

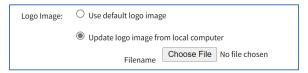


(optional) Select **Logo Image selection** checkbox.

In Logo Image menu, select one:

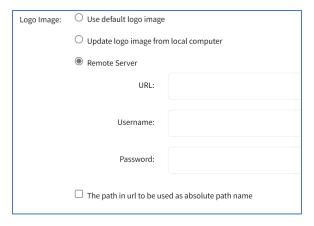
Use default logo image radio button.

Update log image from local computer radio button (expands dialog).



Click Choose File to locate and select logo (jpg, png).

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter **Username** and **Password**.

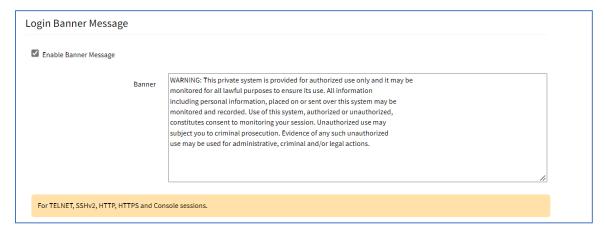
(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

After upload, refresh the browser cache to display the new image.

6. In the Logo Banner Message menu:

NOTE: Nodegrid can be configured to show a login banner on Telnet, SSHv2, HTTP, HTTPS and Console login. This banner is displayed on the device login page. The default content (below) can be edited.





The message can include device-specific information, such as Device Alias or other device identifier details.

Click in Banner textbox.

Modify text, as needed (use Enter for hard returns).

7. In the Utilization Rate Events menu:



(optional) Select Enable Local Serial Ports Utilization Rate checkbox.

Select Enable License Utilization Rate checkbox and enter Percentage to trigger events. (An event notification is generated when the entered percentage is reached.)

8. In the Serial Console menu:

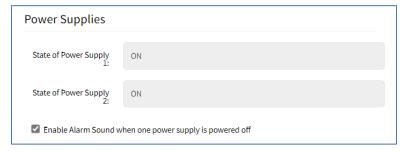


On Speed drop-down, select baud rate (9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200).

9. In the Power Supplies menu:

NOTE: This displays only when device is equipped with 2 power supplies). Includes option to enable alarm when powered off.





Select Enable Alarm Sound when one power supply is powered off checkbox.

10. In the Fan Alarm menu (displays only when device is equipped with fans):



Select Enable Alarm Sound on Fan Failure checkbox.

11. In the Network Boot menu:

NOTE: Nodegrid can boot from a network ISO image.



Enter Unit IPv4 Address. (URL format:http://ServerIPAddress/PATH/FILENAME.ISO)

Enter Unit Netmask.

On Unit Interface drop-down, select one (eth0, eth1).

Enter ISO URL.

12. Review details, then click Save.

Slots tab (SR only)

This information identifies slots on SR devices with installed modules.

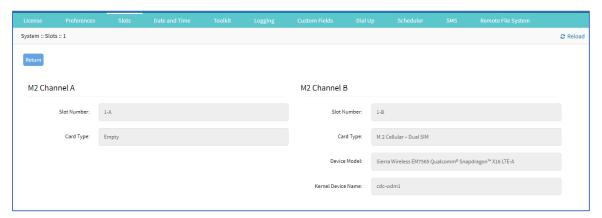




Manage Slots

Review Slot Details

- 1. Go to System :: Slots.
- 2. In the table, click on a slot name (displays dialog).



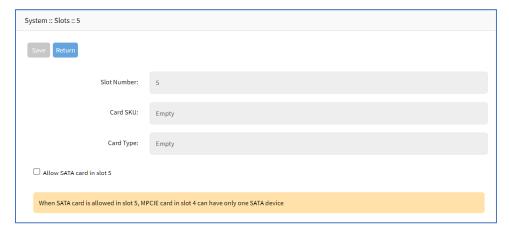
3. When done, click Return.

Enable SATA Card in Slot 5

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Slots.
- 2. In the table, click on Slot 5 (displays dialog).

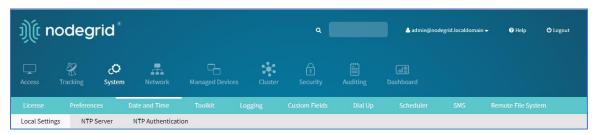




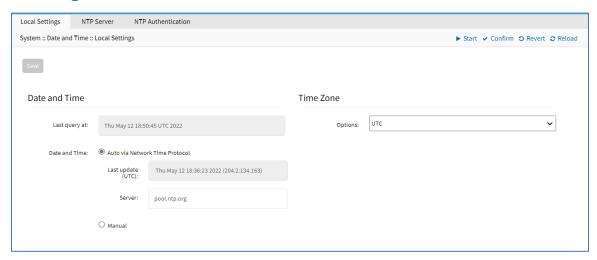
- 3. Select Allow SATA card in slot 5 checkbox.
- 4. Click Save.

Date and Time tab

Nodegrid devices supports NTP (Network Time Protocol) Authentication and Cellular Tower Synchronization. This default configuration automatically retrieves accurate date/time from any server in the NTP pool. NTP authentication provides an extra safety measure for Nodegrid to ensure that the timestamp it receives has been generated by a trusted source, protecting it from malicious activity or interception.



Local Settings sub-tab





If needed, the date/time can be manually set. NTP is the default configuration. In manual configuration mode, Nodegrid device uses its internal clock to provide date and time information. Refresh the page to see the current system time. Date and time synchronization from cell tower is an additional convenience that obtains exact time directly from the carrier network.

To set the local time zone, select from the drop-down menu (default: UTC).

NOTE: All timestamps in Event Logs are in UTC.

Configure Local Time

Use this dialog to setup local time and UTC time zone for the device location.

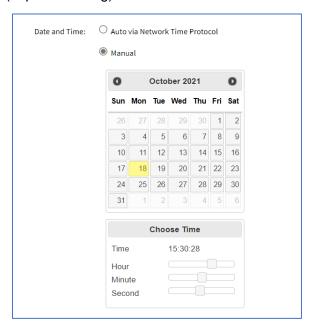
- 1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: Local Settings.
- 2. In Date and Time menu:

Select one:

Auto via Network Time Protocol radio button:

Enter Server.

Manual radio button (expands dialog):



Scroll through Calendar and select date.

In **Choose Time**, enter hour, minute, second.

3. In *Time Zone* menu:

On **Options** drop-down, select appropriate time zone.

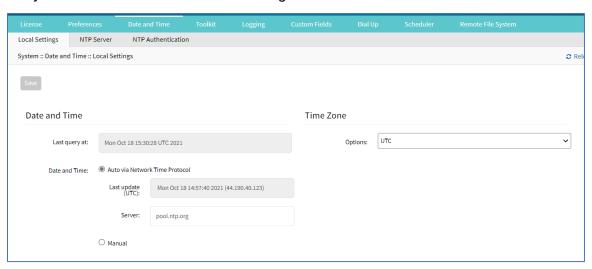
4. Click Save.



Cellular Tower Synchronization

This is supported by units with an installed Wireless Modem card and valid SIM card. The Nodegrid device can get date/time from the cellular tower. The SIM card must be registered to the carrier network).

1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: Local Settings.



2. In Cellular Tower Synchronization menu:

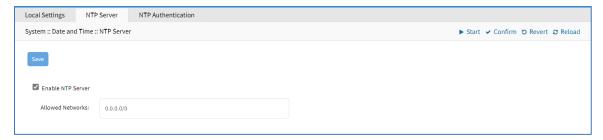
Select Enable Date and Time Synchronization checkbox.

- 3. Make other changes, as needed.
- Click Save.

NOTE: Both NTP and Cellular Tower Synchronization can be enabled. The last date/time received from either source is applied. This allows updated date/time with any connection failover configuration.

NTP Server sub-tab

This page enables the NTP Server.



Configure the local NTP server

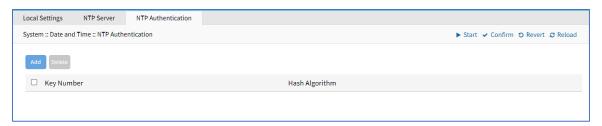
- 1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: NTP Server.
- 2. Select Enable NTP Server checkbox.
- 3. In Allowed Networks, enter all allowed networks (comma-separated).



Click Save.

NTP Authentication sub-tab

NTP reduces security risks associated with time synchronization. With authentication, there is assurance a generated response is from an expected source (rather than maliciously generated or intercepted). Authentication applies a list of agreed keys (passwords) between a server and a client. Communication between server and client is encrypted with one of the agreed keys appended to the messages. The appended key is un-encrypted to ensure it matches one of the agreed keys. Only then is action taken.

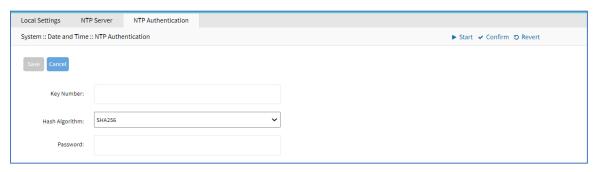


Configure Key Number Set

This requires Admin privileges. Repeat the process for each key number set.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: NTP Authentication.
- Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. For **Key Number**, enter any unsigned integer (range: 1 to 2³² 1
- 4. On Hash Algorithm drop-down, select one (MD5, RMD160, SHA1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512, SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512).
- For Password, enter a character string (space character not allowed).
 Alternatively, enter a hexadecimal number with prefix HEX followed by the number ######.
- 6. Click Save.

Delete Key Number

- 1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: NTP Authentication.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Key Number to delete.

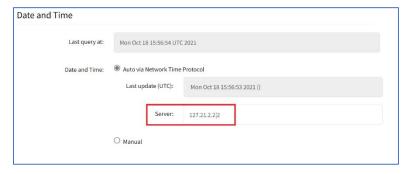


3. Click Delete.

Link the NTP server and Key Number

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Date and Time :: Local Settings.
- 2. Use separator '|' (pipe) between server address and its key number.



- 3. Make other changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Toolkit tab

System maintenance features are available in System:: Toolkit page.



Reboot tool

Reboot command is a graceful shutdown and reboot of the Nodegrid device. A warning message informs that all active sessions will be dropped. During a reboot, the operating system is automatically restarted.

On click, displays pop-up dialog. Click **OK** to continue.

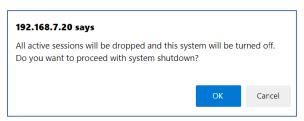




Shutdown tool

On a shutdown, the operating system will be brought to a halted state. At this point, it is safe to drop the power supply to the unit (turn off power supplies or removing power cords). To turn the unit back on, the power supply must be stopped and then restarted.

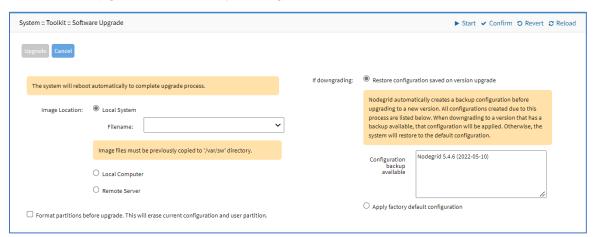
On click, displays pop-up dialog. Click **OK** to continue.



Software Upgrade tool

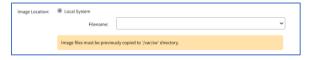
Nodegrid can be updated via the WebUI or with the CLI.

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Software Upgrade** icon (displays dialog)



3. In *Image Location* menu, select one:

Local System radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Filename.

NOTE: Image files must be previously copied to '/var/sw' directory.

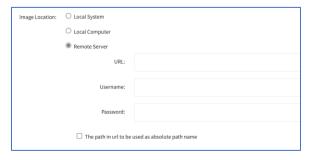
Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).





Click Choose File. On dialog, locate and select the file.

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



Enter URL (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN.

NOTE: Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, SCP, HTTP, and HTTPS. URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. (If using IPv6, include brackets [].)

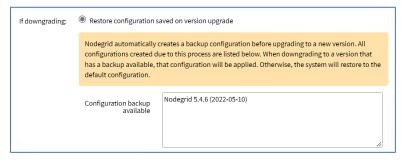
Example: ftp://your-ftp-server-url/downloads/Nodegrid_v5.8.1.iso

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

- (optional) select Format partitions before upgrade. This will erase current configuration and user partition checkbox.
- 5. In If downgrading section, select one:

Restore configuration saved on version upgrade radio button.



Read the instructions.

Apply factory default configuration radio button.



6. Click **Upgrade** (requires several minutes).



This version can be upgraded from previous release v4.2.4 or newer. If necessary, to upgrade from v3.2, v4.0, v4.1 or older v4.2 must first upgrade to v4.2.4, and then upgrade to v5.8.0.

Downgrade is only allowed to v4.2.4 or newer. UEFI mode and Secure Boot must be disabled prior to downgrading to v5.0 or older.

A status bar (WebUI only) displays progress of the software upgrade. When complete, a success dialog is displayed.





CLI Procedure

To upgrade via the CLI, execute these commands:

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# software_upgrade
[admin@nodegrid {toolkit}]# show

The system will reboot automatically to complete upgrade process.
image_location = local_system
filename =
   Image files must be previously copied to '/var/sw' directory.
format_partitions_before_upgrade = no
   if_downgrading = restore_configuration_saved_on_version_upgrade

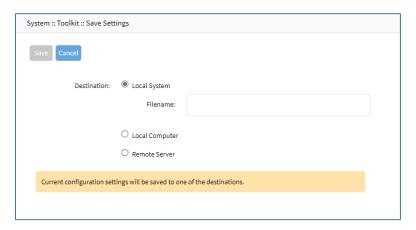
If no configuration matches the version, factory default will be applied.
saved_configurations:
Nodegrid 5.4.1 (2022-08-16)
Nodegrid 5.4.1 (2022-08-02)
Nodegrid 5.2.1 (2021-11-01)
```

Save Settings tool

This saves current configuration. Displays this dialog.

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click Save Settings icon (displays dialog).





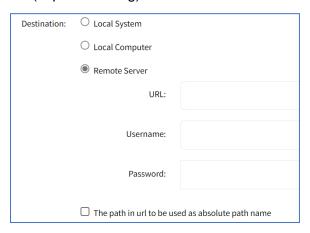
3. In Destination menu, select one.

Local System radio button (expands dialog).



Enter File Name.

Local Computer radio button. Click **Save** (file is saved on the local computer *Download* folder. **Remote Server** radio button (expands dialog).



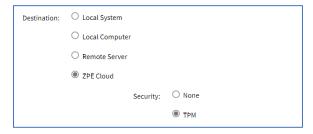
Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

ZPE Cloud radio button (expands dialog)





On Security, select one:

None radio button

TPM radio button

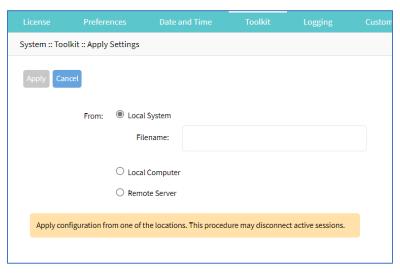
4. Click Save.

NOTE: The option to save to ZPE Cloud is only available if ZPE Cloud is enabled.

Apply Settings tool

Saved configurations can be loaded from the Nodegrid device, a local connected computer, or from a remote server. When applied on the Nodegrid device, that becomes the new configuration. The server address can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, SCP, HTTP and HTTPS.

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Apply Settings** icon (displays dialog).



3. In From menu, select one:

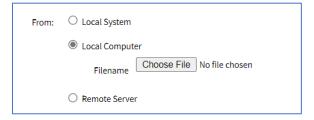
Local System radio button (expands dialog).



Enter File Name.

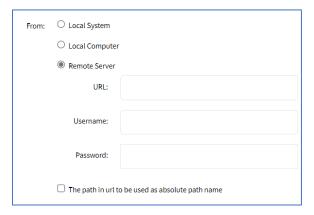


Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).



Click Choose File (locate and select the file).

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

4. Click Apply.

Restore to Factory Default Settings tool

The Nodegrid solution offers multiple options to reset the unit back to factory default settings. Displays this dialog. The *System Profile* menu (**Out Of Band** or **Gateway**) is available on: Link SR, Bold SR, Gate SR, Hive SR, Net Services Router and NSC Plus.

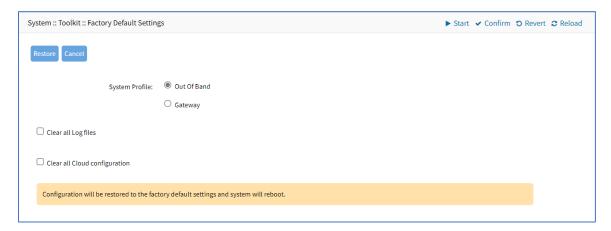
During this action, all configuration files are set to factory default. There is an option to save or clear all log files.

NOTE: Hard restore is available on the Nodegrid device. To use, locate the RST button on the chassis. Press the RST button down for at least 10 seconds. All configuration files are reset to defaults and log files are cleared. The RST button (reset to factory default) requires a minimum ET version of 80814T00. To determine the current version, see the *About* page details.

The system can also be reset by reformatting the whole system partition. This wipes all existing files and resets the system back to the shipped state.

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- Click Restore to Factory Default Settings icon (displays dialog).





3. In the System Profile menu, select one: (for more information, see System Profile).

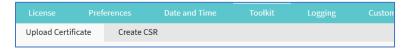
Out of Band radio button.

Gateway radio button.

- 4. (optional) Select Clear all Log files checkbox.
- 5. (optional) Select Clear all Cloud Configuration checkbox.
- 6. Click Restore.

System Certificate tool

A certificate can be loaded to the Nodegrid device from a connected local computer or a remote server. On the dialog, there are two sub-tabs: **Upload Certificate** and **Create CSR**.



WARNING! When the certificate is applied, the web server is restarted and active sessions are disconnected.

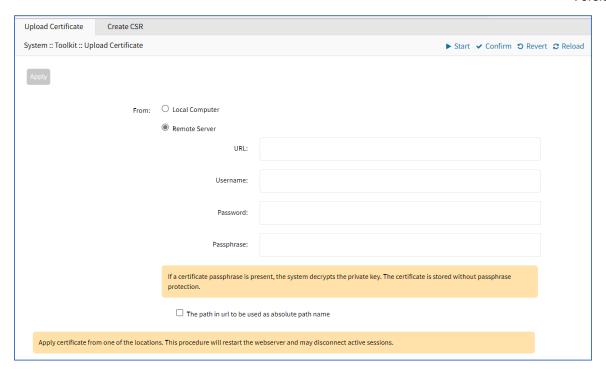
The protocols FTP, TFTP, SFTP, SCP, HTTP, and HTTPS are supported.

Upload Certificate

WebUI Procedure

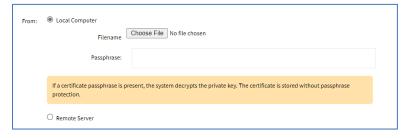
- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **System Certificate** icon (displays *Upload Certificate* sub-tab dialog).





3. On From menu, select one.

Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).



Click Choose File (locate and select the file). Enter Passphrase.

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



NOTE: Importing an encrypted certificate (with the Passphrase) is supported.



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username.

Enter Password and Passphrase.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

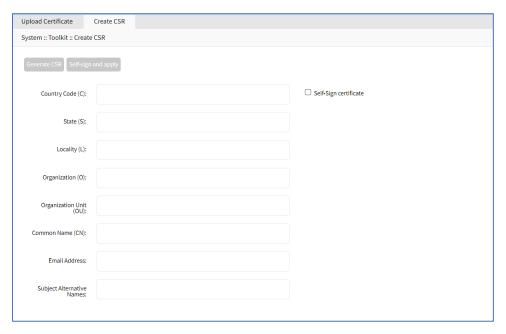
4. Click Apply.

Create a Self-Sign Certificate

A self-sign certificate can be created and applied directly in the Nodegrid.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click System Certificate icon (displays dialog).
- 3. On the Create CSR sub-tab:



Enter Country Code (C).

Enter State (S).

Enter Locality (L).

Enter Organization (O).

Enter Organization Unit (OU).

Enter Common Name (CN).

Enter Email Address.

(optional) Subject Alternative Names.



Select Self-Sign certificate checkbox.



Enter Certificate validity (days) value.

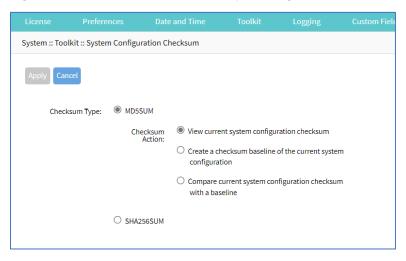
- 5. Click Self-sign and apply.
- 6. The page reloads after 10 seconds, and the certificate is applied.

System Configuration Checksum tool

This creates a checksum baseline of a specific current configuration. Administrators can use this quick tool to periodically verify if the configuration has changed.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click System Configuration Checksum icon (displays dialog).



3. In Checksum Type menu, select one:

MD5SUM radio button.

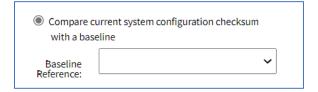
In Checksum Action menu, select one:

View current system configuration checksum radio button.

Create a checksum baseline of the current system configuration radio button.

Compare current system configuration checksum with a baseline radio button. On Baseline Reference drop-down, select one.





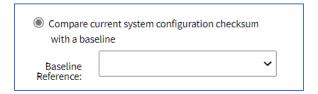
SHA256SUM radio button.

In Checksum Action menu, select one:

View current system configuration checksum radio button.

Create a checksum baseline of the current system configuration radio button.

Compare current system configuration checksum with a baseline radio button. On Baseline Reference drop-down, select one.



4. Click Apply (display results).

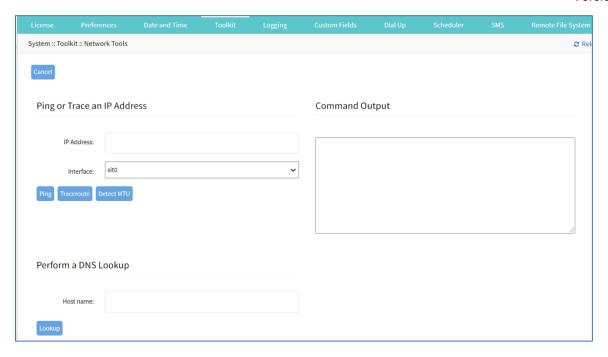


- 5. Review the results. If the configurations match, the main result is "Passed". If any change, altered locations are identified.
- 6. When done, click Finish.

Network Tools tool

This provides essential network communication tools ("ping", "traceroute" and "DNS lookup"). Output is displayed in the *Command Output* panel. Displays this dialog.





Send a Ping

This command-line utility checks if a network device is reachable. The command sends a request over the network to a specific device. If successful, a response from the device is displayed.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Network Tools** icon (displays dialog).
- 3. In the Ping or Traceroute and IP Address menu:

Enter IP Address.

On Interface drop-down, select one (selection depends on available interfaces: eth0, eth1, backplane0, backplane1, docker0, sit0, tap0, tap1, Source IP Address).

Click Ping.

4. Review results in Command Output panel.

Send a Traceroute

A traceroute sends ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) packets. Every router during the packet transfer is identified. This determines if the routers effectively transferred the data.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Network Tools** icon (displays dialog).
- 3. In the Ping or Traceroute and IP Address menu:

Enter IP Address.



On Interface drop-down, select one (selection depends on available interfaces: eth0, eth1, backplane0, backplane1, docker0, sit0, tap0, tap1, Source IP Address).

Click Traceroute.

4. Review results in Command Output panel.

Run a DNS Lookup

This process looks for the DNS record returned from a DNS server. Devices need to translate email addresses and domain names into meaningful numerical addresses.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Network Tools** icon (displays dialog).
- 3. In the Perform a DNS Lookup menu:

Enter Host name.

Click Lookup.

4. Review results in Command Output panel.

Detect MTU

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **Network Tools** icon (displays dialog).
- 3. In the Ping or Traceroute and IP Address menu:

Enter IP Address.

On Interface drop-down, select one (selection depends on available interfaces: eth0, eth1, backplane0, backplane1, docker0, sit0, tap0, tap1, Source IP Address – enter Source IP Address).



Click **Detect MTU**.

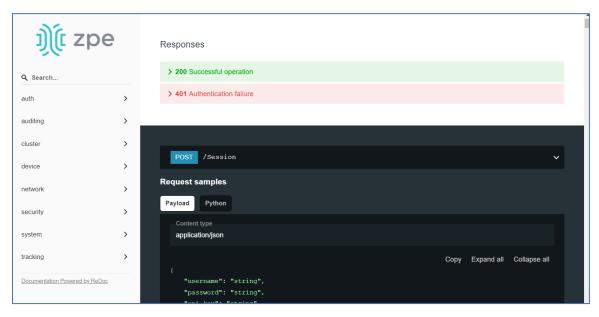
4. Review results in *Command Output* panel.

API tool

RESTful API

The Nodegrid Platform provides an embedded RESTful API. This provides API calls to access and modify the Nodegrid device configuration. Displays this dialog.



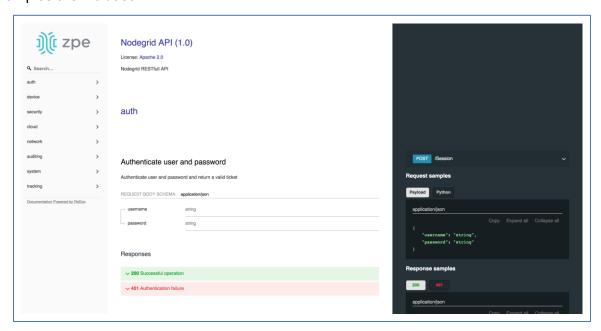


WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click on the API icon.

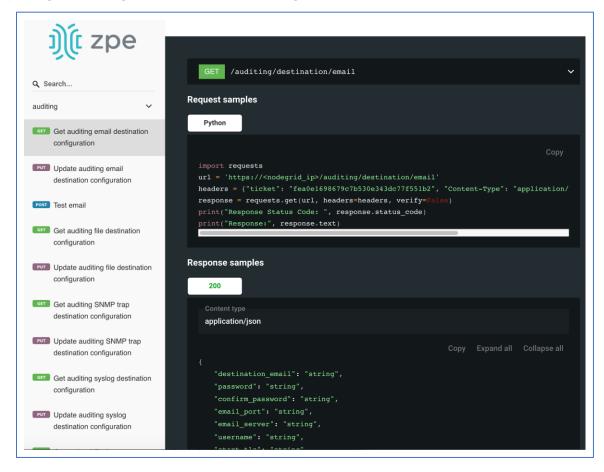
Alternatively, on Banner, User Name drop-down (top right), click API Documentation.

3. On the left panel, click the > arrow to display API calls for that function. Request and Response examples are included.





Example: "get auditing email destination configuration"



gRPC

The gRPC framework is supported (default: disabled). To enable gRPC:

1. Go to Security :: . Services.



2. In Active Services menu:

Select Enable gRPC checkbox.

Enter gRPC Port.

3. Click Save.



gRPC is very scalable, performance-based RPC framework that uses simple service definitions and structured data.

There are four service definitions:

```
get_request (APIRequest) - reads data. Returns (APIReply).
```

post_request (APIRequest) - executes commands or add an entry. Returns (APIReply).

put_request (APIRequest) - executes commands that need a selected entry, or update an entry. Returns (APIReply).

delete_request (APIRequest) - deletes existing data sets (or destroys a session. Returns (APIReply).

APIRequest expects three arguments:

```
path - gRPC path to be used.
```

ticket - authentication ticket for the request.

data - structured data, in json format.

All three arguments follow the same structure as the existing REST API's. See https://<Nodegrid IP>/api doc.html for more details.

APIReply returns two arguments:

```
message - structured data in json format.
```

status_code - status_code as int32 number.

CLI Examples

post_request (Authentication - returns a session ticket)

```
post_request({path: '/v1/Session', data: '{"username": "admin", "password":
    "admin"}'}, [...]
```

get_request (get network connection details)

```
get_request({path: '/v1/network/connections', ticket: 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'}, [...]
```

post_request (add a phone number to the sms whitelist)

```
post_request({path: '/v1/system/sms/whitelist', ticket: 'xxxxxxxxxxxxx', data
'{"name": "phone1", "phone_number": "+11111111111"}' }, [...]
```

put_request (update an existing value on the sms whitelist)

```
put_request({path: '/v1/system/sms/whitelist/phone1', ticket: 'xxxxxxxxxxxxx', data
'{"phone_number": "+12222222222"}' }, [...]
```

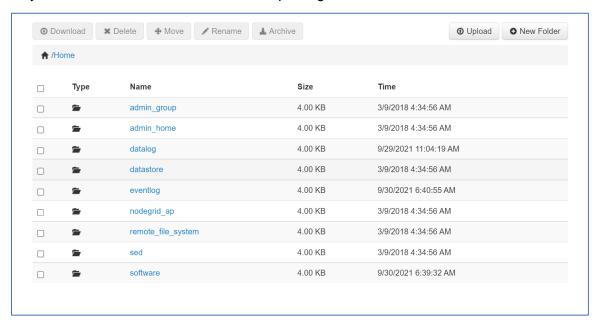
delete_request (delete an existing value on the sms whitelist)



```
delete_request({path: '/v1/system/sms/whitelist', ticket: 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxx', data
'{"whitelists": [ "phone1", "phone2" ]}' }, [...]
```

File Manager tool

This displays the folder and file structure. To review folder contents, click on the folder name. Root (Home) folders cannot be renamed, deleted, or moved. The basic folder structure cannot be modified. This is only available to users with administrator privileges.



Download File

This downloads the selected file(s) in a folder. Only files can be downloaded.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab with the folder system).
- 3. Navigate to the folder that contains the file.
- 4. Select the checkbox for each file to download.
- Click **Download**.

Alternately, click on the *File Name* to download. Repeat as needed.

Delete File or Folder

This deletes the selected files/folders.

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab).



- 3. Go to the location.
- 4. Select checkbox(es).
- 5. Click Delete.

Move File or Folder

This moves the selected folders/files to a different folder location.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click File Manager icon (opens a new browser tab).
- 3. Go to the location.
- 4. Select checkbox(es).
- 5. Click Move.
- 6. On the *Move* pop-up dialog, enter **Target** path.



7. Click OK.

Rename File or Folder

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab).
- 3. Go to the location.
- 4. Select checkbox.
- 5. Click Rename.
- 6. On the Rename pop-up dialog, enter New Name.





7. Click OK.

Archive File or Folder

NOTE: When a root folder is archived, it is saved in the Home directory. It cannot be deleted or moved.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab).
- 3. Go to the location.
- 4. Select checkbox(es).
- 5. Click Archive.
- 6. On the *Create Archive* pop-up dialog, confirm the Name (modify as needed). Select **Embed directories in archive** checkbox. Click **Create**.



The archive is saved in the same folder location. It can be renamed, moved, or downloaded, as needed.



Create New Folder

Cannot be done in Home location.



- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab).
- 3. Navigate to the folder location for the new folder.
- 4. Click New Folder.
- 5. On the New Folder pop-up dialog, enter Folder Name. Click OK.

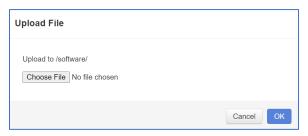


The new folder is added in that location.

Upload File

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click **File Manager** icon (opens a new browser tab).
- 3. Navigate to the folder to contain the uploaded file.
- 4. Click Upload.
- 5. On the *Upload File* pop-up dialog, click **Choose File**. Locate and select the file. Click **OK**.

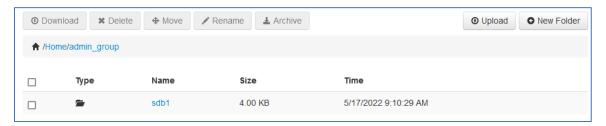


The file will upload and become available.

Access Additional Drive(s)/Drive Partitions

If additional drives/drive partitions are mounted on the Nodegrid device, these are shown on the *File Manager* page. These locations can be used to store VMs and Docker images. This is enabled only if the additional drive is mapped as "sdb" and formatted as ext2, ext3 or ext4. See the Create sdb Storage procedure (*Applications :: Virtual Machines*) and review the *Storage pools* section.





Diagnostic Data tool

This tool creates a report on the system status of the Nodegrid device. The contents help invesitage the device functionality. A series of commands output the state of the system, collect various log files, and copies the important configuration files. The output compacted file helps debug the system in case of any error or unexpected behavior.

The generated file is saved:

/home/admin/logs/collection_nodegrid_XXXX-XX-XX-XX-XX-tar.gz



Step 1 - Initiate Diagnostic Data

This runs the Diagnostic Data tool. The results are accessed with File Manager.

WebUI Procedure

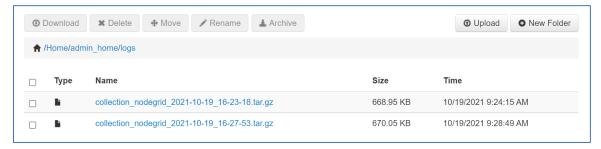
- 1. Go to Systems :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click Diagnostic Data icon.
- 3. The tool will run the diagnostics.
- 4. When done, click **Finish** (returns to the *Toolkit* page.

Step 2 – Access the Diagnostic Data Results

(Admin privileges required.)

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click File Manager icon.
- 3. Go to folder: /Home/admin_home/logs.



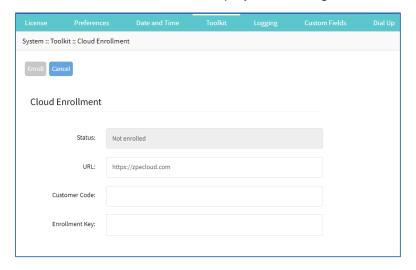


- 4. Locate the tarball and select checkbox.
- 5. Click Download.

Review the file, as needed.

Cloud Enrollment tool

This allows enrollment of the device in ZPE Cloud. Displays this dialog.



Enable Cloud Enrollment

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Toolkit.
- 2. Click Cloud Enrollment icon (displays dialog)
- 3. In the Cloud Enrollment menu:

Enter **URL** of the ZPE Cloud application.

Enter Customer Code.

Enter Enrollment Key.

4. Click Save.



Logging tab

Data Logging is used to collect information and can also create event notifications. This is archived by defined alert strings (a simple text match or regular expression pattern string) that are evaluated against the data source stream. Events are automatically generated for each match.

Data logging can be enabled for all CLI sessions to be used for inspection and auditing. Data logs are stored locally or remotely (depending on Auditing settings).



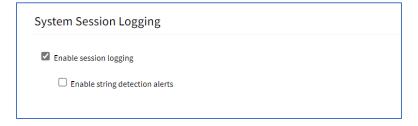
Enable Session Logging

Details can be modified, as needed.

WebUI Procedure

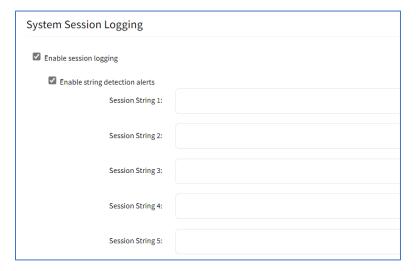
- 1. Go to System :: Logging.
- 2. In System Session Logging menu:

Select **Enable session logging** checkbox (expands dialog).





(optional) Select **Enable string detection alerts** checkbox (expands dialog). Enter **Session String** sets, as needed) that sends a notification alert upon occurrence.



3. Click Save.

Custom Fields tab

Searchable custom fields can be created here. For example, add details not available by default. These custom fields become part of the device details.



Add Custom Field

- 1. Go to System :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Field Name.
- 4. Enter Field Value.
- 5. Click Save.

Edit Custom Field

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Field Name.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Custom Field

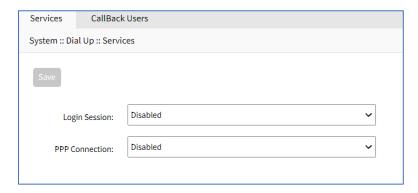
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Field Name.
- 3. Click Delete.

Dial-Up tab

Parameters for dialing to the device and callback users are configured here. Login and PPP connection features are also defined using the drop-down menu.

Services sub-tab



Manage Dial Up Services

- 1. Go to System :: Dial Up :: Services.
- 2. On Login Session drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled, Callback).



- 3. On PPP Connection drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled, Callback).
- 4. Click Save.

Callback Users sub-tab



Add Callback User

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Dial Up :: Callback Users.
- 2. Click Add-(displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Callback User.
- 4. Enter Callback Number.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Callback User

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Dial Up :: Callback Users.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Callback User.
- 3. Click Delete.

Edit Callback User

- 1. Go to System :: Dial Up :: Callback Users.
- 2. In Callback User column, click name.

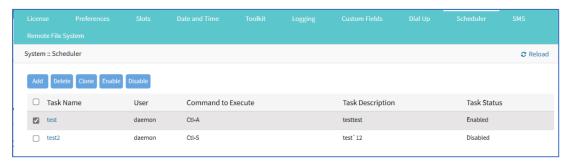




- 3. On the dialog, make changes.
- 4. Click Save.

Scheduler tab

On this tab, administrators can execute tasks and scripts on a schedule. These can be maintenance tasks or automation tasks that include end devices.



The tasks must be a text file with Nodegrid CLI commands or script file located on the device. The file needs to be accessible and executable by the user.

Scheduler Date/Time examples

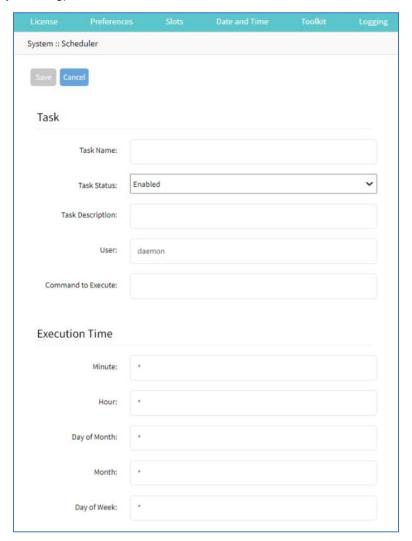
Factor	Daily Task 00:01 hours	Every Saturday: 23:45 hours	Every Hour on the Hour
Minute	1	45	0
Hour	0	23	*
Day of Month	*	*	*
Month	*	*	*
Day of Week	*	6	*

Manage Tasks

Add a Task



- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. In the *Task* menu:

Enter Task Name.

On Task Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

(optional) Enter Task Description.

For **User**, accept default.

Enter Command to Execute (Shell command to execute).

4. In the Execution Time menu, modify fields as needed.

Minute ('*', numbers [0 to 59], '2,3,4', '2-5', '3/12')

Hour ('*', numbers [0 to 23], '0,4,8', '10-12', '4/7')

Day of month ('*', numbers [1 to 31], '8,12,20', '10-20', '3/12')



Month ('*', numbers [Jan=1, Feb=2, ..., Dec=12], '3,6,9,12', '1-5', '2/10') **Day of Week** ('*', numbers (Sun=0, Mon=1, ..., Sat=6), '0,4,6', '1-5', '1/4')

5. Click Save.

Edit a Task

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. In the Task Name column, click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

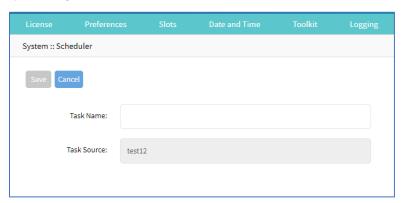
Delete a Task

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. Select checkbox next to a task.
- 3. Click Delete
- 4. On confirmation dialog, click **OK**.

Clone a Task

- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. In the Task Name column, click checkbox next to the task to be cloned.
- 3. Click Clone (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter Task Name.
- 5. Click Save.
- 6. As needed, edit the cloned task.



Enable/Disable a Task

Enable Task

- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. In the Task Name column, select checkbox of a disabled task.
- Click Enable.

Disable Task

- 1. Go to System :: Scheduler.
- 2. In the Task Name column, select checkbox of an enabled task.
- 3. Click **Disable** (to disable task).

SMS tab (only with installed cellular module)

NOTE: This function is only available on devices on devices with the cellular module installed: Services Router, Bold SR, Gate SR, Link SR, and Hive SR (loaded with M2-Card EM7565 M2/wireless modem).

Actions can be run remotely with an SMS incoming message. The SMS message authentication must be valid. Only allowed actions are executed.

By default, Enable Actions via incoming SMS is disabled. When enabled in the default state (no password), the device accepts SMS-triggered actions from all phone numbers. MAC address of ETH0 is the default password.

NOTE: The SMS option requires that the SIM card and plan to be SMS-enabled. This can be checked with the service provider. It is recommended to check the costs for this service, as some actions can respond with multiple SMS.

Settings sub-tab

Enable Incoming SMS Actions

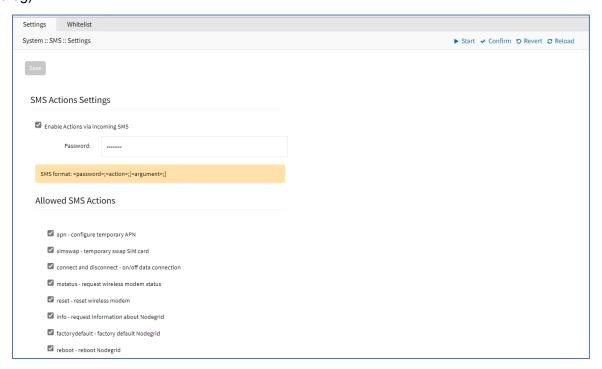
WebUI Procedure

1. Go to System :: SMS :: Settings.





2. In SMS Actions Settings menu, select **Enable Actions via Incoming SMS** checkbox (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Password.
- 4. In Allowed SMS Actions menu, select/unselect checkboxes (as needed):

apn - configure temporary APN checkbox (configure a temporary APN).

simswap - temporary swap SIM card checkbox (triggers a SIM card failover).

connect and disconnect - on/off data connection checkbox (triggers a modem to connect or disconnect).

mstatus - request wireless modem status checkbox (returns current modem status)

reset - reset wireless modem checkbox (triggers a modem reset).

info - request information about Nodegrid checkbox (returns *About* information).

factorydefault - factory default Nodegrid checkbox (factory default of the Nodegrid device is triggered).

reboot - reboot Nodegrid checkbox (triggers device reboot).

5. Click Save.

CLI Examples: SMS Actions and Messages

The format of SMS actions and subsequent response is given in the list below. Some actions may not require a response.

Format

Message format: < password >;< action >;< argument >;



```
Response: <response>;
```

apn (configure temporary APN)

```
< password >;apn;<new apn>;
```

simswap (swap sim card temporary)

```
< password >;simswap;<timeout for sim to register in secs. max 180>;
Modem will reset to swap sim;
```

connect (try to power on data connection)

```
< password >;connect;
Connect action started;
```

disconnect (drop current data connection)

```
< password >;disconnect;
Disconnect action started;
```

mstatus (request modem status)

```
< password >;mstatus;
Service:< LTE|WCDMA >;RSSI:< value dbm >;SIM:< sim number in use >;State:< status
>;APN:< apn in use >;IP addr:< ip address when connected >
```

reset (reset wireless modem)

```
< password >;reset;
Modem Reset will start soon;
```

info (request device information)

```
< password >;info;
Model: < Nodegrid model >; Serial Number: < Nodegrid serial number >; Version: <
firmware version >;
```

factorydefault (restore Nodegrid configuration to factory default)

```
< password >;factorydefault;
Nodegrid will restore configuration to factory default and reboot;
```

reboot (reboot Nodegrid device)

```
< password >;reboot;
Nodegrid will reboot soon;
```



Whitelist sub-tab

On the table, administrators can add, delete, or change phone numbers which can send SMS action triggers. Requests from all other phone numbers are ignored.



NOTE: If the whitelist table is empty, requests from all phone numbers are accepted.

Add Entry to Whitelist

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: SMS :: Whitelist.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. Enter Phone Number.
- 5. Click Save.

Remote File System tab

This designates remote file system folders.



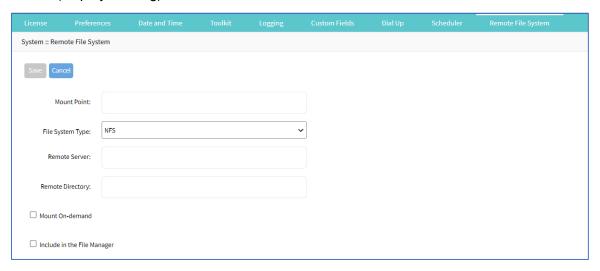


Manage Remote File System

Add Remote File System

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Remote File System.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Mount Point.
- 4. On File System Type drop-down, select one.

File System Type: NFS.

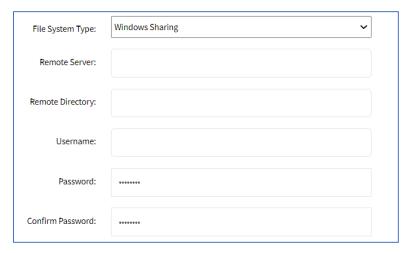


Enter Remote Server.

Enter Remote Directory.

File System Type: Windows Sharing.





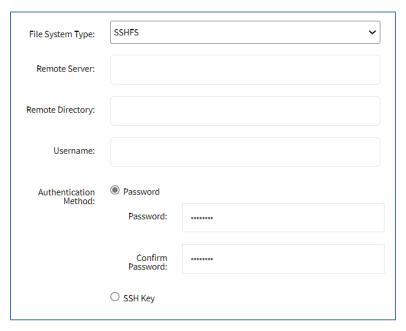
Enter Remote Server.

Enter Remote Directory.

Enter Username.

Enter Password and Confirm Password.

File System Type: SSHFS



Enter Remote Server.

Enter Remote Directory.

Enter Username.

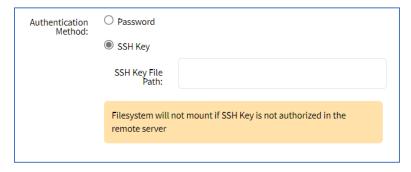
On Authentication Method menu, select one:

Password radio button (expands dialog). Enter Password and Confirm Password.





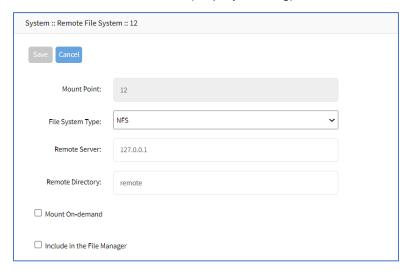
SSH Key radio button (expands dialog). Enter **SSH Key File Path**.



- 5. (optional) Select Mount On-demand checkbox.
- 6. (optional) Select Include in the File Manager checkbox.
- 7. Click Save.

Edit Remote File System

- 1. Go to System :: Remote File System.
- 2. Click on the name in the Mount Point column (displays dialog).



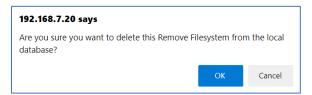
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.



Delete Remote File System

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to System :: Remote File System.
- 2. Select checkbox next to name.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).



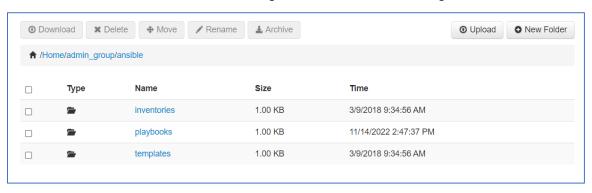
4. Click OK.

Central Management tab

The Central management allows an admin user to run Ansible Playbooks on a set of peers in the cluster. This can only be done from the Coordinator device.



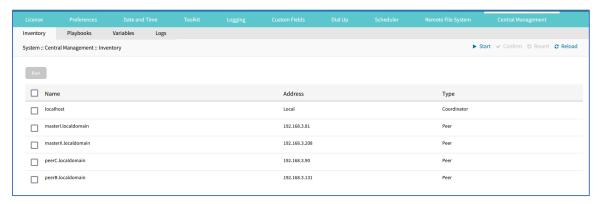
These directories are available in the File Manager whether Central Management is enabled or not.





Inventory sub-tab

This shows peers that have Peer Management enabled. These are devices can be selected to run a Playbook.

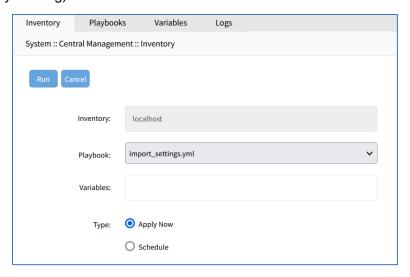


Run Inventory Item

- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Inventory.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox.



3. Click Run (displays dialog).



- 4. On Playbook drop-down, select one.
- 5. Enter Variables.

Examples:



name=value

name="value with space"

name1=value1 name2=value2

{"name":"value"}

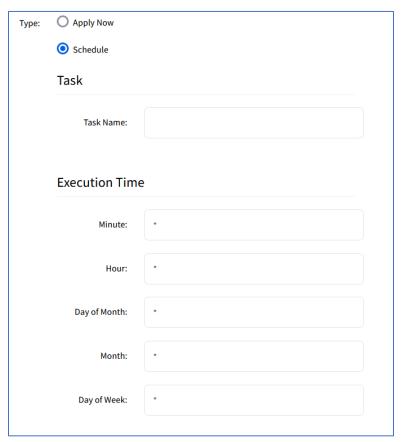
@/tmp/custom_vars_file.yml

NOTE: Variables entered here have priority over variables created in *Variables* tab.

6. On Type menu, select one:

Apply Now radio button.

Schedule radio button (expands dialog)



In Task menu, enter Task Name.

In Execution Time menu, enter details:

Execution Time Date/Time examples

Factor	Daily Task example 00:01 hours	Every Saturday example: 23:45 hours	Every Hour example on the Hour
Minute	1	45	0



Factor	Daily Task example 00:01 hours	Every Saturday example: 23:45 hours	Every Hour example on the Hour
Hour	0	23	*
Day of Month	* (every day)	*	*
Month	* (every month)	*	*
Day of Week	* (every day of week)	6	*

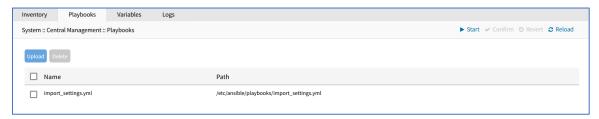
7. Click Run.

NOTE: Scheduled tasks can be managed on System:: Scheduler tab.

Playbooks sub-tab

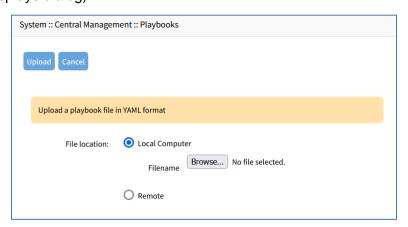
The table lists the Ansible Playbooks files available for selection on the Inventory tab.

Files can be uploaded and deleted.



Upload Playbook

- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Playbooks.
- 2. Click **Upload** (displays dialog).

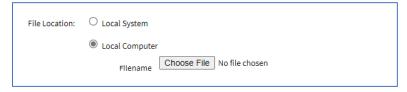


In File Location menu, select one:

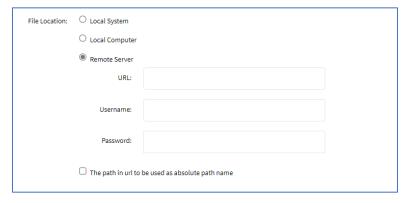
Select Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).

Click Browse. Locate and select the file.





Select Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

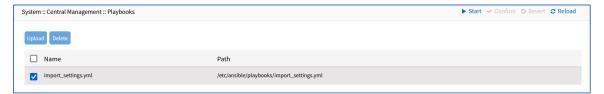
Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

3. Click Upload.

Delete Playbook

- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Playbooks.
- 2. Select checkbox of name to be deleted.



3. Click Delete.

Variables sub-tab

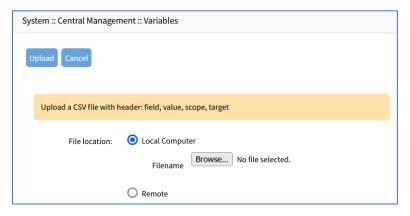
This tab lists the specific host variables used in Playbooks. The user can upload a CSV variables file or manually create variables.





Upload Variable

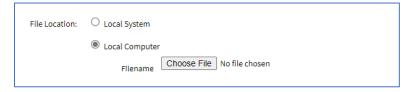
- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Variables.
- 2. Click Upload (displays dialog).



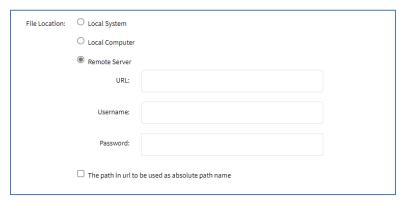
In File Location menu, select one:

Select Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).

Click Browse. Locate and select the file.



Select Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).





Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

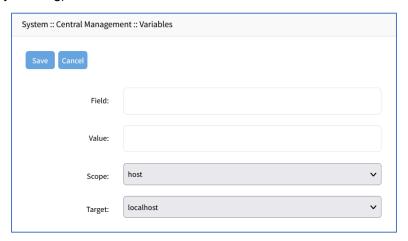
3. Click Upload.

CVS file content example:

```
field,value,scope,target
session_timeout,1200,host,peer1.localdomain
```

Add Variable

- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Variables.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Field.
- 4. Enter Value.
- 5. **Scope** is read-only.
- 6. Target is read-only.
- 7. Click Save.

Edit Variable

- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Variables.
- 2. Select checkbox of item to be edited.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. On the dialog, make changes as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

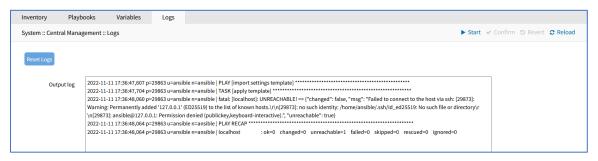


Delete Variable

- Go to System :: Central Management :: Variables.
- Select checkbox of name to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.

Logs sub-tab

The Logs tab show activity of the Ansible Playbook execution.



Reset Log

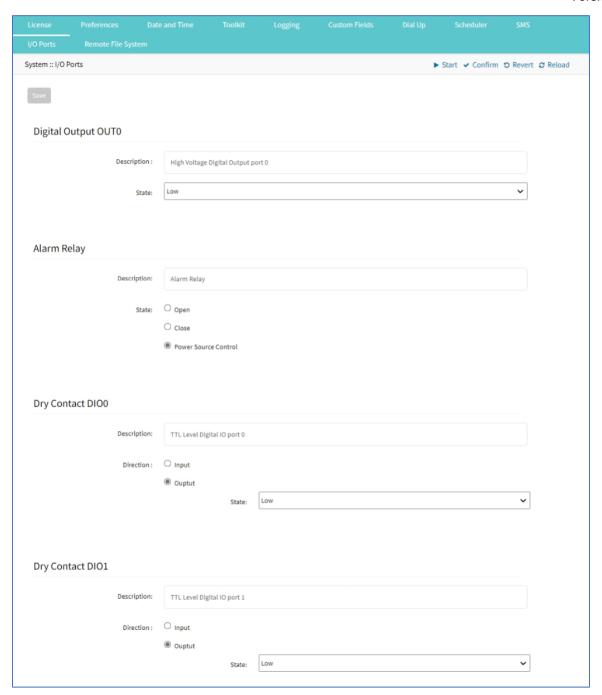
- 1. Go to System :: Central Management :: Logs.
- 2. Click **Reset Logs** (clears the *Output Log* panel.

I/O Ports tab (only with GPIO)

NOTE: This tab is displayed only if the Nodegrid device is equipped with GPIO (Digital I/O ports).

This sets the configuration of the state of digital outputs and DIO0/DIO1 as input or output. When DIO0/DIO1 is configured as output, the state can be set to Low or High.





Configure I/O Port Settings

1. In Digital Output OUT0 menu:

Enter **Description**.

On State drop-down, select one (Low, High).

2. In Alarm Relay menu:

Enter **Description**.



On State, select one:

Open radio button.

Close radio button.

Power Source Control radio button.

3. In Dry Contact DIO0 menu:

Enter **Description**.

On Direction, select one:

Input radio button

Output radio button

On **State** drop-down, select one (**Low**, **High**)

4. In Dry Contact DIO1 menu:

Enter **Description**.

On *Direction*, select one:

Input radio button.

Output radio button.

On State drop-down, select one (Low, High).

5. Click Save.

Network Section

Administrators can configure and adjust all network-related settings, including network configuration, LTE, WIFI interfaces, bounding, and VLAN details.

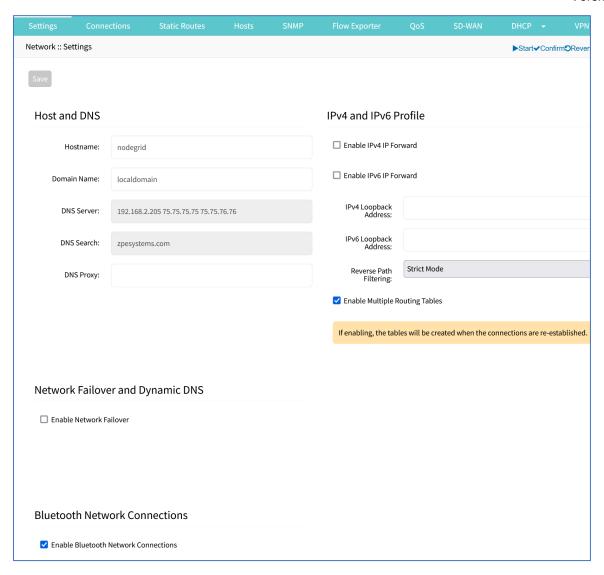


NOTE: Nodegrid currently supports the FRRouting suite. For more information, see http://docs.frrouting.org/en/latest/

Settings tab

Administrators can define network details, including failover.





Manage Settings

Configure Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Settings.
- 2. In the Host & DNS menu:

Enter **Hostname**.

Enter **Domain Name**.

(DNS Server and DNS Search are read-only.)

Enter DNS Proxy.

3. In *IPv4* and *IPv6* Profile menu (select one or both IP Forwards to route network traffic between network interfaces):



NOTE: IPv4 and IPv6 IP Forward is automatically selected if SD-WAN is enabled on the device.

Select Enable IPv4 IP Forward checkbox.

Select Enable IPv6 IP Forward checkbox.

Enter IPv4 Loopback Address (address is assigned a bitmask of /32).

Enter IPv6 Loopback Address (address is assigned a bitmask of /128).

On Reverse Path Filtering drop-down, select one:

Disabled (no source address validation is performed).

Strict (Each incoming packet is tested against the routing table and if the interface represents the best return path. If the packet cannot be routed or is not the best return path. it is dropped.)

Loose (Each incoming packet is tested only against the route table. If the packet cannot be routed, it gets dropped. This allows for asymmetric routing scenarios.)

NOTE: With Reverse Path Filtering, administrators can configure device behavior. By default, this is set to Strict Mode (recommended for most environments with protection against some forms of DDoS attacks). This value may need to change because of dynamic routing protocols or other network setup scenarios.

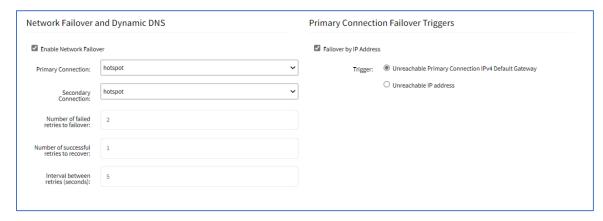
Select **Enable Multiple Routing Tables** checkbox (if selected, tables are created when connections re-established).

4. In Network Failover and Dynamic DNS menu:

The network failover option allows administrators to automatically failover between two and three different network interfaces.

Select **Enable Network Failover** checkbox (expands dialog).

NOTE: If SD-WAN is enabled, the Enable Network Failure checkbox is disabled.



On Primary Connection drop-down, select one (BACKPLANE0, BACKPLANE1, ETH0, ETH1, hotspot).

On Secondary Connection drop-down, select one (BACKPLANE0, BACKPLANE1, ETH0, ETH1, hotspot).

Enter Number of failed retries to failover (default: 2).



Enter Number of successful retries to recover (default: 1)

Enter Interval between retries (seconds) (default: 5)

In *Primary Connection Failover Triggers* menu (the selection depends on type of Nodegrid device): Select **Failover by IP Address** checkbox.



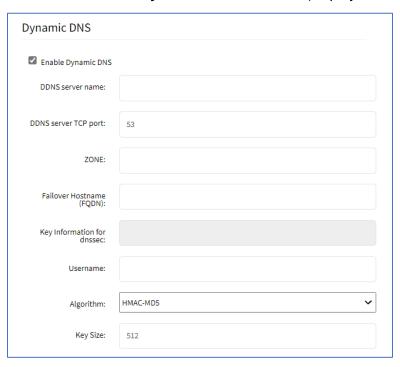
In *Trigger* menu, select one:

Unreachable Primary Connection IPv4 Default Gateway radio button.

Unreachable IP address radio button (expands dialog). Enter Address.



5. In *Dynamic DNS* menu, select **Enable Dynamic DNS** checkbox (displays dialog).



Enter **DDNS** server name.

Enter **DDNS server TCP port** (default: 53).

Enter **ZONE**.



Enter Failover Hostname (FQDN).

Enter Username.

On Algorithm drop-down, select one (HMAC-MD5, HMAC-SHA1, HMAC-SHA224, HMAC-SHA256, HMAC-SHA384, HMAC-SHA512).

Enter **Key Size** (default: 512).

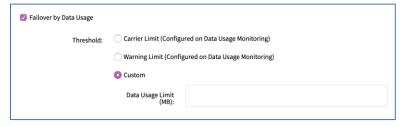
(Following displays only when wireless connections are available.)

Select **Failover by Signal Strength** checkbox (triggered when signal strength drops below a user-defined percentage).



Enter Signal Strength (%) value.

Select Failover by Data Usage checkbox (triggered when one of these limits are met):



In Threshold menu, select one:

Carrier Limit (Configured on Data Usage Monitoring) radio button.

Warning Limit (Configured on Data Usage Monitoring) radio button.

Custom radio button - enter Data Usage Limit (MB) value.

NOTE: For more information on APNs, see

https://support.zpesystems.com/portal/kb/articles/what-is-the-apn-for-my-nsr-or-bsr-to-connect-to-4g-lte for details on how to configure Carrier and Warning limits.

Select Failover by Schedule checkbox (triggers on a set schedule).



Enter Schedule value



(# # # # #, separated by word space) Sequence: *minute* (0-59), *hour* (0-23), *day of month* (0-30), *month* (0-11), *day of week* (0-6).

Enter Time to Failback (hours) value.

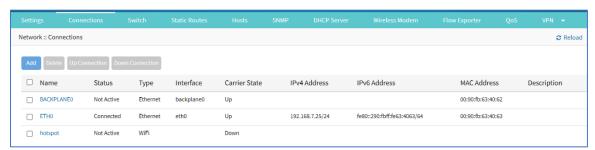
6. In Blue Tooth Network Connections (applies only if Bluetooth is enabled):

Select Enable Bluetooth Network Connections checkbox.

7. Click Save.

Connections tab

Administrators can edit, add, and delete existing network configurations. All existing physical interfaces are automatically added.



Manage Network Connections

Edit Network Connection

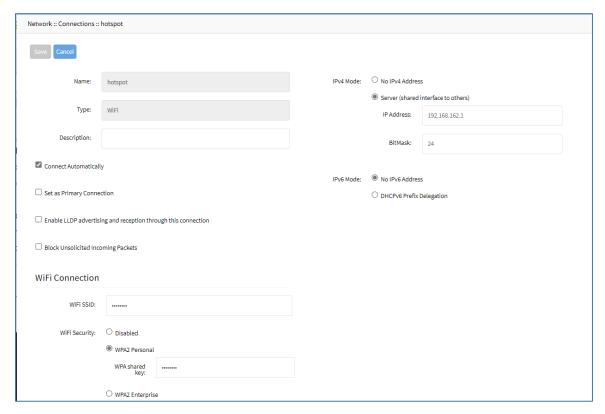
This applies to all connections, except hotspot.

- 1. Go to Network: Connections.
- 2. In the *Name* column, click on the connection to be edited.
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Configure hotspot Network Connection

- 1. Go to Network:: Connections.
- 2. In the Name column, click hotspot (displays dialog).





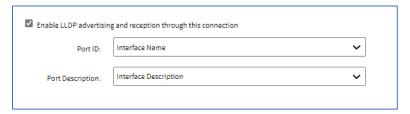
3. As needed, modify details:

Enter/modify **Description**.

Select Connect Automatically checkbox.

Select Set as Primary Connection checkbox.

Select Enable LLDP advertising and reception checkbox (expands dialog) .



On Port ID drop-down, select one.

On **Port Description** drop-down, select one.

Select Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.

4. In WiFi Connection menu:

Enter WiFi SSID.

In WiFi Security menu, select one:

Disabled radio button.

WPA2 Personal radio button.

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Enter WPA shared key.

WPA2 Enterprise radio button.

On Region drop-down, select one (00 applies globally) .

On WiFi Band menu, select one:

2.4 GHz radio button.

5 GHz radio button.

5. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

Server (shared interface to others) radio button.

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

6. In IPv6 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation radio button.

7. Click Save.

Delete Network Connection

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Select a connection checkbox.
- 3. Click **Delete**.

Move Connection Carrier State Up or Down

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Select a connection checkbox.
- 3. To make it active, click **Up**.
- 4. To make it inactive, click **Down**.

Set Device to be a WiFi Client

To use the device as a WiFi client, the existing hotspot connection must be disabled (make sure Carrier State is Down).

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Network :: Connections.



- 2. In the *Name* column, click on hotspot connection.
- 3. Unselect the Connect Automatically checkbox.
- 4. Click Save.
- 5. On the table, verify the hotspot interface is down.
- 6. The system creates a new WiFi interface to allow the device to act as a client.

Create Interface Connections

Add Bonding Interface

With bonding interfaces, the system can bond two physical network interfaces to one interface. All physical interfaces in the bond act as one interface. This allows for an active failover between the two interfaces if an interface physical connection is interrupted.

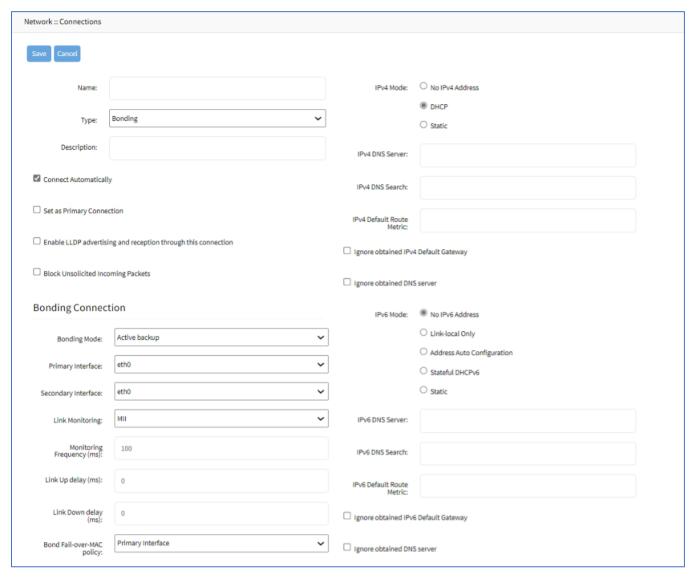
The built-in Network Failover can do the same. The main difference is that the built-in feature Network Failover works on the IP layer for more functionality. A bonding interface works on the link layer.

NOTE: The build function Network Failover and Bonding can be combined.

For the bonding interface, the administrator can define normal network settings (IP address, bitmask, and other settings).

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On **Type** drop-down, select **Bonding**.





- 5. Enter **Description**.
- Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 7. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 8. Select Enable LLDP advertising and reception through this connection checkbox.



On **Port ID** drop-down, select one (Interface Name, Interface Index).

On Port Description drop-down, select one (Interface Description, Interface Name).



- 9. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 10. In Bonding Connection menu

On Bonding Mode drop-down selection, select one (Round-robin, Active backup, XOR load balancing, Broadcast, S02.3ad(LACP), Adaptive Transmit load balancing, Adaptive load balancing).

Round-robin (packets transmitted in sequential order from first available slave through the last)

Enter **Slave(s)** interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter **Monitoring Frequency (ms)** value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

Active backup (Only one slave in the bond is active. A different slave becomes active if, and only if, the active slave fails.)

On **Primary Interface** drop-down, select interface.

On **Secondary Interface** drop-down, select interface.

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter **Monitoring Frequency (ms)** value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

XOR load balancing (Transmit based on the selected transmit hash policy.)

Enter **Slave(s)** interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter Monitoring Frequency (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

On Transmit Hash Policy drop-down, select one (Layer 2, Layer 2 and 3, Layer 3 and 4, Layer 2 and 3 and Encap, Layer 3 and 4 and Encap)

Broadcast (Transmits everything on all slave interfaces. This mode provides fault tolerances.)



Enter Slave(s) interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter Monitoring Frequency (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

802.3ad(LACP) (IEEE 802.3ad Dynamic link aggregation. Creates aggregation groups that share the same speed and duplex settings. Utilizes all slaves in the active aggregator according to the 802.3ad specification. Slave selection for outgoing traffic is done according to the transmit hash policy.)

Enter **Slave(s)** interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter **Monitoring Frequency (ms)** value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

Enter System Priority value.

Enter Actor MAC address.

Enter User Port Kev.

On LACP rate drop-down, select one (Slow, Fast).

On Aggregation Selection Logic drop-down, select one (Stable, Bandwidth, Count).

On Transmit Hash Policy drop-down, select one (Layer 2, Layer 2 and 3, Layer 3 and 4, Layer 2 and 3 and Encap, Layer 3 and 4 and Encap)

Adaptive Transmit load balancing (Channel bonding that does not require any special switch support. Outgoing traffic is distributed according to the current load (computed relative to the speed) on each slave. Incoming traffic is received by the current slave.)

Enter Slave(s) interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter Monitoring Frequency (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).



On Transmit Hash Policy drop-down, select one (Layer 2, Layer 2 and 3, Layer 3 and 4, Layer 2 and 3 and Encap, Layer 3 and 4 and Encap)

Adaptive load balancing (Includes balance-TLB plus receive load balancing - RLB for IPV4 traffic. Does not require any special switch support. Receive load balancing is achieved by ARP negotiation.)

Enter Slave(s) interface (comma separated).

On Link Monitoring drop-down, select one (MII, ARP).

Enter Monitoring Frequency (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Up delay (ms) value (MII only).

Enter Link Down delay (ms) value (MII only).

On Bond Fail-over-MAC policy drop-down, select one (Primary Interface, Current Active Interface, Follow Active Interface).

11. In IPv4 Mode menu:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

DHCP radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, expands dialog).

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

12. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button

Link local Only radio button.

Address Auto Configuration radio button.

Stateful DHCPv6 radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, display menu):

Enter IP Address.

Enter **Prefix Length**.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.



(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select **Ignore obtained DNS server** checkbox.

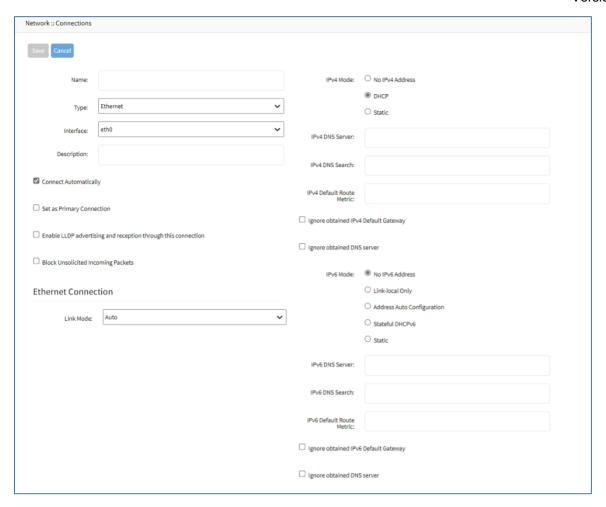
13. Click Save.

Add Ethernet Interface

Additional Ethernet interfaces can be added and configured when an additional physical interface is added. This can occur during a Nodegrid Manager installation, where the System might have more than two interfaces to better support network separation.

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Type drop-down, select Ethernet.





- 5. On Interface drop-down, select one.
- 6. Enter **Description**.
- 7. Select **Connect Automatically** checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 8. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 9. Select Enable LLDP advertising and reception through this connection checkbox.



On Port ID drop-down, select one (Interface Name, Interface Index).

On Port Description drop-down, select one (Interface Description, Interface Name).

- 10. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 11. In Ethernet Connection menu (availability depends on device):



On **Link Mode** drop-down, select one (selection depends on device configuration).

NOTE: Only available for copper interfaces. If one of these speeds is selected (not Auto), autonegotiation (autoneg) is set to off. The selected speed/duplex becomes the default.

Select Enable IP Passthrough checkbox (expands dialog)

On **Ethernet Connection** drop-down, select one (selection varies depending on device).

Enter MAC Address (if blank, the system uses DHCP to get the device).

Enter **Port Intercepts** (any ports that should NOT pass through the Nodegrid device).

12. In IPv4 Mode menu:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

DHCP radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, displays menu):

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select **Ignore obtained DNS server** checkbox.

13. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

Link local Only radio button.

Address Auto Configuration radio button.

Stateful DHCPv6 radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, displays menu):

Enter IP Address.

Enter **Prefix Length**.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.



Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

14. Click Save.

Add Mobile Broadband GSM Interface

Mobile Broadband interfaces can be configured when a mobile broadband modem is available to the device. The Nodegrid SR family (NSR, GSR, BSR, LSR, HSR) support built-in modems available as optional add-ons. For all other units, external modems can be used.

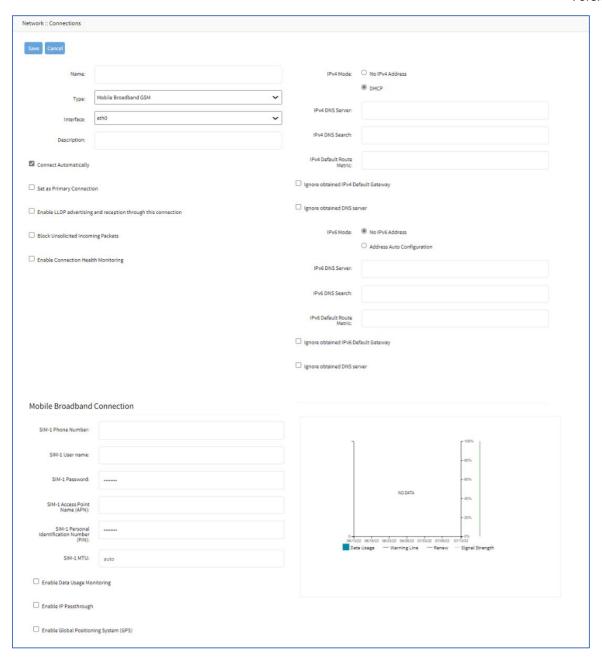
The created interfaces allow the system to establish an Internet connection most used for failover options. Users and remote systems can directly access the device through a mobile connection (if supported by the ISP).

NOTE: Built-in modems support Active-Passive SIM failover. SIM-2 settings are only supported for the built-in modems.

An APN (provided by the carrier) is required for all cellular connections. For more information on APNs, see https://support.zpesystems.com/portal/kb/articles/what-is-the-apn-for-my-nsr-or-bsr-to-connect-to-4g-lte.

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Type drop-down, select Mobile Broadband GSM.





- 5. On Interface drop-down, select one.
- 6. Enter **Description**.
- 7. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 8. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 9. Select Enable LLDP advertising and reception through this connection checkbox.





On Port ID drop-down, select one (Interface Name, Interface Index).

On Port Description drop-down, select one (Interface Description, Interface Name).

- 10. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 11. Select Enable Connection Health Monitoring checkbox (expands dialog).



Select Ensure Connection is Up checkbox.

Enter IP Address.

Enter Interval (hours).

12. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

DHCP radio button.

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select **Ignore obtained DNS server** checkbox.

13. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

Address Auto Configuration radio button.

(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.



Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

14. In Mobile Broadband Connection menu:

Enter SIM-1 Phone Number.

In SIM-1 APN Configuration menu, select one:

Automatic radio button.

Manual radio button (expands dialog)

Enter SIM-1 User name (user name to unlock the SIM).

Enter SIM-1 Password.

Enter SIM-1 Access Point Name (APN).

Enter SIM-1 Personal Identification Number (PIN).

Enter **SIM-1 MTU.** (bytes – can be set to 'auto' = 1500 bytes).

Select Enable Data Usage Monitoring checkbox (expands dialog):

Enter SIM-1 Data Limit Value (GB) (monthly data limit).

Enter SIM-1 Data Warning (%) (percentage that triggers an alarm).

Enter SIM-1 Renew Day (day to reset accumulated data).

Select **Enable IP Passthrough** checkbox (expands dialog)

On **Ethernet Connection** drop-down, select one (selection varies depending on device).

Enter MAC Address (if blank, the system uses DHCP to get the device).

Enter **Port Intercepts** (any ports that should NOT pass through the Nodegrid device).

Select Enable Global Positioning System (GPS) checkbox (displays menu).

Enter Polling Time (min).

On GPS Antenna drop-down, select one (Shared GPS/Rx diversity(aux) antenna, Dedicated Active GPS antenna, Dedicated Passive GPS antenna)

(if applicable) Select **Enable Second SIM card** checkbox.

Repeat entries for SIM-2 settings. There is a setting **Active SIM card** that can designate SIM-2 as the primary SIM card.

15. Click Save.

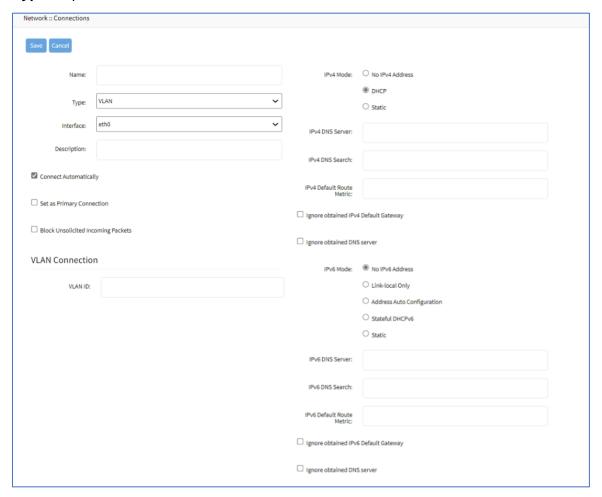
Add VLAN Interface

VLAN Interfaces allow the Nodegrid system to natively tag network traffic with a specific VLAN ID. For this, a VLAN Interface needs to be created. The VLAN interface will behave and allows the same settings as any other network interface on in Nodegrid solution. The new interface will be bound to a specific physical interface and the administrator as the ability to define the VLAN ID.



Ports can be assigned, as needed. By default, VLAN 1 and VLAN 2 exist. All ports belong to VLAN 1 except BACKPLANE1 and SFP1 (belongs to VLAN 2).

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On **Type** drop-down, select **VLAN**.



- 5. On Interface drop-down, select one.
- 6. Enter **Description**.
- 7. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 8. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 9. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 10. In *VLAN Connection* menu, enter **VLAN ID**:



11. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

DHCP radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select **Ignore obtained DNS server** checkbox.

12. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

Link local Only radio button.

Address Auto Configuration radio button.

Stateful DHCPv6 radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, displays menu):

Enter IP Address.

Enter **Prefix Length**.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

13. Click Save.

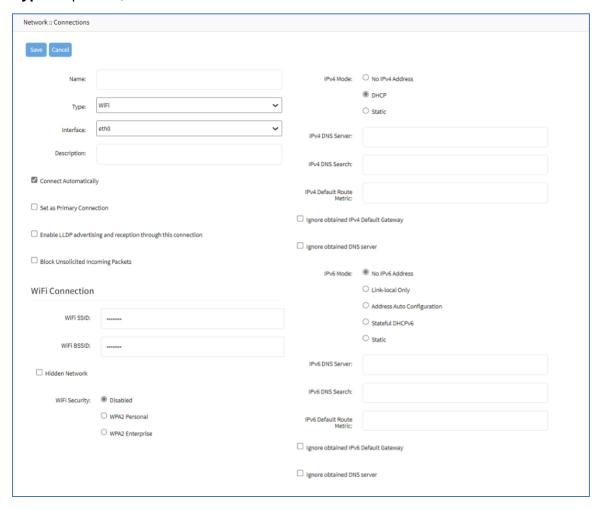
Add WiFi Interface

The System support a Nodegrid device as a WiFi client or access point. A compatible WiFi module must be installed.

By default, a hotspot interface is defined which configures the device as an access point (if a WiFi module is present). To use the Nodegrid as an Access Point, update the values.



- 1. Go to Network:: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Type drop-down, select WiFi.



- 5. On Interface drop-down, select one.
- 6. Enter **Description**.
- 7. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 8. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 9. Select Enable LLDP advertising and reception through this connection checkbox.





On Port ID drop-down, select one (Interface Name, Interface Index).

On Port Description drop-down, select one (Interface Description, Interface Name).

- 10. Select **Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets** checkbox.
- 11. In WiFi Connection menu:

Enter WiFi SSID.

Enter WiFi BSSID (MAC address of the Access Point).

Select Hidden Network checkbox (if applicable).

In WiFi Security menu (select one):

Disabled radio button.

WPA2 Personal radio button (if selected, displays menu).

Enter WPA shared key.

WPA2 Enterprise radio button (if selected, displays menu):

Enter **Username**.

Enter Password.

On **Method** drop-down, select one.

On Phase 2 Authentication drop-down, select one.

Select Validate server certificate checkbox.

12. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

DHCP radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.



Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

13. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

Link local Only radio button.

Address Auto Configuration radio button.

Stateful DHCPv6 radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter **Prefix Length**.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.

Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

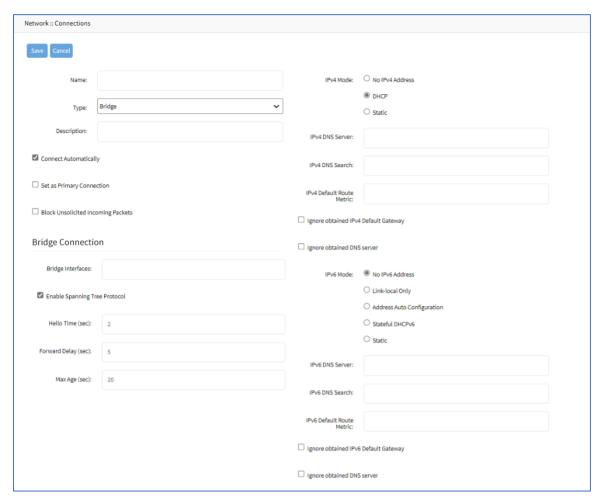
14. Click Save.

Add Bridge Interface

With Bridge interfaces, the System can create a virtual switch that crosses one or more interfaces. The switch is completely transparent to the network interfaces and does not require additional setup. The most common use for a bridge network is easy network access for any running NFV (outside as well as the Nodegrid System). Bridge network interfaces use the same network configuration options as all Ethernet interfaces.

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On **Type** drop-down, select **Bridge**.





- 5. Enter Description.
- 6. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 7. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 8. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 9. In Bridge Connection menu:

Enter **Bridge Interfaces** (comma-separated list of physical interfaces).

Select Enable Spanning Tree Protocol checkbox.

Enter **Hello Time (sec)** (number of seconds a HELLO packet is sent when Spanning Tree is enabled).

Enter Forward Delay (sec) (packet forward delay when Spanning Tree is enabled).

Enter Max Age (sec) (maximum age for packages when Spanning Tree is enabled).

10. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.



DHCP radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, displays menu):

Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

(optional) Enter IPv4 DNS Server.

Enter IPv4 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv4 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv4 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox

11. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button

Link local Only radio button

Address Auto Configuration radio button

Stateful DHCPv6 radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter **Prefix Length**.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

(optional) Enter IPv6 DNS Server.

Enter IPv6 DNS Search (defines a domain name for DNS lookups).

Enter IPv6 Default Route Metric.

Select Ignore obtained IPv6 Default Gateway checkbox.

Select Ignore obtained DNS server checkbox.

12. Click Save.

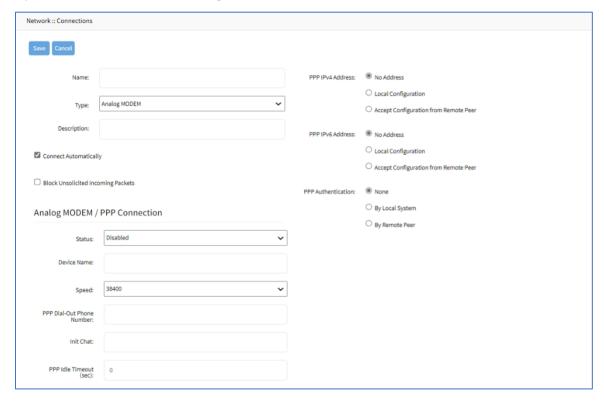
Add Analog Modem Interface

With the analog modem interface, administrators can configure an existing analog modem and required PPP connection details. A supported analog modem must be connected to the Nodegrid System.

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.



4. On Type drop-down, select Analog MODEM.



- 5. Enter **Description**.
- 6. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 7. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 8. In Analog MODEM / PPP Connection menu:

On **Status** drop-down, select one (**Enabled**, **Disabled**).

Enter Device Name.

On Speed drop-down, select one (9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200).

Enter PPP Dial-Out Phone Number.

Enter **Init Chat** (a specific AT init string, if required).

Enter **PPP Idle Timeout (sec)** (connection idle timeout after which the connection is automatically disconnected. 0 sec = connection is not automatically disconnected.)

9. In PPP IPv4 Address menu (select one):

No Address radio button.

Local Configuration radio button (displays):

Enter Local Address.

Enter Remote Address.

Accept Configuration from Remote Peer radio button



10. In PPP IPv6 Address menu (select one):

No Address radio button.

Local Configuration radio button (expands dialog)

Enter Local Address (LL).

Enter Remote Address (LL).

Accept Configuration from Remote Peer radio button.

11. In PPP Authentication menu:

None radio button.

By Local System radio button (displays menu):

On Authentication Protocol drop-down, select one (PAP, CHAP, EAP).

By Remote Peer radio button (displays menu):

Enter Remote Username.

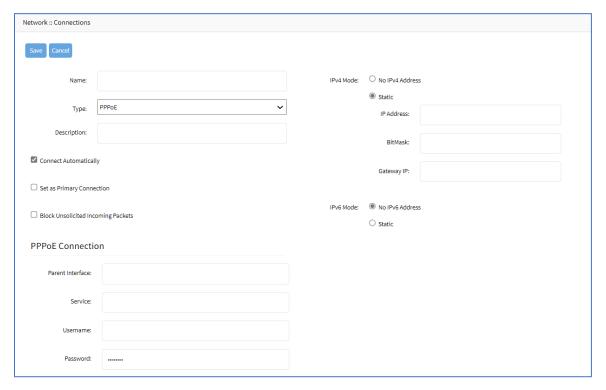
Enter Remote Passphrase.

12. Click Save.

Add PPPoE Interface

- 1. Go to Network :: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On **Type** drop-down, select **PPPoE**.





- 5. Enter **Description**.
- 6. Select **Connect Automatically** checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 7. Select **Set as Primary Connection** (defines interface as the primary connection. Only one interface can be the primary.)
- 8. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 9. In PPPoE Connection menu:

Enter Parent Interface (default: blank).

If entered, specifies the parent interface name on which this PPPoE connection should be created. If blank, connection is activated on the ethernet interface. (default: blank)

Enter **Service** (default: blank).

If specified, PPPoE only initiates sessions with access concentrators that provide the specified service. For most providers, leave blank. Required only if there are multiple access concentrators or a required specific service.

Access concentrators grants access to multiple users with needing a dedicated connection for each user.

Enter Username.

Enter Password.

10. In *IPv4 Mode* menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

Static radio button (if selected, displays menu):



Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

11. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter Prefix Length.

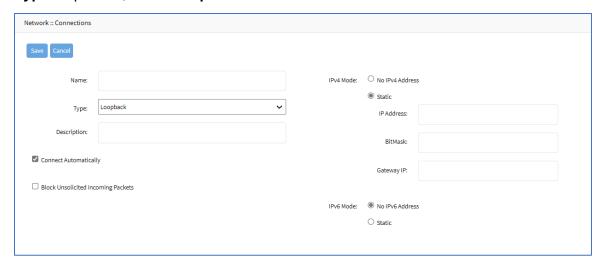
(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

12. Click Save.

Add Loopback Interface

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network:: Connections.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Type drop-down, select Loopback.



- 5. Enter **Description**.
- 6. Select Connect Automatically checkbox (connection is automatically established at startup).
- 7. Select Block Unsolicited Incoming Packets checkbox.
- 8. In IPv4 Mode menu, select one:

No IPv4 Address radio button.

Static radio button (expands dialog):



Enter IP Address.

Enter BitMask.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP:

9. In IPv6 Mode menu:

No IPv6 Address radio button

Static radio button (expands dialog):

Enter IP Address.

Enter Prefix Length.

(optional) Enter Gateway IP.

10. Click Save.

Switch tab (NSR, GSR, BSR)

These functions are only available on Nodegrid NSR, GSR, BSR devices.

Users can configure the built-in network switch. Supported functions include enable/disable individual ports, as well as creation of tagged (trunk) and untagged (access) ports.

Each card that provides network connectivity (Backplane 0/1 and SFP0/1) are directly connected to the switch. By default, the interfaces Backplane0/1 and SFP0/1 are active. By default, these can provide or consume ZTP, PXE and DHCP requests. By default, all other network interfaces are disabled.

All ports belong to VLAN1 and provide direct communication between enabled interfaces, except Backplane1 and SFP1 (which belong to VLAN2).

Physical Interfaces

Connection	Model	Physical interface
ETH0	all	eth0
ETH1	Nodegrid NSC, NSR	eth1
BACKPLANE0	Nodegrid NSR, BSR, GSR	NSR: backplane0 is in the same VLAN as SFP0 and switch ports by default GSR, BSR: backplane0 is in the same VLAN as SFP0 and switch ports by default
BACKPLANE1	Nodegrid NSR, GSR	NSR: backplane1 is in the same VLAN as SFP1 by default GSR: backplane1 is not in any VLAN by default
SFP0	Nodegrid GSR, NSR	GSR: sfp0 NSR: SFP0 is in the same VLAN as backplane0 and switch ports by default
SFP1	Nodegrid GSR, NSR	GSR: sfp1 NSR: SFP1 is connected to backplane1 by default

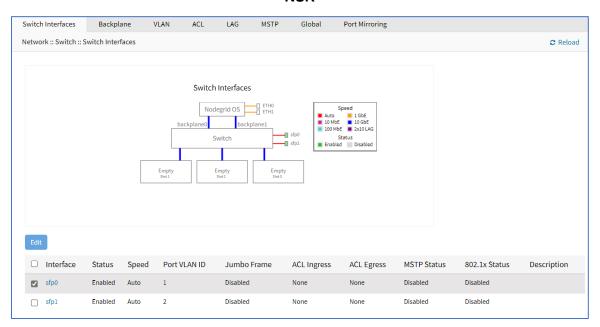


Connection	Model	Physical interface
hotspot	all	Interface is bound to wireless adapter (if available).

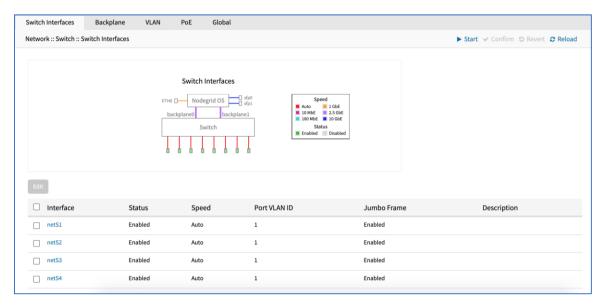
Switch Interfaces sub-tab

These provide an overview of all switch ports, current status, and allow enable/disable. Current VLAN associates (tagged and untagged) are shown and Port VLAN IDs can be configured.

NSR

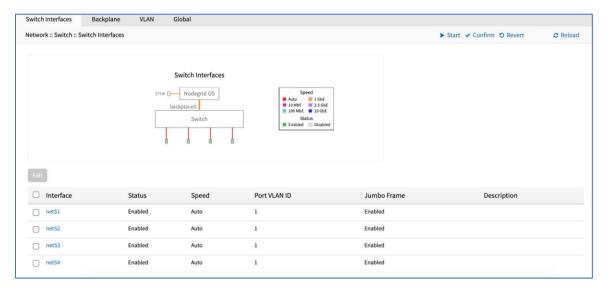


GSR





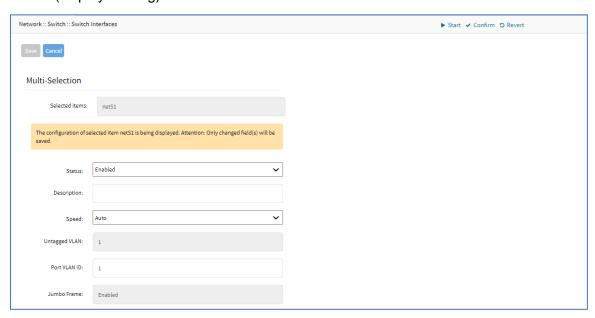
BSR



Edit Switch Port Interface (BSR, GSR)

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Switch Interfaces.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).



4. As needed, make changes:

Status drop-down (enabled, disabled).

Description.

Speed drop-down (Auto, 10M, 100M, 1G).

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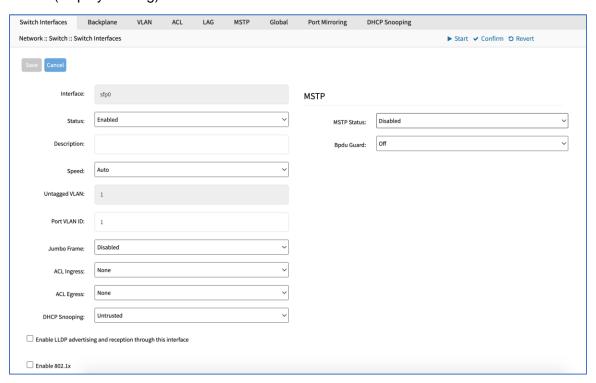
Port VLAN ID.

5. Click Save.

Edit Switch Port Interface (NSR)

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Switch Interfaces.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).



4. As needed, make changes:

Status drop-down (enabled, disabled).

Description.

Speed drop-down (Auto, 10M, 100M, 1G, 10G).

Port VLAN ID.

Jumbo Frame drop-down (enabled, disabled).

(if available) **ACL Ingress** drop-down (select one).

(if available) ACL Egress drop-down (select one).

DHCP Snooping drop-down (**Trusted**, **Untrusted**) (must be enabled on *Network :: Switch :: Global :: DHCP Snooping*).

Enable LLDP advertising and reception through this interface checkbox.



Enable 802.1x checkbox.

5. In MSTP menu, select:

MSTP Status drop-down (enabled, disabled)

(To be active, Network:: Switch:: Global:: Spanning Tree status must be enabled).

BPDU Guard drop-down (selection varies). Protects Layer 2 Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Topology from BPDU related attacks.

(To be active, Network :: Switch :: Global :: Spanning Tree status must be enabled).

6. Click Save.

Backplane sub-tab

Backplane settings control the switch interfaces directly exposed to the Nodegrid Platform. For the Nodegrid to communicate with any existing switch ports or VLANs, at least one of the backplane interfaces must be part of the specific VLAN. The backplane settings display the current VLAN associations. The Port VLAN IDs can be set for the backplane interfaces.

NOTE: Display varies depending on device – GSR, BSR, or NSR).

Edit Backplane Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Backplane.
- 2. In backplane0, make changes, as needed:

Enter Port VLAN ID.

(if active) On Jumbo Frame drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

3. In backplane1, make changes, as needed:

Enter Port VLAN ID.

(if active) On **Jumbo Frame** drop-down, select one (**Enabled**, **Disabled**).

4. (if shown) In *Slot1-0*, make changes, as needed (displays if a compute card is present in slot 1):

Enter Port VLAN ID.

(if active) On Jumbo Frame drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

5. (if shown) In Slot1-1, make changes, as needed (displays if a compute card is present in slot 1):

Enter Port VLAN ID.

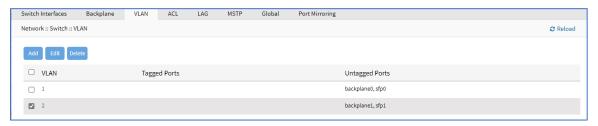
(if active) On Jumbo Frame drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

6. Click Save.

VLAN sub-tab

The Port VLAN ID is assigned to all incoming untagged packets. Port VLAN ID is used to forward packets to other ports which match this VLAN ID.





Untagged/Access Ports

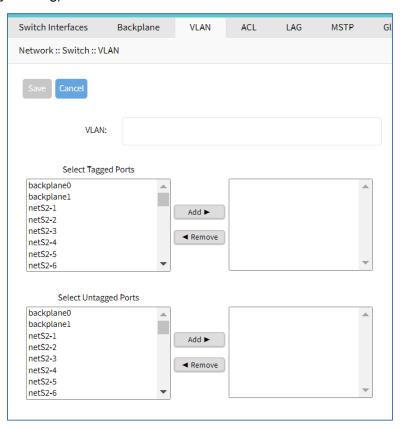
To assign a port to a specific VLAN as an untagged or access port, enable the port and change the PORT VLAN ID to the desired VLAN.

Tagged/Trunk Ports

Tagged ports accepts any packet that belongs to an assigned VLAN. The VLAN must exist before the port can be assigned. The Egress packet includes the VLAN tag.

Add VLAN

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: VLAN.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter VLAN.
- In Select Tagged Ports, select from left-side panel, click Add ➤ to move to right-side panel.



To remove from right-side panel, select and click **◄Remove**.

- In Select Untagged Ports, select from left-side panel, click Add ➤ to move to right-side panel.
 To remove from right-side panel, select and click ◀Remove.
- 6. Click Save.

Edit VLAN

WebUI Procedure

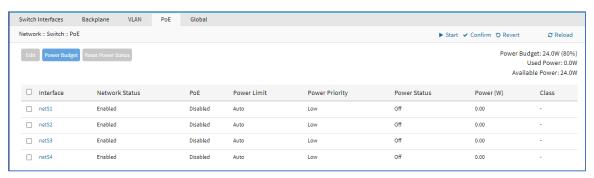
- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: VLAN.
- Select checkbox next to item to edit.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete VLAN

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: VLAN.
- 2. Select checkbox next to item to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

PoE sub-tab (NSR with PoE card, GSR)



Edit PoE Configuration

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: PoE.
- 2. Select checkbox of interface to edit.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).





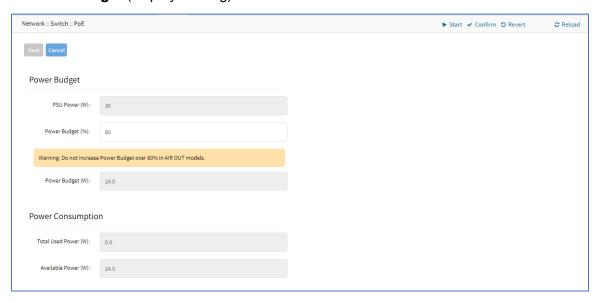
4. Select Enable PoE checkbox (expands dialog).



- On Power Limit drop-down, select one (Auto, 6W, 12W, 18W, 24W, 30W).
- On Power Priority drop-down, select one (Low, High, Critical).
- 5. Click Save.

Configure Power Budget

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: PoE.
- Select checkbox of interface.
- 3. Click **Power Budget** (displays dialog).





4. In Power Budget menu:

Enter Power Budget (%).

- 5. In Power Consumption menu, review values.
- 6. Click Save.

Reset Power Status

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: PoE.
- 2. Select checkbox of interface.
- 3. Click Reset Power Status.

The power error/alarm status of the selected interface is reset.

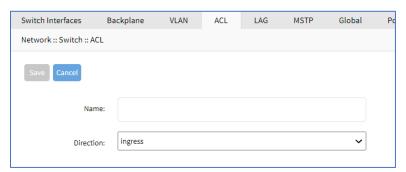
ACL sub-tab (NSR only)

With the ACL (access control list) option, custom ACL rules can be managed (add, delete, edit) for each interface.



Add ACL

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: ACL.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On **Direction** drop-down, select one (**ingress**, **egress**).
- 5. Click Save.



Edit ACL

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: ACL.
- 2. Select checkbox next to item to edit.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete ACL

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: ACL.
- 2. Select checkbox next to item to delete.
- Click **Delete**.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

LAG sub-tab (NSR only)

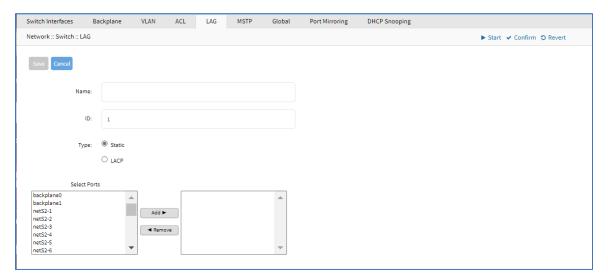
Link aggregation allows combination of multiple network connections in parallel. This increases throughput beyond what a single connection sustains. Redundancy occurs in the event one of the links fails.



Add LAG

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: LAG.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. Enter ID.
- 5. On Type menu, select one:

Static radio button.

LACP radio button (expands dialog).



Enter System Priority.

On Timeout drop-down, select one (Long, Short).

- In Select Ports, select from left-side panel, click Add ► to move to right-side panel.
 To remove from right-side panel, select and click < Remove.
- 7. Click Save.

Edit LAG

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: LAG.
- 2. In the Name column, click on a name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.



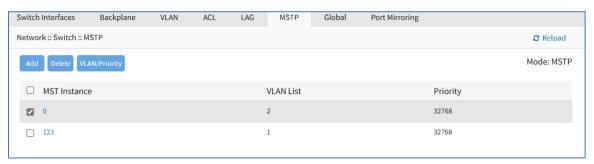
Delete LAG

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: LAG.
- 2. Select checkbox next to item to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

MSTP sub-tab (NSR only)

MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) exchanges BPDU (Bridge Protocol Data Units) to prevent loops in MSTI (Multiple Spanning Tree Instances) and DIST (Common and Internal Spanning Tree).



Add MSTP

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: MSTP.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).



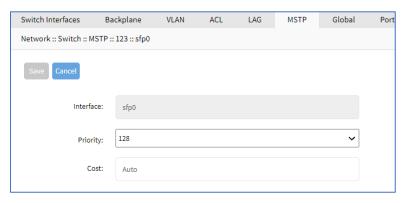
- 3. Enter MST Instance ID.
- 4. Enter VLAN.
- 5. On Priority drop-down, select one (0, 4096, 8192, 12288, 16384, 20480, 24594, 28672, 32768, 40960, 45056, 49152, 53248, 57344, 61440).
- 6. Click Save.



Edit MSTP

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: MSTP.
- 2. In Interface column, click a name (displays dialog).



3. As needed, make changes:

On Priority drop-down, select one (0, 16, 32, ;48, 64, 80, 96, 112, 128, 144, 160, 176, 192, 208, 224, 240).

Enter Cost (default: Auto).

4. Click Save.

Delete MSTP

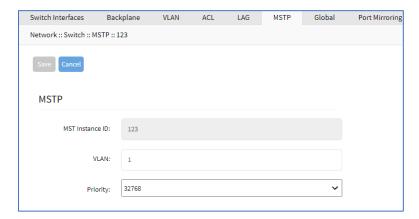
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: MSTP.
- 2. In the MST Interface column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Set VLAN/Priority

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: MSTP.
- 2. In the MST Interface column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click VLAN/Priority (displays dialog).





- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Global sub-tab (BSR, GSR)

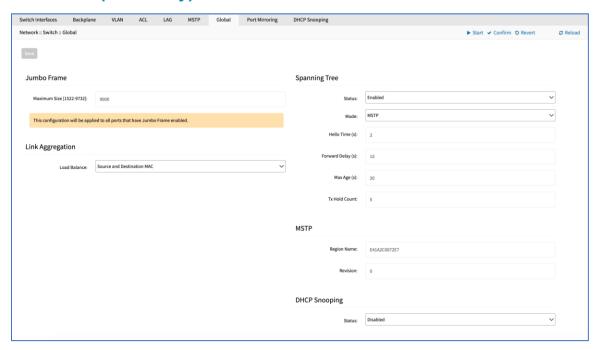


Edit Global Settings

Details cannot be edited.



Global sub-tab (NSR only)



Edit Global Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Global.
- 1. In Jumbo Frame menu:

Enter Maximum Size (1522 to 9732).

2. In Link Aggregation menu:

In Load Balance drop-down, select one (Source and Destination IP, Source and Destination MAC, Source and Destination MAC and IP, Source and Destination MAC and IP and TCP/UDP Ports).

3. In Spanning Tree menu:

In Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

In **Mode** drop-down, select one (**MSTP**).

Enter Hello Time (sec).

Enter Forward Delay (sec).

Enter Max Age (sec).

Enter Tx Hold Count.

4. In MTSP menu:

Enter Region Name.



Enter Revision.

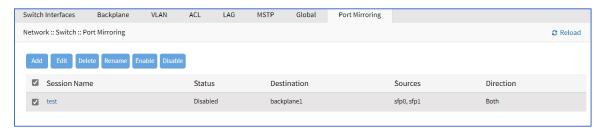
5. In DHCP Snooping menu:

On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled)

NOTE: DHCP Snooping must be enabled here to be activated on this device.

Click Save.

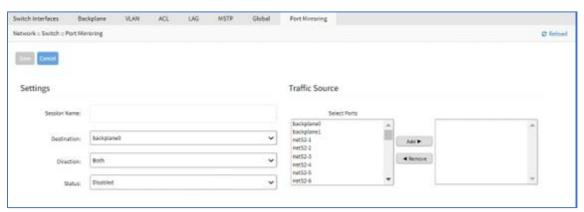
Port Mirroring sub-tab (NSR only)



Add Port Mirroring

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Port Mirroring.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. In Settings menu:

Enter Session Name.

On Destination drop-down, select one (backplane0, backplane1, netS2-(1-16), netS3-(1-8), netS4-(1-16), sfp0, sfp1, slot1-0, slot1-1).

On **Direction** drop-down, select one (**Both**, **Egress**, **Ingress**).

On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

4. In Traffic Source menut:

On *Traffic Source*, select from left-side panel, click **Add**▶ to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **∢Remove**.



5. Click **Save**.

Edit Port Mirroring

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Port Mirroring.
- 2. In Session Name column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Port Mirroring

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Port Mirroring.
- 2. In Session Name column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Rename Port Mirroring

WebUI Procedure

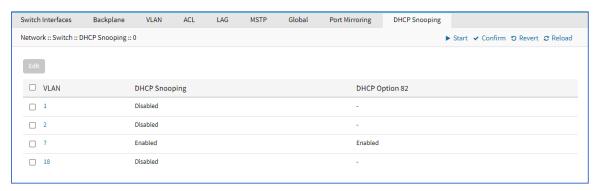
- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Port Mirroring.
- 2. In Session Name column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click Rename.
- 4. On the dialog, enter **New Name**.
- 5. Click Save.

Enable/Disable Port Mirroring

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: Port Mirroring.
- 2. In Session Name column, select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Enable** (enables port mirroring).
- 4. Click **Disable** (disables port mirroring).

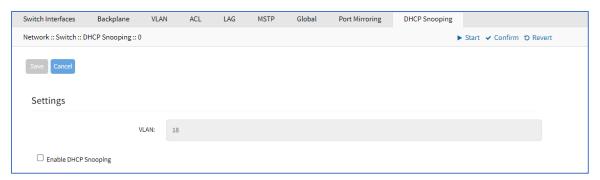


DHCP Snooping sub-tab (NSR only)



Enable DHCP Snooping

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: DHCP Snooping.
- 2. Select a checkbox with a disabled VLAN.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).



Select Enable DHCP Snooping (expands dialog).



Select Enable DHCP Option 82 (expands dialog).



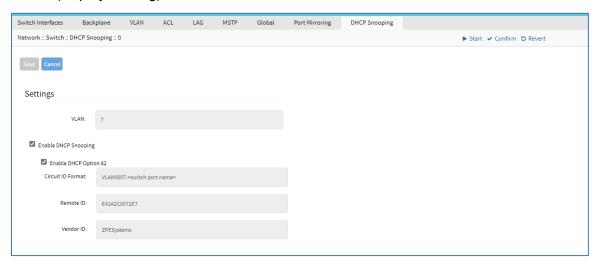
Review details.

4. If changes made, click Save.



Disable DHCP Snooping

- 1. Go to Network :: Switch :: DHCP Snooping.
- 2. Select a checkbox with an enabled VLAN.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).



Unselect Enable DHCP Snooping (expands dialog).



4. If changes made, click Save.

Static Routes tab

Administrators can define and manage static routes. Routes can be created for IPv4 and IPv6, assigned to specific network interfaces.

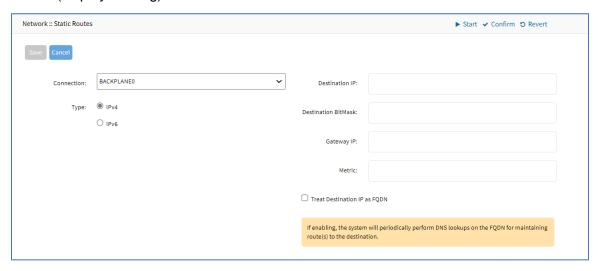


Manage Static Routes

Add Static Route



- 1. Go to Network :: Static Routes.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. On Connection drop-down, select one (ETH0, ETH1, hotspot).
- 4. In Type menu, select one:

IPv4 radio button.

IPv6 radio button.

- 5. Enter **Destination IP**.
- 6. Enter Destination BitMask.
- 7. Enter Gateway IP.
- 8. Enter **Metric** (routing metric value for normal routes, default = 100)
- 9. Select Treat Destination IP as FQDN checkbox (closes Destination BitMask field).
- 10. Click Save.

Edit Static Route

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Static Routes.
- 2. In the Index column, click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Static Route

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Network :: Static Routes.



- 2. In the list, select a checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.

Hosts tab

Administrators can configure and manage manual hostname definitions (equivalent to entries in the host's file).



Manage Hosts

Add Host

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Hosts.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter **IP Address** (IPv4, IPv6 formats supported.)
- 4. Enter Hostname.
- 5. Enter Alias.
- 6. Click Save.

Edit Host

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Network :: Hosts.



- 2. In the *Index* column, click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Host

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Hosts.
- 2. In the list, select a checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.

SNMP tab

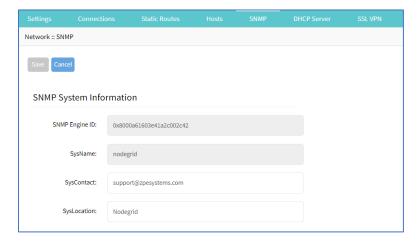
Administrators can configure SNMP settings here.



Manage SNMP

Review/edit System Information

- 1. Go to Network :: SNMP.
- 2. Click **System** (displays dialog).





3. Two fields can be edited:

SysContact (email address)

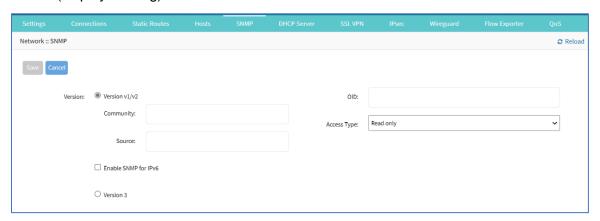
SysLocation (location name)

- 4. If changed, click Save.
- 5. If not, click Cancel to return to table.

Add SNMP Community/Username Configuration

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SNMP.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. In Version menu (select one):

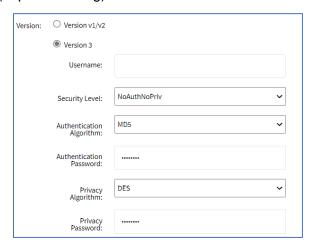
Version V1/V2 radio button.

Enter Community.

Enter Source.

(if applicable) Select Enable SNMP for IPv6 checkbox.

Version 3 radio button (expands dialog).





Enter **Username**.

On Security Level drop-down, select one (NoAuthNoPriv, AuthNoPriv, AuthPriv).

On Authentication Algorithm drop-down, select one (MD5, SHA, SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512).

Enter Authentication Password.

On Privacy Algorithm drop-down, select one (DES, AES, AES-192, AES-256).

Enter Privacy Password.

- 4. Enter OID.
- 5. On Access Type drop-down, select one (Read and Write, Read Only).
- 6. Click Save.

Edit Community/Username

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SNMP.
- 2. On *Community or Username* column, click a name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Community/Username

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SNMP.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- Click **Delete**.

Wireless Modem tab

This provides details on the Wireless Modem (if installed).



Manage Wireless Modem

Reset Wireless Model

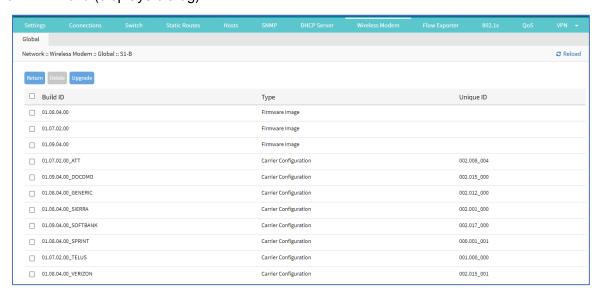


- 1. Go to Network :: Wireless Modem.
- 1. Select checkbox next to Slot name.
- 2. Click Reset.

Manage Wireless Modem Firmware

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Wireless Modem.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Slot name.
- 3. Click Firmware (displays dialog).



4. To delete firmware:

Select checkbox next to Build ID.

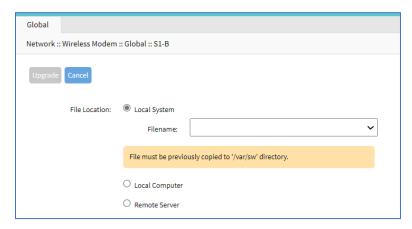
Click Delete.

5. To upgrade firmware.

Select checkbox next to Build ID.

Click **Upgrade** (displays dialog).





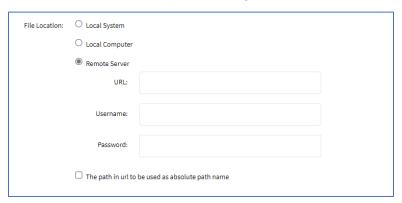
In File Location menu, select one:

Select Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).

Click Choose File. Locate and select the file.



Select Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

6. Click Upgrade.

Flow Exporter tab

Netflow streaming telemetry data is supported for all network interfaces, including the switch interface.

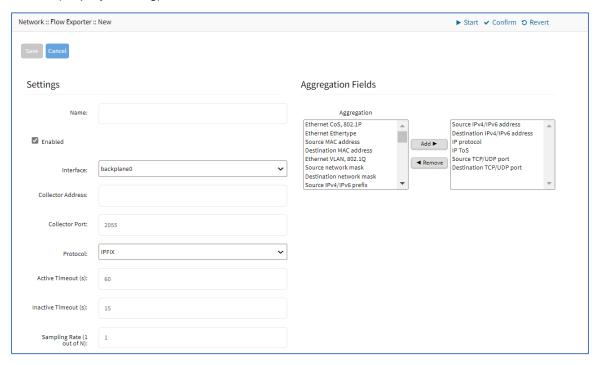




Add a new Flow Export

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: Flow Exporter.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. In Settings menu:

Enter Name.

Select Enabled checkbox.

On Interface drop-down, select one (eth0, eth1).

Enter Collector Address.

Ener Collector Port (default: 2055).

On Protocol drop-down, select one (IPFIX, NetFlow v9, NetFlow v5, sFlow).

++++++++++++++

(if selected) IPFIX, NetFlow v9, NetFlow v5:



Enter Active Timeouts (s) in seconds (default: 60).

Enter Inactive Timeout (s) in seconds (default: 15).

Enter Sampling Rate (1 out of N) (default: 1).

In Aggregation Fields menu:

To add an item to the Aggregation:

Select item on left-side panel.

Click Add▶ (item is moved).

To remove an item from the *Aggregation*:

Select item on right-side panel.

Click **∢Remove** (item is moved).

+++++++++++++

(if selected) **sFlow** (dialog changes):



Select Enabled checkbox.

Enter Collector Address.

Ener Collector Port.

Enter Sampling Rate (1 out of N):(default: 1).

NOTE: The sFlow can also be viewed on *Tracking* :: *Network* :: *Flow Exporter*.



+++++++++++++++++

4. Click Save.



802.1x tab (Net SR only)

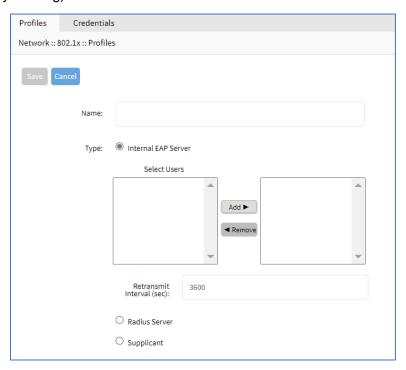
These functions are only available on Nodegrid Net SR device.



Profiles sub-tab

Add Profile

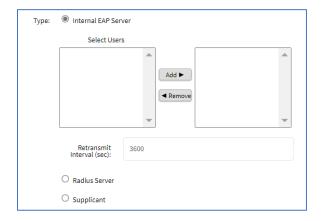
- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Profile.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Type menu, select one:

Internal EAP Server radio button (expands dialog).





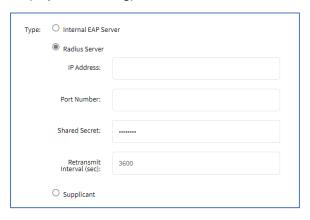
In Select Users:

To add, select item on left-side panel and click **Add**▶ (item is moved).

To remove, select item on right-side panel and click **◄Remove** (item is moved).

Enter Retransmit Interval (sec) (default: 3600).

Radius Server radio button (expands dialog).



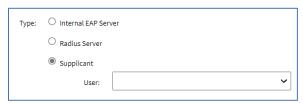
Enter IP Address.

Enter Port Number.

Enter Shared Secret.

Enter Retransmit Interval (sec).

Supplicant radio button (expands dialog). On User drop-down, select one.



5. Click Save.



Edit a Profile

WebUI Procedure

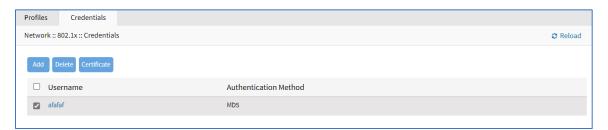
- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Profile.
- 2. In the Name column, click on a name (opens dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete an Interface

WebUI Procedure

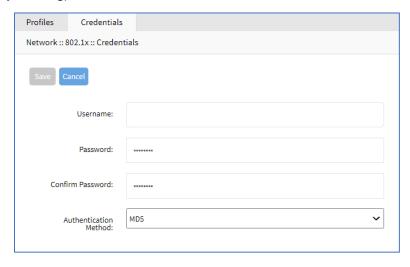
- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Profile.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Credentials sub-tab



Add Credential

- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Credentials.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Username.
- 4. Enter Password and Confirm Password.
- 5. On Authentication drop-down, select one (MD5, TLS, PEAP, TTLS).
- 6. Click Save.

Edit Credential

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Credentials.
- 2. In Username column, click on name (opens dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Credential

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Credentials.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- Click **Delete**.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click OK.

Include Certificate

- 1. Go to Network :: 802.1x :: Credentials.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- 3. Click Certificate (displays dialog). User must have TLS authentication.





4. Enter the following details:

Country Code (C)

State (S)

Locality (L)

Organization (O)

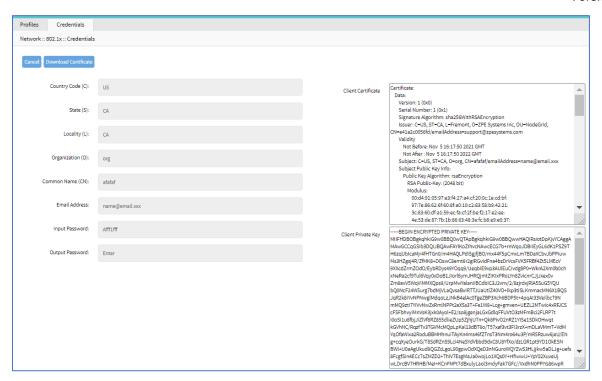
Email Address

Input Password

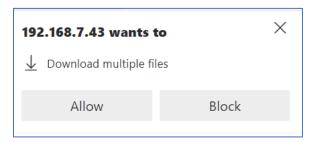
Output Password

5. Click Generate Certificate (displays dialog).





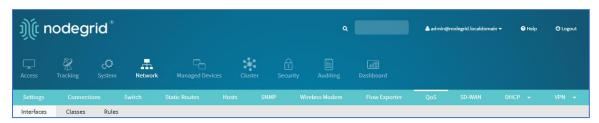
- 6. Click Download Certificate.
- 7. On pop-up dialog, click **Allow**.



8. Certificate is saved to the local computer download location.

QoS tab

QoS (Quality of Service) rules can be configured. Three configuration levels are available: Interface, Classes, Rules.





Interfaces sub-tab

The Interface tab allows you to Add, Edit, Delete, and Enable/Disable QoS on each available interface. The main table displays information regarding the Name, Status, Direction, and Classes for each interface.

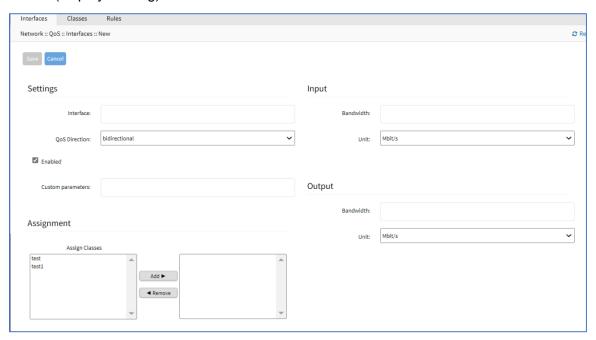
NOTE: Status can be Disabled, Running, or Error



Add an Interface

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Interfaces.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. In Settings menu:

Enter **Interface** (must match existing interface name).

On QoS Direction drop-down, select one (Input, Output, Bidirectional).

Select Enabled checkbox.

- 4. Enter **Custom parameters** (advanced users only enter FireQOS commands).
- 5. In Assignment menu:



To add a Class:

Select item on left-side panel.

Click Add ► (item is moved).

To remove a Class:

Select item on right-side panel.

Click **∢Remove** (item is moved).

6. In Input menu: (Input menu details must match Output menu details)

Enter Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

7. In Output menu:

Enter Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

8. Click Save.

Edit an Interface

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Interfaces.
- 2. In the *Name* column, locate and select checkbox,
- 3. Click Edit (opens dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete an Interface

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Interfaces.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Enable/Disable an Interface

Enable Interface

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Interfaces.
- 2. Select checkbox to be enabled.
- 3. Click Enable.

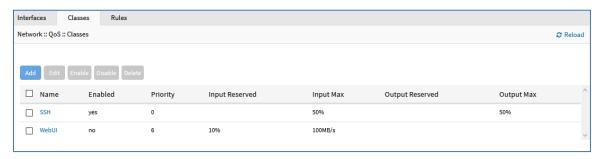


Disable Interface

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Interfaces.
- 2. Select checkbox to be disabled.
- 3. Click Disable.

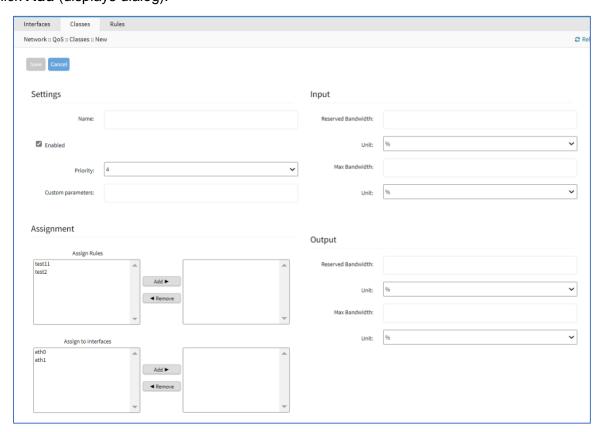
Classes sub-tab

This manages QoS classes.



Add a Class

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Classes.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





3. In Settings menu:

Enter Name (descriptive name for this class).

Select **Enabled** checkbox.

On **Priority** drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7) (0=highest priority).

4. In Assignment menu:

In Assign Rules:

To add a Rule:

NOTE: If multiple rules are added, they are applied as OR (for example, if two rules are added, whichever rule applies is the rule used for the class.

Select item on left-side panel.

Click **Add** ► (item is moved).

To remove a Rule:

Select item on right-side panel.

Click **∢Remove** (item is moved).

To add an Interface:

Select item on left-side panel.

Click **Add** ► (item is moved).

To remove an Interface:

Select item on right-side panel.

Click **∢Remove** (item is moved).

5. In *Input* menu: (Input menu details must match Output menu details)

Enter Reserved Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (%, GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

Enter Max Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (%, GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

6. In Output menu:

Enter Reserved Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (%, GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

Enter Max Bandwidth.

On Unit drop-down, select one (%, GB/s, MB/s, KB/s, B/s, Gbit/s, Mbit/s, Kbit/s, bit/s).

7. Click Save.



NOTE: The "Input" and "Output" sections only apply to interfaces with that corresponding direction. For example, if a class has "Input" and "Output" limits but is assigned to an interface with "output", only "Output" limits apply.

Edit a Class

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Classes.
- 2. In the Name column, locate and select checkbox,
- 3. Click Edit (opens dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete a Class

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Classes.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- Click **Delete**.

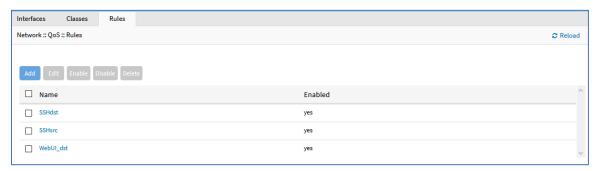
Enable/Disable a Class

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Classes.
- 2. Select checkbox to be enabled/disabled.
- 3. Click **Enable** (to enable class).
- 4. Click **Disable** (to disable class).

Rules sub-tab

Customer QoS rules are managed with these actions: Add, Edit, Enable/Disable, and Delete. The main table contains information on existing rules.

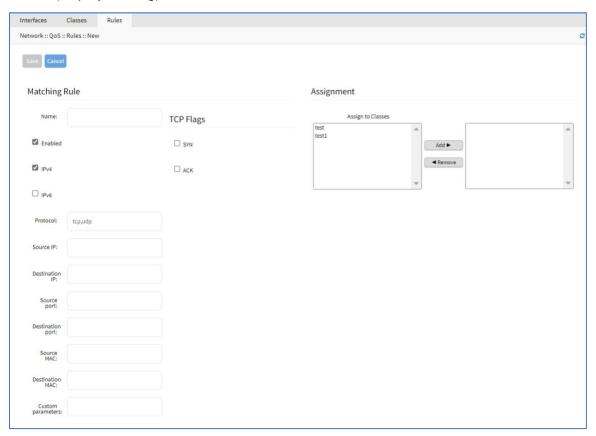




Add a Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Rules.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. In Matching Rule menu:
- 4. Enter Name (descriptive name for this rule).

Select Enabled checkbox.

Select IPv4 checkbox.

Select IPv6 checkbox.

Enter Protocol.

NOTE: Options for "Protocol" include the majority of protocol types. Entry can be by protocol number or lower-case protocol keyword. Multiple protocols can be input using commaseparated entries. Official source is at Internet Assigned Numbers Authority.

Enter Source IP.

Enter **Destination IP**.

Enter Source Port.

Enter **Destination Port**.

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Enter Source MAC.

Enter **Destination MAC**.

Enter Custom parameters (advanced users only – enter FireQOS commands).

5. In TCP Flags menu:

Select **SYN** checkbox.

Select ACK checkbox.

6. In Assignment menu:

To add a Class:

Select item on left-side panel.

Click **Add**▶ (item is moved).

To remove a Class:

Select item on right-side panel.

Click **∢Remove** (item is moved).

7. Click Save.

NOTE: All parameters in a rule will be applied as an "AND" operation.

For fields that support multiple values, enter comma separated values. Numeric fields support ranges, separated with a dash (i.e., 22-100).

Edit a Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Rules.
- 2. In the Name column, locate and select checkbox,
- Click Edit (opens dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete a Rule

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Rules.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.



Enable/Disable a Rule

Enable Rule

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Rules.
- 2. Select checkbox to be enabled.
- 3. Click Enable.

Disable Rule

- 1. Go to Network :: QoS :: Rules.
- Select checkbox to be disabled.
- 3. Click Disable.

SD-WAN tab

ZPE recommends working with SD-WAN only with the ZPE Cloud application. Modifying directly on the Nodegrid device loses synchronization with ZPE Cloud.

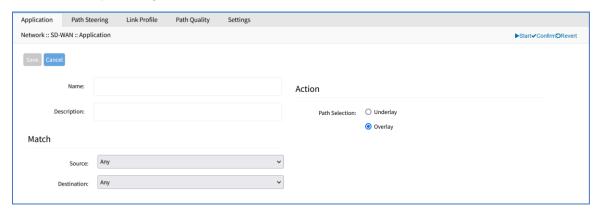
Application sub-tab

Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Application.



Add Application

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Application.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. Enter **Description**.
- 5. In Match menu:



On Source drop-down, select one (Any, Custom)

If Custom (expands dialog)



Enter Source IP Address.

On **Destination** drop-down, select one (Any, Custom)

If Custom (expands dialog)



Enter Destination IP Address.

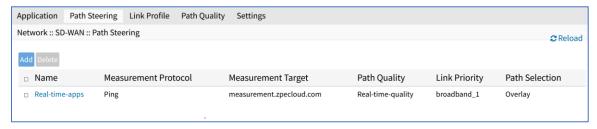
6. In Action menu, select one:

Underlay radio button

Overlay radio button

7. Click Save.

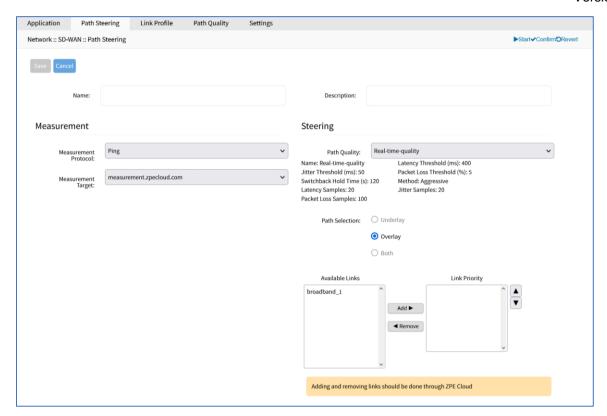
Path Steering sub-tab



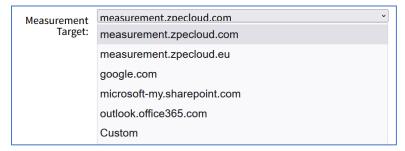
Add Path Steering

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Path Steering.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. Enter **Description**.
- 5. In Measurement menu:
 - On Measurement Protocol drop-down, select one (Ping);
 - On Measurement Target drop-down, select one.



If Custom (expands dialog), enter Measurement Target IP Address or FQDN.



6. In Steering menu:

On Path Quality drop-down, select one.



On **Port Selection**, select one.

Underlay radio button

Overlay radio button

Both radio button

In Available Links section:

NOTE: If device is enrolled in ZPE Cloud, these links should be changed on the ZPE Cloud application.

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ▶ to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **∢Remove**.

7. Click Save.

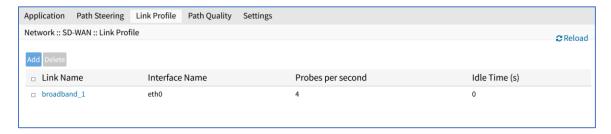
Edit Path Steering

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Path Steering.
- 2. Click on Name.
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Path Steering

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Path Steering.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Name.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation dialog, click **OK**.

Link Profile sub-tab

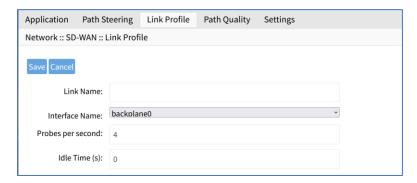


Add Link Profile

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Link Profile.
- 1. Click **Add** (displays dialog).





- 2. Enter Link Name.
- 3. On **Interface Name** drop-down, select one.
- 4. Enter Probes per second (default: 4).
- 5. Enter Idle Time. (seconds) (default: 0).
- 6. Click Save.

Edit Link Profile

WebUI Procedure

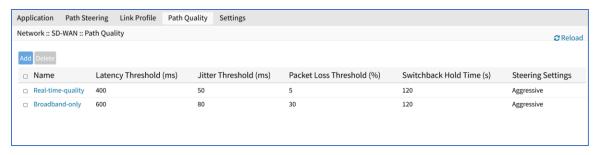
- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Link Profile.
- 1. In **Name** column, click on name.
- 2. Make changes, as needed.
- 3. Click Save.

Delete Link Profile

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Link Profile.
- 1. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 2. Click Delete.
- 3. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Path Quality sub-tab

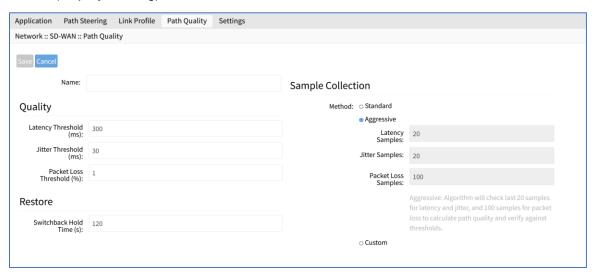




Add Path Quality

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Link Profile.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. In Quality menu:

Enter Latency Threshold (ms) (default: 300)

Enter Jitter Threshold (ms) (default: 30)

Enter Packet Loss Threshold (%) (default: 1)

5. In Restore menu:

Enter Switchback Hold Time (s) (default: 120)

6. In Sample Collection menu:

On **Method**, select one:

Standard radio button (fields are read-only):

Latency Samples (default: 50)

Jitter Samples: (default: 50)

Packet Loss Samples (default: 100)

Aggressive radio button (fields are read-only):

Latency Samples (default: 50)

Jitter Samples (default: 50)

Packet Loss Samples (default: 100)

Custom radio button: (fields are editable)



Enter Latency Samples

Enter Jitter Samples

Enter Packet Loss Samples

7. Click Save.

Edit Path Quality

WebUI Procedure

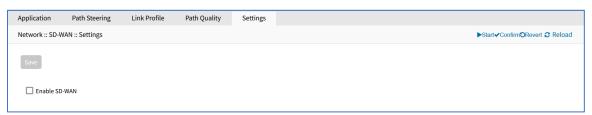
- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Path Quality.
- 2. In Name column, click on name.
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Path Quality

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Path Quality.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Settings sub-tab



Enable SD-WAN

The minimum Nodegrid supported version to enable SD-WAN is v5.4.6+.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: SD-WAN :: Settings.
- Select Enable SD-WAN.
- 3. Click Save.



DHCP drop-down > DHCP Server tab



The DHCP server for devices can be configured and managed. By default, the DHCP server is not configured or active. When a DHCP scope is defined, the system serves IP addresses to all devices connected to the interface and which match the general DHCP scope.

Configuration is a two-step process. First, the general DHCP scope and configuration is configured and created. Then, IP address ranges (Network Range) are defined to be used as server IP addresses and as IP address reservations for specific hosts.



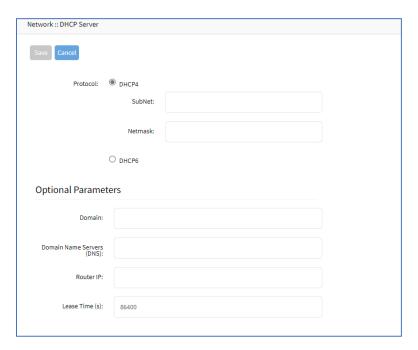
Manage DHCP Server

Add DHCP Server

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Server.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog):





3. On Protocol menu, select one:

DHCP4 radio button (expands dialog):



Enter **Subnet** (must match the settings of a configured interface)

Enter **Netmask** (defined subnet – format: xxx.xxx.xxx)

DHCP6 radio button (expands dialog):



Enter Prefix

Enter Length

4. In Optional Parameters menu:

Enter Domain

Enter Domain Name Services (DNS)

Enter Router IP (DHCP4 only)

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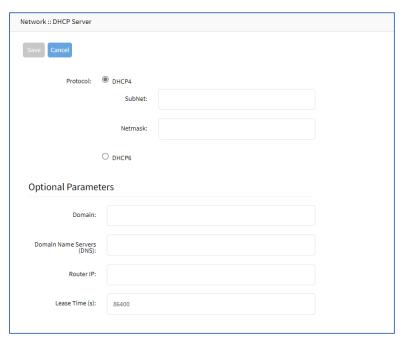
Enter Lease Time (s) (default: 86400).

5. Click Save.

Edit DHCP Server Configuration

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Server.
- 2. On Subnet/Netmask column, click a name.
- 3. On Settings sub-tab.



Make changes as needed.

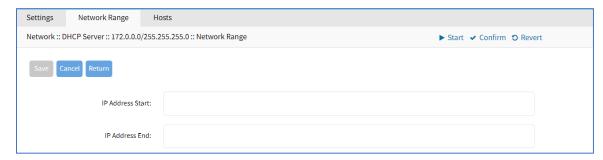
Click Save.

4. On **Network Range** sub-tab:



To add a network range, click Add (displays dialog).





Enter IP Address Start (first IP address to be served).

Enter IP Address End (last IP address to be served).

Click Save.

To edit a network range, click on the **IP Range** (expands dialog).

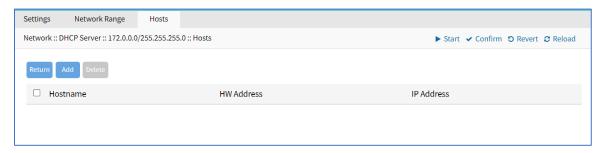
Make changes, as needed.

Click Save.

To delete a network range, select the IP Range checkbox.

Click Delete.

5. On **Hosts** sub-tab:



To add a host, click **Add** (displays dialog).



Enter Hostname.

Enter HW Address.

Enter IP Address.



Click Save.

To edit a host, click on the **Hostname** (expands dialog).

Make changes, as needed.

Click Save.

To delete a host, select the Hostname checkbox.

Click **Delete**.

6. Click Save.

Delete DHCP Server

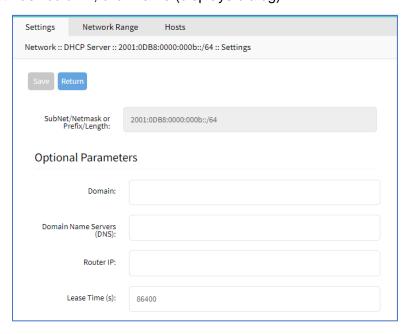
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Server.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).
- 4. Click OK.

Edit DHCP Server Settings, IP Range, and Hosts

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Server.
- 2. In the Subnet/Netmask column, click name (displays dialog).

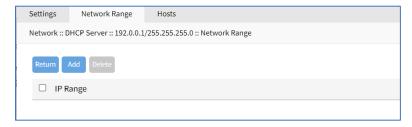


3. On **Settings** sub-tab, review details.

Make changes, as needed.

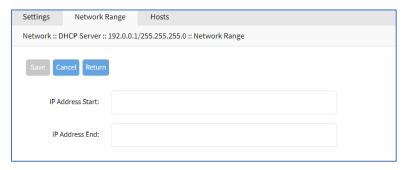


4. Click on **Network Range** sub-tab (displays dialog).



To add IP Range:

Click Add (displays dialog).



Enter IP Address Start (first IP address to be served).

Enter IP Address End (last IP address to be served).

Click Save.

To edit IP Range

In column, click on IP Range name.

Make changes, as needed.

Click Save.

To delete IP Range

Select checkbox next to name.

Click **Delete**.

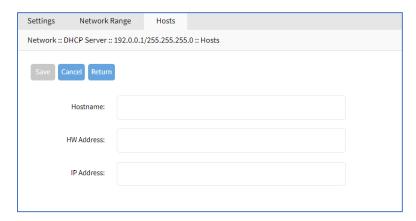
5. Click on **Hosts** sub-tab (displays dialog)



To add a host:

Click Add (opens dialog)





Enter Hostname

Enter **HW Address**. (MAC address to which an IP address reservation applies)

Enter IP Address (IP address assigned to specific host matching the MAC address)

Click Save

To edit host:

In Host column, click on name

Make changes, as needed.

Click Save

To delete host:

In Host column, select checkbox

Click **Delete**

DHCP drop-down > DHCP Relay tab

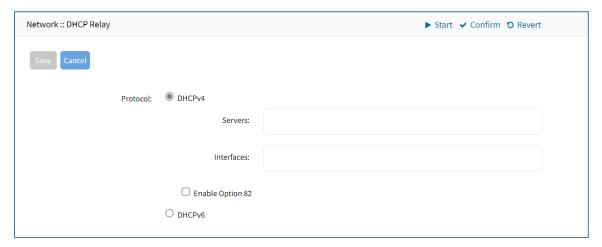


Manage DHCP Relay

Add DHCP Relay

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Relay.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





3. In Protocol menu, select one:

DHCPv4 radio button.

Enter Servers.

(optional) Enter Interfaces.

Select Enable Option (expands dialog).

On Incoming Option 82 Policy drop-down, select one (Replace Option 82, Append Option 82, Forward Packet, Discard Packet).

DHCPv6 radio button.

Enter Server Interfaces.

Enter Client Interfaces.

4. Click Save.

Edit DHCP Relay

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Relay.
- 2. Click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete DHCP Relay

- 1. Go to Network :: DHCP drop-down :: DHCP Relay.
- 2. Select checkbox of Index to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.

VPN drop-down > SSL VPN tab

NOTE: Access on VPN tab drop-down.





Nodegrid supports a wide variety of SSL configuration options. The System can act as either SSL client or SSL server, as needed by the customer configuration and security requirements.

Client sub-tab

The VPN client configuration settings are generally used for failover scenarios. This is when a main secure connection fails over to a less secure connection type. The VPN tunnel is used to secure traffic. When the Nodegrid device is configured as an VPN client, it is bound to a network interface (optional) and the VPN tunnel is automatically established when the bounded interface starts. Multiple client configurations can be added that support different connection and interface details.

NOTE: Depending on the configuration, multiple files are required and must be available in the /etc/openvpn/CA folder.

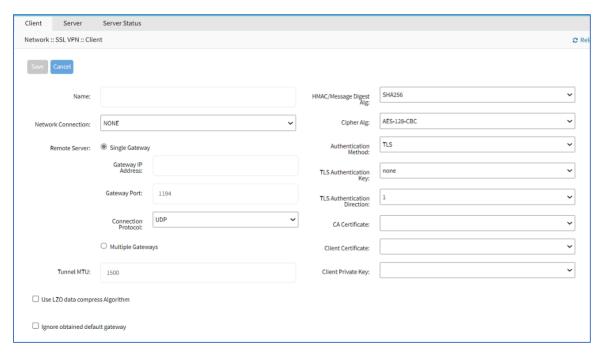


Add Client

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Network Connection drop-down, select one (None, ETH0, ETH1, hotspot).
- 5. In Remote Server menu, select:

Single Gateway radio button:

Enter Gateway IP Address.

Enter Gateway Port (default: 1194).

On Connection Protocol drop-down, select one (UDP, TCP).

Multiple Gateway radio button:



Enter Gateways (comma separated).

- 6. Enter Tunnel MTU (MTU size for the tunnel interface. Default: 1500).
- 7. Select Use LZO data compress Algorithm checkbox.
- Select Ignore obtained default gateway checkbox.
- 9. On HMAC/Message Digest Alg drop-down, select one.
- 10. On Cipher Alg drop-down, select one.
- 11. On Authentication Method drop-down, select one.



On **TLS** selection:

For **TLS Authentication Key** drop-down, select one.

For TLS Authentication Direction drop-down, select one.

For **CA Certificate** drop-down, select one.

For Client Certificate drop-down, select one.

For Client Private Key drop-down, select one.

On Static Key selection:

For **Secret** drop-down, select one.

Enter Local Endpoint (Local IP).

Enter Remote Endpoint (Remote IP).

On **Password** selection:

Enter Username.

Enter Password.

For CA Certificate drop-down, select one.

On Password plus TLS selection:

Enter Username.

Enter Password.

For TLS Authentication Key drop-down, select one.

For **TLS Authentication Direction** drop-down, select one.

For CA Certificate drop-down, select one.

For Client Certificate drop-down, select one.

For Client Private Key drop-down, select one.

12. Click Save.

Edit Client

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. On Subnet/Netmask column, click a name.
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Client

WebUI Procedure



- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. Select checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.

Start Client VPN

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. Select checkbox next to client to be started.
- 3. Click Start VPN.

Stop Client VPN

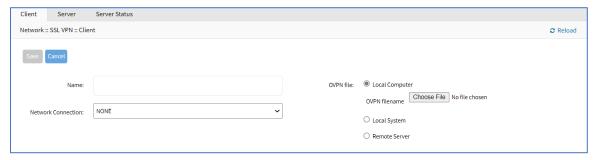
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. Select checkbox next to client to be stopped.
- 3. Click Stop VPN.

Import OVPN

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: SSL VPN :: Client.
- 2. Click Import OVPN (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Network Connection drop-down, select one (NONE, ETH0, ETH1, hotspot).
- 5. In OVPN File menu:

Select Local Computer radio button:

Click Choose File. Locate and select the file.

Select Local System radio button:





On **OVPN filename** drop-down, select one.

Select Remote Server radio button:



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

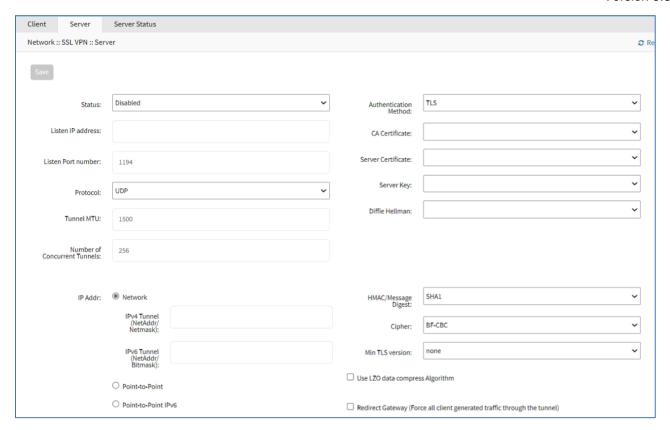
(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

6. Click Save.

Server sub-tab

Nodegrid can be configured as a VPN server. By default, this is disabled. Depending on the configuration, multiple files are required and must be available in the /etc/openvpn/CA folder.





Configure SSL VPN Server Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: VPN :: Server.
- 2. On **Status** drop-down, select one (after configuration as a VPN server, must be enabled)

Enabled

Disabled (default)

- Enter Listen IP address (if defined, server only responds to client requests coming in this interface)
 Enter Listen Port number (listening port for incoming connections default: 1194).
- 4. On **Protocol** drop-down, select one (**UDP**, **TCP**, **UDP IPv6**, **TCP IPv6**).

Enter **Tunnel MTU** (default: 1500).

Enter Number of Concurrent Tunnels (default: 256).

5. Authentication Method menu – enter details (different fields are displayed according to selection)

On **TLS** selection:

For CA Certificate drop-down, select one.

For **Server Certificate** drop-down, select one.

For **Server Key** drop-down, select one.



For Diffie Hellman drop-down, select one.

On **Static Key** selection:

For **Secret** drop-down, select one.

For **Diffie Hellman** drop-down, select one.

On **Password** selection:

For **CA Certificate** drop-down, select one.

For Server Certificate drop-down, select one.

For **Server Key** drop-down, select one.

For **Diffie Hellman** drop-down, select one.

On Password plus TLS selection:

For **CA Certificate** drop-down, select one.

For **Server Certificate** drop-down, select one.

For **Server Key** drop-down, select one.

For **Diffie Hellman** drop-down, select one.

6. *IP Address* menu (display changes based on selection) This is the IP address settings for the tunnel:

Select **Network** radio button:

Enter IPv4 Tunnel (NetAddr/Netmask).

Enter IPv6 Tunnel (NetAddr/Netmask):.

Select **Point to Point** radio button:

Enter Local Endpoint (Local IP).

Enter Remote Endpoint (Remote IP).

Select **Point To Point IPv6** radio button:

Enter **Local Endpoint** (Local IPv6).

Enter Remote Endpoint (Remote IPv6).

On **HMAC/Message Digest** drop-down (select HMAC connection algorithm).

On **Cipher** drop-down (select connection cipher algorithm).

On Min TLS version drop-down, select one (None, TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, TLS 1.3).

Select **Use LZO data compress Algorithm** checkbox (all tunnel traffic is compressed).

Select Redirect Gateway (Force all client generated traffic through the tunnel) checkbox (all traffic from a client is forced through the tunnel).

7. Click Save.



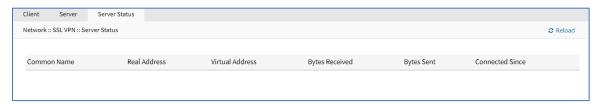
Edit VPN Server Details

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: VPN :: Server.
- 2. Make modifications, as needed.
- 3. Click Save.

Server Status sub-tab

When the device is configured and started as a VPN server, this page provides an overview of the general server status and connected clients.



VPN drop-down > **IPsec** tab

NOTE: Access on VPN tab drop-down.



The Nodegrid solution supports the IPsec tunnel configuration with a variety of options for host-to-host, host-to-site, site-to-site and road warrior settings. The Nodegrid node is directly exposed to the Internet. It is strongly recommended the device be secured. Built-in features include:

- Firewall configuration
- Enable Fail-2-Ban
- Change all default passwords with strong passwords
- Disable services not required

Overview

Authentication Methods

Multiple authentication methods are available. Some are simple (Pre-Shared keys and RSA keys) but with limited flexibility. Others require more initial configuration and setup which offers flexibility and consistency.

Pre-shared Keys



Pre-shared Keys provide the simplest and least secure method to secure an IPsec connection. This is a combination of characters that represent a secret. Both nodes must share the same secret. Nodegrid supports pre-shared keys with a minimum length of 32 characters. The maximum length is much higher. Due to compatibility reasons with other vendors, Nodegrid uses a 64-bit length for the examples. The longer the pre-shared key is, the more secure it is.

RSA Keys

RSA Keys or Raw RSA keys are commonly used for static configurations between single or a few hosts. The nodes are manually configured with each other's RSA keys.

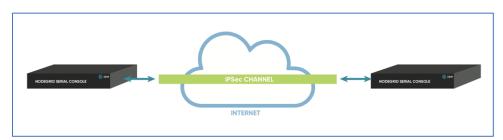
X.509 Certificates

Typically, X.509 Certificate authentications are used for larger deployments with a few to many nodes. The RSA keys of the individual nodes are signed by a central Certificate Authority (CA). The Certificate Authority maintains the trust relationship between the nodes. As needed, specific nodes can include revocation of trust. Nodegrid supports both public and private CA's. As needed, the Nodegrid Platform can host and manage its own Certificate Authority for IPsec communication.

Connection Scenarios

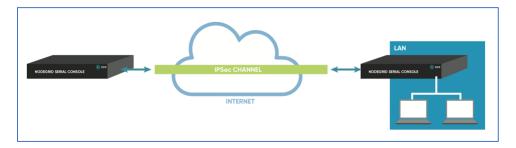
IPsec supports many connection scenarios, from the basic one-to-one nodes and the more complex one-to-many nodes. Communication can be limited to the directly involved nodes. If needed, communication can be expanded to the networks access table behind the nodes. Examples are provided for some of the most common scenarios.

Host-to-Host



Host-to-Host communication is two nodes directly connected with a VPN tunnel. The communication is limited to direct communication between them. None of the packages are routed or forwarded. This is a point-to-point communication tunnel between two nodes.

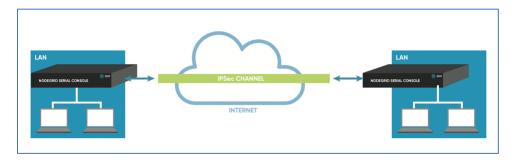
Host-to-Site



With host-to-Site, one node establishes a VPN tunnel to a second node. Communication is limited on one site to the specific node; and on the other side, limited to all devices in a range of subnet accessible by the second node.

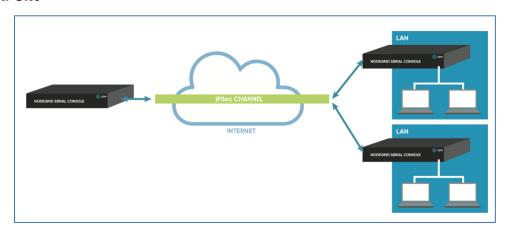


Site-to-Site



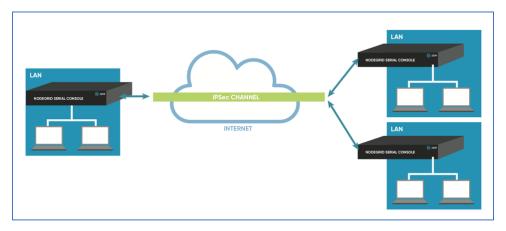
In site-to-site, the tunnel is established between two nodes. Communication can specify the subnet on both sides. This allows communication between devices on either side of the connection.

Host-to-Multi-Site



Host-to-multi-site communication is created with individual VPN connections. This is done between hosts or with specific multi-site configurations (which greatly improves scalability). Multiple nodes can connect to the same node. A typical use would be remote offices with a VPN connection to the main office. This would limit communications to the one node and devices on specified subnets in the remote locations.

Site-to-Multi-Site



Site-to-multi-site is most common for enterprise VPN setups. Similar to host-to-multi-site, communication is allowed to the specific subnet on either side. The West node would have access



to all specified subnet on any of the sites. The remote sites only can access the subnet exposed by the West node.

Keys and Certificates

Keys and Certificates

	Host to Host	Host to Site	Site to Site	Host to Multi- Site	Site to Multi-Host
Pre-shared Keys	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
RSA Key	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended	Possible	Possible
X.509 Certificates	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended

IPsec Configuration Process

These are the general configuration steps to configure the desired connection.

- 1. To prepare the Nodegrid, see How to Prepare a Nodegrid Node for IPsec
- 2. Ensure that one of the authentication methods is prepared:

How to create Pre-shared Keys for IPsec

How to create RSA Keys for IPsec

How to Create Certificates for IPsec

NOTE: For Production environments, it is recommended to use RSA Keys or Certificate Authentication. For a test environment, Pre-Shared Keys are easy to set up.

3. Create an IPsec configuration file. Configuration examples can be found here:

Pre-Shared Keys

How to Configure IPsec Host to Host Tunnel with Pre-Shared Key

How to configure IPsec Host to Site tunnel with Pre-Shared Key

How to Configure IPsec Site to Site Tunnel with Pre-Shared Key

RSA Keys

How to Configure IPsec Host to Host Tunnel with RSA Keys

How to Configure IPsec Host to Site tunnel with RSA Keys

How to Configure IPsec Site to Site Tunnel with RSA Keys

Certificates

How to Configure IPsec Host to Host Tunnel with Certificate

How to Configure IPsec Host to Site Tunnel with Certificate



How to Configure IPsec Site to Site Tunnel with Certificate

- 4. As required, distribute and exchange configuration files and keys to all nodes
- 5. Test the connection.

For more detailed guides on how to use IPsec with the Nodegrid Platform, visit the Knowledge Base.

Tunnel sub-tab

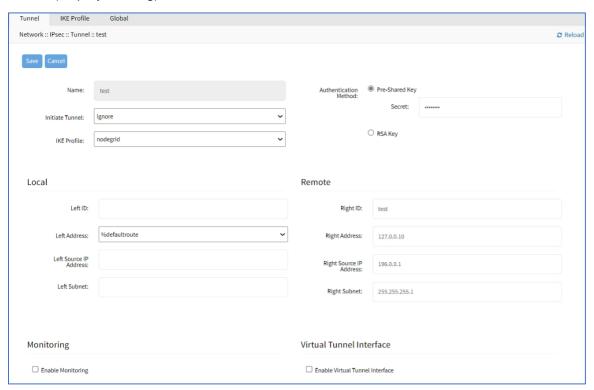
The main table displays available tunnels.



Add a New Tunnel

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Tunnel.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Initiate Tunnel drop-down, select one (Start, Ignore, On-Demand),
- 5. On IKE Profile drop-down, select one (Cisco_ASA, PaloAlto, nodegrid).



- 6. (optional) On **Custom Up/Down Script** drop-down, select one (this customized script can set configuration changes and activities, when the tunnel is up or down).
- 7. In Authentication Method menu, select one:

Select Pre-Shared Key radio button (expands dialog).

Enter Secret.

Select **RSA Key** radio button (expands dialog):



Enter Left Public Key.

Enter Right Public Key.

Click Generate Left Public Key.

8. In Local menu:

Enter **Left ID**.

On **Left Address** drop-down, select one (selection depends on the system configuration).

Enter Left Source IP Address.

Enter Left Subnet.

9. In Remote menu:

Enter Right ID.

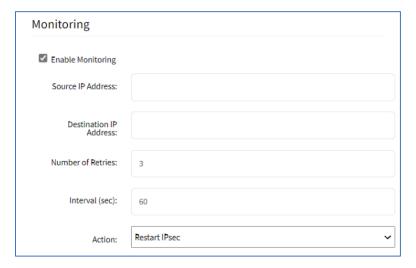
Enter Right Address.

Enter Right Source IP Address.

Enter Right Subnet.

10. (optional) In *Monitoring* menu, select **Enable Monitoring** checkbox (expands dialog).





Enter Source IP Address (ping from).

Enter **Destination IP Address** (ping to).

Enter **Number of Retries** (pings before triggering Action).

Enter Interval (seconds) (time between retries).

On **Action** drop-down, select one (if tunnel does not respond):

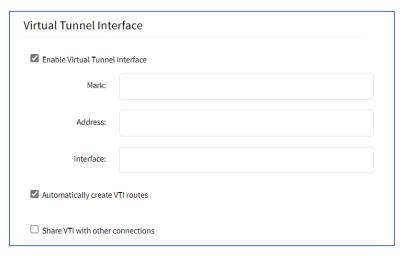
Restart IPsec (to resolve issues with key negotiation).

Restart Tunnel (to resolve issues with key negotiation).

Failover (fails over to another IPsec tunnel).

NOTE: The number of retires and interval should be greater than that of the dead peer detection configuration within the IKE profile.

11. (optional) In *Virtual Tunnel Interface* menu, select **Enable Virtual Tunnel Interface** checkbox (expands dialog).



Enter Mark.

Enter Address.



Enter Interface.

Select Automatically create VTI routes.

Select Share VTI with other connections.

12. Click Save.

Edit a Tunnel

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Tunnel.
- 2. In the *Name* column, click a name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete a Tunnel

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Tunnel.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox of tunnel to delete.
- Click Delete.

Start a Tunnel

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Tunnel.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox of tunnel to start.
- 3. Click Start Tunnel.

Stop a Tunnel

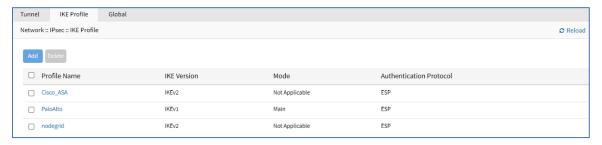
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Tunnel.
- 2. In the table, select checkbox of tunnel to stop.
- 3. Click Stop Tunnel.

IKE Profile sub-tab

IKE Profiles are managed on this page.

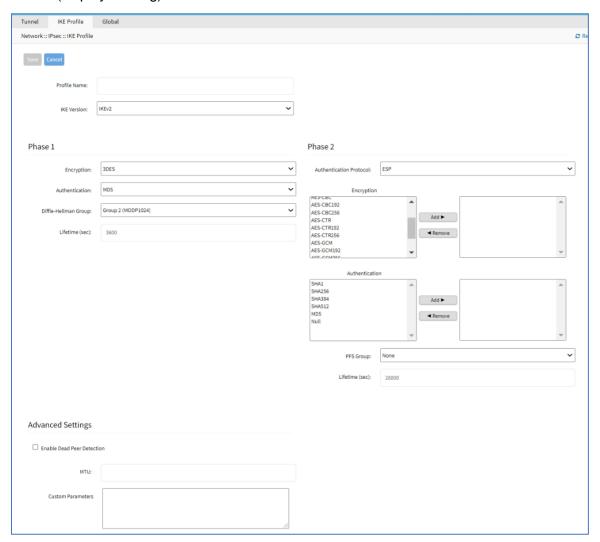




Add a New Profile

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: IKE Profile.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).

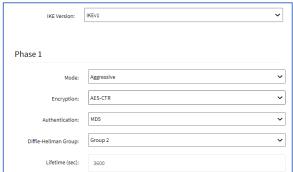


- 3. Enter Profile Name.
- 4. On IKE Version drop-down, select one (IKEv1, IKEv2) (modifies Phase 1 selection).

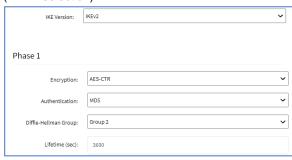




(IKEv1 selection)



(IKEv2 selection)



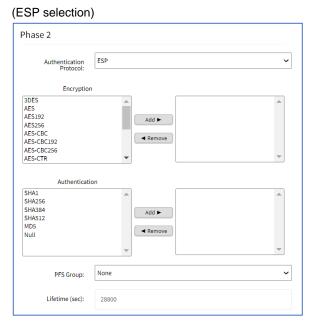
(if IKEv1) On Mode drop-down, select one (Aggressive, Main).

On Encryption drop-down, select one (3DES, AES, AES192, AES256, AES-CBC, AES-CBC192, AES-CBC256, AES-CTR, AES-CTR192, AES-CTR256, AES-GCM, AES-GCM192, AES-GCM256)

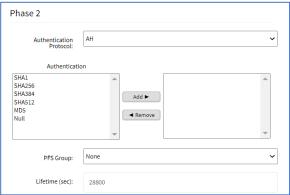
On Authentication drop-down, select one (SHA1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512, MD5).

On Diffie-Hellman Group drop-down, select one (Group 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 31) Enter Lifetime (sec) value.

5. In Phase 2 menu, Authentication Protocol drop-down, select one (ESP, AH).



(AH selection)



(ESP selection only) On *Encryption*, select from left-side panel, click **Add** ▶ to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

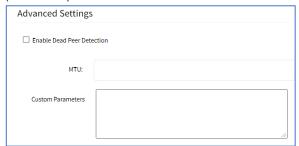
On Authentication, select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

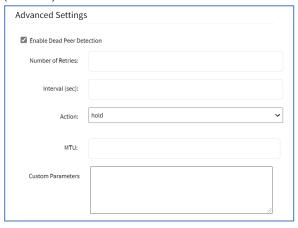
In Advanced Settings menu, dialog expands if Enable Dead Peer Detection checkbox is selected.



(unselected)



(selected)



(if selected) Enter value on Enter number of retries.

Enter Interval (sec).

On Action drop-down, select one (hold, clear, restart).

Enter MTU.

Enter Custom Parameters (comma separated).

7. Click Save.

Edit a Profile

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: IKE Profile.
- 2. Locate and click on the Profile Name.
- 3. Modify details, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete a Profile

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: IKE Profile.
- 2. Click the checkbox next to the profile to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.

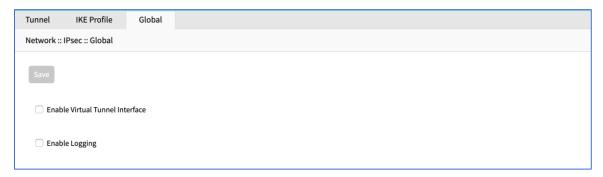
Global sub-tab

Edit Global Options

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: IPsec :: Global.





- 2. Select/unselect Enable Virtual Tunnel Interface checkbox.
- 3. Select/unselect Enable Logging checkbox.
- 4. Click Save.

VPN drop-down > Wireguard tab

NOTE: Access on VPN tab drop-down.



Wireguard is a simple to use VPN protocol. Wireguard establishes a site to site tunnel. Wireguard is supported in the admin CLI, GUI, and API on Nodegrid devices v5.2+.



Advantages

- Uses a current elliptic curve algorithm for the encryption
- Uses RSA keys and optional PSK's for authentication
- Roaming of End Points is en integrated part of the solution
- Good Client support, with native support for Windows, MacOS, Linux, iOS and Android
- Native support for tunnel interfaces to allow for Multicast traffic
- Support for IPv6 and IPv4 over the same interface



• Part of the Linux kernel ensures long term support

Manage Wireguard Configurations

Step 1 - Add a Wireguard Configuration

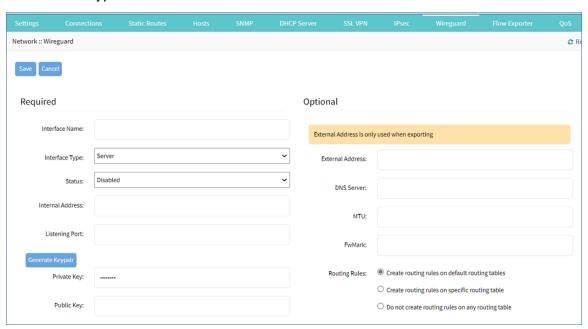
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. Click Add (opens dialog).

Enter Interface Name.

On Interface Type drop-down, select one (display modifies, based on selection).

Server interface type:



On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

Enter Internal Address.

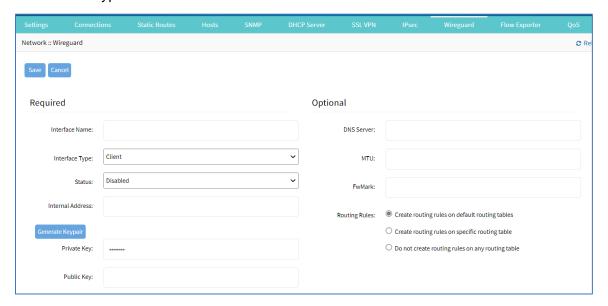
Enter Listening Port.

Click Generate Keypair.

In Optional menu, enter External Address.



Client interface type:

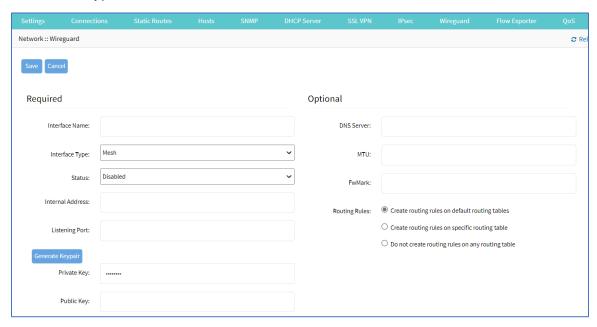


On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

Enter Internal Address.

Click Generate Keypair.

Mesh interface type:



On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).

Enter Internal Address.

Enter Listening Port.

Click Generate Keypair.



3. In Optional menu:

Enter DNS Server.

Enter MTU.

Enter FwMark.

4. In Routing Rules menu, select one.

Create routing rules on default routing tables radio button.

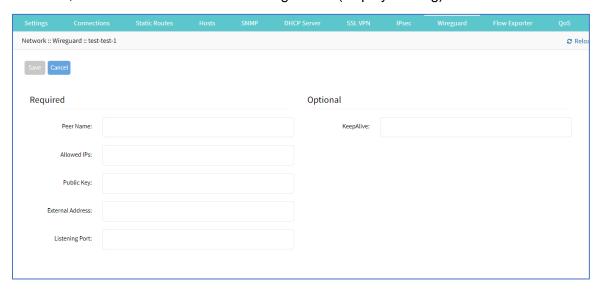
Create routing rules on specific routing table radio button.

Do not create routing rules on any routing table radio button.

5. Click Save.

Step 2 - Configure the Peer.

1. On the table, click the Name of the new configuration (displays dialog).



2. In the Required menu:

Enter Peer Name.

Enter Allowed IPs (comma-separated).

Enter Public Key.

Enter External Address.

Enter **Listening Port**.

- 3. In the Optional menu, enter Keepalive value.
- 4. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

1. Add the Wireguard configuration details:



Configure these commands:

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/wireguard/
[admin@nodegrid {wireguard}]# set <to configure these parameters>
    dns_server=<value>
    interface_name=<value>
    listening_port=<value>
    public_key=<value>
    external_address=<value>
    interface_type=<value>
    mtu=<value>
    routing_rules=<value>
    fwmark=<value>
    internal_address=<value>
    private_key=<value>
    status=<value>
    status=<value>
    status=<value>
    status=<value>
    status=<value>

[admin@nodegrid {wireguard}]# commit
```

2. Configure peers:

```
[admin@nodegrid wireguard]# cd Interface_Name/
[admin@nodegrid Server_Interface]# cd peers/
[admin@nodegrid peers]# add
[admin@nodegrid {peers}]# set <to configure these parameters>
    allowed_ips=<value>
    keepalive=<value>
    peer_name=<value>
    external_address=<value>
    listening_port=<value>
    public_key=<value>
[admin@nodegrid {peers}]# commit
```

Delete a Wireguard Configuration

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. On the table, select checkbox of configuration to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.

Edit a Wireguard Configuration

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. On the table, select checkbox of configuration to edit.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes as needed.



5. Click Save.

Export Peer

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.



- 2. On the table, select checkbox of configuration to export.
- 3. Click Export Peer.

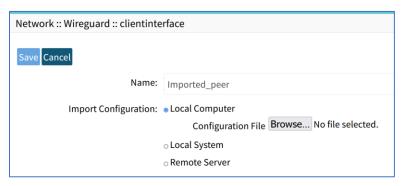
The file is downloaded to the local download location.

Import Peer

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. Click Import Peer (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. Select one:

Local Computer radio button (expands dialog):

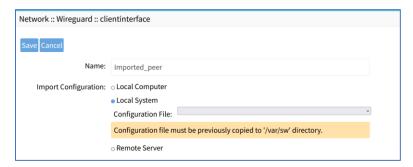


Enter Name.

Click **Browse** to locate and select the file.

Local System radio button (expands dialog):





On the Configuration File drop-down, select one.

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog):



Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

5. Click Save.

Start Tunnel

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. On the table, select checkbox to start configuration.
- 3. Click Start Tunnel.

Stop Tunnel

- 1. Go to Network :: VPN drop-down :: Wireguard.
- 2. On the table, select checkbox to stop configuration.
- 3. Click Stop Tunnel.



Managed Devices Section

In this section, users can configure, create, and delete devices. The Nodegrid Platform supports devices connected through a serial, USB, or network connection.

General Information

Supported Protocols

These protocols are currently supported for network-based devices:

- Telnet
- SSH
- HTTP/S
- IPMI variations
- SNMP

Devices are managed with multiple options (enable, create, add). These can be done manually or automatically with Discovery.

When a managed device is added in the System, one license is pulled from the License Pool. Each unit is shipped with enough perpetual licenses for all physical ports. Additional licenses can be added to a unit to manage additional devices.

If licenses expire or are deleted from the system, the status of any device that exceeds the total licenses is changed to "Unlicensed". The System maintains information on unlicensed devices but are only shown on the *Access* page. Licensed devices are listed and available for access and management. On the *Managed Devices* page (upper right), total licenses, total in-use licenses, and total available licenses are shown.

Device Types

These managed device types are supported:

Console connections that utilize RS-232 protocol.

Nodegrid Console Servers

Nodegrid Net Services Routers

Service Processor Devices that use:

IPMI 1.5

IPMI 2.0

HP iLO

Oracle/SUN iLOM



IBM IMM

Dell DRAC

Dell iDRAC

Intel BMC

Open BMC

- Console Server connections that utilize SSH protocol
- Console Server connections that utilize:

Vertiv ACS Classic family

Vertiv ACS6000 family

Lantronix Console Server family

Opengear Console Server family

Digi Console Server family

Nodegrid Console Server family

• KVM (Keyboard, Video, Mouse) Switches that utilize:

Vertiv DSR family

Vertiv MPU family

Atem Enterprise KVM family

Raritan KVM family

ZPE Systems KVM module

• Rack PDUs from:

APC

CPI

Cyberpower

Baytech

Eaton

Enconnex

Vertiv (PM3000 and MPH2)

Raritan

Ritttal

Servertech

Cisco UCS



- Netapp
- Infrabox
- Virtual Machine sessions from:

VMWare

KVM

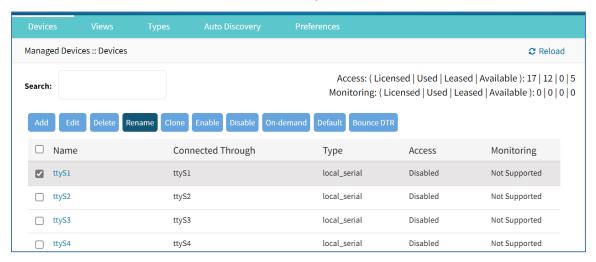
• Sensors:

ZPE Systems Temperature and Humidity Sensor

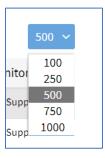
• EdgeCore Access Points

Devices tab

These are all actions that can be performed on this page.



Page Quantity button (right side) – on the drop-down (100, 250, 500, 750, 1000) to select the number of items to display on the page.



Add – add a device configuration.





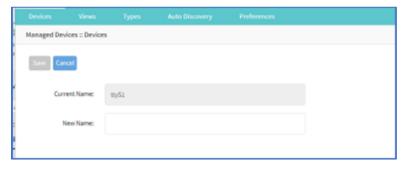
Edit – edit settings on the selected device



Delete - displays a pop-up delete confirmation dialog for the selected device

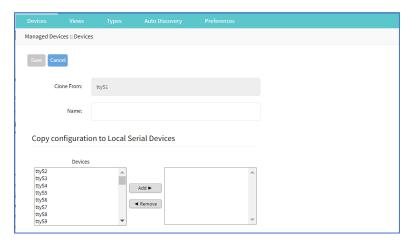


Rename - change name of selected device



Clone - clone the selected device

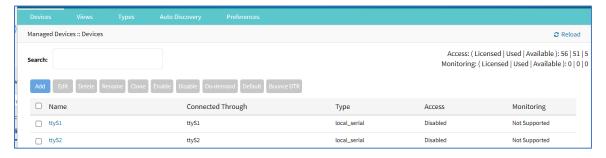




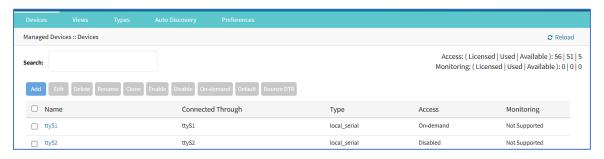
Enable - enables the selected device



Disable - disables the selected device



On-demand – changes selected device availability to On-Demand



Default – make the selected device the default device

Bounce DTR - puts the DTR and RTS pins DOWN - waits 500ms, then put those pins UP.



Device Types

When a device is added, the *Add* dialog is modified by the **Type** selection.

NOTE: If NSR-16USB-OCP-EXPN card is added, it is automatically recognized when device is booted.

Service Processor Devices

The Nodegrid Platform supports multiple IPMI-based Service Processors (IPMI 1.5, IMPI 2.0, Hewlett Packard ILO's, Oracle/SUN iLOM's, IBM IMM's, Dell DRAC and iDRAC).

To manage these devices, Nodegrid requires a valid network connection to each device. This can be without dedicated network interface on Nodegrid, or through an existing network connection.

These features are available:

- Serial Over LAN (SOL)
- Web Interface
- KVM sessions
- Virtual Media
- Data Logging
- Event Logging
- Power Control (through Rack PDU)

Some features might not be available, depending on the Service Processor capabilities.

For console access via SOL, on the server make sure to enable BIOS console redirect and OS console redirect (typically for Linux OS).

Switch

This provides switch port details: Interface Type, Admin Status, and Link Status. When added, Auto-Discovery will identify the ports.

Supported switches:

switch_edgecore

Infrabox

Smart Access Control is supported for Rack's solution appliances (Infrabox) from InfraSolution. Communication requires SNMP to be configured.

These features are available:

- Door Control
- Web Session
- Power Control through Rack PDU



Netapp

Netapp appliances are supported through their management interfaces. These features are available:

- Console Session
- Data Logging
- Event Logging
- Power Control through Netapp appliance
- Web Session
- Custom Commands
- Power Control through Rack PDU

Cisco UCS

Management of Cisco UCS is supported through Console Ports, as well as management interfaces. These features are available:

- Console Session
- Data Logging
- Event Logging
- Power Control through Cisco UCS appliance
- Web Session
- Custom Commands

Devices with SSH

Management of devices through SSH is supported:

These features are available:

- Console Session
- Data Logging
- Custom Commands
- Web Sessions
- Power Control through Rack PDU

Third-Party Console Servers

Multiple third-party Console Servers from different vendors are supported (including consoles from Avocent and Servertech). These can be added to allow connected targets to be directly connected to a Nodegrid device.

This is a two-step process, First, the third party unit is added to the Nodegrid Platform. Then all enabled ports are added to the Nodegrid Platform.



These features are available:

- Console Session
- Data Logging
- Custom Commands
- Web Sessions
- Power Control through Rack PDU

Rack PDUs

Multiple third-party Rack PDUs from different vendors are supported. (including products from APC, Avocent, Baytech, CPI, Cyberpower, Eaton, Enconnex, Geist, Liebert, Raritan, Rittal, and Servertech). When these devices are added to the Nodegrid Platform, users can connect to the Rack PDU and control the power outlets (only if supported by the Rack PDU). Outlets can be associated to specific devices, allowing direct control of specific power outlets for this device.

These features are available:

- Console Sessions
- Data Logging
- Custom Commands
- Web Sessions
- Power Control of outlets

The Power Control feature needs to be supported by the Rack PDU. Check the Rack PDU manual to determine if this feature is available on a specific model.

NOTE: By default, Nodegrid communicates with the Rack PDU with SSH/telnet. The reaction time is typically very slow. If possible, use SNMP to communicate with the Rack PDU.

Rack PDUs include (other PDUs may be available on the list):

```
pdu_apc
pdu_baytech
pdu_digital_loggers
pdu_eaton
pdu_mph2
pdu_pm3000
pdu_cpi_serial (must be physically connected via serial port or USB)
pdu_raritan
pdu_geist
pdu_servertech
```



```
pdu_enconnex
pdu_cyberpower
pdu_rittal
pdu_tripplite
```

KVM Switches

Multiple third party KVM switches are supported (including those from Avocent and Raritan). When added, the switches act as if directly connected.

This is a two-step process, First, the third-party KVM switch is added to the Nodegrid Platform. Then all enabled ports are added.

These features are available:

- KVM Session
- Web Sessions
- Power Control through Rack PDU

On the Add dialog, make sure these two settings are selected:

For End Point, select Appliance radio button.

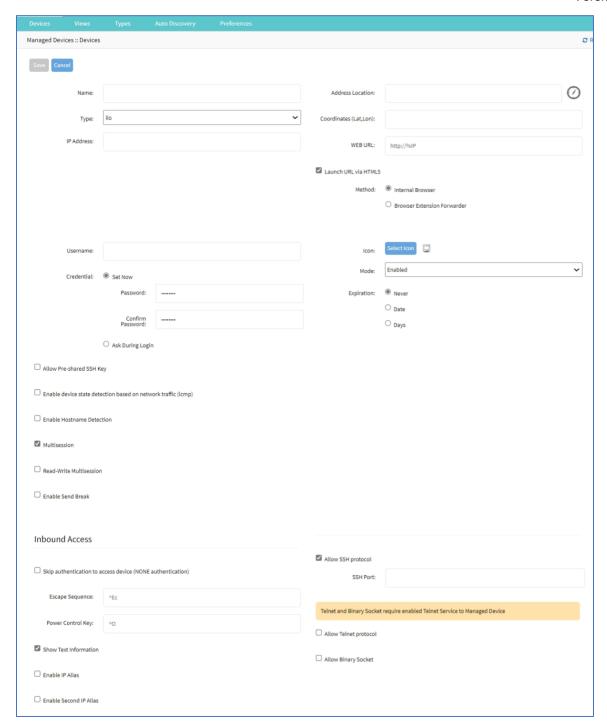
On End Point, select KVM Port radio button.

Add Device

NOTE: *Add* dialog changes based on **Type** drop-down selection.

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices,
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter the Name (of the server).
- 4. In the **Type** drop-down, select one (see options, based on selection).

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Service Processor devices (ilo, imm, drac, drac6, idrac7, ilom, ipmi_1.5, ipmi_2.0, intel_bmc, openbmc)

Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).



```
++++++++++++++
   Switch devices (switch_edgecore)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
++++++++++++++
   Infrabox devices (infrabox)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
+++++++++++++
   Netapp devices (netapp)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
+++++++++++++
   Cisco UCS Blade devices (cimc ucs)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
   Enter the Chassis ID.
   Enter the Blade ID.
+++++++++++++
   Virtual Console KVM devices (virtual_console_kvm)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
   Enter Port.
++++++++++++++
   Console Server devices (console_server_nodegrid, console_server_acs,
   console_server_acs6000, console_server_lantronix, console_server_opengear,
   console_server_digicp, console_server_raritan, console_server_perle)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
   Enter Port.
+++++++++++++
   PDU devices (pdu_apc, pdu_baytech, pdu_digital_logger, pdu_eaton, pdu_mph2, pdu_pm3000,
   pdu_cpi, pdu_raritan, pdu_geist, pdu_servertech, pdu_enconnex, pdu_cyberpower, pdu_rittal)
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
++++++++++++++
   KVM Virtual Machine devices (virtual_console_kvm)
       Name must match the hypervisor name.
   Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).
```



++++++++++++++

KVM devices (kvm_dsr, kvm_mpu, kvm_aten, kvm_raritan)

Enter IP Address (reachable by the Nodegrid Platform).

++++++++++++++

5. Enter Address Location (a valid address for the device location).

Enter **Coordinates (Lat, Lon)** (if GPS is available, click **Compass** icon – or manually enter GPS coordinates).

- 6. Enter Web URL.
- 7. Select Launch URL via HTML5 checkbox (expands options).

In Method menu, select one:

Internet Browser radio button

Browser Extension Forwarder radio button (apply note instructions).



8. Enter Username

In Credential menu, select one:

Set Now radio button

Enter Password and Confirm Password.

Ask During Login radio button (user credentials are entered during login).

9. Select checkboxes, as needed:

Allow Pre-shared SSH Key checkbox.

NOTE: See Configure SSH Key Authentication.

Enable device state detection based on network traffic (icmp) checkbox.

Enable Hostname Detection checkbox.

Multisession checkbox.

Read-Write Multisession checkbox.

Enable Send Break checkbox.

10. Click **Select Icon** .On the pop-up dialog, select an icon.





- 11. On Mode drop-down, select one (Enabled, On-demand, Disabled).
- 12. In *Expiration* menu, select one:

Never radio button

Date radio button

Enter Date (YYYY-MM-DD).

Days radio button

Enter Duration.

On **Type** drop-down, if **openbmc** is selected, *FRU* menu displays (below Expiration menu).



NOTE: The OpenBMC platform contains various Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) like Side Plane Board (spb), OCP Mezzanine Card, and four 1S server boards.

In FRU menu, select one:

Side Plane Board radio button

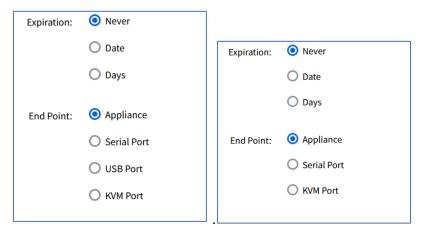
Server Board radio button (expands dialog). Specify which 1 of 4 1S server board to control. Enter **Slot Number**.





On **Type** drop-down, if console_server_xxx is selected, *Endpoint* menu displays (below Expiration men).

NOTE: Depending on selection of console server, the radio button selections can change.



In End Point menu, select one:

Appliance radio button. If selected, enter **Port Number**.

Serial Port radio button. If selected, enter Port Number.

USB Port radio button (if available). If selected, enter **Port Number**.

KVM Port radio button. If selected, enter Port Number.

13. In End Point menu, select one (not available for service processors, virtual consoles);

Appliance radio button

Serial Port radio button

Enter Port Number.

KVM Port radio button

Enter Port Number.

14. In Inbound Access menu:

Select **Skip Authentication to access device (NONE authentication)** checkbox (if unselected, enter the following details).



Enter **Escape Sequence**. Prefix for Console commands (i.e., "^Ec." close Console).

Enter Power Control Key. The Power Control menu for the device is displayed.

Select Show Text Information checkbox.

Select Enable IP Alias.



Enter IP Address.

On Interface drop-down, select one (eth0, eth1, loopback, loopback1).

On Browser Action drop-down, select one (console, web).

Select Allow Telnet Protocol.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

Select Allow Binary Socket.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

(optional) Select Enable Second IP Alias checkbox.

Enter IP Address.

On Interface drop-down, select one (eth0, eth1, loopback, loopback1).

On Browser Action drop-down, select one (console, web).

Select Allow Telnet Protocol.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

Select Allow Binary Socket.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

Select Allow SSH protocol.

Enter **SSH Port**.

At this location:





Select Allow Telnet Protocol.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

Select Allow Binary Socket.

Enter TCP Socket Port.

15. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices.
- 2. Use the add command to create a new device.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

name

type

ip_address

username and password (of service processer) or set credential ask_during_login

4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=IPMI
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=ipmi_2.0
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=192.168.10.11
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=ask_during_login

or

[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=set_now
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set username=admin password=admin
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```



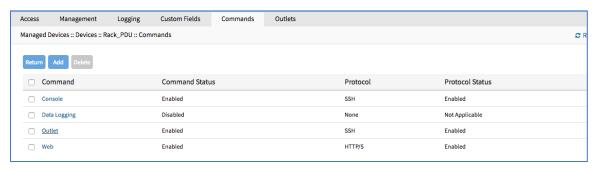
Configure Rack PDU

This requires two steps.

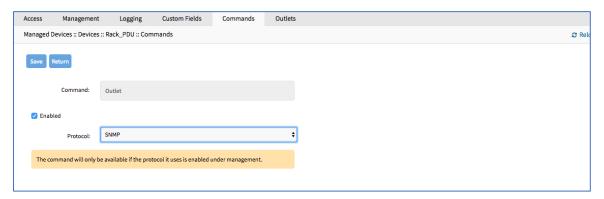
- 1. Add the PDU device. See Add Device.
- 2. Configure the PDU with the procedure below.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Locate and click the Name of the newly added Rack PDU.
- 3. On the Commands tab, Command column, click Outlets.



- 4. On the **Protocol** drop-down, select **SNMP**.
- 5. Click Save.



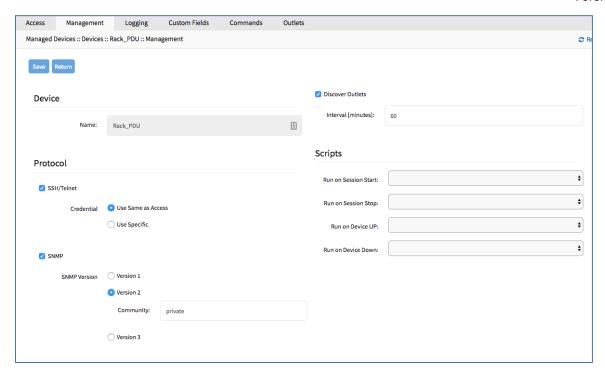
6. On the Management tab:

In the SNMP menu, update values to match the Rack PDU settings (see manufacturer's manual).

7. Click Save.

NOTE: Use SNMP settings to provide read and write access. Read-Only credentials can not control power outlets.





The Rack PDU Outlets are automatically discovered (may need a few minutes, depending on the Rack PDU).

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/commands/outlet.
- 2. Change the protocol to SNMP.
- 3. Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/management.
- 4. Enable SNMP and select the desired SNMP version and details.
- 5. Save the changes with commit.

NOTE: Use SNMP settings to provide read and write access. Read-Only credentials can not control power outlets.

The Rack PDU Outlets are automatically discovered (may need a few minutes, depending on the Rack PDU).

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=Rack_PDU
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=pdu_servertech
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=192.168.2.39
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=ask_during_login
or
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=set_now
```



```
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set username=admin password=admin

[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit

[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices/Rack_PDU/commands/outlet

[admin@nodegrid outlet]# set protocol=snmp

[admin@nodegrid outlet]# cd /settings/devices/Rack_PDU/management/

[admin@nodegrid management]# set snmp=yes

[+admin@nodegrid management]# snmp_version = v2

[+admin@nodegrid management]# snmp_commmunity = private

[+admin@nodegrid management]# commit
```

Edit Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the Name column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.

NOTE: If the device type is USB OCP, this additional field displays. Modify **OCP Command Key** as needed.



5. Click Save.

Delete Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the *Name* column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Rename Device

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the Name column, locate device and select checkbox.



3. Click Rename (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter New Name.
- 5. Click Save.

Clone Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the *Name* column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Clone (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter Name.
- 5. In Copy configuration to Local Serial Devices section:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

6. Click Save.

Enable/Disable Device

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the Name column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Enable**. (to enable device).
- 4. Click **Disable** (to disable device).



Set Device to On-Demand

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the Name column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click On-Demand.

Set Device as Default

WARNING: This restores the selected device back to the original factory settings.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the Name column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Default.

Run Bounce DTR

This puts the DTR and RTS pins DOWN – waits 500ms, then put those pins UP.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. In the *Name* column, locate device and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Bounce DTR.

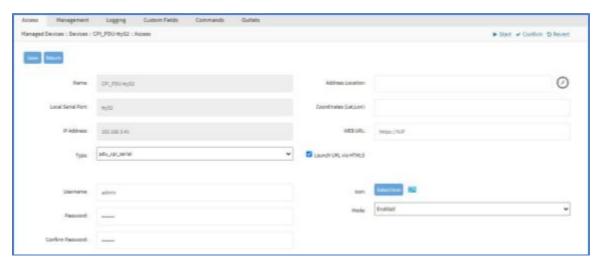
Configure Chatsworth (CPI) eConnect PDU

This unit must be physically connected to a serial port or USB port of a Nodegrid device. This PDU can merge IT devices to PDU outlets for more intuitive power control. Console access is included. Activities are recorded on the serial data log. Features include Outlet Auto Discovery and Outlet Control (Power On, Off, Cycle, Status).

NOTE: Console + CLI should be available on the PDU device - find your model in the <u>CPI Quick</u> Reference.

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click on the serial device the PDU is connected.





- 3. On Type drop-down, select pdu_cpi_serial.
- 4. Enter Username.
- 5. Enter Password and Confirm Password.
- 6. (as needed) Review and adjust serial configuration details (Baud Rate, Parity, etc.)
- 7. Click Save.

Auto Discovery

Auto-Discovery automatically detects the CPI PDU. The CPI PDU details are available in device's **Outlets** sub-tab.

If not automatically discovered

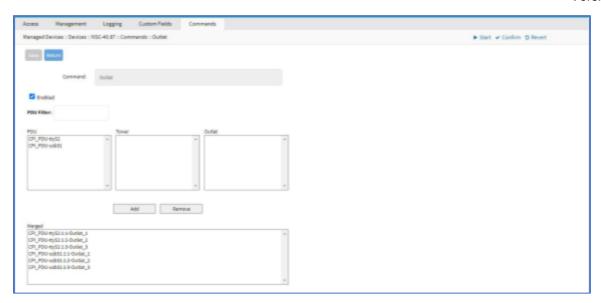
- 1. Go to Auto-Discovery :: Discover Now.
- 2. Select PDU serial device name checkbox.
- 3. Click Discover Now.
- 4. To confirm, go to Access :: Table.
- 5. Click on the **PDU serial device name** and check the *Discovered Outlets* in the table.

Merged Outlets

To see merged outlets.

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Commands.
- 2. Review Merged panel details (this example shows eConnect PDU attached with two devices).





Configure Individual Device Settings

Each device in the *Managed Devices*:: *Devices* table are individually configured. To gain access to a device's settings, locate it in the table, and click the **Name**. This displays the individual device settings in sub-tabs: **Access**, **Management**, **Logging**, **Custom Fields**, **Commands**.



In the procedures, the path is shown as:

Go to Device Management :: Devices :: <device name> :: <sub-tab>.

Alternately, select the checkbox next to the device name and click **Edit**.

Access sub-tab

The Nodegrid Platform supports RS-232 Serial connections with the available Serial and USB interfaces. Ports are automatically detected and shown in the Devices menu. To provide access to the device, each port needs to be enabled and configured.

Before configuring the Nodegrid port, check the device manufacturer's console port settings. Most devices use default port settings: 9600,8,N,1

The Nodegrid Console Server S Series supports advanced auto-detection. This simplifies configuration with automatic detection of the cable pinout (Legacy and Cisco) and connection speed.

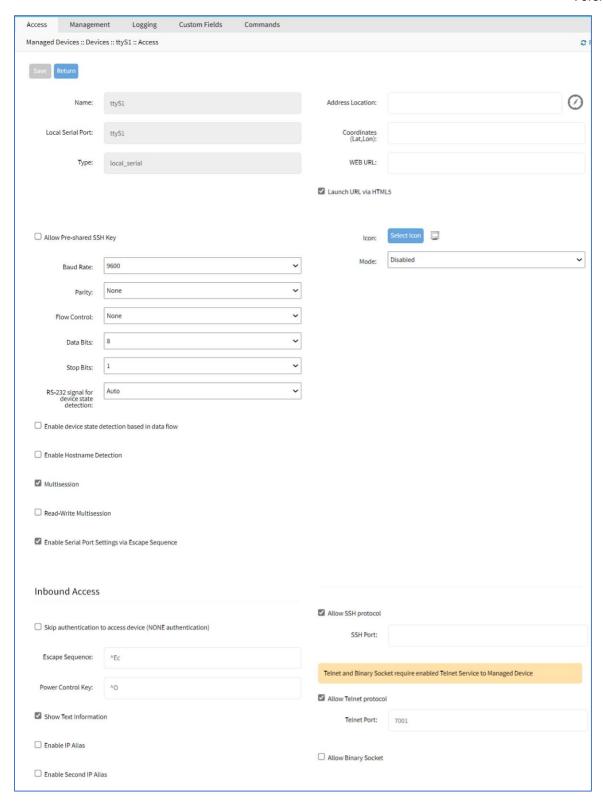
Configure Device Type

This is a general description of the procedure. Based on type of device, the details will change. Details provided here is the serial port configuration.

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Access.





2. Configure location details:

Enter Address Location (can use Compass icon).

Enter Coordinates.



Enter Web URL.

Select Launch URL via HTML5 checkbox (default: enabled).

3. Select Allow Pre-shared SSH Key checkbox.

NOTE: See Configure SSH Key Authentication.

4. Configure port settings:

On **Baud Rate** drop-down, select one (speed matching device settings) or (**Auto**, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200).

On Parity drop-down, select one (None-default, Odd, Even).

On Flow Control drop-down, select one (None-default, Software, Hardware).

On **Data Bits** drop-down, select one (5,6,7,8-default).

On Stop Bits drop-down, select one (1-default, 2).

On RS-232 signal for device state detection drop-down, select one (Auto, DCD, CTS, None).

5. Serial settings:

Select Enable device state detection based in data flow checkbox.

Select Enable Hostname Detection checkbox.

Select **Multisession** checkbox (Several users can access the same device at the same time, and see the same output. First user has read-write access, others have read-only.).

Select **Read-Write Multisession** checkbox (If enabled, all connected users have read-write access to the session).

Select Enable Serial Port Settings via Escape Sequence checkbox.

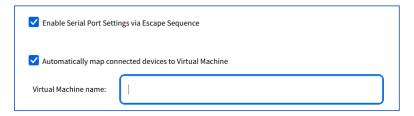
(optional) Select **Enable Send Break** (This is configured per device. Not available on: usb_kvm, usb_sensor, usb_device, local_serial).

If selected, enter a new **Break Sequence** (this is sent via the SSH console session).

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If selected device is USB, this flag is available:

Select Automatically map connected devices to Virtual Machine (expands dialog).



Enter Virtual Machine name.

++++++++++++++++

6. Click **Select Icon** .On the pop-up dialog, select an icon.



- 7. On **Mode** drop-down, select one (**Enabled**, **On-Demand**, **Disabled**).
- 8. In the *Expiration* menu, select radio button for: **Never**, **Expiration Date** or **Expiration Days** and provide an appropriate value.

NOTE: With VM devices, both Date and Days are synced with the ESXi Servers where the VMs are constantly being added, moved, and deleted, or if the Nodegrid managed device license becomes available.

Date (YYYY-MM-DD) The device is available until the specified date. After that date, it is set to Disabled mode, and the admin user has 10 days to take action. After 10 days, the device and its data is removed from the system.

Days (between 1 and 999999999) If no update on the device's configuration after the specified days, the device and its data is removed from the System (similar to a timeout).

9. In Inbound Access menu:

Select Skip authentication to access device (NONE authentication) checkbox (displays dialog).



Select **Skip in SSH sessions** checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **Skip in Telnet sessions** checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **Skip in Raw sessions** checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **Skip in Web sessions** checkbox (default: enabled).

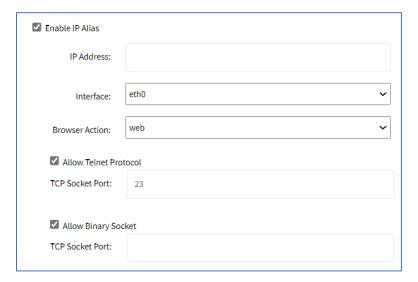
Enter **Escape Sequence** (default: ^Ec – Ctrl+Shift+E+c).

Enter **Power Control Key** (default: ^O – Ctrl+Shift+O).

Select Show Text Information checkbox.

Select Enable IP Alias checkbox (user can connect to a device with IP addresses).





Enter IP Address.

On Interface drop-down, select one (backplane0, eth0, loopback).

On Browser Action drop-down, select one (console, web).

Select Allow Telnet Protocol. Enter TCP Socket Port (default: 23).



Select Allow Binary Socket checkbox. Enter TCP Socket Port.



Select Enable Second IP Alias checkbox (same dialog as Enable IP Alias).
Select Allow SSH protocol checkbox. Enter SSH Port.



Select Allow Telnet protocol checkbox. Enter Telnet Port.



Select Allow Binary Socket checkbox. Enter TCP Socket Port.



Allow Binary Socket	
TCP Socket Port:	

10. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

This example provides some of the configurations provided above.

- 1. Go to /settings/devices
- 2. Use the edit command with the port name to change the port configuration. Multiple ports can be defined.
- 3. Use the show command to display current values.
- 4. Use the set command for:

```
baud_rate (set to the correct speed matching device settings or to Auto)
parity (None (default), Odd, or Even)
flow_control (None (default), Software, Hardware)
data_bits (5, 6, 7, 8 (default))
stop_bits (1)
rs-232_signal_for_device_state_detection (DCD (default), None, CTS)
mode (Enabled, On-Demand, Disabled)
```

5. Use the commit command to change the settings.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# edit ttyS2
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# show
name: ttyS2
type: local_serial
address_location =
coordinates =
web url =
launch_url_via_html5 = yes
baud rate = 9600
parity = None
flow_control = None
data_bits = 8
stop bits = 1
rs-232_signal_for_device_state_detection = DCD
enable_device_state_detection_based_in_data_flow = no
enable_hostname_detection = no
multisession = yes
read-write_multisession = no
```

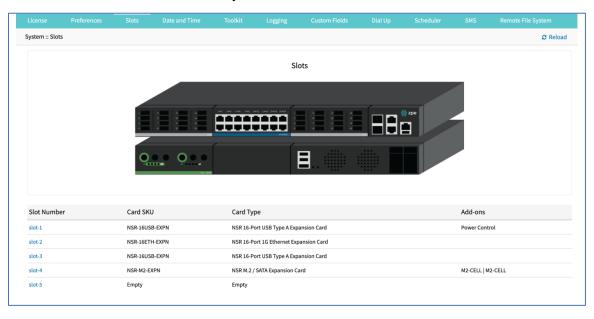


```
icon = terminal.png
mode = disabled
skip_authentication_to_access_device = no
escape_sequence = ^Ec
power_control_key = ^0
show text information = yes
enable_ip_alias = no
enable_second_ip_alias = no
allow_SSH_protocol = yes
SSH port =
allow_telnet_protocol = yes
telnet_port = 7002
allow_binary_socket = no
data_logging = no
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=enabled baud_rate=Auto
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```

Configure USB Mode

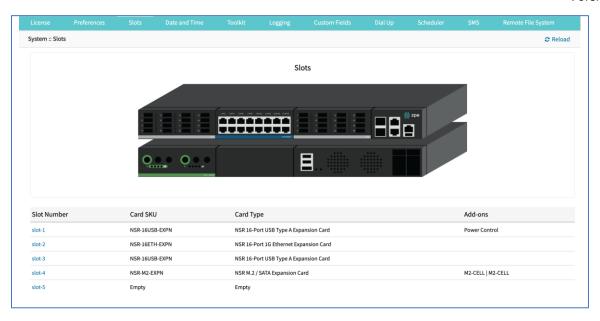
WebUI Procedure

1. To confirm the USB card supports USB Passthrough, go to *System :: Slots :: Supported cards* . Check the *Add-ons* column for an entry: **Power Control**.



- 2. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 3. On the list, locate the USB and click the Name (displays dialog).
- 4. On the **Access** tab, *USB Mode* menu:





Select Host radio button:



On Initial State drop-down, select one (On, Off, Last State).

NOTE: The device with an internal USB serial adapter provides the power for the adapter. Power control setting does not affect power to the USB.

Select Passthrough radio button:



NOTE: When a device's Passthrough mode is enabled, its peer is also set to Passthrough mode.

5. Click Save.

Configure SSH Key Authentication

For added security, devices can be configured to authenticate via SSH keys. When enabled, SSH is connected with key pairs (user does not require password).

NOTE: Not all devices support this feature.

1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Access.



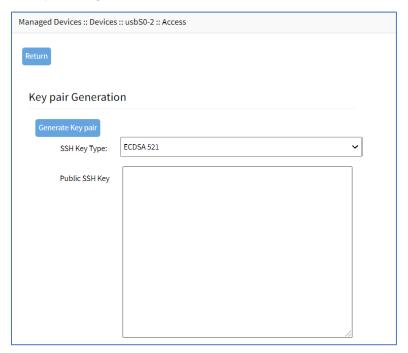
2. Select Allow Pre-shared SSH Key checkbox.



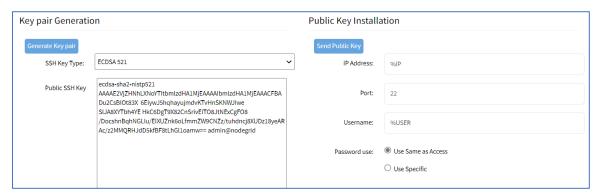
- 3. Click Save.
- 4. The SSH Keys button displays next to the Save and Return buttons.



5. Click **SSH Keys** (displays dialog).



- On SSH Key Type drop-down, select one (ECDSA 521, ECDSA 384, ECDSA 256, ED25519, DSA 1024, RSA 4096, RSA 2048, RSA 1024).
- 7. Click Generate Pair Keys.





8. For **Password Use** setting, select **Use Same as Access** for the current account. Alternatively, select **Use Specific** and set new **Password** with **Confirm Password**.



9. Click **Send Public Key** (sends key to the device). On a connection to a Managed Device with Preshared SSH Key enabled, username is still required. If the device fails to authenticate, at the prompt, enter the password. If an error message displays, resolve and click again.

NOTE: Not all devices support the **Send Public Key** feature. If not, manually copy the **Public SSH Key** textbox contents to the device.

10. Click Return (goes back to the Access sub-tab view).

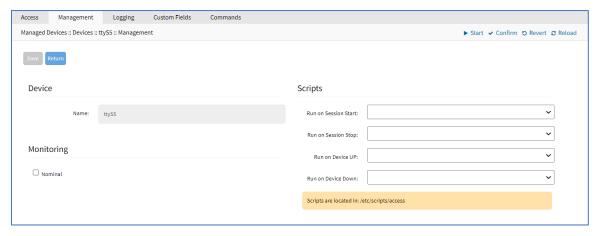
Enable Launch URL with Chrome Forwarder extension

(Chrome browser only) This requires Chrome Forwarder extension. This reduces resource usage by redirecting to a web server. This provides the same behavior as the HTML5 frame. The device's interface can be viewed in full-screen mode rather than a windowed frame.

Install Chrome Forwarder Extension and Activate

- 1. Open Google Chrome and go to https://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/nodegrid-web-access-exten/cmcpkbfnablakhllgdmbhkedpoengpik
- 2. Click Add to Chrome.
- 3. When the extension is installed, go to Managed Devices :: Oevices :: <device name> :: Access.
- 4. Select Launch URL via Forwarder checkbox.
- 5. Click Save.

Management sub-tab

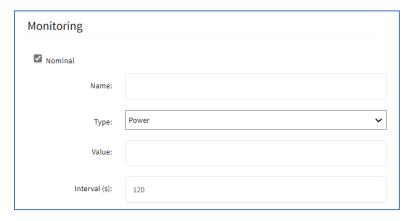




Configure Management of Device

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Management.
- 2. On Device menu, Name is read-only.
- 3. On Monitoring menu:

Select Nominal checkbox (expands dialog):



Enter Name.

On Type drop-down, select one (Power, Apparent Power, Current, Voltage, Frequency, etc.).

Enter Value.

Enter Interval (s) (default: 120).

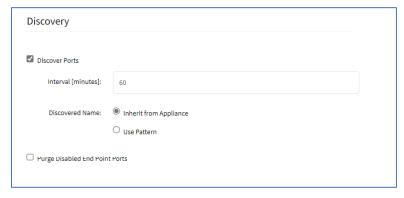
- 4. In the Scripts menu, select an available script for the appropriate device status drop-down list: Copy the scripts to /etc/scripts/access folder before assignment to a device status condition. Each script must be executable with user privileges. The customer or a professional services provider can create the custom script.
 - On Run on Session Start drop-down, select one.
 - On Run on Session Stop drop-down, select one.
 - On Run on Device UP drop-down, select one.
 - On Run on Device Down drop-down, select one.
- 5. Click Save.

Configure Discovery (Appliances only)

This configures the discovery process for the Appliance (i.e., Console Server).

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Management.
- 2. Scroll to this section.





3. Select Discovery Ports checkbox.

Enter Set Interval (minutes).

In *Discovered Name* menu, select one:

Inherit from Appliance radio button.

Use Pattern radio button.

4. (optional) Select Purge Disabled End Point Ports checkbox.



5. Click Save.

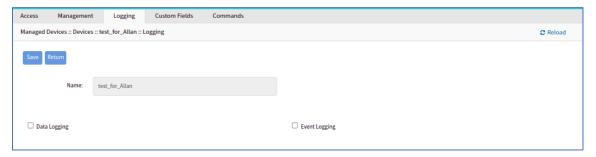
Logging sub-tab

Data logs capture all session information sent and received from a device. This feature is available to log all text-based sessions (serial or SSH-based).

Data Logging and Event Logging can be configured to collect information and create event notifications, based on custom scripts triggered by events. Defined alert strings (simple text match or regular expression pattern) are evaluated against the data source stream (during data collection). Events are generated for each match.

NOTE: Custom scripts can be created by the customer or a professional services provider.

For data log events, copy scripts to the /etc/scripts/datalog folder. For event logs, copy scripts to /etc/scripts/events folder. Each script must be executable with user privileges.





Enable Data Logging and Triggered Alerts

Session data is recorded even if no user is connected. System messages are logged when pushed to console sessions. Location of data logs (local or remote) is based on Auditing settings.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Logging.
- 2. Scroll to this section.

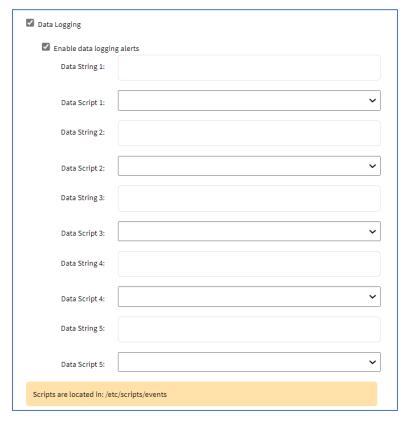


3. Select Data Logging checkbox (expands dialog).



4. Select Enable data logging alerts checkbox (expands dialog).





Enter Data String 1 (that triggers alert).

On Data Script 1 drop-down, select a script.

Repeat for additional triggers.

5. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/logging
- Use the set command to change the data_logging value to yes.
- 3. Use the set command to change the enable_data_logging_alerts value to yes.
- 4. Define for data_string_1 string or regular expression which will be matched against the data stream.
- 5. Define for data_script_1 an available script in case a custom script should be executed.
- 6. If needed, repeat for data_string_2 and data_script_2.
- 7. Save the changes with commit

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# /settings/devices/Device_Console_Serial/logging/
[admin@nodegrid /]#set data_logging=yes
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set enable_data_logging_alerts=yes
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set data_string_1="String"
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set data_script_1=ShutdownDevice_sample.sh
```



[+admin@nodegrid logging]#commit

Enable Event Logging and Triggered Alerts

NOTE: If *Event Logging* does not appear on the **Logging** sub-tab, it is not available on the selected device.

This feature logs events for Service Processor and IPMI sessions. When enabled, the System collects Service Processor Event Log data. The type of collected data depends on the Service Process functions and configuration.

The settings control the interval of collected information (# = 1-999, and time = minutes-hour). Location of data logs (local or remote) is based on *Auditing* section settings.

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Logging.

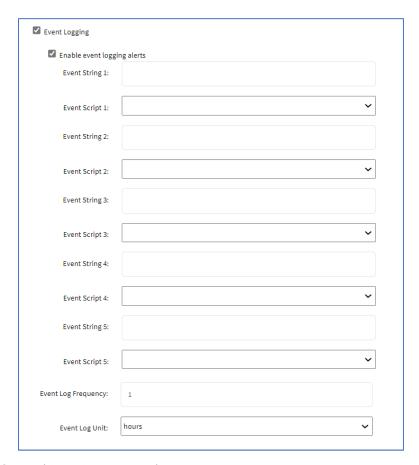


2. Select Event Logging checkbox (expands dialog).



3. Select Enable Event Logging Alerts checkbox (expands dialog).





Enter Event String 1 (that triggers alert).

On Event Script 1 drop-down, select one.

Repeat for additional triggers.

- 4. Adjust **Event Log Frequency** (1 9999)
- 5. On Event Log Unit drop-down, select one (hours, minutes).
- 6. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/logging
- 2. Use the set command to change the event_logging value to yes
- Use the set command to adjust event_log_frequency and event_log_unit as needed: event_log_frequency range from 1 - 9999 event_log_unit options hours or minutes
- 4. Use the set command to change the enable_event_logging_alerts value to yes
- 5. For event_string_1, define the text string or regular expression (to be matched against the data stream).
- 6. For event_script_1 define an available script (if a custom script should be executed).

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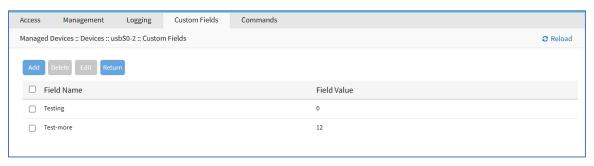


- 7. As needed, define event_string_2 and event_script_2.
- 8. Save the changes with commit

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# /settings/devices/ipmi/logging/
[admin@nodegrid /]#set event_logging=yes
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set event_log_frequency=1
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set event_log_unit=hours
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set enable_event_logging_alerts=yes
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set event_string_1="String"
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#set event_script_1=PowerCycleDevice_sample.sh
[+admin@nodegrid logging]#commit
```

Custom Fields sub-tab

Each device type has a collection of commands to access device of that type. Generally, the default configuration is sufficient and is the recommended option.



As needed, admin users can:

Disable or change existing commands

Enable any (by default) disabled commands

Assign custom commands to a device

Remove access to specific commands from certain users or groups (with user and group authorization)

Changes to the default command settings affect all users and require careful consideration.

Commands available depend on the device type. For example, the KVM command (enable Service Processor KVM session support) is only available to Service Processor devices. The Outlet command is available to all device types.

Custom Commands can be created with custom scripts, for all device types. Custom Commands can support for a wide range of different functions (such as additional session options and specific custom device tasks).

NOTE: Custom scripts can be created by the customer or a professional services provider.

Add Custom Field



- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Field Name.
- 4. Enter Field Value.
- 5. Click Save.

Edit Custom Field

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Locate the custom field and select the checkbox.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).



- 4. Edit the Field Value, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

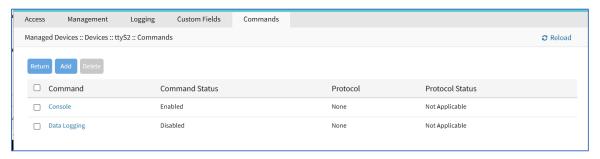
Delete Custom Field

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Custom Fields.
- 2. Locate the custom field and select the checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.



Commands sub-tab

While Custom Commands can be executed through the WebUI and CLI, feedback and output of Custom Commands is only available on the CLI and not on the WebUI.



About Custom Scripts

Custom scripts required the following conditions:

Written in Python

"Command label" must match a function within the script

Located in /etc/scripts/custom commands

Custom script example:

```
# FILE NAME: custom_command.py
def shell_script_global_env(dev):
   # User variables
    int_var = 1234
   bool_var = False
   str_var = "Hello World"
    # Setting global environment variables
    # Use lower_case format names to not change system variables accidentally
   # Use string values
    os.environ['device_name'] = dev.device_name
    os.environ['device_ip'] = dev.ip
    os.environ['int_var'] = str(int_var)
    os.environ['bool_var'] = str(bool_var)
    os.environ['str_var'] = str_var
    shell_script_path = "/etc/scripts/custom_commands/echo_environment.sh"
    # Call shell script
    os.system(shell_script_path)
```

Create Commands (Outlet, SSH, Telnet, Web)

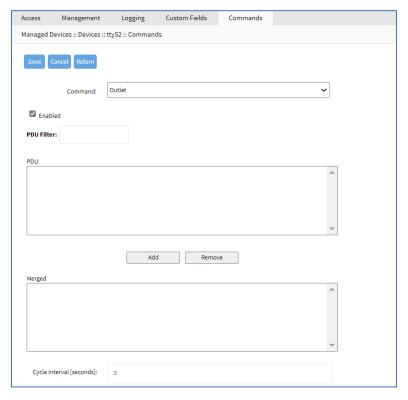
This integrates Out-of-Band and Console-like configurations with the In-Band command.

WebUI Procedure

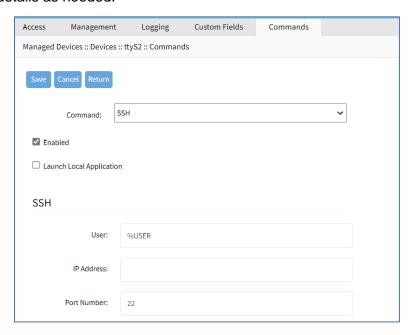
- 1. Copy the custom script into /etc/scripts/custom_commands
- Go to Managed Devices :: Oevices :: <device name> :: Commands.
- 3. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 4. In **Command** drop-down, select one (dialog changes depending on selection).

Outlet. Enter details as needed.



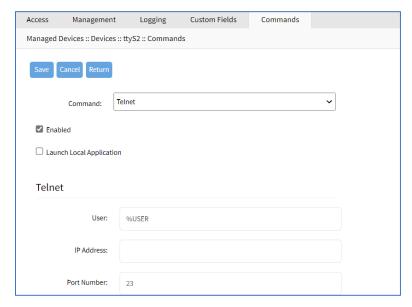


SSH. Enter details as needed.



Telnet. Enter details as needed.





Web (if available). Select Enabled checkbox.



5. When done, click Save.

Device Access via RDP

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Commands.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. In Command drop-down, select KVM.
- 4. Select **Enabled** checkbox.
- 5. On **Protocol** drop-down, select one:
- 6. On **Type Extension** drop-down, select one.
- 7. Click Save.

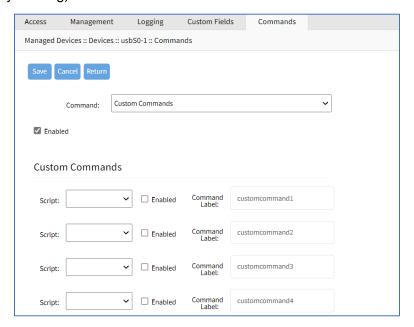
Create Custom Commands

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: <device name> :: Commands.



2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. In Command drop-down, select Custom Commands.
- 4. Select Enable checkbox.
- 5. In Custom Commands menu

On **Script** drop-down, select one.

Next to drop-down, select **Enabled** checkbox.

Adjust **Command Label** to match the command option in the script.

- 6. As needed, repeat for additional Scripts.
- 7. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/commands
- Use the add command to create a new custom field.
- 3. Use the set command to define a field_name and field_value.
- 4. Save the changes with commit

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# /settings/devices/Serial_Console/commands/
[admin@nodegrid /]#add
[+admin@nodegrid commands]#set command=custom_commands
[+admin@nodegrid commands]#set custom_command_enabled1=yes
[+admin@nodegrid commands]#set custom_command_script1=SSH.py
[+admin@nodegrid commands]#set custom_command_label1=SSH
[+admin@nodegrid commands]#commit
```



Views tab

On this page, an admin can create and manage a device-based tree structure. This can be configured for specific organizational or physical structure layouts. Groups may also be used to aggregate monitoring values like a rack or room level.

Tree sub-tab

This displays the tree structure. On first opening, the roots are shown: Devices, Appliances, Groups.



View Tree Branches

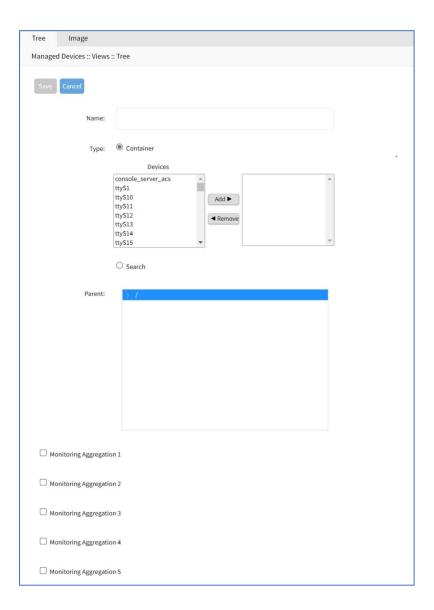
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Click the right icon to display the next branch level.
- 2. If further branch levels are available, click the right icon to expand the branch.
- 3. To contract the branch, click the down icon.

Add a Branch Item

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Views :: Tree.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



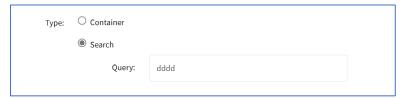


- 3. Enter a Name.
- 4. To include in *Contains*, in *Devices* panel:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add**▶ to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

5. To search for an item, select **Search** radio button. Opens a search dialog to locate and select.

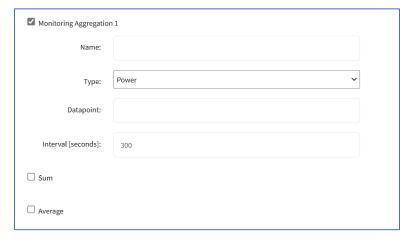


6. To select a **Parent**, click on the solid bar, expand the tree to locate the parent for this addition.





7. As needed, select Monitoring Aggregation checkbox.



Enter Name

On Type drop-down, select one (Power, Apparent Power, Power Factor, Current, Voltage, Frequency, Temperature, Humidity, Fan Speed, Time Left, Counter, Percent).

Enter Datapoint.

Enter Interval (seconds).

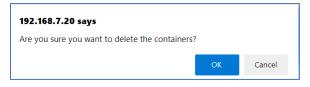
Select Sum checkbox or Average checkbox.

- 8. (as needed) Repeat for other Aggregations.
- 9. When done, click Save.

Delete a Branch Item

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Views :: Tree.
- 2. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).

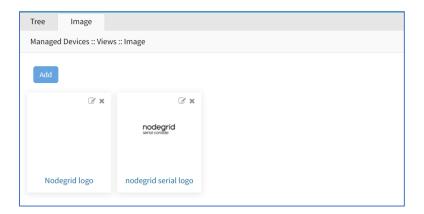


3. Click OK.

Image sub-tab

Available images are shown on this page.

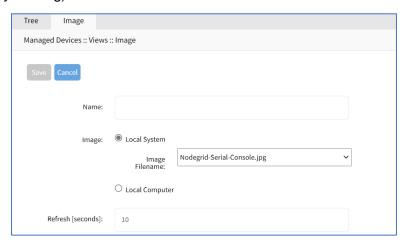




Add Image

WebUI Procedure

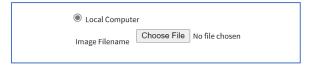
- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Views :: Image.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. In Image menu:

Select Local System radio button, then select from the Image Filename drop-down.

Select Local Computer radio button.



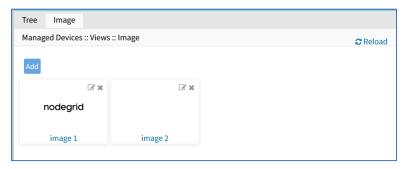
Click Choose File, then locate and select the graphic file.

5. Click Save.

Add Image Property Details

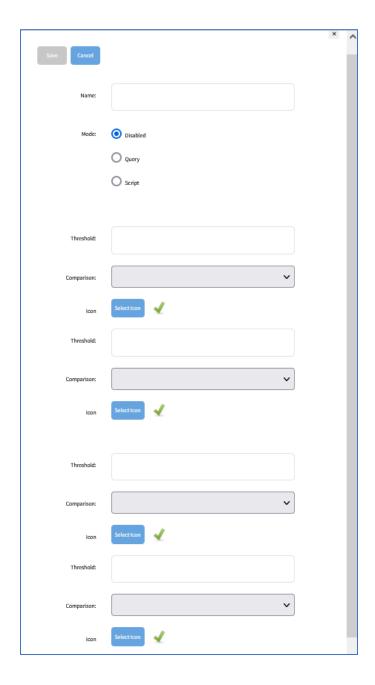


1. Go to Managed Devices :: Views :: Image.



- 2. Click on an image to display.
- 3. Right-click on the image (displays properties dialog).





- 4. Enter Name.
- 5. In Mode menu, select one:

Disabled radio button:





Query radio button:



Enter Query

Enter Field

Script radio button:



On Script drop-down, select one.

6. In Threshold menu:

Enter a Threshold value

On the Comparison drop-down select one

Click Icon and select from the dialog



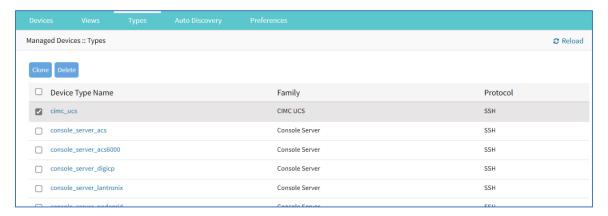
(as needed) Enter details for another Threshold (up to 4).

7. Click Save.

Types tab

Administrators can manage Device Type settings for customized versions of existing device types. There are situations when the device type default value does not match with customer's default values. The admin can clone, edit, or delete existing device types. Settings can be adjusted as needed. When saved, new settings are immediately effective for all devices with that device type.



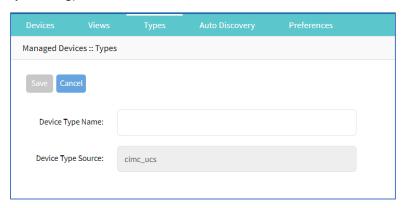


Manage Types

Clone a Type

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Types.
- 2. Locate and select the checkbox of the type to be cloned.
- 3. Click Clone (displays dialog)



- 4. Enter Device Type Name.
- 5. Click Save.

Clone Validation

Ensure the source device is correctly configured. After the clone is created, use this verification process:

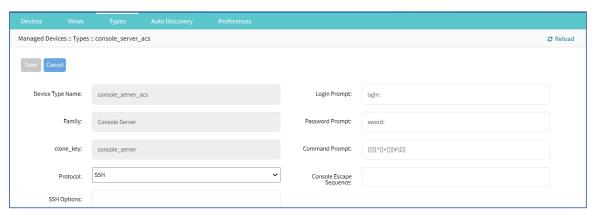
- 1. Access the clone to verify username, password and IP address is correct.
- 2. Audit the log files to verify data logging and event logging settings are correct.
- 3. Simulate events and check if any notification is created.
- 4. Verify events are detected on the data and event logs.
- 5. Verify that the device is in the correct authorization group with proper access rights.



Edit a Device Type

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Types.
- 2. In the Device Type Name column, locate and click on the name.

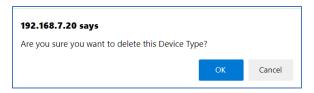


- 3. Modify details as needed:
- 4. Click Save.

Delete a Type

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Types.
- 2. Locate and select the checkbox to be deleted.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).



4. Click OK.

Auto Discovery tab

The System automatically discovers and adds network devices, enabled ports on console servers, KVM switches, and VMware (virtual serial ports and virtual machines).

Auto Discovery Configuration Process

Auto Discovery Process

This is the process to configure auto discovery on various devices.

1. Create a template device. (For each device type, a template device must be created.)



Clone is recommended. The template needs to include all the settings as for an end device, except connection details to the discovered devices.

- For network devices, create a Network Scan.
- 3. For virtual machines, create a Virtual Manager.
- 4. For all devices, create a Discovery Rule.

Discovery rules must be associated with the template device. These rules determine action taken on every discovered device.

5. Start the discovery process.

This process automatically starts when a device is added to the Nodegrid Platform. A manual discovery process can be started from the WebUI (*Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discover Now*) or CLI (/settings/auto_discovery/discover_now/).



Auto Discovery Configurations

Auto Discovery: Configure Console Server

The Console Server appliances can be discovered using the Network Devices process. Use the Auto Discovery process to automatically add and configure managed devices for third-party console server ports and KVM switch ports.

Step 1 – Create a Template Device

The template device must be created first. In this process, only enter the details listed.

- Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter **Name** (of the template).
- 4. In the **Type** drop-down, select one (console_server_acs, console_server_acs6000, console_server_lantronix, console_server_opengear, console_server_digicp, console_server_raritan, console_server_perle).
- 5. For IP Address, enter 127.0.0.1
- 6. Select Ask During Login checkbox.
- 7. In End Point menu, select one



Serial Port radio button.

KVM Port radio button.

Enter Port Number.

- 8. On **Mode** drop-down, select **Disabled** (ensures the device is not displayed on the Access page).
- Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices
- 2. Use the add command to create a new device.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
name
```

```
type (console_server_acs, console_server_acs6000, console_server_lantronix, console_server_opengear, console_server_digicp, console_server_raritan, console_server_perle) ip_address as 127.0.0.1

Set credential to Ask During Login endpoint (serial_port or kvm_port) port_number (port number)

Set mode to disabled
```

4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=Console_Server_Port_Template
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=console_server_acs6000
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=127.0.0.1
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set end_point=serial_port
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set port_number=1
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=ask_during_login
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=disabled
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```

Step 2 - Create a Discovery Rule

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).



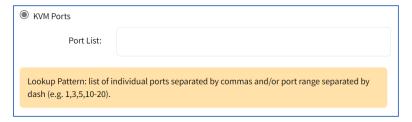


- 3. Enter Rule Name.
- 4. On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).
- 5. In Discovery Method menu, select one:

Console Server Ports radio button. Enter Port List (list of ports to scan (i.e., 1,3,5,10-20).



KVM Ports radio button. Enter Port List (list of ports to scan (i.e., 1,3,5,10-20).



- 6. (optional) In *Host or VM Identifier* menu, enter parameter to further filter (if provided, part of port name must match value).
- 7. On Action drop-down, select what to do when a new device is discovered (Clone (Mode: Enabled), Clone (Mode: On-Demand), Clone (Mode: Discovered), Discard Discovered Devices).
- 8. In the Clone from drop-down, select the template device (created earlier).
- 9. Click Save.

After the appliance is created, the Nodegrid Platform automatically starts discovering attached devices (based on the created Discovery Rules).

This process takes several minutes.





CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
- 2. Use the add command to create a Discovery Rule.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
rule_name (for the Discovery Rule)
status for the rule (enabled, disabled)
method set to console_server_ports or kvm_ports
port_list (list of ports which should be scanned – i.e., 1,3,5,10-20)
host_identifier parameter (apply as a filter)
(If a value is provided, part of the port name must match the value.)
```

- 4. For action (enter action taken when a new device is discovered) (clone_mode_enabled, clone_mode_on-demand, clone_mode_discovered, discard_device).
- 5. clone from (template device created earlier).
- 6. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
[admin@nodegrid discovery_rules]# add
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set rule_name=Console_Server_Ports
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set status=enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set method=console_server_ports
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set port_list=1-48
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set action=clone_mode_enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set clone_from=Console_Server_Ports_Template
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# commit
```

After the appliance was created, the Nodegrid Platform automatically starts discovery of attached devices based on the created Discovery Rules.

This process takes several minutes.



Auto Discovery: Configure Network Devices

Network appliances can be automatically discovered and added to the Nodegrid Platform. This includes appliances which support Telnet, SSH, ICMP, Console Servers, KVM Switches or IMPI protocols plus others.

Appliances can be discovered through various methods, in combination or singly:

- Similar Devices (select one of the devices from the drop-down),
- Port Scan and enter a list of ports in the Port List field,
- Ping
- DHCP (via MAC Address)

Setup is a three-step process.

Step 1 - Create a Template Device

The device must be created first. In this process, only enter the details listed.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter **Name** (of the template).
- 4. In the **Type** drop-down, select one (device_console, ilo, imm, drac, idrac6, ipmi1.5, impi2.0, ilom, cimc_ucs, netapp, infrabox, pdu).
- 5. For **IP Address**, enter **127.0.0.1**
- 6. Enter Username
- 7. Enter Password and Confirm Password.

Alternatively, select **Ask During Login** checkbox (user credentials are entered during login).

- 8. On **Mode** drop-down, select **Disabled** (ensures the device is not displayed on the Access page).
- 9. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices
- 2. Use the add command to create a new device.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

name

type (device_console, ilo, imm, drac, idrac6, ipmi1.5, impi2.0, ilom, cimc_ucs, netapp, infrabox, pdu*)

ip_address as 127.0.0.1



username and password (of the device) or set credential ask_during_login

set mode to disabled

4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=Network_Template
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=device_console
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=127.0.0.1
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=ask_during_login

or

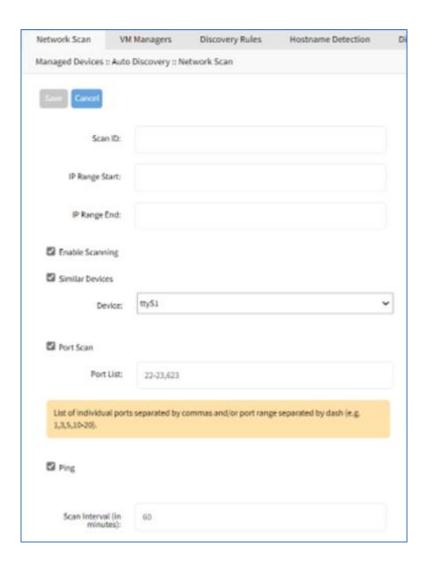
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=set_now
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set username=admin password=admin

[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=disabled
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=disabled
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```

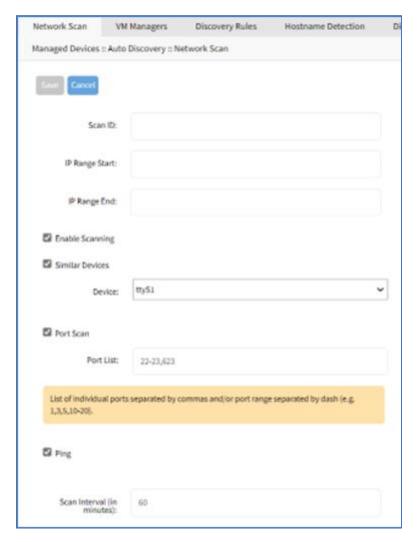
Step 2 - Create a Network Scan

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Network Scan.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).









- 3. Enter Name (of Scan ID).
- 4. Enter IP Range Start.
- 5. Enter IP Range End.
- 6. Select Similar Devices checkbox.

On **Device** drop-down, select an existing template (to identify devices).

- 7. Select Enable Scanning checkbox.
- 8. Select Port Scan checkbox.

Enter **Port List** (ports to be scanned, i.e., "2", "3,104", 11-20).

- 9. Select **Ping** checkbox (enables Ping function).
- 10. In Scan interval (in minutes), enter a value.
- 11. Click Save.

CLI Procedure



- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/network_scan/
- 2. Use the add command to create a Network Scan.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
scan_id (name for the Network Scan)

ip_range_start and ip_range_end (define a network range to be scanned)

Set enable_scanning to yes to enable the scan
```

4. Define one or more of the three scan methods:

```
similar_devices (set device to match one of the existing devices or templates port_scan (set to yes)
set port_list (to a list of ports reachable on the device)
ping (no further settings are required)
```

- 5. Set scan_interval (when to scan, in minutes).
- 6. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/network_scan/
[admin@nodegrid network_scan]# add
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set scan_id=SSH_Console
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set ip_range_start=192.168.10.1
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set ip_range_end=192.168.10.254
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set enable_scanning=yes
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set similar_devices=yes
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set device= network_template
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set port_scan=yes
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set port_list=22
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set ping=no
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# set scan_interval=100
[+admin@nodegrid {network_scan}]# commit
```

Step 3 - Create a Discovery Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name (of the Discovery Rule).
- 4. On **Status** drop-down, select (**Enabled**, **Disabled**).
- 5. In Discovery Method menu:

Select **Network Scan** checkbox.

On Scan ID drop-down, select the created Network Scan ID.



- 7. (optional) In *Host or VM Identifier* menu, enter parameter to further filter (if provided, part of port name must match value).
- 8. On Action drop-down, select what to do when a new device is discovered (Clone (Mode: Enabled), Clone (Mode: On-Demand), Clone (Mode: Discovered), Discard Discovered Devices).
- 9. In the **Clone from** drop-down, select the template device created earlier.
- 10. Click Save.

The Nodegrid Platform automatically starts discovering devices, based on the created Discovery Rules.

This process takes several minutes.

CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
- 2. Use the add command to create a Discovery Rule.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
rule_name for the Discovery Rule
```

status for the discovered rule (enabled, disabled)

method set to network_scan

scan_id select a Network Scan ID created earlier

host_identifier parameter to further filer, if provided - part of the port name must match the value)

- 4. For action, select what should be done on a new device discovery (clone_mode_enabled, clone_mode_on-demand, clone_mode_discovered, discard_device).
- clone_from set to the template device created earlier.
- 6. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
[admin@nodegrid discovery_rules]# add
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set rule_name=Network_Scan
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set status=enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set method=network_scan

[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set scan_id=SSH_Console
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set action=clone_mode_enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set clone_from=Network_Template
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# commit
```

The Nodegrid Platform automatically starts discovering devices, based on the created Discovery Rules.

This process takes several minutes.



Auto Discovery: Configure DHCP Clients

The Nodegrid Platform can be used as a DHCP Server for Clients within the management network. These devices can be automatically discovered and added to the Nodegrid platform. This feature only supports DHCP Clients that receive DHCP lease from the local Nodegrid Platform.

Step 1 - Create a Template Device

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name (of the template).
- 4. For IP Address, enter 127.0.0.1
- 5. In the **Type** drop-down field, select one (device_console, ilo, imm, drac, idrac6, ipmi1.5, impi2.0, ilom, cimc_ucs, netapp, infrabox, pdu*).
- 6. Enter Username.
- 7. Enter Password and Confirm Password.

Alternatively, select Ask During Login checkbox (user credentials are entered during login).

- 8. Select **Mode Disabled** checkbox (ensures device is not displayed on Access page).
- 9. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/devices
- 2. Use the add command to create a new device,
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

name

type (device_console, ilo, imm, drac, idrac6, ipmi1.5, impi2.0, ilom, cimc_ucs, netapp, infrabox, pdu*)

ip_address as 127.0.0.1

username and password (of the device) or set credential ask_during_login

Set mode to disabled

Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=Network_Template
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=device_console
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=127.0.0.1
```



```
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=ask_during_login

or

[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set credential=set_now
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set username=admin password=admin

[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=disabled
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```

Step 2 - Create a Discovery Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Name.
- 4. On Status drop-down, select (Enabled, Disabled).
- 5. On Discovery Method menu:

Select **DHCP** checkbox.

- 6. (optional) To filter specific entries, enter MAC Address.
- 7. (optional) In *Host or VM Identifier* menu, enter parameter to further filter (if provided, part of port name must match value).
- 8. On Action drop-down, select what to do when a new device is discovered (Clone (Mode: Enabled), Clone (Mode: On-Demand), Clone (Mode: Discovered), Discard Discovered Devices).
- 9. In the Clone from drop-down, select the template device created earlier
- 10. Click Save.

After the rule is created, the device is automatically added to the system as soon as it receives a DHCP address or renews its DHCP address lease. The default for the address lease renewal is every 10 minutes.

CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
- 2. Use the add command to create a Discovery Rule.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

rule_name for the Discovery Rule

status for the discovered rule (enabled, disabled)

method set to dhcp

(optional) use the mac_address field to filter to these specific entries

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host_identifier parameter can be used to further apply a filter if a value is provided then part of the port name has to match the value

action - select what should be performed when a new device is discovered (clone_mode_enabled, clone_mode_on-demand, clone_mode_discovered, discard_device)

- 4. clone_from set to the template device created earlier.
- 5. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
[admin@nodegrid discovery_rules]# add
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set rule_name=Network_Scan
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set status=enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set method=dhcp
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set mac_address=00:0C:29
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set action=clone_mode_enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set clone_from=Network_Template
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# commit
```

Auto Discovery: Configure Virtual Machines

Virtual Machines which are managed by VMWare vCenter or run on ESXi can be discovered and managed directly on Nodegrid. The process will regularly scan vCenter or the ESXi host and detect newly added Virtual Machines. The virtual machines can be added as type virtual_console_vmware or virtual_serial_port.

NOTE: The free version of ESXi is not supported.

Step 1 – Create a Template Device

The device must be created first. In this process, only enter the details listed.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter **Name** (of the template).
- 4. In the **Type** drop-down, select one (virtual_console_vmware).
- For IP Address, enter 127.0.0.1
- 6. Enter Username.
- 7. Enter Password and Confirm Password.

Alternatively, select **Ask During Login** checkbox (user credentials are entered during login).

- 8. Select **Mode Disabled** checkbox (ensures device is not displayed on Access page).
- 9. Click Save.

CLI Procedure



- Go to /settings/devices
- 2. Use the add command to create a new device.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

name

```
type (virtual_console_vmware)
ip_address as 127.0.0.1
set mode to disabled
```

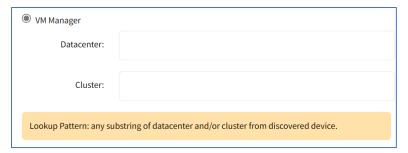
4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/devices
[admin@nodegrid devices]# add
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set name=Virtual_Machine_Template
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set type=virtual_console_vmware
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set ip_address=192.168.2.151
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# set mode=disabled
[admin@nodegrid {devices}]# commit
```

Step 2 - Create a Discovery Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).
- 3. Enter Rule Name.
- 4. On **Status** drop-down, select an item (**Enabled**, **Disabled**).
- 5. In *Discovery Method* menu, select **VM Manager**.



(optional) To filter the scan, enter **Datacenter** and **Cluster**.

- 6. (optional) In *Host or VM Identifier* menu, enter parameter to further filter (if provided, part of port name must match value).
- 7. On Action drop-down, select what to do when a new device is discovered (Clone (Mode: Enabled), Clone (Mode: On-Demand), Clone (Mode: Discovered), Discard Discovered Devices).



- 8. In the Clone from drop-down, select the template device (created earlier).
- 9. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
- 2. Use the add command to create a Discovery Rule.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
rule_name for the Discovery Rule
```

status for the discovered rule (enabled, disabled)

method set to vm_manager

Use datacenter and cluster to define filters based on Data Center and or Cluster

host_identifier parameter (apply as a filter)

(If a value is provided, part of the port name must match the value.)

- 4. For action (enter action taken when a new device is discovered) (clone_mode_enabled, clone_mode_on-demand, clone_mode_discovered, discard_device).
- clone_from (template device created earlier).
- 6. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/discovery_rules/
[admin@nodegrid discovery_rules]# add
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set rule_name=Virtual_Machine
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set status=enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set method=vm_manager
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set action=clone_mode_enabled
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# set clone_from=Vitual_Machine_Template
[admin@nodegrid {discovery_rules}]# commit
```

Step 3 - Define a VM Manager

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: VM Managers.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).
- 3. In VM Server, enter the vCenter/ESXi IP or FQDN.
- 4. Enter Username.
- 5. On Virtualization Type drop-down, select VMware.
- 6. Enter Password and Confirm Password.
- 7. Enter **HTML console port** (if needed).
- 8. Click Save.



The Nodegrid Platform connects to the vCenter or ESXi system.

This process takes several minutes.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Go to /settings/auto_discovery/vm_managers/
- 2. Use the add command to create a VM Manager.
- 3. Use the set command to define the following settings:

```
vm_server (vCenter/ESXi IP or FQDN)
```

Define username and password

Adjust the html_console_port (if needed)

4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# cd /settings/auto_discovery/vm_managers/
[admin@nodegrid vm_managers]# add
[admin@nodegrid {vm_managers}]# set vm_server=vCenter
[admin@nodegrid {vm_managers}]# set username=admin
[admin@nodegrid {vm_managers}]# set password=password
[admin@nodegrid {vm_managers}]# commit
```

The Nodegrid Platform connects to the vCenter or ESXi system.

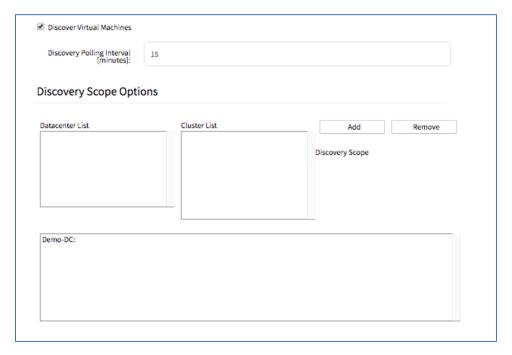
This process takes several minutes.

Step 4 - Enable Discover Virtual Machines

WebUI Procedure

1. Click on the newly created and connected VM Manager.





- 2. Select Discover Virtual Machines checkbox.
- 3. In **Discovery Polling Interval (minutes)**, enter a value.
- 4. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

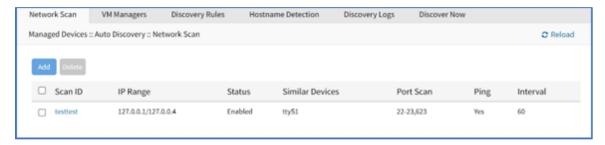
- 1. Log into the newly created VM Manager
- 2. Enable Discover Virtual Machines option.
- 3. Define the Data Center and Discovery Polling Interval.
- 4. Save the changes with commit.

```
[admin@nodegrid 192.168.2.217]# set html_console_port=7331,7343
[admin@nodegrid 192.168.2.217]# set discover_virtual_machines=yes
[admin@nodegrid 192.168.2.217]# set interval_in_minutes=15
[admin@nodegrid 192.168.2.217]# set discovery_scope=Demo-DC!
[admin@nodegrid 192.168.2.217]# commit
```

Network Scan sub-tab

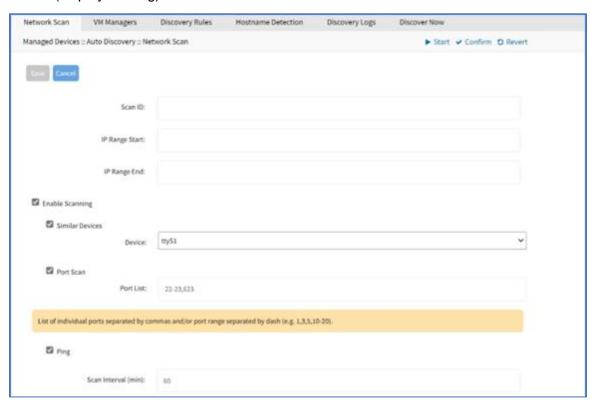
This lists available network scan setups.





Add Network Scan

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Network Scan.
- Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Name (of Scan ID).
- 4. Enter IP Range Start.
- 5. Enter IP Range End.
- 6. Select Enable Scanning checkbox.





Select Similar Devices checkbox (expands dialog)



On **Device** drop-down, select an existing template (to identify devices).

Select Port Scan checkbox (expands dialog)



Enter Port List (ports to be scanned, i.e., 2, 3, 11-20).

Select **Ping** checkbox (enables Ping function).

- 7. In Scan interval (in minutes), enter a value.
- 8. Click Save.

Edit Network Scan

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Network Scan.
- 2. In Scan ID column, click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Network Scan

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Network Scan.
- 2. Select the checkbox(es) of items to delete.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).

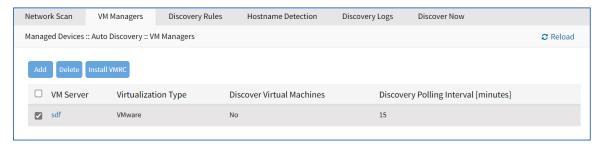




4. Click OK.

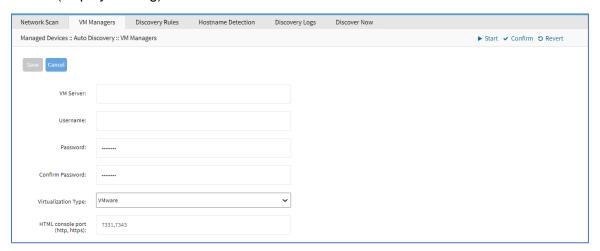
VM Manager sub-tab

This lists VM Managers.



Add VM Manager

- Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: VM Managers.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



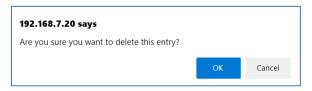
- 3. In VM Server, enter the *vCenter/ESXi* IP or FQDN.
- 4. Enter Username.
- 5. On Virtualization Type drop-down, select VMware.
- 6. Enter Password and Confirm Password.
- 7. Enter **HTML console port** (if needed).
- 8. Click Save.



Delete VM Manager

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: VM Managers.
- 2. Select the checkbox(es) of items to delete.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).

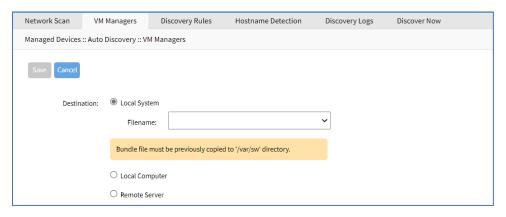


4. Click OK.

Install VMRC

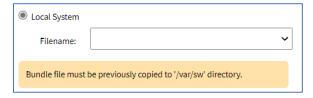
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: VM Managers.
- Click Install VMRC (displays dialog).

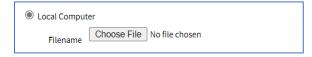


3. In *Destination* menu, select one:

Local System radio button . On Filename, select from drop-down



Local Computer radio button. On File Name, click Choose File (locate and select).



Remote Server radio button. Enter URL, Username, and Password.



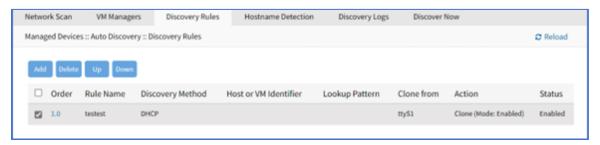
(as needed) Select Download path is absolute path name checkbox.



4. Click Save.

Discovery Rules sub-tab

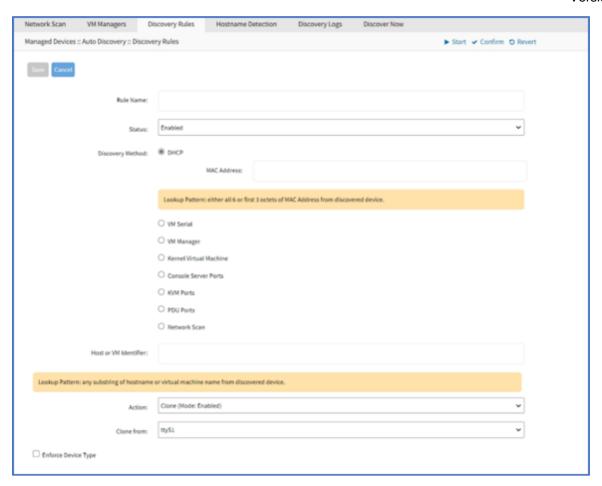
This lists all available discovery rules.



Add Discovery Rule

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





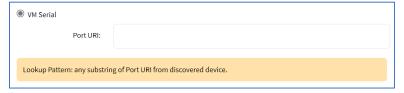
- 3. Enter Rule Name.
- 4. On Status drop-down, select (Enabled, Disabled).
- 5. In Discovery Method menu, select one and enter associated details.

DHCP radio button (expands dialog).



Enter MAC Address.

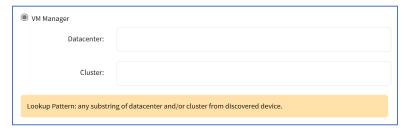
VM Serial radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Port URL.



VM Manager radio button (expands dialog).



Enter **Description**.

Enter Cluster.

Kernel Virtual Machine radio button.

Console Server Ports radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Port List.

KVM Ports radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Port List.

PDU Ports radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Port List.

Network Scan radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Scan ID.



- 6. (optional) In *Host or VM Identifier* menu, enter parameter to further filter (if provided, part of port name must match value).
- 7. On Action drop-down, select what to do when a new device is discovered (Clone (Mode: Enabled), Clone (Mode: On-Demand), Clone (Mode: Discovered), Discard Discovered Devices).
- 8. On Clone from drop-down, select appropriate template device.
- 9. Select **Enforce Device Type** checkbox.
- 10. Click Save.

Edit Discovery Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. In the *Order* column, click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete Discovery Rule

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- 2. Select the checkbox(es) of items to delete.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).



4. Click OK.

Move Discovery Rule Priorities Up/Down

WebUI Procedure

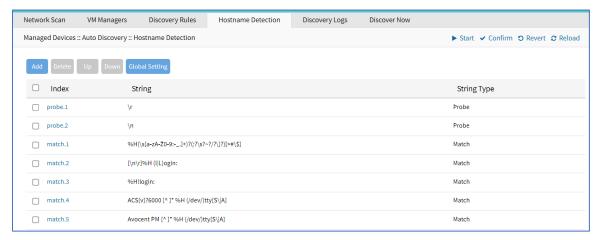
- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Rules.
- Select the checkbox(es) of items.
- 3. Click **Up** or **Down** to move the sequence.

Hostname Detection sub-tab

Hostname (network or serial) is automatically discovered when logged into the Nodegrid Platform, based on user access permissions. By default, Nodegrid devices include probes and matches for these device types: PDUs, NetApp, Console Servers, Device Consoles, and Service Processors.



Nodegrid sends a probe and waits for a match. If no match, a second probe is sent. This is repeated until a match occurs, then the probe process stops.



Enable Hostname Detection

After hostname detection is enabled, it runs only once and then reverts to disabled.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click on the device **Name** (displays dialog).
- 3. On the Access sub-tab, scroll down to locate and select **Enable Hostname Detection** checkbox.



4. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

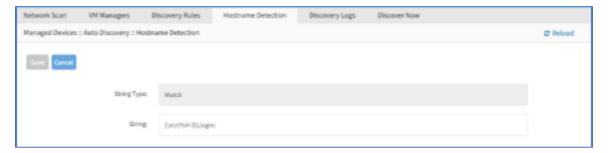
- 1. Go to /settings/devices/<device name>/access
- 2. Set enable_hostname_detection to yes
- 3. Save the changes with commit

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# /settings/devices/Device_Console_Serial/access/
[admin@nodegrid /]# set enable_hostname_detection=yes
[+admin@nodegrid /]# commit
```

Create a Probe or Match

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Hostname Detection.
- 2. Click **Add** (displays dialog).





- 3. On String Type drop-down, select one (Match, Probe).
- 4. Enter **String** (characters for Match or Probe).

NOTE: For String Type: Matches, RegEx expressions are allowed. Use the variable %H to indicate the location of the hostname.

5. Click Save.

CLI Procedure

- Go to /settings/auto_discovery/hostname_detection/string_settings
- 2. Type add
- 3. Use the set command to define string_type (match, probe)
- 4. Use the set command to define a probe or match string
- 5. Make active
- 6. Save the changes with commit

NOTE: For Matches RegEx expressions are allowed. Use the variable %H to indicate the location of the hostname

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# /settings/auto_discovery/hostname_detection/string_settings
[admin@nodegrid /]# add
[admin@nodegrid /]# set string_type=match
[+admin@nodegrid /]# set match_string=[\a\r]%H{I|L)ogin:
[+admin@nodegrid /]# active
[+admin@nodegrid /]# commit
```

Delete a Probe or Match

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Hostname Detection.
- 2. Select checkbox(es).
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On pop-up confirmation dialog, click **OK**.





Move Hostname Detection Priorities Up/Down

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Hostname Detection.
- 2. Select the checkbox(es) of items.
- 3. Click **Up** or **Down** to move the sequence.

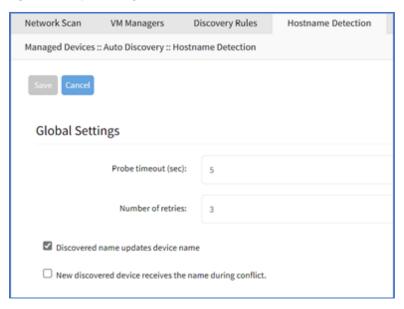
Modify Hostname Detection Global Setting

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Hostname Detection.



2. Click Global Settings (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter **Probe timeout (sec)** (max time to wait for output) (default: 5).
- 4. Enter Number of retries (number of times probe is resent if no output) (default: 3).
- Select **Discovered name updates device name** checkbox (enabled by default)
 If disabled, no devices names are updated, even if a match is found.)



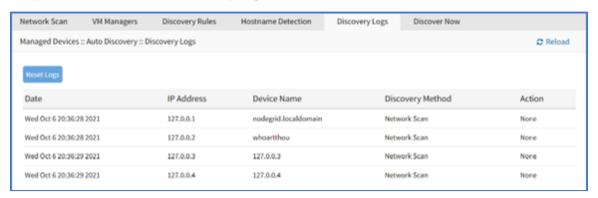
6. Select New discovered device receives the name during conflict checkbox.

If enabled, and multiple devices have the same name, the latest discovered device receives the name.

7. Click Save.

Discovery Logs sub-tab

This displays the available Auto Discovery logs.



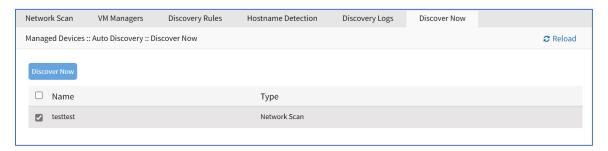
Reset Logs

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discovery Logs.
- Click Reset Logs (clears the table listing).



Discover Now sub-tab



Start Discovery



- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Auto Discovery :: Discover Now.
- 2. On the list, select checkboxes.
- 3. Click Discover Now.

This manually runs the auto discovery process for the selected item(s).

Preferences tab

Administrators can define various preferences options that are applied to all sessions.

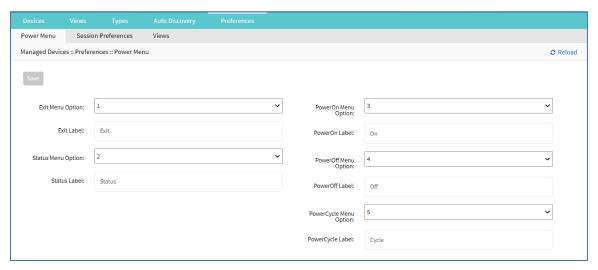
Power Menu sub-tab

This configures preferences for defined order and labeling of the power menu as it appears in a console session.

Edit Power Menu Settings

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: Preferences :: Power Menu.



2. On Exit Menu Option drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).

Enter Exit Label.

3. On Status Menu Option drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).

Enter Status Label.

4. On PowerOn Menu Option drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).

Enter PowerOn Label.

5. On PowerOff Menu Option drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).

Enter PowerOff Label.

6. On PowerCycle Menu Option drop-down, select one (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).



Enter PowerCycle Label.

7. Click Save.

Session Preferences sub-tab

This defines session preferences. Often, it is difficult to exist a specific console session without affecting other sessions in the chain. The Disconnect HotKey closes the current active session in a chain. Configuring this hot key is useful when multiple sessions are open, i.e., a console session started from within a console session; or cascaded console sessions.

Configure Disconnect HotKey to Terminate Session

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: Preferences :: Session Preferences.



- 2. In **Disconnect HotKey**, create a key sequence that terminates the session.
- 3. Select **Terminate session** checkbox.

When enabled, on Disconnect HotKey, all connected sessions are closed – and the user is returned to the main shell prompt.

If disabled, on Disconnect HotKey, only the current session is closed.

4. Click Save.

Views sub-tab

This changes how columns are displayed, as well as creating custom columns.

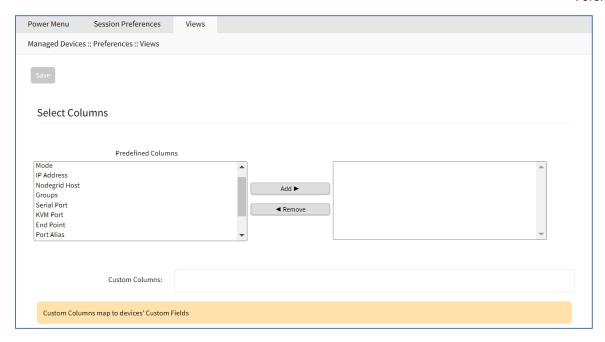
Change Table Column Preferences

Column selections and arrangements are stored on the local computer. This column layout is not available when logged into another device.

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Managed Devices :: Preferences :: Views.





2. To add columns to right panel:

In *Predefined Columns*, select and click **Add**▶.

- To remove columns from right panel:
 In right side panel, select and click ◀Remove.
- 4. Click Save.

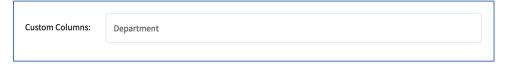
Step 1 – Create Custom Columns (per Device)

These provide additional organization of data on connected devices, custom columns can be created and enabled. This is a two-step process. First create the custom column, then add the custom column(s) to the individual device.

This two-step procedure connects the device's custom column to the device's custom field displayed in tables that contain that device's settings/values.

WebUI Procedure

- Go to Managed Devices :: Preferences :: Views.
- 2. In the **Custom Columns** text box, enter the column name.



To add multiple columns, separate each name with a comma.





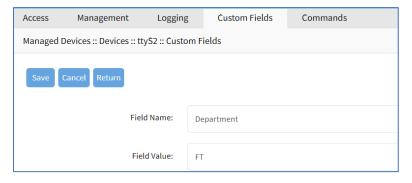
Click Save.

NOTE: The new custom column(s) do not appear on the *Access :: Devices* page until the associated device and column is enabled.

Step 2 – Associate Device to the new Custom Field

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Managed Devices :: Devices.
- 2. Click the device name to be associated with the custom field.
- On Custom Fields sub-tab, click Add (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter **Field Name** (must exactly match name entered in the *Custom Columns* dialog).
- 5. Enter Field Value.
- 6. Click Save.

Cluster Section

Cluster establishes a secure and resilient connection with a set of Nodegrid devices. When enabled, a Nodegrid device that is part of the Cluster can access and manage other devices. By logging into any Nodegrid device, all devices in the Cluster can be reached with a single interface. This allows for vertical and horizontal scalability.

There are two types of clustering topologies:

STAR

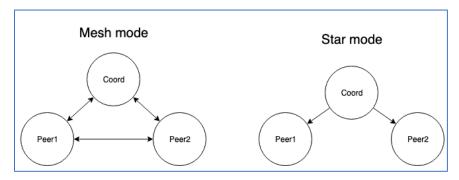
This is the default option. In a star configuration, one Nodegrid unit acts as the coordinator and central node. All the other peers connect to the coordinator in a star formation. Only the coordinator has the list of all peers and attached devices within the configuration. This option allows centralized access and visibility from the coordinator Nodegrid device.

MESH

In this configuration, one Nodegrid unit acts as the coordinator and all Nodegrid units (coordinator and peers) see each other (and all attached devices). This option allows for distributed access.

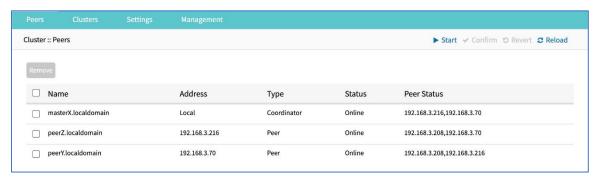


Each unit keeps a list of all peers and attached devices and demands equal system resources of all devices. This configuration is recommended for clusters of less than 50 units.



Peers tab

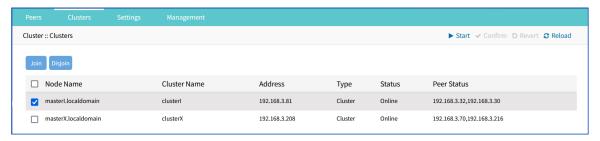
This lists all Nodegrid devices enrolled in the cluster. The table shows information on each device.



Clusters tab

This table lists remote clusters the local node has joined, as well as remote clusters that have joined this cluster. Nodes listed as remote peers initiated the Join.

NOTE: Remote Peers don't show Status or Peer Status, because there is no connection from the coordinator to the remote peers that have been joined.



Join a Cluster

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Clusters.
- 2. Click **Join** (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Remote Cluster Name
- 4. Enter Coordinator's Address.
- 5. Enter Pre-Shared Key.
- 6. Click Save.

Disjoin a Cluster

This leaves a remote cluster that was joined, or removes a remote peer that has joined this cluster.

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Clusters.
- 2. Select checkbox next to Remote Cluster to be deleted.
- 3. Click Disjoin.

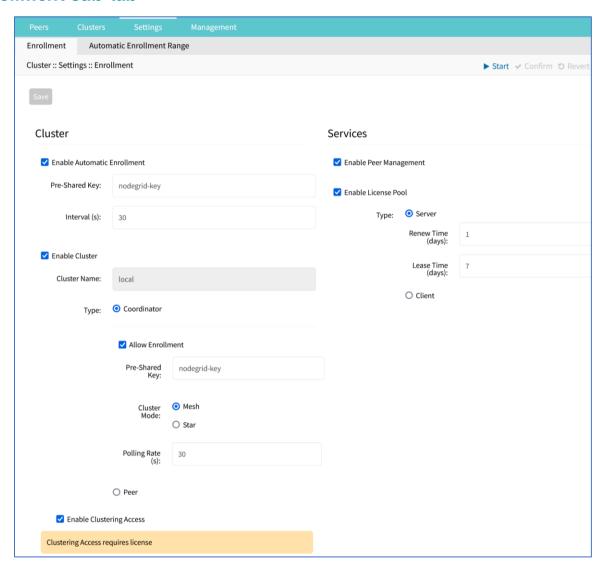
Settings tab

This configures Cluster settings and additional services such as Peer Management and License Pool.

NOTE: The Cluster feature requires a software license for each node in the cluster.



Enrollment sub-tab



Description of Settings

Automatic Enrollment

With Automatic Enrollment, new Nodegrid devices can automatically become available to an existing cluster. For Peers, this is enabled by default. The Pre-Shared Key setting must be the same on the Coordinator (set by default to **nodegrid-key**). The Interval setting only applies to the Coordinator and regulates how often invitations are sent to potential peers.

Enable Cluster

When enabled, each Cluster requires one Coordinator that controls enrollment of peer systems. The first unit in the Cluster must be the Coordinator. All other units are Peers. When a Peer device is set to the Coordinator role, the change is automatically propagated. The previous Coordinator device is changed to Peer. Ensure the Coordinator device has Allow Enrollment selected. This provides a Cluster Name and Pre-Shared Key to enroll peers (and used in each Peer's settings). The Cluster Mode can be Star or Mesh.



In MESH, the Coordinator is only required for the enrollment of the peers. Once all Nodegrid systems were enrolled in the Cluster, the Coordinator can be set to Peer (prevents enrollment of other devices.)

Peer Management

Any peers with enabled peer management, are shown under the Central Management tab of the Coordinator.

Allows Nodegrid device hardware to be centrally upgraded. The upgrade process for remote devices is done on the cluster's Management page. The firmware applied to the units must be hosted on a central location, available through a URL (URL should include the remote server's IP or hostname, file path, and the ISO file. If the status shows Disabled, that device is Peer Management disabled.

License Pool

When enabled, the License Pool allows central management of all software licenses within a cluster. At least one device must be configured as the License Pool Server. In STAR mode, this must be the Coordinator. License Pool Clients automatically request required licenses from the License Pool Server. The Server checks availability and assigns as needed. The client sends a renew request based on the Renew Time. If client is unavailable for an extended time (exceeding the servers Lease Time), the client's licenses become invalid. The license is returned to the pool.

NOTE: Each Nodegrid device is shipped with five additional test target licenses. A test license is used automatically when a target license is added to the system. This also applies if a target license is applied on the License Pool Server. The first time a device requests target licenses, it requests five additional licenses to cover the currently used test licenses.

Configure Cluster

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Settings :: Enrollment.
- 2. In the Cluster menu:

Select Enable Automatic Enrollment checkbox (expands dialog)

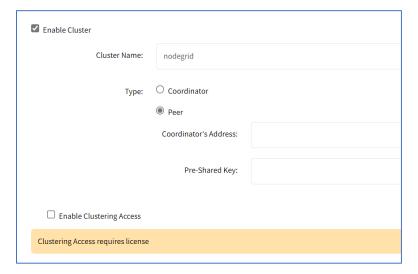


Enter **Pre-shared Key** (default: nodegrid-key).

Enter Interval (s) (default: 30).

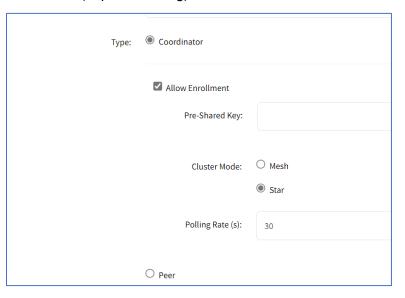
Select **Enable Cluster** checkbox (allows other Nodegrid systems to manage, access, and search managed devices from other nodes) (expands dialog)





In Type menu, select one:

Coordinator radio button (expands dialog)



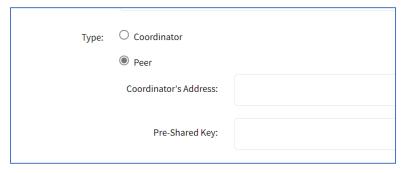
Enter Pre-Shared Key.

In Cluster Mode menu, select one radio button (Star, Mesh).

Enter Polling Rate (s). (default: 30)

Peer radio button (expands dialog)





Enter Coordinator's Address (default: localhost).

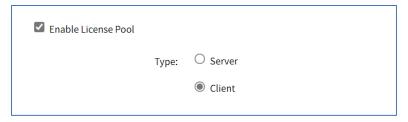
Enter Pre-Shared Key.

Select Enable Clustering Access checkbox.

3. In Services menu:

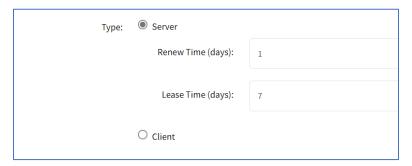
Select Enable Peer Management checkbox.

Select Enable License Pool checkbox (expands dialog)



In *Type* menu, select one.

Server radio button (expands dialog)



Enter Renew Time (days).

Enter Lease Time (days) (7-30 days)

Client radio button

4. Click Save.



Automatic Enrollment Range sub-tab

After the Coordinator is enabled and configured, the admin user can add a range of IPs for other Nodegrid devices on the network. This range eliminates the need to go to each Nodegrid node and manually set each as peers.

NOTE: It is recommended to only add IP's to the Automatic Enrollment Range which are potentially Nodegrid units. When set, invitations are continually sent to all IP's until a Nodegrid device is identified on a specific IP, and then is added to the Cluster.

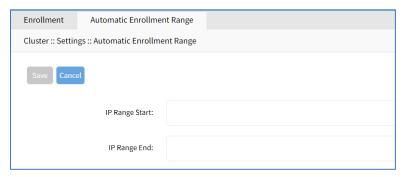


NOTE: An existing IP range setting cannot be modified. If an adjustment is needed, create a new IP range and delete the old IP range.

Add Automatic Enrollment Range

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Settings :: Automatic Enrollment Range.
- Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter IP Range Start.
- 4. Enter IP Range End.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Automatic Enrollment Range

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Settings :: Automatic Enrollment Range.
- 2. Select checkbox next to IP range to delete.
- Click **Delete**.



4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Management tab



Software Upgrade

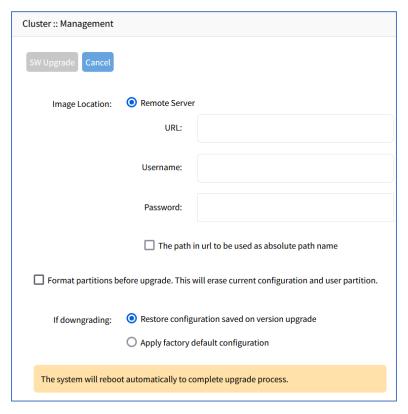
To use the restore configuration option, the Nodegrid software version must match the version used to create the restoration file. For example: if the configuration file was created in version 4.2 and Nodegrid is currently on version 5.0, Nodegrid must be downgraded to version 4.2 before the restoration file can be used.

Upgrade the Software

Software can be upgraded or downgraded on this procedure.

- 1. Go to Cluster :: Management.
- 2. Select checkbox next to the name for software management.
- 3. Click **Upgrade Software** (displays dialog).





4. In Image Location menu, select Remote Server.

Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter **Username** and **Password**.

- 5. (optional) Select **The path in url to be used as absolute path name** checkbox.
- 6. (optional) Select Format partitions before upgrade. This will erase current configuration and user partition checkbox.
- 7. (if applicable) In If downgrading menu (select one):

Restore configuration saved on version upgrade radio button

Apply factory default configuration radio button.

- 8. Review the details.
- 9. Click SW Upgrade.

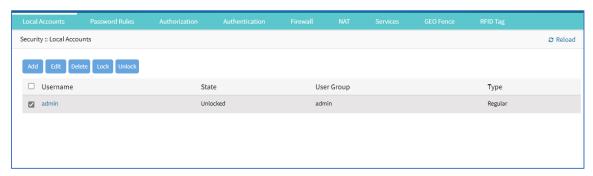


Security Section



Local Accounts tab

New local users can be added, deleted, changed, and locked. Administrators can force passwords to be changed upon next login, and set expiration dates for user accounts. Administrators can manage API keys for each account.



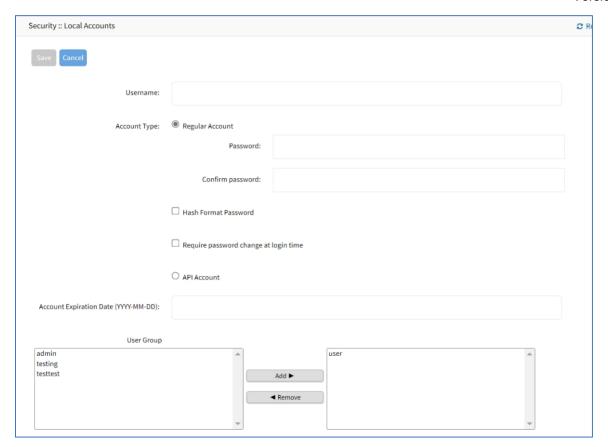
NOTE: Regardless of activation options, users can change their passwords at any time.

Manage Local Users

Add Local User

- 1. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Username.
- 4. In Account Type menu, select one.

Regular Account radio button

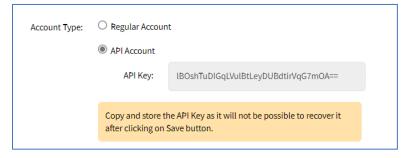
Enter Password and Confirm Password.

If the password is in a hash format, select Hash Format Password checkbox.

(as needed) Select Require password change at login time checkbox.

API Account radio button

On the **API Key**, follow this instruction: "Copy and store the API Key as it will not be possible to recover it after clicking on Save button."



5. (optional) Enter Account Expiration Date (YYYY-MM-DD).



6. In the *User Group* panel:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **∢Remove**.

7. Click Save.

Edit Local User

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox next to username.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Local User

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox next to username.
- 3. Click **Delete** (displays confirmation dialog).



4. Click OK.

Lock/Unlock Local User

WebUI Procedure

Generally, the administrator can lock a user out of the device.

- 1. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox next to username.
- Click one:

Lock (locks user out of device).

Unlock (allows user access)

There is a function whereby the user is authorized by an external authentication provider (LDAP, AD, or TACACS+) and the Local user account is locked. The user can authenticate with the sshkey, but permissions are enforced based on his group permissions with the external authentication provider.



Hash Format Password

As needed, the administrator can use a hash format password, rather than plain password. This can be used for scripts (avoids requiring scripts to use actual user passwords). The hash password must be generated separately beforehand. Use a hash password generator. These applications (OpenSSL, chpasswd, mkpasswd) use MD5, SHA256, SHA512 engines.

Hash Format

CLI Procedure

The Nodegrid Platform has an OpenSSL version. In the Console, use this:

```
root@nodegrid:~# openssl passwd -1 -salt mysall
Password:
$1$mysall$YBFr9On0wjde5be32mC1g1
```

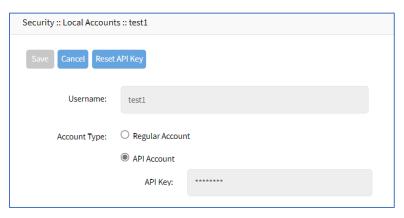
Generate a new API key for a user

In the *Type* column, the user must have a value of **API**.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 2. Locate and click the user's name *Type* column must be **API** (displays dialog).

Alternatively, select checkbox and click **Edit**.



3. Click Reset API Key.

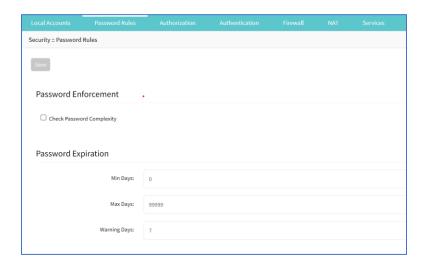
The new key is displayed in the API Key field. Copy the key and save in a secure location.

4. Click Save.

Password Rules tab

When password rules are configured for the Nodegrid Platform, all local user accounts are subject. The administrator can set password complexity as well as password expiration.





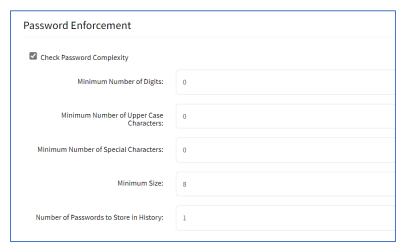
Manage Password Rules

Modify Password Rules

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Password Rules.
- 2. In Password Enforcement menu

Select Check Password Complexity checkbox (expands dialog).



Enter **Minimum Number of Digits** (minimum characters in password).

Enter **Minimum Number of Upper Case Characters** (minimum upper case characters in password).

Enter Minimum Number of Special Characters (minimum special characters in password).

Enter **Minimum Size**. (minimum characters in password – default: 8).

Enter **Number of Passwords to Store in History** (the number of passwords stored in history to prevent reuse – default: 1).



3. In Password Expiration menu:

Enter **Min Days** (minimum days password must be valid before changed – default: 0).

Enter Max Days (maximum days password is valid before forcing change – default: 99999).

Enter Warning Days (days that users is notified before expiration – default: 7).

4. Click Save.

User Response to Expired Password

When the password is configured to expire after a specified time, on user login, this is the response on the WebUI.



When this displays, enter **New Password** and **Confirm Password**, then click **Change Password**.

Authorization tab

User groups combine multiple local and remote users into a single local group. Members are assigned group-specific roles/permissions. Members have access to devices assigned to that group. Groups which are authenticated against an external authentication provider are mapped to local groups. When a user is assigned to a group, that user received the combined access rights. Administrators can add and delete groups, as well as change permissions. On the device's original configuration, two default groups are available: Admin and Users. The Admin group grants full system and target access.





User Group Configuration Process

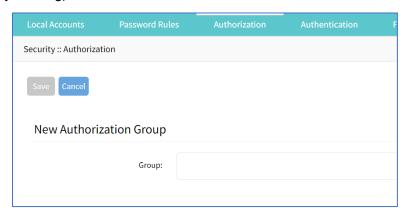
This is the process to establish a User Group.

- 1. Create a user group
- 2. Add local and remote users to the group
- 3. Configure group system permissions and settings
- 4. Assign access to remote server groups
- 5. Add devices and configure permissions
- 6. Add and configure power outlet details

Add User Group

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. In **Group**, enter name of group.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete User Group

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Select checkbox next to group to be deleted.

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- Click Delete.
- 4. On Confirmation dialog, click **OK**.

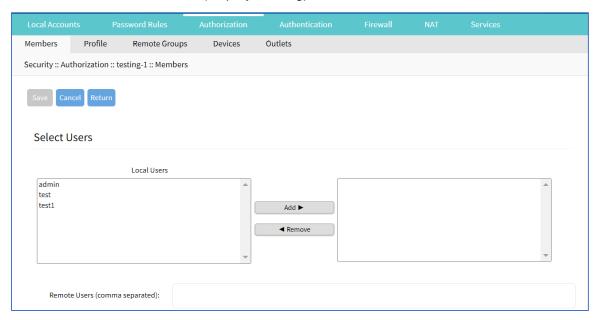
User Group :: Members sub-tab

Groups are configured in this section. To access, click on an existing user group.

Add Members to User Group

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click the Group Name.
- 3. On **Members** sub-tab, click **Add** (displays dialog).



4. In the Local Users (left) panel:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

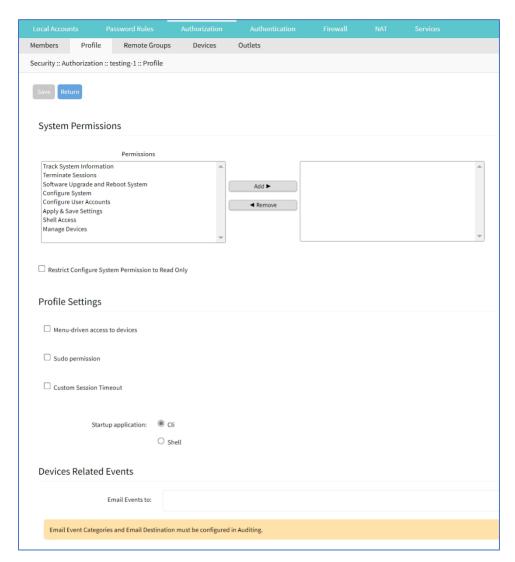
5. Click Save.

User Group: Profile sub-tab

Apply System Permissions and Profile Settings

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name.
- 3. Click on the Profile sub-tab:





4. In System Permissions menu:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

Select **Restrict Configure System Permission to Read Only** checkbox (granted system settings are visible but cannot be changed)

5. In *Profile Settings* menu:

Select **Menu-driven access to devices** checkbox (group members presented a target menu when SSH connection to the Nodegrid device is established).

Select **Sudo permission** checkbox (users can execute sudo commands).

Select Custom Session Timeout checkbox (enables a custom session time).

Enter Timeout [seconds].

In Startup application menu, select one (Cli, Shell).



6. In Devices Related Events menu:

On **Email Events to**, enter email addresses (comma-separated).

NOTE: Email Event Categories and Email Destination are configured in the Auditing section.

7. Click Save.

User Group: Remote Groups sub-tab

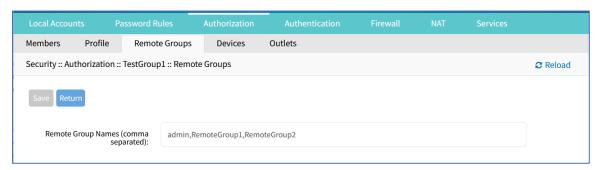
Assign Remote Groups

External remote groups must be assigned to a local group. This ensures the remote group gets the correct permissions.

NOTE: This step is required for LDAP, AD, and Kerberos groups. Radius and TACACS+ authentication providers use other methods to link external groups/users to local groups.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name,
- 3. On the Remote Groups sub-tab:



In **Remote Group Names**, enter external group names (comma-separated).

4. Click Save.

User Group: Devices sub-tab

Depending on system permission, access to specific devices can be assigned to groups. Devices must be added to the group. Appropriate access rights can be set. Multiple devices can be added at the same time.

NOTE: Access permissions to control power outlets are granted through the Outlets permissions and not through Devices

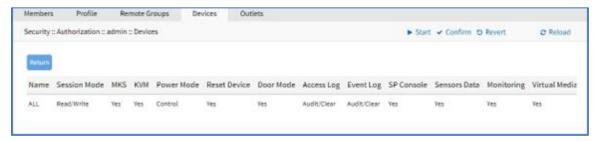
Admin Group: Devices/Permissions

1. Go to Security :: Authorization.





2. Click on Admin name and go to Devices sub-tab

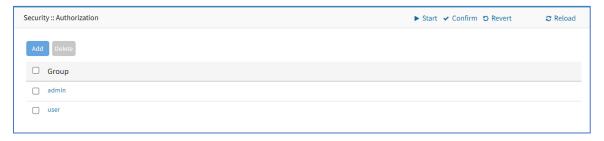


With the **ALL** configuration, admin users have all permissions to devices: Read/Write, Power, Command, etc.

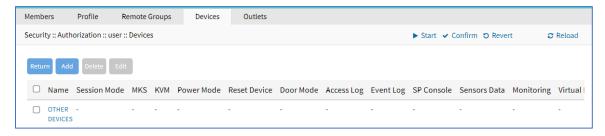
NOTE: No additions/changes can be made to available devices or device permissions.

Other Groups: Manage Devices/Permissions

1. Go to Security :: Authorization.

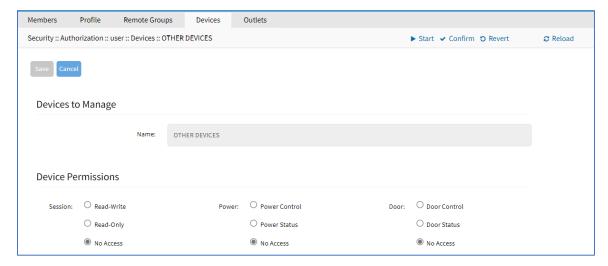


2. Click on **Users** (or other group name) and go to **Devices** sub-tab (displays dialog)



3. Click on **OTHER DEVICES** (displays dialog).



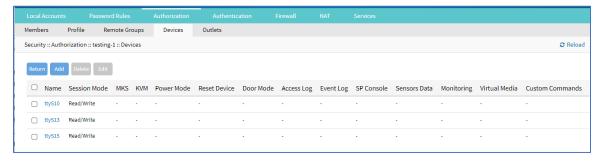


- 4. Device permissions are set for all devices in this group.
- 5. To add individual devices and set permissions, use the *Add Devices and Configure Permissions* procedure.

Add Devices and Configure Permissions

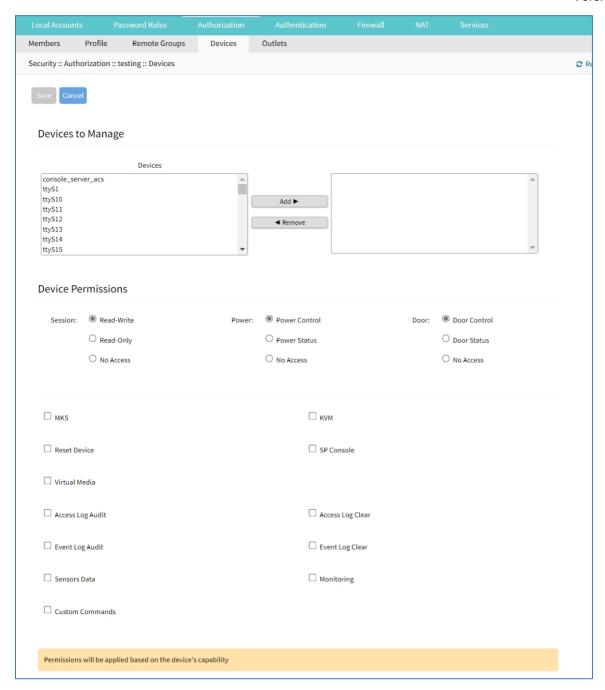
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name.
- 3. Click on the **Devices** sub-tab.



4. Click Add (displays dialog).





5. In Devices to Manage menu:

On *Devices* panel:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add** ► to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **◄Remove**.

In Device Permissions menu:

In Sessions menu, select one (Read-Write, Read-Only, No Access).

In Power menu, select one (Power Control, Power Status, No Access).



In *Door* menu, select one (**Door Control**, **Door Status**, **No Access**)

6. (as needed) Select/unselect the following settings:

MKS (access to MKS sessions).

KVM (access to KVM sessions).

Reset Device (permission to reset a device session).

SP Console (access to IPMI console sessions - serial over LAN).

Virtual Media (access to start a Virtual Media session to an IPMI device).

Access Log Audit (access to read the access log of an IPMI device).

Access Log Clear (permission to clear the access log of an IPMI device).

Event Log Audit (permission to read the device-specific event log).

Event Log Clear (permission to clear the device-specific Event Log).

Sensors Data (permission to access monitoring features).

Monitoring (permission to read sensor data).

Custom Commands (permission to execute custom commands).

7. Click Save.

Edit Device in Group

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name.
- 3. Click on the **Devices** sub-tab.
- 4. In the **Name** column, click on the device name.

Alternatively, select checkbox and click Edit.

- 5. Make changes as needed.
- 6. Click Save.

Delete Device from Group

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name.
- 3. Click on the **Devices** sub-tab.
- 4. Select checkbox and click **Delete**.



User Group: Outlets sub-tab

Add and Configure Power Outlets

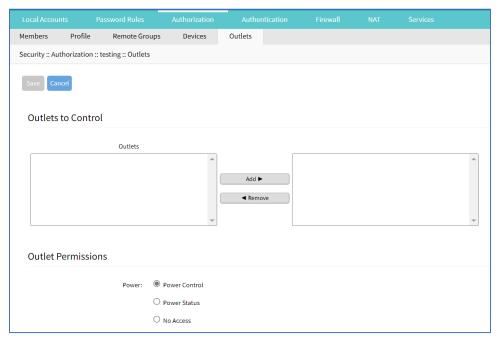
Access permissions for power outlets from Rack PDUs are controlled individually as the power to turn on or off a device can have severe consequences for the running of a data center or remote location. The assignment of permissions is analogous to device's access permissions.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. Click on the Group Name.
- 3. Click Outlets sub-tab.



4. Click Add (displays dialog).



5. In Outlets to Control menu:

In Outlets panel:

Select from left-side panel, click **Add**▶ to move to right-side panel.

To remove from right-side panel, select, and click **∢Remove**.



6. In Outlet Permissions menu, select one:

Power Control radio button (permission to turn on or off an outlet)

Power Status radio button (permission to see the current outlet status)

No Access radio button (no access to outlet)

7. Click Save.

Configure SSH Key Authentication

The Nodegrid platform allows use of SSH keys for authorization. The feature is often used to allow automation systems to gain secure access without a password. It works well with direct Shell access and users who want to use SSH keys for a local home directory. This feature is available for all local, LDAP, AD, and TACACS+ users. Radius users cannot use SSH keys for authentication.

Configure SSH Key Authorization

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authorization.
- 2. In the Group column, click on a name.
- 3. On the group's **Profile** sub-tab:

In Startup application menu:

Select **Shell** radio button (gives group members default shell access, and not CLI access, on connection via SSH).

Click Save.

- 4. Go to Security :: Local Accounts.
- 5. Create a local user and add to the new group.

The SSH key can be used for authentication. The default SSH tools can copy the SSH key to the Nodegrid device (i.e., SSH-copy-id).

NOTE: If the user needs default CLI access, and not Shell access, remove the user from the newly created Group.

Authentication tab

Authentication validates the user, usually with credentials that, most often, take the form of a username and password. Authorization is an essential security feature that complements authentication. Once authenticated with credentials, authorization determines access (i.e., directories, functions, features, and displays).





Nodegrid devices have a built-in admin user account named 'admin'. This has full access and rights to all configurable unit functions: network, security, authentication, authorization, managed devices, including other users. The admin account cannot be deleted (initial default password: admin).

NOTE: For security reasons, during the first login, administrators are immediately required to change the default password. Use the Change Password option on the pull-down menu under the username (upper right corner of the WebUI).

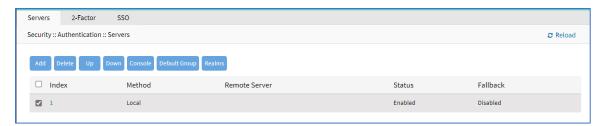
Authentication of local users and groups is fully supported, as well as external users and groups. External authentication of users and groups can be done through LDAP/AD, TACACS+, Radius and Kerberos.

By default, all users have access to enabled managed devices. Based on assigned groups, users have limited access to Nodegrid Web portal management attributes. User privileges can be modified with profile and access rights in an authorization group.

A user in the Admin group has the same administrative privileges as the initial admin user. Each user must have a specific user account on a Nodegrid device. An external authentication server can provide authenticated access. A user can be assigned to one or more groups.

NOTE: The device's root user and Admin group users can still bypass 2-Factor Authentication in Console and WebUI, in case the remote server is unreachable.

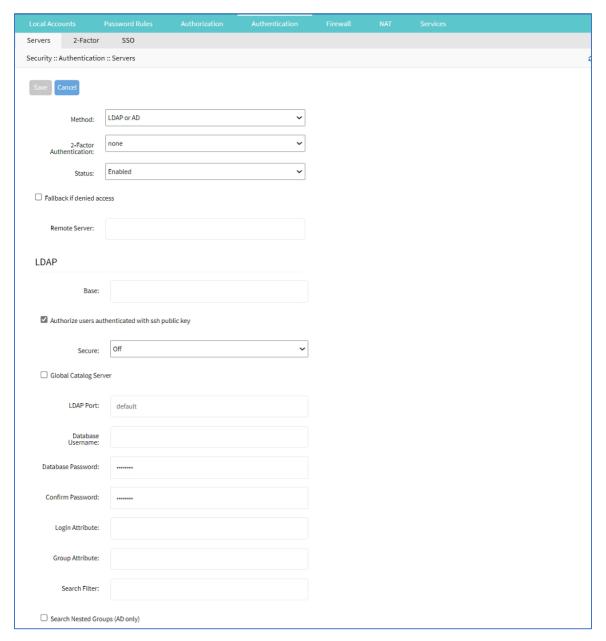
Servers sub-tab



Add a server

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- Click Add (displays dialog).

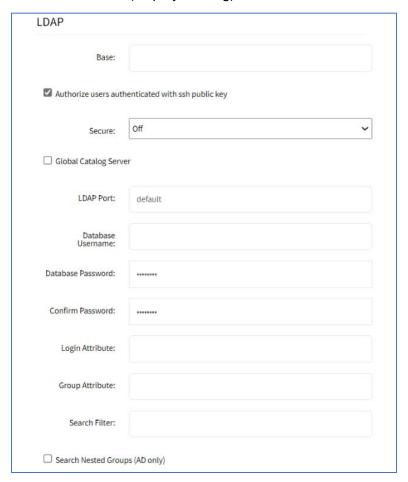




- 3. On **Method** drop-down, select one (**LDAP or AD**, **RADIUS**, **TACACS+**, **Kerberos**). (Additional options display, depending on selection).
- 4. On 2 Factor Authentication drop-down, select one (None, Enabled).
- 5. On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).
- 6. Select Fallback if denied access checkbox.
- 7. Enter Remote Server (IP address of remote server).



8. If **Method** selection is: **LDAP or AD** (displays dialog).



Enter **Base** (root DN or a sublevel DN – highest point used to search for users or groups).

Select Authorize users authenticated with ssh public key checkbox (default: disabled).

On Secure drop-down, select one (On, Off, Start_TLS) (default: Off).

Select **Global Catalog Server** checkbox (if enabled, uses an Active Directory Global Catalog Server).

Enter LDAP Port (or accept "default").

Enter Database Username.

Enter Database Password.

Enter Confirm Password.

Enter Login Attribute (contains username - for AD, default: sAMAccountName).

Enter **Group Attribute** (group identifier - for AD, default: memberOf).

Enter Search Filter.

Select Search Nested Groups (AD only) checkbox (default: disabled).

Enter Group Base.



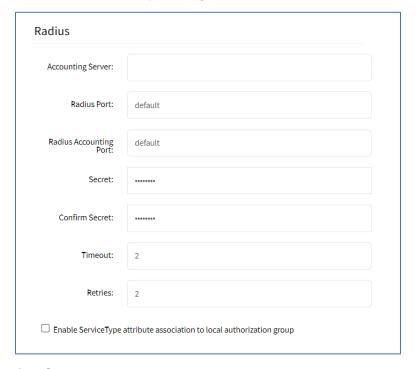
Example: OpenLDAP Configuration

Status: True; Fallback if denied access: True; Remote Server: 192.168.1.1; Base: dc=zpe, dc=net; Secure: Off; Global Catalog Server: False; Database Username: cn=admin, dc=zpe, dc=net; Login Attribute: cn; Group Attribute: Member, UID

Example: Active Directory Configuration

Status: True; Fallback if denied access: True; Remote Server: 192.168.1.1; Base: dc=zpesystems, dc=com; Secure: Start TLSI; Global Catalog Server: True; Database Username: cn=Administrator, cn=Users, dc=zpesystems, dc=com; Login Attribute: sAMAccountName; Group Attribute: memberOf

9. If **Method** selection is: **RADIUS** (displays dialog).



Enter Accounting Server.

Enter Radius Port (or accept "default").

Enter Radius Accounting Port (or accept "default").

Enter Secret and Confirm Secret.

Enter Timeout.

Enter Retries.

Select Enable ServiceType attribute association to local authorization group checkbox (allows assignment of Radius Service Types to Nodegrid local groups).

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Configure Nodegrid as a FreeRadius Server - CLI Procedure (example)

1. Create the file "/usr/share/freeradius/dictionary.zpe" with the content listed below:



```
VENDOR ZPE 42518
BEGIN-VENDOR ZPE
ATTRIBUTE ZPE-User-Groups 1 string
END-VENDOR ZPE
```

2. Edit the file "/usr/share/freeradius/dictionary". In the file, add a line with dictionary.zpe (suggested location).

```
$INCLUDE dictionary.zpe
$INCLUDE dictionary.jradius
```

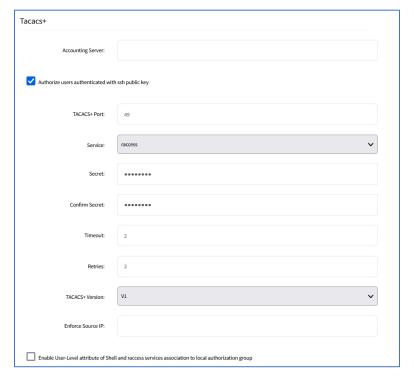
3. In /etc/freeradius/users, assign user groups. Define the "Framed-Filter-ID" attribute (as before) or define a new attribute "ZPE-User-Groups".

NOTE: If both attributes are defined, "ZPE-User-Groups" takes precedence.

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10. If **Method** selection is: **TACACS+** (displays dialog).



Enter Accounting Server.

Select Authorize users authenticated with ssh public key checkbox.

Enter TACACS+ Port (default: 49).

On Service drop-down, select one (PPP, Shell, raccess) (default: raccess).

Enter Secret.

Enter Confirm Secret.

Enter Timeout (default: 2).

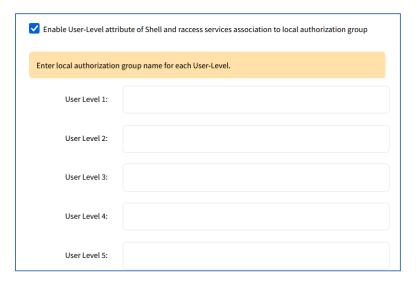
Enter Retries (default: 2).

On TACACS+ Version drop-down, select one (V0, V1, V0_V1, V1_V0) (default: V1).

Enter **Enforce Source IP** (for AAA authentication).

Select Enable User-Level attribute of Shell and raccess services association to local authorization group checkbox (expands dialog).





Per instruction, "Enter local authorization group name for each User Level."

NOTE: User Level displays User Level 1 through User Level 15.

11. If Method selection is: Kerberos (displays dialog).



Enter Realm Domain Name.

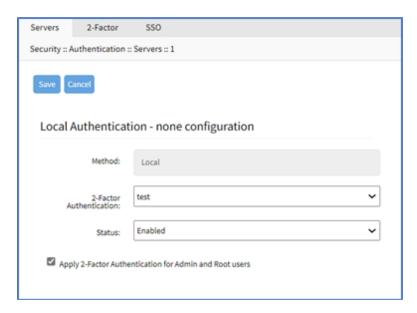
Enter Domain Name.

12. Click Save.

Set 2-Factor Authentication for Admin/Root Users

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. In *Index* column, click the index to be updated (displays dialog).





- 3. Select **Apply 2-Factor Authentication for Admin and Root users** checkbox (if not selected, Admin and Root roles can use single logon).
- 4. Click Save.

Edit a Server

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. In *Index* column, click the index to be updated (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete a Server

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Move Index Priority Up/Down

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Up** to move the selection up in the table.

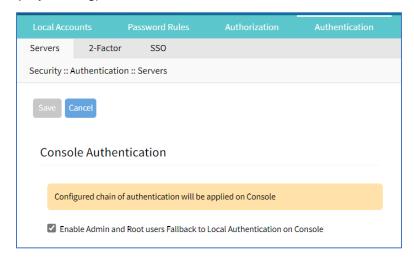


- 4. Click **Down** to move the selection down in the table.
- 5. Click Save.

Enable/disable Console Authentication

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox).
- 3. Click Console (displays dialog).

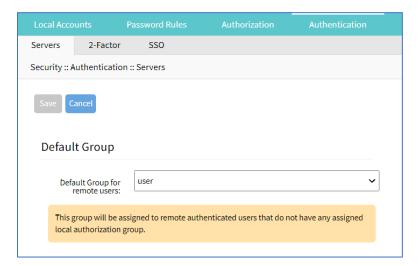


- (as needed) Select/unselect Enable Admin and Root users Fallback to Local Authentication on Console checkbox.
- 5. Click Save.

Set Default Group

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Default Group** (displays dialog).





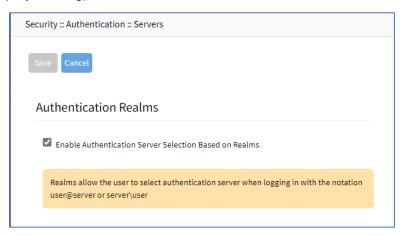
- 4. On the **Default Group for Remote Server** drop-down, select one.
- 5. Click Save.

Set Realms

Realms allow the user to select authentication server when logging in with the notation user@server or server\user

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: Servers.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Realms** (displays dialog).



- 4. Select Enable Authentication Server Selection Based on Realms checkbox.
- 5. Click Save.

2-Factor sub-tab

This sets up 2-factor authentication.

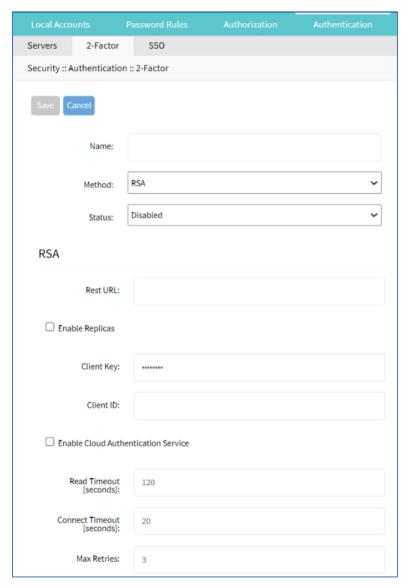




Add 2-Factor Configuration

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: 2-Factor.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog)



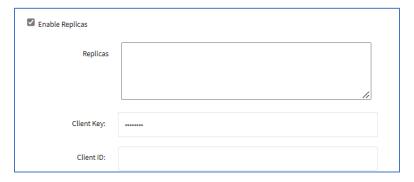
3. Enter Name.



- 4. On **Method** drop-down, select one (**RSA**).
- 5. On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).
- 6. In RSA menu:

Enter Rest URL.

Select Enable Replicas checkbox (expands dialog)



Enter Replicas.

Enter Client Key.

Enter Client ID.

Select Enable Cloud Authentication Service checkbox (expands dialog).



Enter Policy ID.

Enter Tenant ID.

Enter Read Timeout [seconds] (default: 120).

Enter Connect Timeout [seconds] (default: 20).

Enter Max Retries (default: 3).

7. Click Save.

Configure RSA SecurID (2-Factor)

Step 1 – Add SecurID (WebUI Procedure)

- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: 2-Factor.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog)
- 3. Enter **Name** (name to identify the SecurID system, i.e., SecurID)



- 4. Enter **Rest URL** (URL to access the SecurID Authentication API format: https://5555/mfa/v1_1/authn)
- 5. Select **Enable Replicas** (Rest Service URL to failover to the server (up to 15 replicas). One per line).

Client Key (available through RSA Security Console. Copy/paste the **Access Key** from SecurID Security Console. The Access Key is also available at RSA SecurID Authentication API (under System Settings)

Client ID (retrieve the Server Node name from the Authentication Manager Contact List.)

6. Select **Enable Cloud Authentication Service** checkbox (if enabled, two required fields display).

Policy ID (access policy name configured in the ZPE Cloud Administration Console. Obtain this name from your Cloud Authentication Service Super Admin)

Tenant ID (Tenant Id name created in the ZPE Cloud Administration Console. Obtain this name from your ZPE Cloud Authentication Service Super Admin)

7. Click Save.

Step 2 - Set Certificate to access SecurID Server (WebUI Procedure

1. If RSA server is through ZPE Cloud Authentication:

Go to RSA SecurID Access and click the **Lock** icon (next to URL).

Locate and click on the Certificate.

On the pop-up dialog, click on the first/top certificate, and drag it to your desktop.

Upload certificate to Nodegrid (certificate is automatically converted to the expected format).

2. If not via ZPE Cloud:

Go the RSA Operations Console

Download the Signing Root Certificate.

Go to Security :: Authentication :: 2-Factor.

Click the link representing the SecurID server (added above).

Click Certificate.

Select Local Computer checkbox.

Click **Choose File** and select the file (i.e. RootCA.cer file).

Click Apply,

3. Click Save.

Edit 2-Factor Configuration

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: 2-Factor.



- 2. In *Name* column, click the name to be updated (displays dialog).
- 3. Make changes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Delete 2-Factor Configuration

WebUI Procedure

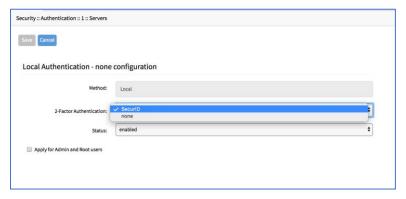
- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: 2-Factor.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Assign 2-factor to an Authentication Method

RSA SecurID 2-factor authentication can be added to any of the Nodegrid-supported authentication methods: Local, LDAP/AD, Radius, TACACS+, or Kerberos.

Nodegrid authenticates users following the order of the authentication servers, as configured. When a method succeeds (user authenticated), Nodegrid initiates the 2-factor authentication (if configured).

The user receives a request from RSA SecurID to provide the token code and PIN (according to the setup on the user's RSA Security Console). The process is applied on user login via Web Browser, SSH, Telnet or Console port.



NOTE: For Local authentication method, 2-factor can be enforced or skipped. This allows local administrators to login without needing to configure counterpart users in the RSA Security Console.

RSA Authenticate App

This applies only to ZPE Cloud Authentication Services.



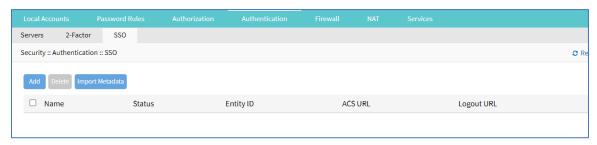
1. Download the RSA SecurID Authenticate app.



- 2. Go to RSA SecurID Access and login.
- 3. Follow the steps to register the device.

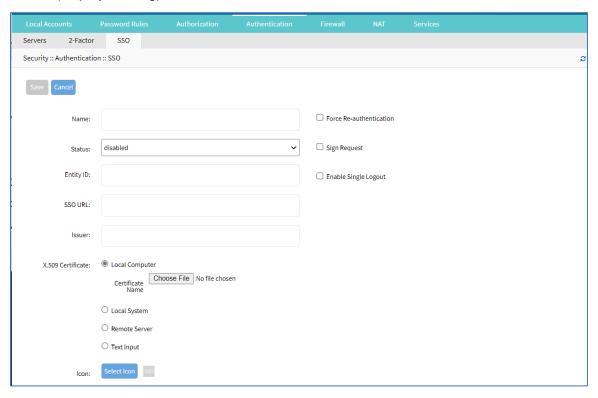
SSO sub-tab

With Single Sign-On (SSO), users authenticate once to gain access to multiple secured systems without resubmitting credentials. Nodegrid currently supports multiple identify providers.



Add SSO

- Go to Security :: Authentication :: SSO.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. .Enter Name.
- 4. On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).
- 5. Enter **Entity ID** (globally unique name).



- 6. Enter SSO URL.
- 7. Enter Issuer.
- 8. In X-509 Certificate menu, select one:

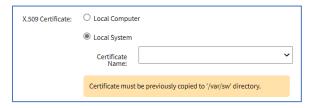
Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).



Click Choose File.

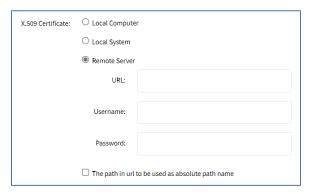
Locate and select file.

Local System radio button (expands dialog).



On **Certificate Name** drop-down, select one.

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).



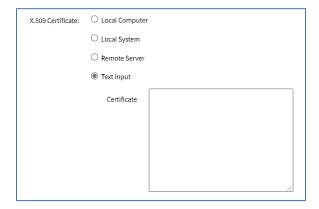
Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

Text Input radio button (expands dialog).



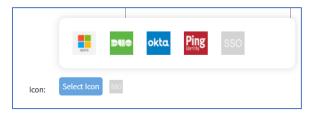


In Certificate text box, enter details.

- 9. Select Force Re-authentication checkbox.
- 10. Select Sign Request checkbox.
- 11. Select Enable Single Logout checkbox. Enter Logout URL.



12. (optional) In Icon, click Select Icon. Click on a logo to set as 2-Factor icon.



13. Click Save.

The following fields are required to configure a successful SAML flow for each Identity Provider:

SAML Requirements

Identity Provider (Idp)	Copy Fields from Nodegrid to IdP	Paste Fields from IDP to Nodegrid
Duo	Login URL Entity ID	SSO URL Entity ID Download Certificate
Okta	Single Sign On URL Audience URI (SP Entity ID)	Identity Provider SSO URL Identity Provider Issuer X.509 Certificate
G Suite	ACS URL Entity ID	SSO URL Entity ID Certificate



Identity Provider (Idp)	Copy Fields from Nodegrid to IdP	Paste Fields from IDP to Nodegrid
Ping	Entity ID ACS URL	Issuer Idpid NOTE: The idpid from Ping is used as the SSO URL field in Nodegrid: https://sso.connect.pingidentity.com/sso/idp/SSO.saml2?idpid= + the idpid
ADFS	Entity ID (maps to Relying party trust identifier) ACS URL (maps to Trusted URL)	Entity ID (maps to Issuer on Nodegrid)

IdP configuration fields:

Entity ID (globally unique name for the SP URL)

ACS URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL in which the Identity Provider redirects the user and sends the SAML assertion after its authentication process.)

Attributes (attributes that IdP sends back with the SAML assertion. SP can have more than one attribute, nameID is the most common.)

SAML Signature Algorithm (either SHA-1 or SHA-256. Used with X.509 certificate. Default: SHA-256.)

SP configuration fields:

X.509 Certificate (certificate provided by the IdP to allow the SP to verify that the SAML assertion is from the IdP)

Issuer URL/Entity ID (unique identifier of the IdP)

Single Sign On URL (IdP endpoint that starts the authentication process)

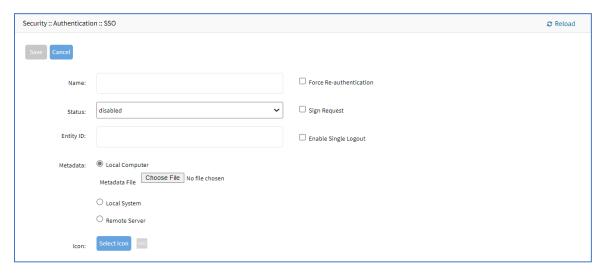
RelayState: (optional) (deep linking for SAML for <ip>/direct/<device>/console)

For more information on SSO, please see https://support.zpesystems.com/portal/kb/articles/single-sign-on-sso

Import Metadata

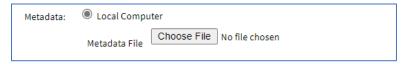
- 1. Go to Security :: Authentication :: SSO.
- 2. Click Import Metadata (displays dialog).





- 3. .Enter Name.
- 4. On Status drop-down, select one (Enabled, Disabled).
- 5. Enter Entity ID (globally unique name).
- 6. In Metadata menu, select one:

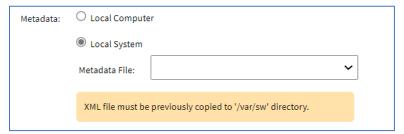
Local Computer radio button (expands dialog).



Click Choose File.

Locate and select file.

Local System radio button (expands dialog).



On Metadata File drop-down, select one.

Remote Server radio button (expands dialog).





Enter **URL** (URL can be the IP address or hostname/FQDN. If using IPv6, use brackets [...]. Supported protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, and SCP.)

Enter Username and Password.

(optional) Select The path in url to be used as absolute path name checkbox.

7. (optional) In **Icon**, click **Select Icon**. Click on a logo to set as 2-Factor icon.

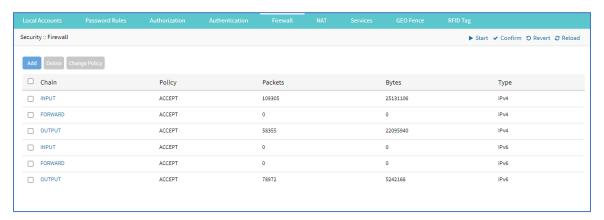


- 8. Select Force Re-authentication checkbox.
- 9. Select Sign Request checkbox.
- 10. Select **Enable Single Logout** checkbox.
- 11. Click Save.

Firewall tab

When configured, the Nodegrid device functions as a Firewall. There are six built-in default chains (three for IPv4, three for IPv6). These accept packets (Output, Input, and Forward). As needed, additional user chains can be created. (Default chains cannot be deleted.)



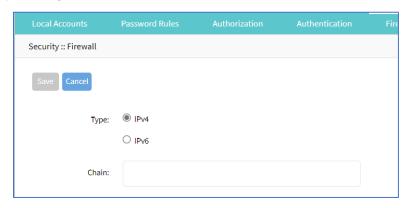


Manage Chains

Add a Chain

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. For **Type**, select one:

IPv4 radio button

IPv6 radio button

- 4. Enter Chain (name of this chain).
- 5. Click Save.

Delete a Chain

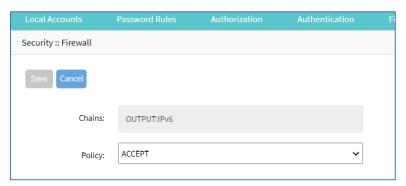
- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- Select checkbox next to name to be deleted.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.



Change Chain Policy

WebUI Procedure

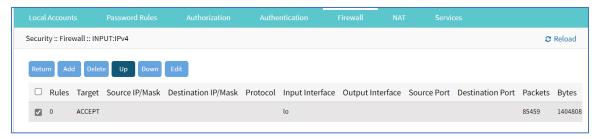
- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click the name (displays dialog).



- 3. On **Policy** drop-down, select one (**ACCEPT**, **DROP**).
- 4. Click Save.

Options to Manage a Chain

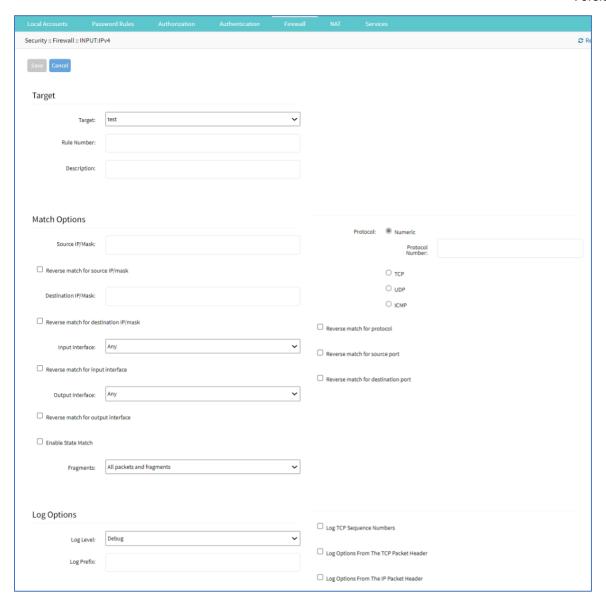
To manage chain functions/settings, click on the name in the Chain column (displays dialog).



Add Rule

- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Click Add (displays dialog).





4. In Target menu:

In Target drop-down, select one (ACCEPT, DROP, REJECT, LOG, RETURN).

Enter Rule Number.

Enter **Description**.

If **REJECT** selected, *Reject Options* menu displays:



In Reject With drop-down, select one (Network Unreachable, Host Unreachable, Port Unreachable, Protocol Unreachable, Network Prohibited, Host Prohibited, Administratively Prohibited, TCP Reset).



5. In Match Options menu:

Enter Source IP/Mask.

Select Reverse match for source IP/mask checkbox.

Enter Destination IP/Mask.

Select Reverse match for destination IP/mask checkbox.

On Input Interface drop-down, select one (Any, Io, eth0, eth1).

Select Reverse match for input interface checkbox.

On Output Interface drop-down, select one (Any, Io, eth0, eth1).

Select Reverse match for output interface checkbox.

Select **Enable State Match** checkbox (displays options – one or more can be selected):



NEW checkbox.

ESTABLISHED checkbox.

RELATED checkbox.

INVALID checkbox.

Reverse state match checkbox

On Fragments drop-down, select one (All packets and fragments, Unfragmented packets and 1st packets, 2nd and further packets).

In Protocol menu, select one:

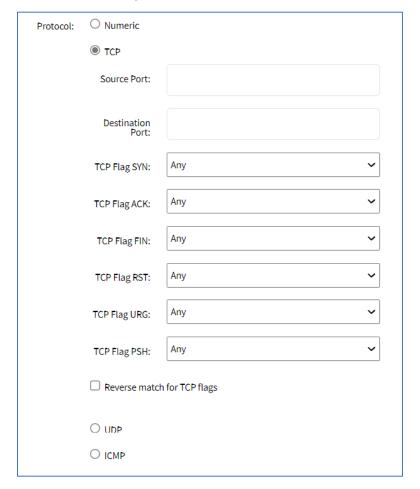
Numeric radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Protocol Number.



TCP radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Source Port.

Enter **Destination Port**.

On TCP Flag SYN drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag ACK drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag FIN drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag RST drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

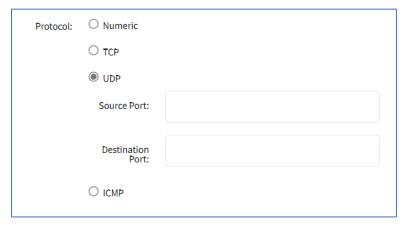
On TCP Flag URG drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag PSH drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

Select Reverse Match for TCP Flags checkbox.



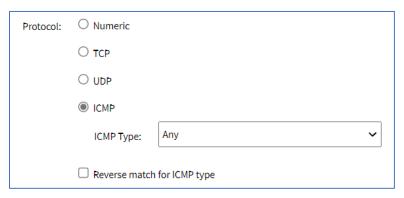
UDP radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Source Port.

Enter Destination Port.

ICMP radio button (expands dialog).



On ICMP Type drop-down, select one (Any, Echo Reply, Destination Unreachable, Network Unreachable, Host Unreachable, Protocol Unreachable, Port Unreachable, Fragmentation Needed, Source Route Failed, Network Unknown, Host Unknown, Network Prohibited, Host Prohibited, TOS Network Unreachable, TOS Host Unreachable, Communication Prohibited, Host Precedence Violation, Precedence Cutoff, Source Quench, Redirect, Network Redirect, Host Redirect, TOS Network Redirect, TOS Host Redirect, Echo Request, Router Advertisement, Router Solicitation, Time Exceeded, TTL Zero During Transit, TTL Zero During Reassembly, Parameter Problem, Bad IP Header, Required Option Missing, Timestamp Request, Timestamp Reply, Address Mask Request, Address Mask Reply)

Select Reverse match for ICMP type checkbox.

Select **Reverse match for protocol** checkbox.

Select Reverse match for source port checkbox.

Select Reverse match for destination port checkbox.

6. In Log Options menu:

On Log Level drop-down, select one (Debug, Info, Notice, Warning, Error, Critical, Alert, Emergency).



Enter Log Prefix.

Select Log TCP Sequence Numbers checkbox.

Select Log Options from the TCP Packet Header checkbox.

Select Log Options from the IP Packet Header checkbox.

7. Click Save.

Edit Chain

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click on the checkbox.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Chain

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and select checkbox on the name.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Move Chain Up/Down

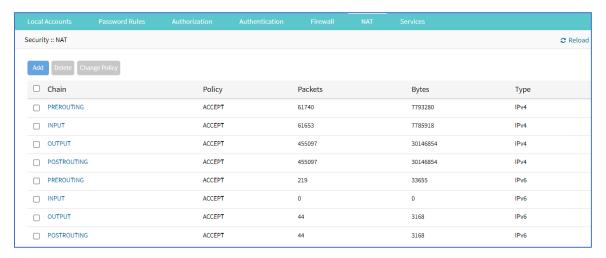
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Firewall.
- 2. In the *Chain* column, locate and select checkbox on the name.
- 3. Click **Up** to move up.
- 4. Click **Down** to move down.

NAT tab

There are eight built-in default chains (cannot be deleted): IPv4 with four, IPv6 with four. These accept Pre-routing, Output, Input, and Post-routing packets. Rules can be created for each chain.



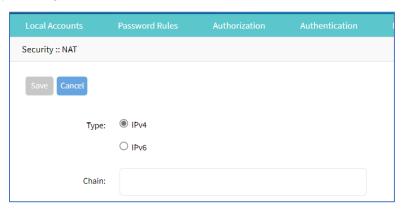


Manage Chains

Add a Chain

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).



3. For Type, select one

IPv4 radio button

IPv6 radio button

- 4. Enter Chain (name of this chain).
- 5. Click Save.

Delete a Chain

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. Select checkbox next to name to be deleted.

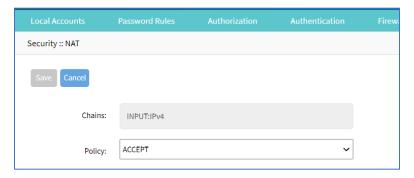


- Click Delete.
- 4. On confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Change Chain Policy

WebUI Procedure

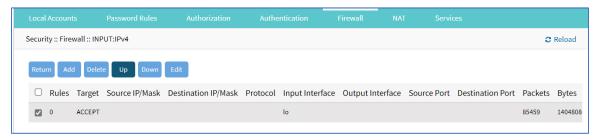
- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click the name (displays dialog).



- 3. On **Policy** drop-down, select one (**ACCEPT**, **DROP**).
- 4. Click Save.

Manage Chain Settings

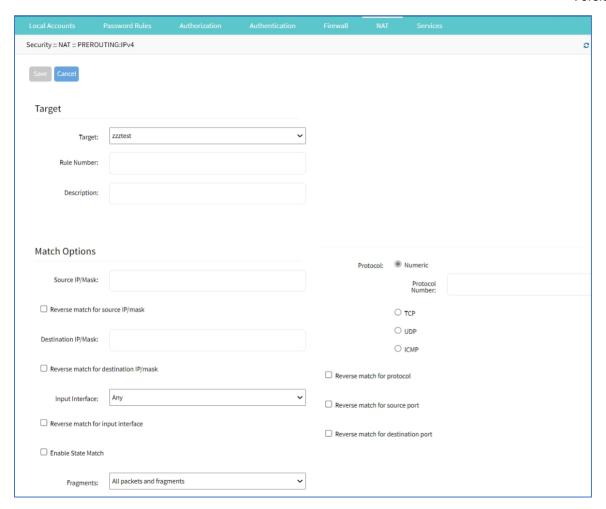
To manage chain functions/settings, click on the name in the *Chain* column (displays dialog).



Add Chain Setting (all Type selections)

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click on the name (displays dialog).
- 3. Click Add (displays dialog).





4. In *Target* menu:

In Target drop-down, select one (ACCEPT, DNAT, REDIRECT, LOG, RETURN).

Enter Rule Number.

Enter **Description**.

5. In Match Options menu:

Enter Source IP/Mask.

Select Reverse match for source IP/mask checkbox.

Enter Destination IP/Mask.

Select Reverse match for destination IP/mask checkbox.

On Input Interface drop-down, select one (Any, Io, eth0, eth1).

Select Reverse match for input interface checkbox.

Select **Enable State Match** checkbox (displays options – one or more can be selected):

NEW checkbox.



ESTABLISHED checkbox.

RELATED checkbox.

INVALID checkbox.

SNAT checkbox.

DNAT checkbox.

Reverse state match checkbox

On Fragments drop-down, select one (All packets and fragments, Unfragmented packets and 1st packets, 2nd and further packets).

(Type selection: DNAT) Enter To Destination.



In Protocol menu, select one:

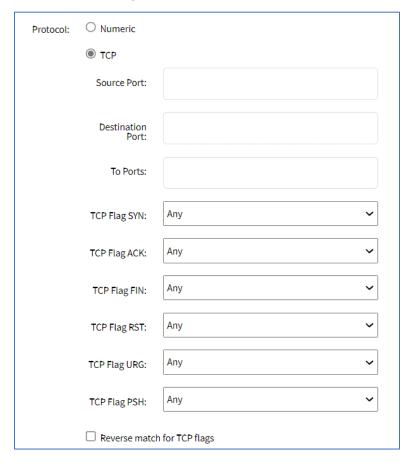
Numeric radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Protocol Number.



TCP radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Source Port.

Enter **Destination Port**.

Enter To Ports

On TCP Flag SYN drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag ACK drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag FIN drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag RST drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

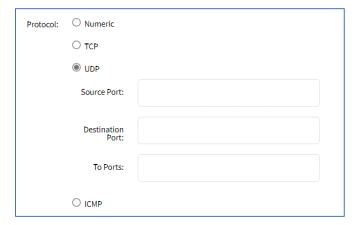
On TCP Flag URG drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

On TCP Flag PSH drop-down, select one (Any, Set, Unset).

Select Reverse Match for TCP Flags checkbox.

UDP radio button (expands dialog).



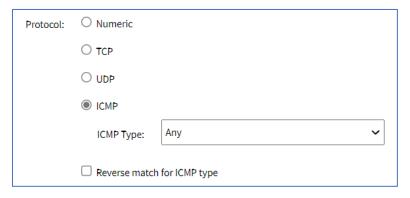


Enter Source Port.

Enter **Destination Port**.

Enter To Ports.

ICMP radio button (expands dialog).



On ICMP Type drop-down, select one (

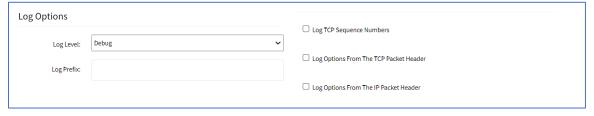
Select Reverse match for ICMP type checkbox.

Select Reverse match for protocol checkbox.

Select Reverse match for source port checkbox.

Select Reverse match for destination port checkbox.

6. In Log Options menu (only if **Type** selection: **LOG**).



On Log Level drop-down, select one (Debug, Info, Notice, Warning, Error, Critical, Alert, Emergency).



Enter **Log Profile** (name of this profile).

Select Log TCP Sequence Numbers checkbox.

Select Log Options From The TCP Packet Header checkbox.

Select Log Options From The IP Packet Header checkbox.

7. Click Save.

Edit Chain Setting

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and click on the checkbox.
- 3. Click Edit (displays dialog).
- 4. Make changes, as needed.
- 5. Click Save.

Delete Chain Setting

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. In the Chain column, locate and select checkbox next to name.
- 3. Click Delete.
- 4. On the confirmation pop-up dialog, click **OK**.

Move Up/Down

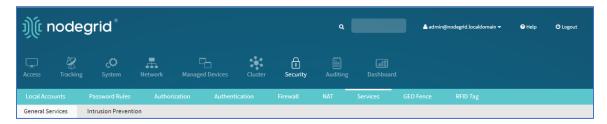
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: NAT.
- 2. In the *Chain* column, locate and select checkbox on the name.
- 3. Click **Up** to move up.
- 4. Click **Down** to move down.

Services tab

The device's security level is configured here. This includes active service settings for ZPE Cloud, managed devices, intrusion prevention, SSH, web service settings, and cryptographic protocols.





General Services sub-tab

General security service settings are configured on this page. Because of this complexity, it is recommended to prepare a document that defines how the company security requirements are implemented with the device security settings.







Configure General Services

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Services :: General Services.
- 2. In ZPE Cloud menu (cloud-based management platform for Nodegrid products):

Select **Enable ZPE Cloud** checkbox (Nodegrid NSR, GSR, BSR, LSR, HSR - default: enabled. Nodegrid Serial Console - default: disabled).

Confirm **ZPE Cloud URL** (read-only).

Select Enable Remote Access checkbox.

(optional) Select **Enable File Protection** checkbox (If enabled, file transfer requires authentication hash based on this password to validate file integrity and origin – default: disabled).



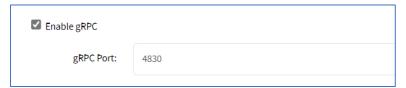
System Profile field is read only.

3. In Active Services menu (select all that apply):

Select Enable detection of USB devices checkbox.

Select Enable RPC checkbox.

Select Enable gRPC checkbox. Enter gRPC Port.



Select Enable FTP Service checkbox.

Select Enable SNMP Service checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **Enable Telnet Service to Nodegrid** checkbox (expands dialog).



Enter **Telnet TCP Port** (default: 23).

Select Enable Telnet Service to Managed Devices checkbox.

Select Enable ICMP echo reply checkbox.

Select Enable ICMP secure redirects checkbox.



Select Enable USB over IP checkbox.

Select Enable OpenSearch checkbox (expands dialog).



Select Enable Dashboards checkbox.

Select Enable Telegraf checkbox

Select **Enable Services Status Page** (<NG URL>/services/status) used to determine functioning services

Select **Enable reboot on Services Status Page** checkbox (allows device reboot on the /services/status page)

4. In Enable Virtualization Services menu (select all that apply):

Select Enable Docker checkbox

Select Enable Qemu/KVM checkbox

Select Enable VMware Manager checkbox

Enter Cluster TCP Port (default: 9966)

Select Enable Automatic Cluster Enrollment checkbox

Enter Search Engine TCP Port (default: 9300)

Select Enable Search Engine High Level Cipher Suite checkbox

Select Enable VM Serial access checkbox (default: enabled)



Enter VM Serial Port (default: 9977)

Enter vMotion timeout [seconds] (default: 300)

Select Enable Zero Touch Provisioning checkbox (default: enabled)

Select Enable Bluetooth checkbox





NOTE: (default: enabled) Completely enables/disables Bluetooth on the device. When enabled, tethers the network connection via Bluetooth to the device without any configuration. This tethers the network connection via Bluetooth to be the first device deployed on the network. This temporary connection reaches ZPE Cloud to download its full configuration.

Enter **Display name**.

NOTE: Name displayed on other devices paired with this device via Bluetooth (default format: <ProductName_SerialNumber>.

Select Enable Bluetooth Discoverable mode checkbox.

NOTE: (default: enabled) Enables discovery and pairing this device to an external device. , This tethers the network connection via Bluetooth to be the first device deployed on the network. This temporary connection reaches ZPE Cloud to download its full configuration. When a connection is established to a trusted device, this discoverable mode can be disabled to ensure other devices cannot pair with this device.

Select Enable PXE (Preboot eXecution Environment) checkbox (default: enabled).

Select Block host with multiple authentication fails checkbox (expands dialog).



Enter Period Host will stay blocked (min) (default: 10).

Enter Timeframe to monitor authentication fails (min) (default: 10).

Enter Number of authentication fails to block host (default: 5).

Enter Whitelisted IP Addresses (comma-separated).

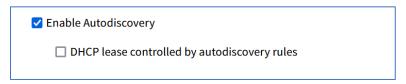
Select Allow root console access checkbox.



5. In Managed Devices menu (select all that apply):

Select **Device access enforced via user group authorization** checkbox (If enabled, users can only access devices listed in user's authorization groups. If not enabled, all enrolled devices are available.).

Select Enable Autodiscovery checkbox. Select DHCP lease controlled by autodiscovery rules checkbox (default: auto-selected).

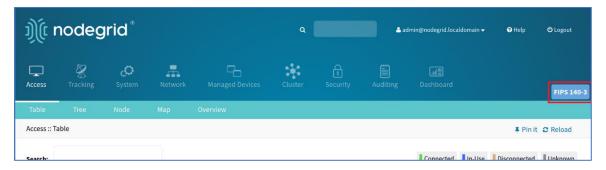


6. In FIPS 140-3 menu:

Select Enable FIPS 140-3 checkbox.

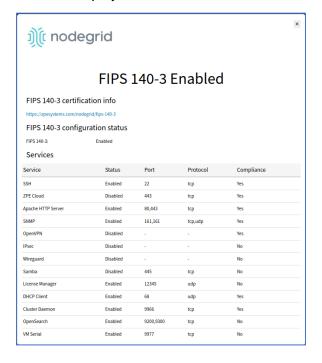
NOTE: Enabling or disabling FIPS 140-3 requires the Nodegrid device to be rebooted for all changes to take effect.

After the Nodegrid device is rebooted, the Banner (right side) shows FIPS 140-3 is active.





Click the FIPS 140-3 button to display status.



7. In SSH menu:

Select SSH allow root access checkbox (default: enabled).

Enter SSH TCP Port (default: 22).

Enter **SSH Ciphers** (comma-separated) (default: blank).

Enter **SSH MACs** (comma-separated) (default: blank).

Enter **SSH KexAlgorithms** (comma-separated) (default: blank).

8. In Web Service menu:

Select **Enable HTTP access** checkbox (default: enabled).



Enter HTTP Port (default: 80).

Select Enable HTTPS access checkbox (default: enabled).



Enter HTTP Port (default: 443)



Select Redirect HTTP to HTTPS checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **Enable HTTP/S File Repository** checkbox (default: disabled). When enabled, provides public access of files uploaded in the File Manager/datastore folder (to access the file publicly, use https://<Nodegrid URL>/datastore/<filename.ext>). For security reasons, full path of the file is required. In addition, "list", "edit", and "post" commands are disabled.

9. In FRR menu:

Select Enable BGP checkbox.

Select Enable OSPFv2 checkbox.

Select Enable OSPFv3 checkbox.

Select Enable RIP checkbox.

Select Enable VRRP checkbox.

10. In Cryptographic Protocols menu:

Select TLSv1.3 checkbox (default: enabled).

Select TLSv1.2 checkbox (default: enabled).

Select **TLSv1.1** checkbox (default: enabled).

Select TLSv1 checkbox (default: disabled).

In Cipher Suite Level menu, select one:

High radio button.

Medium radio button (default).

Low radio button.

Custom radio button (expands dialog).



Enter Custom Cipher Suite.

11. Click Save.

ZPE Cloud ensures all deployment activity is done at the device location.

CLI – Enable ZPE Cloud

CLI Procedure

1. Go to Access :: Table.



- 2. Locate the device and click Console.
- 3. On the CLI window, enter:

```
shell sudo su -
zpe_cloud_enroll
```

4. Enter Customer Code and Enrollment Key.

NOTE: To locate Customer Code and Enrollment Key, log into ZPE Cloud account and go to Settings:: Enrollment. (The **Enable Device Enrollment** checkbox must be enabled.)

5. A confirmation is sent when the enrollment succeeds.

Example 1 – select options from menu.

Example 2 – no arguments included. If no arguments provided, Customer Code and Enrollment Key is requested.

```
root@ZPECloudNSR2:~# zpe_cloud_enroll
Enter your customer code: 2
Customer Code: "2"
Enter your enrollment key: example_key
```

Example 3 – with arguments. Customer code (-c) and enrollment key (-k) are provided as the arguments.

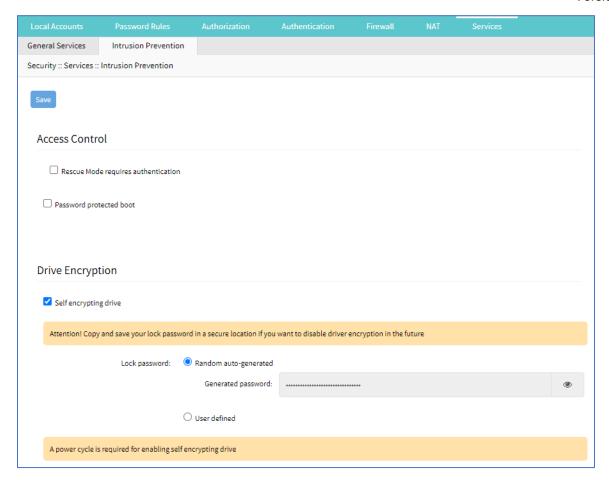
```
root@ZPECloudNSR2:~# zpe_cloud_enroll -c 23665442 -k example_key
```

When ZPE Cloud is enabled on the device, it is accessible on the ZPE Cloud application.

Intrusion Prevention sub-tab

This configures intrusion prevention settings.





Configure Intrusion Prevention

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: Services :: Intrusion Prevention.
- 2. In Access Control menu:

Select Rescue Mode requires authentication checkbox.

Select **Password protected boot** checkbox (password required to reboot).

3. In *Drive Encryption* menu:

NOTE: This menu is only available if the drive is OPAL 2 compliant.

Select **Self encrypting drive** checkbox. If enabled, the device must be restarted for the change to take effect.

In Lock Password menu, select one:

Random auto-generated radio button (save password in a secure location - cannot be recovered if lost).

User defined radio button. Enter Password.

4. Click Save.



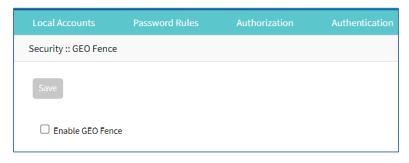
GEO Fence tab

Manage GEO Fence

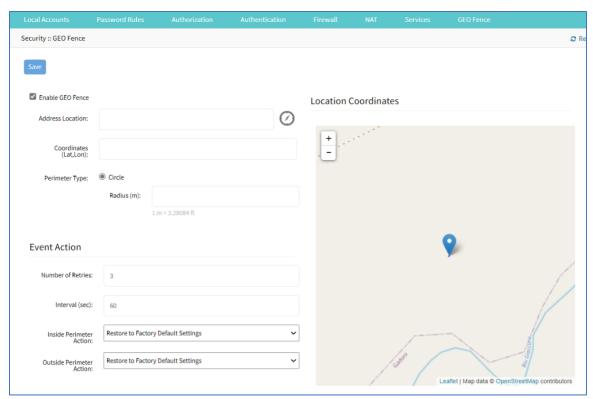
Enable GEO Fence

WebUI Procedure

1. Go to Security :: GEO Fence.



2. Select Enable GEO Fence checkbox (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Address Location (a valid address for the device location).
- 4. Enter Coordinates (Lat, Lon) (if GPS is available, click Compass icon O or manually enter GPS coordinates).
- 5. In Perimeter Type menu:

Select Circle radio button (default).

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Enter Radius (m).

6. In Event Action menu:

Enter Number of Retries (default: 3).

Enter Interval (sec) (default: 60).

On Inside Perimeter Action drop-down, select one (template.py, template.sh, template_change_system_init.sh, template_send_sms.sh, Restore to Factory Default Settings).

On Outside Perimeter Action drop-down, select one.

Click Save.

SED Pre-Boot Authenticator (PBA)

Install or upgrade SED Pre-Boot authenticator

SED must be disabled before upgrading or installing the SED PBA. If currently enabled, enter the unlock password and disable it.

1. Contact a ZPE representative to get valid copies of these PBA image files:

pba.img

pba.img.sha256

- 2. Copy the files to /var/sed
- 3. Restart the system and boot into Rescue Mode.
- 4. Execute the script:

/usr/sbin/sed_install.sh

5. When prompted, type:

continue.\

- 6. Enter the path to the SED PBA image file.
- 7. Enter the path to the SED PBA Image hash file.
- 8. Accept the SED PBA version check.
- 9. Wait for the installation to complete.
- 10. Once complete, power cycle the device for changes to take effect.



RFID Tag tab



This tab lists authorized RFID Keys. Currently, these keys are linked to the RFID Door Lock. When a RIFD Reader door lock is connected to the Nodegrid device, a card with the correct RFID tag (on this list) must be inserted to unlock the door.

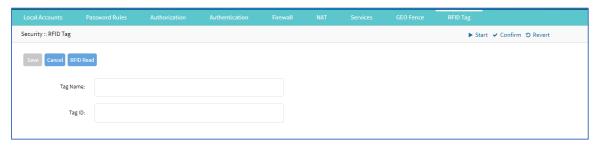
NOTE: When the RIFD Reader door lock is connected to the Nodegrid device, it is automatically recognized.

Manage RFID Tag

Add RFID Tag

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: RFID Tag.
- Click Add (displays dialog).



- 3. Enter Tag Name.
- 4. Enter Tag ID.
- 5. Click Save.

Read RFID Tag from Card

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: RFID Tag.
- 2. Click Add (displays dialog).
- 3. Click RIFD Read.
- 4. Insert Card into RIFD Reader.
- 5. The **Tag Name** and **Tag ID** are populated.
- Click Save.



7. Repeat for additional cards.

Delete RFID Tag

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Security :: RFID Tag.
- 2. Select checkbox.
- 3. Click Delete.

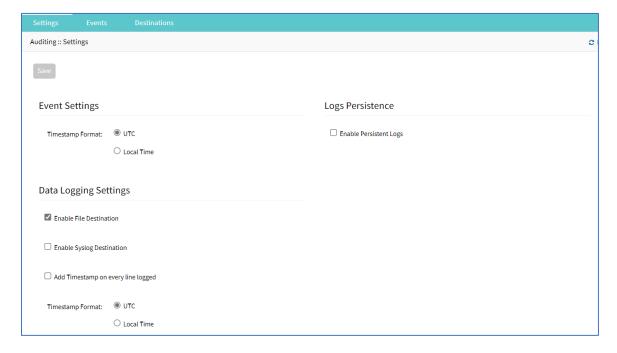
Auditing Section

This tracks events and data logging settings. Events can be distributed with four different methods: Email, File, SNMP Trap, and Syslog. Data logging and events logging can be stored locally, remotely (via NFS) or sent to a syslog server.



Settings tab

Log settings are configured here. Data logging captures the data stream on the device, as well as to and from devices.





Data Logging Settings

Update Logging Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Settings.
- 2. In Event Setting menus

In **Timestamp Format**, select one:

UTC radio button (default).

Local Time radio button.

3. In Data Logging Settings menu:

Select **Enable File Destination** checkbox (if enabled, data logs stored at location defined in *Auditing :: Destination* - default: enabled).

Select **Enable Syslog Destination** checkbox (if enabled, data logs stored at location defined in *Auditing :: Destination* - default: disabled).

Select Add Timestamp on every line logged checkbox.

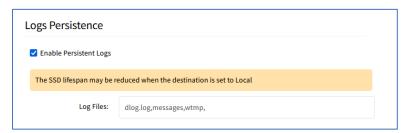
In Timestamp Format, select one:

UTC radio button (default).

Local Time radio button.

4. In Logs Persistence menu:

Select Enable Persistent Logs checkbox (expands dialog)



Accept Log Files (default values: dlog.log,messages,wtmp,), or edit, as needed.

5. Click Save.

Events tab

Events are automatically logged based on event and device settings. By default, all events are stored to the local file system. This behavior is adjusted under *Auditing* :: *Events*. The administrator can configure to which destination events and which event categories are logged.

There are four event categories:

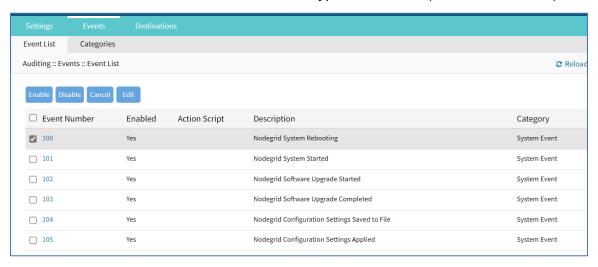
Systems Events



- AAA Events
- Device Events
- Logging Events

Event List sub-tab

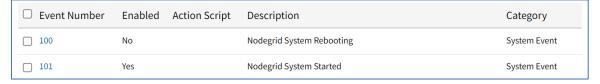
This is a list of events. The table lists all current event types: 100 – 527 (list can be variable).



Enable/Disable Event

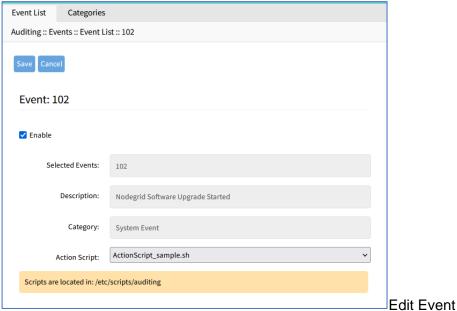
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Event List.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox(es).
- 3. Click **Enable** (enables reporting of that event type).



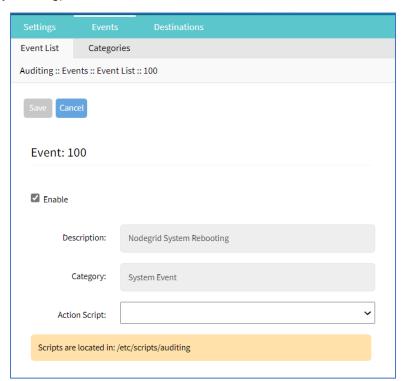
4. Click **Disable** (disables reporting of that event type).





WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Event List.
- 2. Locate and select checkbox.
- 3. Click **Edit** (displays dialog).



- 4. Select/unselect **Enable** checkbox (must be enabled to report occurrence).
- 5. On Action Script drop-down, select one (list is based on existing scripts).

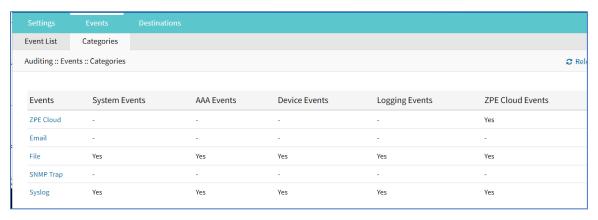


NOTE: If event is enabled, and an action script assigned, the script runs when the event occurs.

6. Click Save.

Categories sub-tab

Category reporting is defined here. Table indicates current settings for reporting.

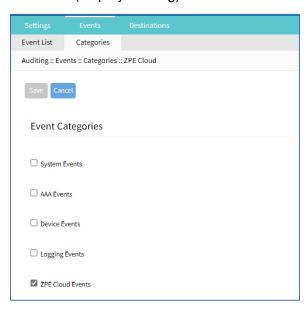


Set Categories

This procedure uses ZPE Cloud as an example.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Categories.
- 2. In Events column, click ZPE Cloud (displays dialog).



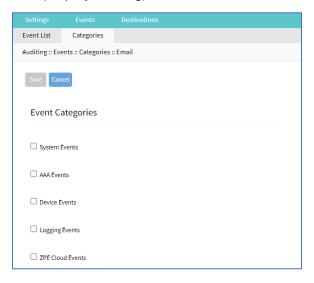
- 3. Select other checkboxes, as needed.
- 4. Select **ZPE Cloud Events** checkbox (to report events that occur in ZPE Cloud).
- 5. Click Save.



Set Categories for Email

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Categories.
- 2. In Events column, click Email (displays dialog).

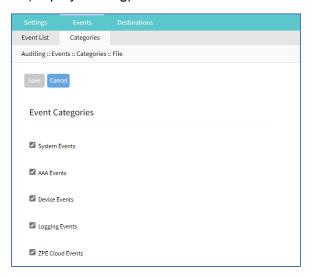


- 3. Select checkbox(es) that, when event occurs, email is sent (configured in *Auditing :: Destinations :: Email*.
- 4. Click Save.

Set Categories for File

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Categories.
- 2. In Events column, click File (displays dialog).



3. Select/unselect checkboxes, as needed.

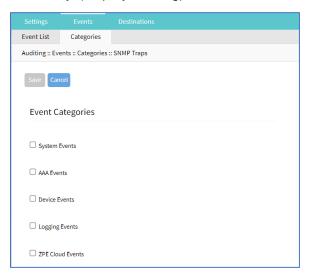


4. Click Save.

Set Categories for SNMP Trap

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Categories.
- 2. In Events column, click SNMP Trap (displays dialog).

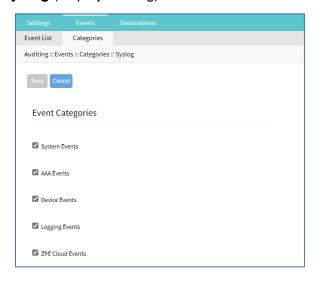


- 3. Select/unselect checkboxes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Set Categories for Syslog

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Events :: Categories.
- 2. In Events column, click Syslog (displays dialog).





- 3. Select/unselect checkboxes, as needed.
- 4. Click Save.

Destinations tab

Event Destinations are defined here.

File sub-tab

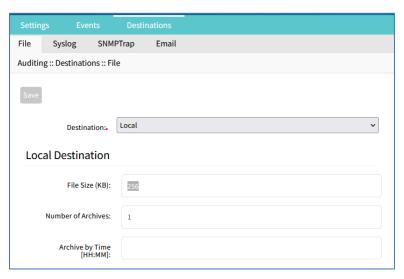
File destination and archive settings are configured here. By default, data logs are written to local files.

NOTE: NFS requires RPC service to be enabled (Security :: Services).

Configure File Settings

WebUI Procedure - Local Destination

1. Go to Auditing :: Destinations :: File.



2. On **Destination** drop-down, select **Local** (expands dialog):



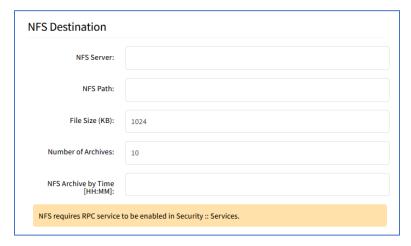
Enter File Size [Kbytes] (0=disabled, up to 2048 KB - default: 1024).

Enter Number of Archives (number of archive files before discard - default: 0, max: 99).

Enter Archive by Time [HH:MM] (when file archive is rotated - default: blank).

3. On **Destination** drop-down, select **NFS** (expands dialog):





Enter NFS Server (IP address of NFS server).

Enter NFS Path (path to NFS root directory).

Enter File Size [Kbytes] (0=disabled, up to 2048 KB - default: 1024).

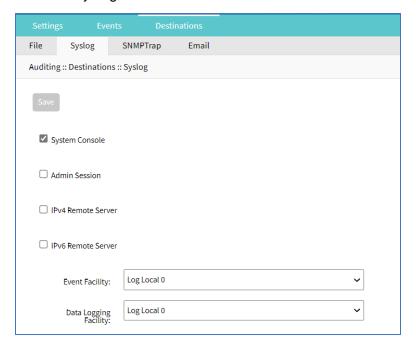
Enter Number of Archives (number of archive files before discard - default: 0, max: 99).

Enter NFS Archive by Time [HH:MM] (when file archive is rotated - default: blank).

4. Click Save.

Syslog sub-tab

Support destinations are: local Syslog destination or remote IPv4 and IPv6 destination.



Configure Syslog Settings

WebUI Procedure



- 1. Go to Auditing :: Destinations :: Syslog.
- 2. Select **System Console** checkbox.
- 3. Select Admin Session checkbox.
- 4. Select IPv4 Remote Server checkbox.



Enter IPv4 Address or Hostname.

5. Select IPv6 Remote Server checkbox.



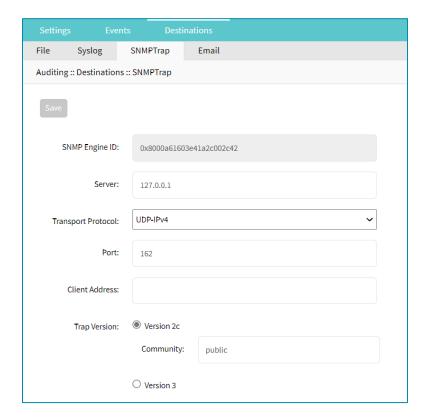
Enter IPv6 Address or Hostname.

- 6. On Event Facility drop-down, select one (Log Local 0, Log Local 1, Log Local 2, Log Local 3, Log Local 4, Log Local 5).
- 7. On Data Logging Facility drop-down, select one (Log Local 0, Log Local 1, Log Local 2, Log Local 3, Log Local 4, Log Local 5).
- 8. Click Save.

SNMP Trap sub-tab

Any triggered event can be sent as an SNMP trap to an existing NMS system. SNMP v2 and 3 for traps is supported. The MIB files for the device are available together with the firmware files.





Configure SNMP Trap Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Destinations :: SNMP Trap.
- 2. Enter Server.
- 3. On **Transport Protocol** drop-down, select one (**UDP-IPv4**, **TCP-IPv4**, **UDP-IPv6**, **TCP-IPv6**) (protocol to send traps default: UDP-IPv4).
- 4. Enter Port (default: 161).
- 5. Enter Client Address.
- 6. In *Trap Version* menu, select one:

NOTE: SNMP3 INFORM messages are currently not supported.

Version 2c radio button.

Enter Community.

Version 3 radio button.

Enter User Name.

On Security Level drop-down, select one (noAuthNoPriv, authNoPriv, authPriv).

On Authentication Algorithm drop-down, select one (MD5, SHA).

Enter Authentication Password.



On **Privacy Algorithm** drop-down, select one (**DES**, **AES**). Enter **Privacy Passphrase**.

7. Click Save.

Access MIB files

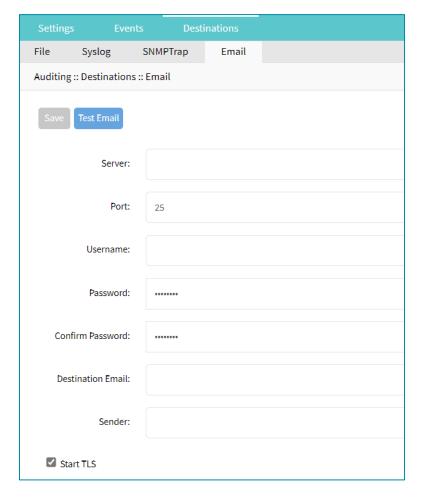
CLI Procedure

The MIB files are located as follows:

```
root@nodegrid:~# ls -l /usr/local/mibs/
total 104
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 36940 Nov 20 2017 NodeGrid-MIB.asn
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 61403 Nov 20 2017 NodeGrid-TRAP-MIB.asn
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2732 Nov 20 2017 ZPESystems.smi
```

Email sub-tab

Events can be sent to an email address.





Configure Email Settings

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Auditing :: Destinations :: Email.
- 2. Enter Server.
- 3. Enter **Port** (default: 25).
- 4. Enter **Username**.
- 5. Enter Password and Confirm Password.
- 6. Enter **Destination Email**.
- 7. Enter **Sender**.
- 8. Select Start TLS checkbox (if TLS is used for communication).
- 9. Click Save.

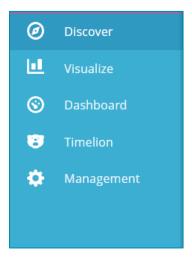
Dashboard Section

The Dashboard (WebUI only) allows visual presentations of Event activities, Managed Device details, and data monitoring. Multiple dashboards can be created for different purposes. For example, one to monitor managed device data points (i.e., Power Consumption, Voltage, Current, Temperature, Fan speed, etc.) Another dashboard can monitor Nodegrid events such as authentication failures, login, and logout

Description

Navigation Tabs

Navigation tabs are located on the left panel.





Toolbar Description

The Toolbar is show across top of the panel.



New

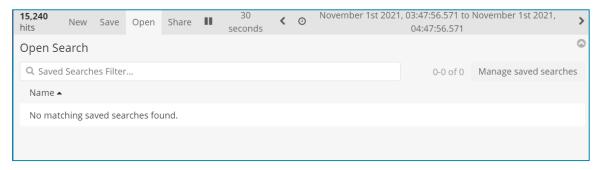
Initiates an option to create a new option – visualization, panel, etc.

Save

Saves the settings of the current configuration with any modifications.

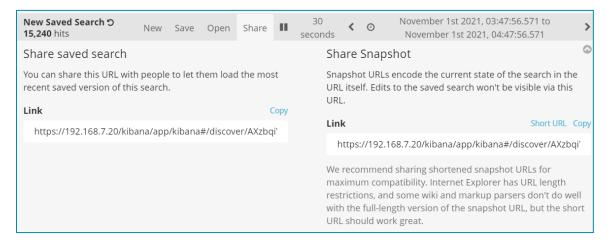
Open

Displays Open Search dialog.



Share

Opens Share dialog options of the current saved search.



Click to play discovery to include modifications. Useful for testing parameter changes before saving.

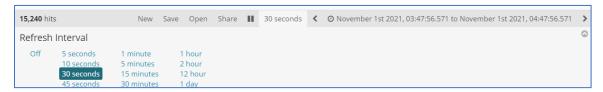


< (back)

Click to move the display back in time.

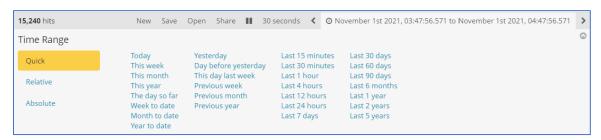
Refresh interval

How often the results are checked and shown in the display.



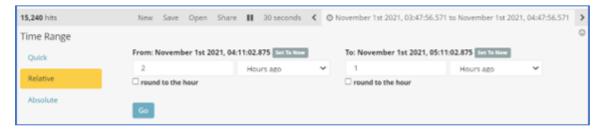
Quick sub-tab

Quick options to select a relative time frame to current time.



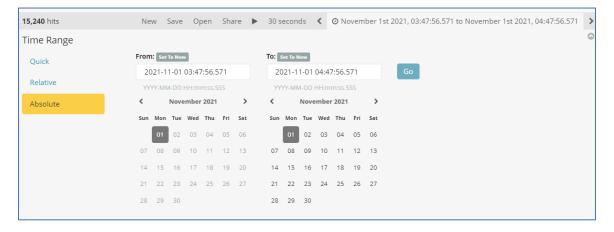
Relative sub-tab

Select custom time frames in relation to current time.



Absolute sub-tab

Select fixed dates/times.





> (forward)

Click to moves the display forward in time.

Search bar

Enter search criteria to locate details. Search expressions are used to select/limit data points on the visualization. They can be used as a filter for the whole visualization, or as a filter for the whole dashboard.

Search expressions are not restricted to data point fields. An expression can also refer to fields associated with the device (type, IP address, groups, custom fields, and more). For example, to collect current from each outlet in a selection of Rack PDUs, use one custom field "rack:abc" with another custom field "rack:xyz". Here are some search examples:

- host:"ServertechPDU"
- collectd type:"power"
- type_instance:"AA1"
- collectd type:"power" AND type instance:"AA1"

Configuration Expressions of Data Points

Data Point fields (logstash-* Index)

Field	Value	Description	
host	Device Name	Name of the device being monitored.	
plugin	snmp, ipmi, nominal, aggregation	Name of the collection plugin.	
plugin_instance	sum, average	Instance of the plugin collecting the data, if the plugin requires it. Present in the aggregation plugin.	
collectd_type	temperature, fan speed, humidity, counter, percent time left, voltage, current power, apparent_power, power_factor, frequency	Type of measurement.	
type_instance	Data Point Name	Name of the element associated with measurement.	

Device fields (logstash-* Index)

Field	Values	Description
name	Device Name	Name of the device being monitored.
mode	enabled, on demand, disabled	Device operational mode.
type	device type	Device type (assigned under Managed Devices).



Field	Values	Description
family	ilo, drac, ipmi_1.5, ilmi_2.0, cimc_ucs, device_console, pdu	Device family.
addr_location	Address	Address (street, city, country).
coordinates	Coordinates	Latitude, longitude.
ip	IP address	Device IP address.
mac	MAC address	Device MAC address (if known).
alias	IP address alias	Alias of the IP address.
groups	list of groups	Groups authorized to access the device.
licensed	yes, no	Device license state.
status	connected, disconnected, in-use, unknown	Current device status.
nodegrid	Nodegrid hostname	Device hostname that controls the device.
custom fields		Any configured custom field for the device.

Event fields (*_date_* Index)

Field	Value	Description
event_id	Number	Event ID number.
event_msg	Text	Event message.
host	Nodegrid hostname	Device hostname on which the event occurred.
message	Text	Full message text.

Discover tab

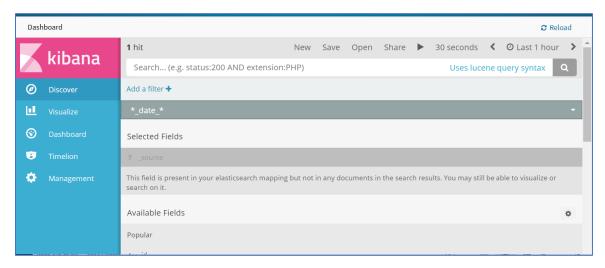
Data Point Exploration

This allows an inspection of the entire json document that was indexed

Collect Raw Data Points

1. Go to Dashboard :: Discover.





2. Click in the dark bar. On the drop-down, select the *Index Pattern*:



logstash-* (contains monitored data)

- *_date_* (contains event notifications)
- 3. Adjust the time frame as needed

By default, all displayed data is collected within the defined time frame.

- 4. Use Search to find a specific device or data point.
- 5. Verify that data points were collected.
- 6. Inspect the available fields.

NOTE: Collected data is buffered before stored. it may take up to a few minutes for data to display. If the data source produces a lot of content, buffers quickly fill up.

Visualize tab

Visualizations display aggregate data in a variety of options. Following are descriptions of data presentation.

Line Charts

Line Charts allow the visualization of data points along the line graph.

Create a Single or Multi-Line Chart (Configuration Example)

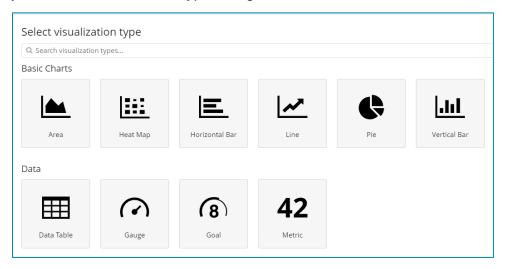
WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Dashboard :: Visualize.
- 2. Click the + icon.

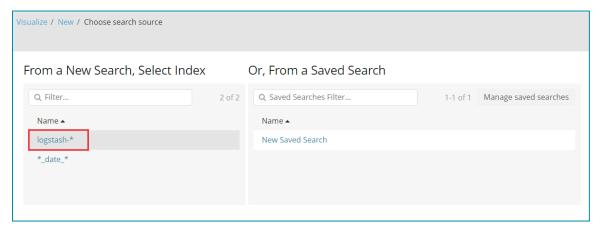




3. This displays the Select visualization type dialog.

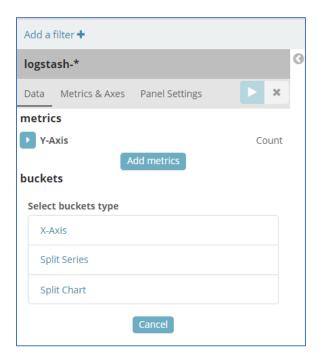


4. Click the **Line** icon. On the dialog, click **logstash-***.



5. In the From a New Search, Select Index menu, click logstash-* (displays editor dialog).





6. To select the data points to visualize, enter a search expression.



The search expression can be extended.



7. In the *Metrics* section, click **Y-Axis** arrow.

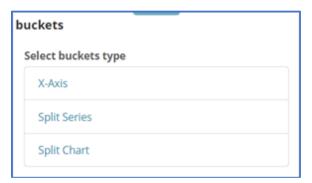


8. On the **Aggregation** drop-down, under *Metric Aggregations* section, select **Average** . In **Field** drop-down, select **value**.

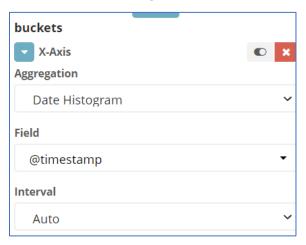




9. In buckets section, in Select buckets type menu, click X-Axis.



10. On Aggregation drop-down, select Date Histogram. Accept Field and Interval defaults.



11. On the Toolbar, click **Save** (displays dialog).



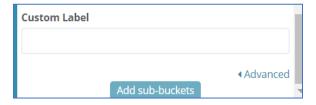
12. Enter a name for the visualization and click Save.

Create a Multi-Line Chart (Configuration Example)

Follow the Single-Line Chart example and continue these steps.

WebUI Procedure

1. Below Custom Label field, click Add sub-buckets.

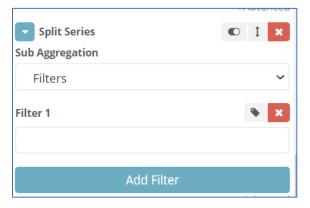




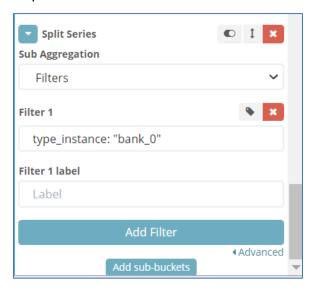
2. On the Select buckets type menu, click Split Series.



3. On Sub Aggregation drop-down, select Filters.

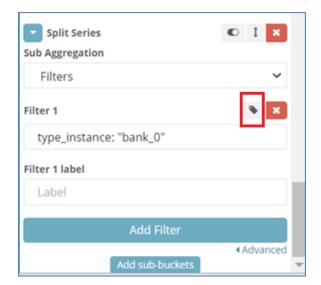


4. In **Filter 1**, enter a search expression for the elements to visualize.



5. (optional) To associate a label, click the **Settings** icon and enter **Filter 1 label**.

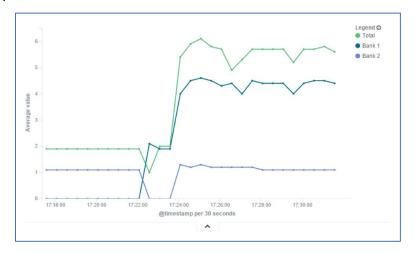




- 6. (as needed) Click Add Filter and repeat.
- 7. (as needed) Click Add sub-buckets and repeat.
- 8. To refresh the graph based on the configuration, click on the Play icon.



The graph example includes several sub-buckets.



9. On the Toolbar, click Save (displays dialog).



10. Enter a name for the visualization and click **Save**.



Area Charts

Create an Area Chart (Configuration Example)

The area chart is useful for stacking measurements for different but related entities.

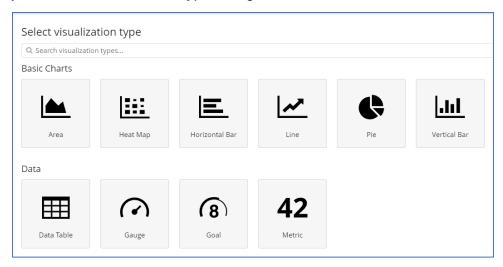
NOTE: Become familiar with the Line Chart procedure before creating an Area Chart,

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Go to Dashboard :: Visualize.
- 2. Click the + icon.



3. This displays the Select visualization type dialog.

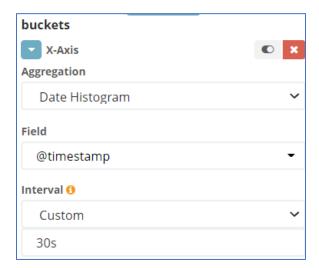


- 4. Click the Area icon. On the dialog, click logstash-*.
- 5. In *metrics* section, click on **Y-Axis** icon. In **Aggregation** drop-down, select **Sum**.

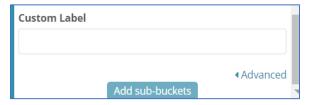


6. On *Buckets* menu, X-Axis, on **Aggregation** drop-down, select **Data Histogram**. In **Interval** drop-down, select **Custom** then enter value (i.e., 30s).





7. Below Custom Label field, click Add sub-buckets.



8. On the Select buckets type menu, click Split Series.

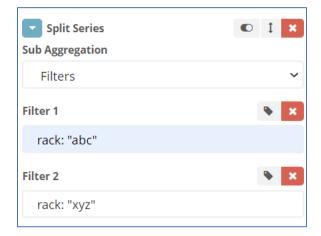


9. On Sub Aggregation drop-down, select Filters. In Filter 1, enter value. Click Add Filter.



10. In Filter 2, enter a search expression for the elements to visualize.

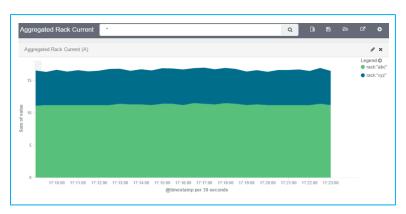




- 11. (as needed) Click Add Filter and repeat.
- 12. To refresh the graph based on the configuration, click on the Play icon.



The resulting visualization would look like this:



13. On the Toolbar, click Save (displays dialog).



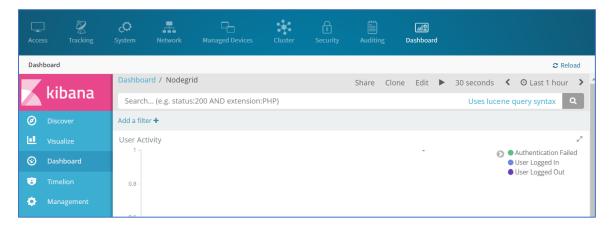
14. Enter a name for the visualization and click Save.

NOTE: When using area charts, be careful to not use the same measurement twice,

Dashboard tab

Dashboards are a collection of one or more visualizations. These objects can be created, modified, and deleted.





Manage Dashboards

Description

WebUI Procedure

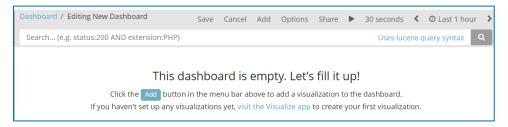
1. On the left side panel, click **Dashboard** tab (main panel lists saved visualizations).



2. On the Navigation bar, click the New Dashboard icon

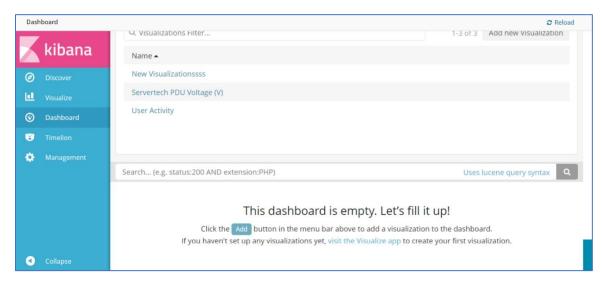


3. On the Editing New Dashboard panel, click Add.

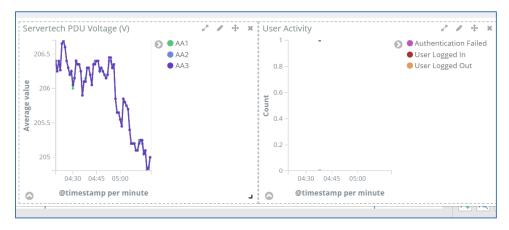


4. On the *Add Panels* dialog, top panel lists available visualizations. To the upper right is the option to create a new visualization. Below is the *dashboard* panel.

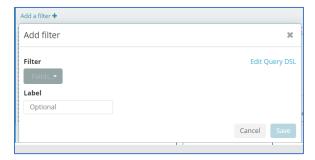




5. On the visualization list, click the first one to add. The visualization displays in the *dashboard* panel. Click others to add those to the *dashboard* panel.

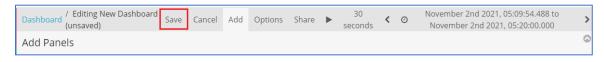


- Resize (lower right corner handle) and reposition (click, drag and drop) the graphs, as needed.
- If needed, to include a filter, click Add a filter (displays Add a Filter dialog).



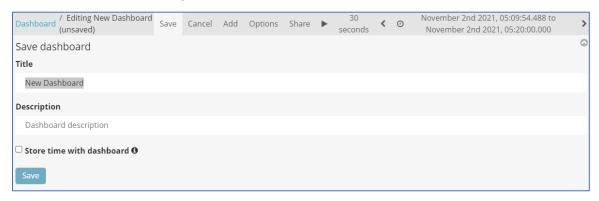
Select from Filter drop-down, Enter Label, then click Save.

8. When the dashboard appearance and details are ready, click **Save** icon.





9. On the Save dashboard dialog:



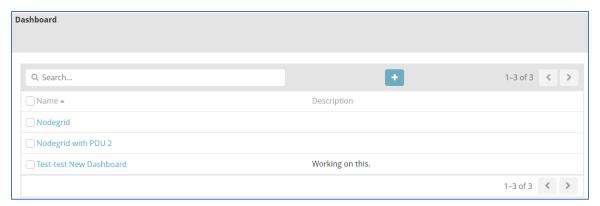
Enter Title.

Enter **Description**.

(optional) Select Store time with dashboard checkbox.

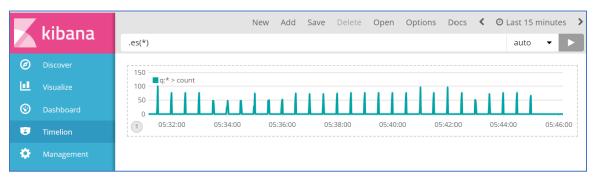
Click Save.

10. The new dashboard is added to the list.



Timelion tab

This is another visualization tool for time-based data analysis. For example, it can view specific data activity on a timeline basis. The chart results can be analyzed in various time segments (daily, weekly, etc.).



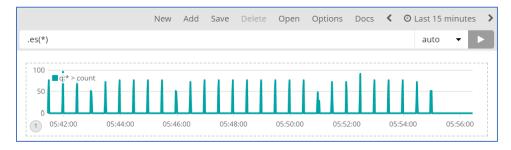


Toolbar tabs

On the Toolbar, these functions are available:

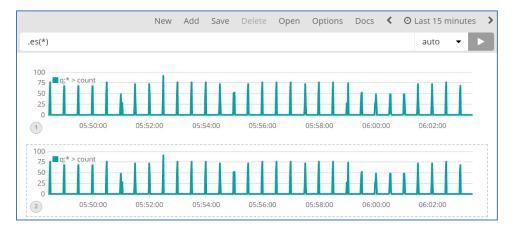
New sub-tab

Option to modify the display (change field, change time



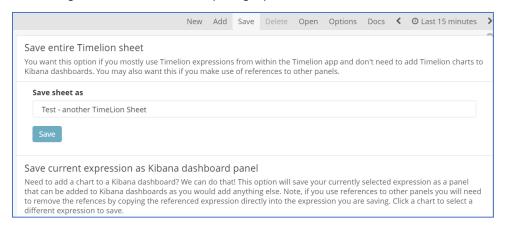
Add sub-tab

Adds another visualization chart.



Save sub-tab

Saves the current configuration. Click on one paragraph, as needed.





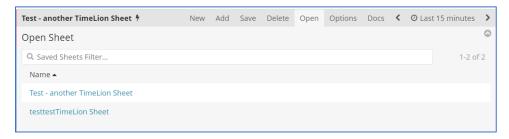
Delete sub-tab

Displays pop-up dialog to confirm deletion of the current displayed visualization.



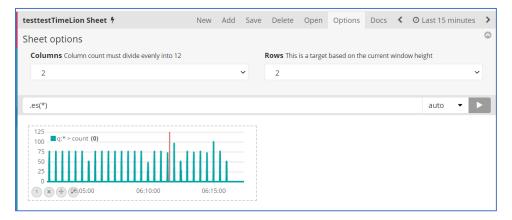
Open sub-tab

Displays Open Sheet dialog to select a visualization.



Options sub-tab

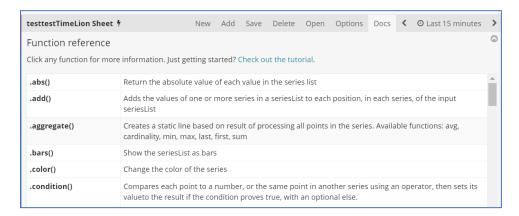
Displays options to modify display of the visualization (Columns, Rows, etc.)



Docs sub-tab

Displays the Function Reference details.





< (back)

Click to move the display back in time.

Time Range sub-tab

Option to modify the time range of the visualization.



> (forward)

Click to moves the display forward in time.

Management tab

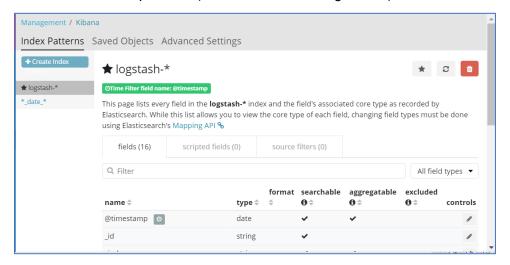
This manage index patterns, saved objects. The advanced settings can tweak some points, especially visualizations.





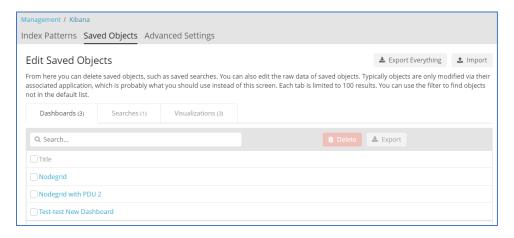
Index Patterns sub-tab

Displays details of selected index patterns (screenshot shows logstash-*).



Saved Objects sub-tab

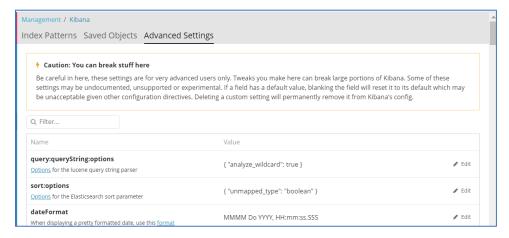
Displays Edit Saved Objects. To modify, click name on list.





Advanced Settings sub-tab

Settings can be directly edited here (admin privileges required). Carefully read the **Caution** statement, especially for the size of the history of saved search queries.



Applications Section

Nodegrid devices can run additional applications. These provide expanded software capabilities. The most used apps are in the areas of monitoring and SD-WAN. While all Nodegrid units support this feature, the Services Router Family is designed to run applications to enhance a wide variety of connectivity options.

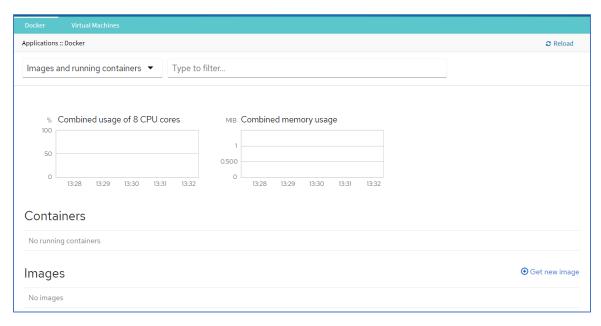
NOTE: To run applications, additional licenses are required.



Docker tab

Docker is an open platform to build, ship and run distributed applications. With Administrator privileges, user can run Docker apps on Nodegrid. Docker applications can be pulled from **Docker Hub**, starting and stopping of the Docker Containers.





Docker supports Seccomp and Apparmor. New containers are Seccomp and Apparmor enabled by default.

To start a container without Seccomp and Apparmor, the following shell command is required:

docker run --name <name> --security-opt seccomp=unconfined --security-opt
apparmor=unconfined <image name>.

Containers created before v5.4 retain the same behavior prior to this Docker upgrade. For example, if the container was created with the default command, Seccomp and Apparmor is disabled.

Virtualization

Activate Virtualization

- 1. Go to Security :: Services
- 2. In the Enable Virtualization Services menu:



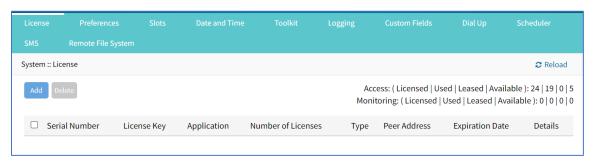


Select Enable Docker checkbox.



- 4. Make other settings, as needed
- Click Save.

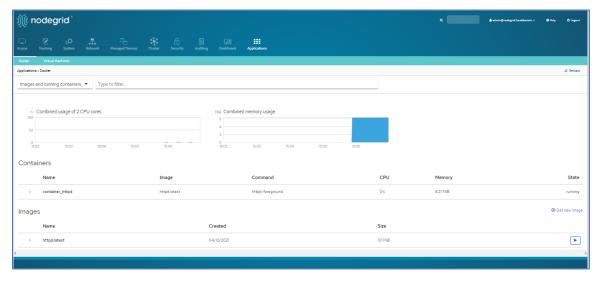
Licenses are required. To view licensed applications, go to System :: Licenses.



NOTE: The management of Docker Applications is currently only available through the WebUI. The WebUI provides a basic interface to manage Docker Containers. For more advanced features, administrators can use the docker command line tools.

Docker Images

Administrators can directly download images from the Docker Hub to *Applications :: Docker*. The Nodegrid device must have access to the Docker Hub.



Each container can be configured with several parameters, including exposed ports, memory allocation, environmental variables, name, etc. When a container is created, detailed information is displayed in drop-down menus.

Add a new Docker Image

NOTE: Requires administrator privileges.

WebUI Procedure

- 1. Ensure the virtualization license is valid, and device firmware version is 5.4 or later.
- 2. Go to Security:: Services and ensure Docker services are enabled.



- 3. Go to Applications :: Docker.
- 4. Click Get new image.
- 5. Type httpd and press enter
- 6. On the list, select the image and click **Download**.
- 7. On download, the image is listed in the *Images* table.

Add a New Docker Container

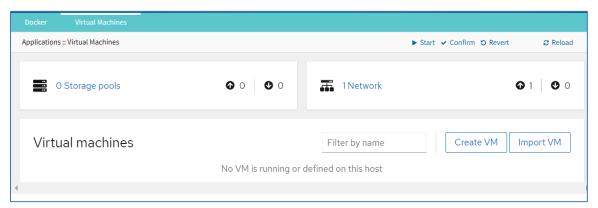
- Select the image and click Play.
- 2. Adjust the configuration details.
- Click Run.

For additional details see the official Docker create documentation.

NOTE: After the container is created, it does not automatically start.

Virtual Machines tab

On *Applications :: Virtual Machines*, virtual machines can be created, imported, and managed. Within the drop-down menu, an embedded VNC terminal is available and automatically started with the VM.

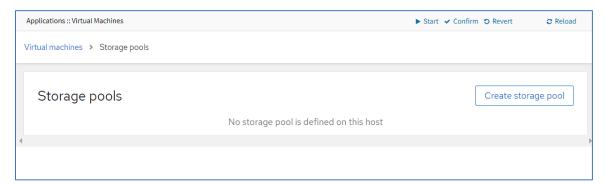


Storage Pools

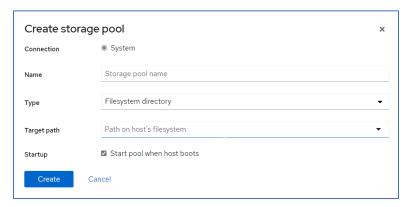
Create a Storage Pool

- 1. Go to Applications :: Virtual Machines.
- Click Storage pools (displays dialog)





3. Click Create storage pool (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter Name.
- 5. On Type drop-down, select one (Filesystem directory, Network file system, iSCSI target, Physical disk device, LVM volume group, iSCSI direct target)

Filesystem directory

On Target path drop-down, select one (list of file folders).

Network file system

On Target path drop-down, select one (list of file folders).

Enter Host name.

Enter Source path

iSCSI target

On Target path drop-down, select one (list of file folders).

Enter Host name.

Enter Source path

Physical disk drive

On Target path drop-down, select one (list of file folders).

Enter Source path

On Format drop-down, select one (dos, dvh, gpt, mac)



LVM volume group

Enter Source volume group

iSCSI direct target

Enter Host name.

Enter Source path

Enter Initator

- 6. On Startup, select/unselect Start pool when host boots checkbox.
- 7. Click Create.

Create sdb Storage

Step 1 - create storage pool

This is used in the Access Additional Drive(s)/Drive Partitions procedure.

- 1. Go to Applications :: Virtual Machines.
- 2. Click Storage pools (displays dialog)
- 3. Click Create storage pool (displays dialog).
- 4. Enter Name.
- 5. On Type drop-down, select Filesystem directory
- 6. On Target path field, enter:

/var/local/file_manager/admin_group/sdb1/

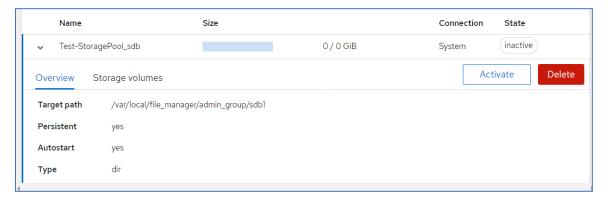
- 7. On Startup, select/unselect Start pool when host boots checkbox.
- 8. Click **Create** (displays dialog).



Step 2 – Create Volume

1. Expand the details (click > arrow – left side)





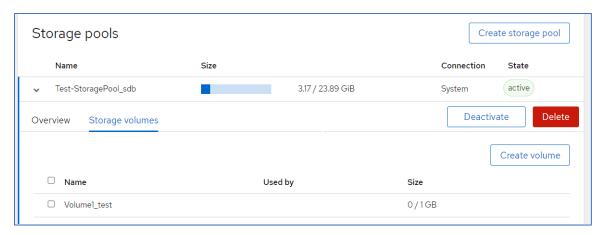
- 2. Click Activate.
- 3. On Storage volumes sub-tab, click Create a Volume.

Enter Name

Enter Size. On drop-down, select Gib or MiB.

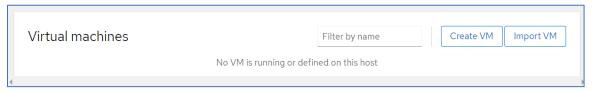
On Format drop-down, select one (qcow2, raw).

4. Click Create.



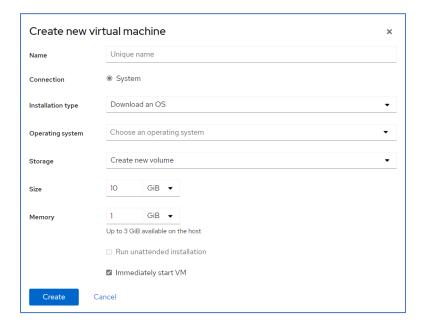
Step 3 - Create Virtual Machine

1. On Virtual Machine page, go to Virtual machines section:



2. Click Create VM (displays dialog).





- 3. Enter Name
- 4. On Installation type drop-down, select one (

Download an OS

Cloud base storage

On **Installation source**, select from drop-down (or enter the path).

Local install media (ISO image or distro install tree)

On **Installation source**, enter the path to ISO file on host file system.

URL (ISO image or distro install tree)

On **Installation source**, enter remote URL.

Network boot (PXE)

On Installation source drop-down, select one (selection may include a warning note).

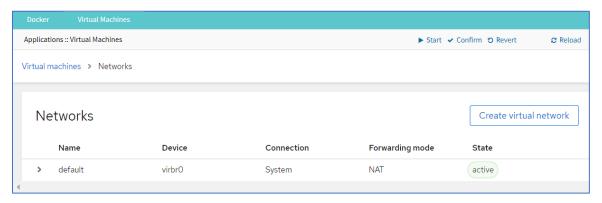
- 5. On **Operating system** drop-down, select one (depends on **Installation type** selection).
- 6. ON Storage drop-down, select the sdb storage pool.
- 7. On **Volume** drop-down, select the sdb volume.
- 8. On **Memory**, make changes as needed.
- (if available) Select Run unattended installation checkbox.
- 10. Select Immediately start VM checkbox.
- 11. Click Create.



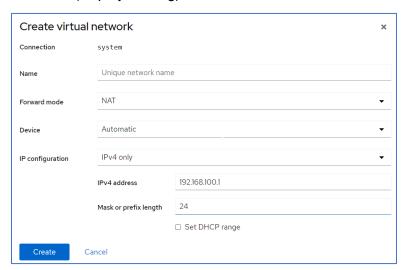
Networks

Create a Network

- 1. Go to Applications :: Virtual Machines.
- 2. Click **Network** (displays dialog)



3. Click Create virtual network (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter Name
- 5. On Forward mode drop-down, select one (NAT, Open, None (isolated network)).

NAT

On **Device** drop-down, select one (list of options).

Open

None (isolated network)

On IP configuration drop-down, select one (IPv4 only, IPv6 only, IPv4 and IPv6).
 IPv4 only





Enter IPv4 address

Enter Mask or prefix length

Select **DHCP range** checkbox

Enter Start

Enter End

IPv6 only



Enter IPv6 address

Enter Prefix length

Select **DHCP range** checkbox

Enter Start

Enter End

IPv4 and IPv6



Enter IPv4 address

Enter Mask or prefix length



Select **DHCP range** checkbox

Enter Start

Enter End

Enter IPv6 address

Enter Prefix length

Select **DHCP** range checkbox

Enter Start

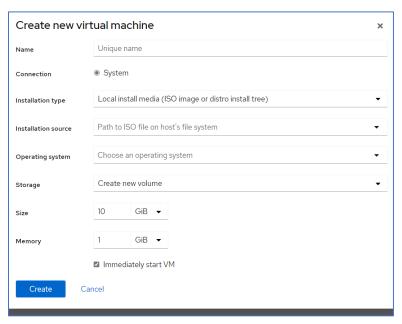
Enter End

7. Click Create.

Libvirt VM Tool

Create a new VM via Libvirt

- 1. Copy the .iso image to /var/lib/libvirt/images
- 2. Go to Applications :: Virtual Machines.
- 3. Click Create VM (displays dialog).



- 4. Enter Name.
- 5. On Installation Type drop-down, select Local install media (ISO image or distro install tree). Other options: URL (ISO image or distro install tree), Network boot (PXE).
- 6. Enter Installation Source (options adjust based on Installation Type selection).
- 7. On **Operating System** drop-down, select one (if available).
- 8. On Storage drop-down, select one (Create new volume, No storage, Storage pools).



If Create new volume selected, enter Size and Memory.

- 9. Select Immediately Start VM checkbox.
- 10. Click Create.

WiFi Controller tab

This provides information on Devices, Firmware and System.

Install OpenWiFi

Get OpenWiFi Script

To get the OpenWiFi install package, contact Technical Support.

Install OpenWiFi Script

- 1. Copy the package to the Nodegrid device (any location is acceptable).
- 2. Open Shell SUDO.
- 3. To make it executable:

```
chmod +x <package_file>
```

4. To execute:

```
./<package_file>
```

5. To view the OpenWiFi application, go to Applications :: WiFi Controller.

Enable/Disable WiFi Controller

- 1. Go to Security :: Services.
- 2. In Active Services menu:

Select/unselect Enable WiFi Controller checkbox.

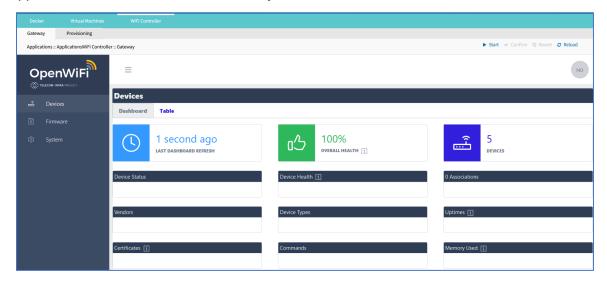
3. Click Save.



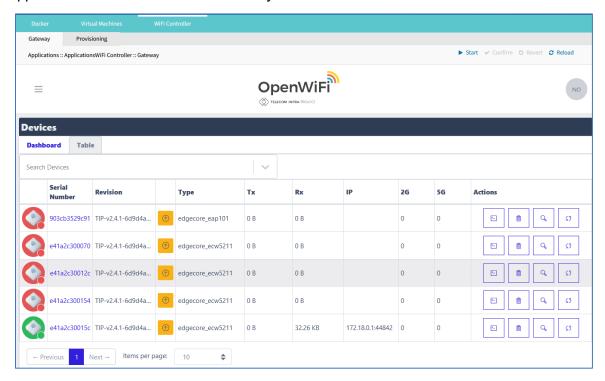
Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway

Devices side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway - Devices :: Dashboard.

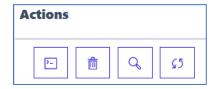


Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway - Devices :: Table.



On the Actions column, click buttons, as needed.

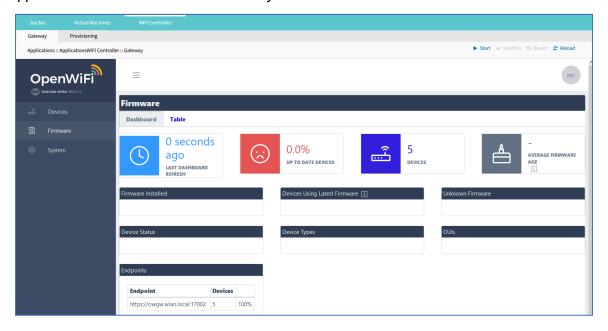




- Connect this device
- Delete this device.
- Display details on this device.
- Refresh this device.

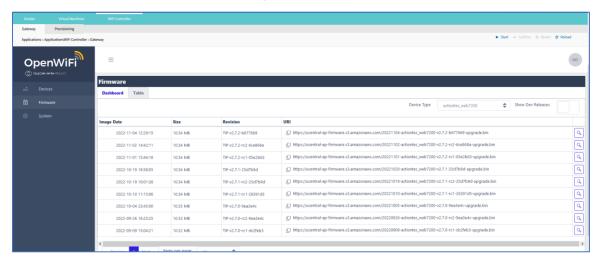
Firmware side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway - Firmware ::Dashboard.





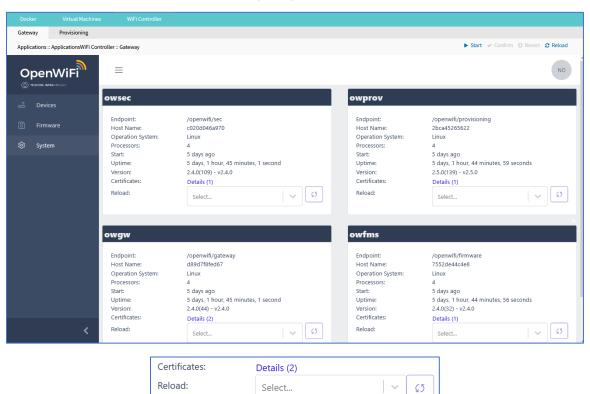
Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway - Firmware :: Table.



- Copy this URI to clipboard.
- Display details on this URI.

System side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Gateway - System.



Click **Details** link to display Certificate details.



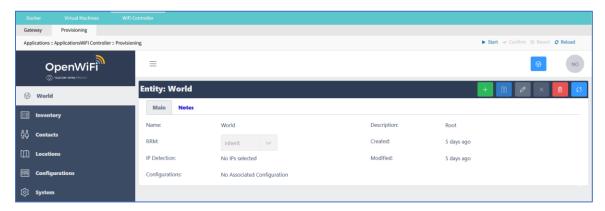


To reload, on Select drop-down, select one, then click Refresh icon.

Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Provisioning

World side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Provisioning – World :: Main.



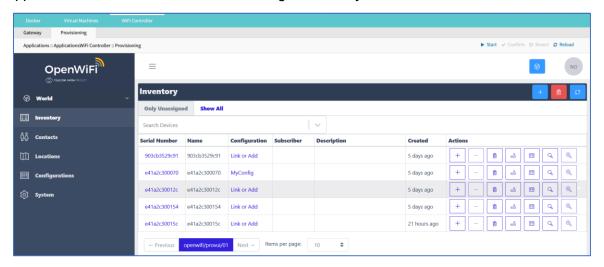
Buttons:

- Add Child Entity to World
- Save
- Edit
- Close window
- Delete
- Refresh



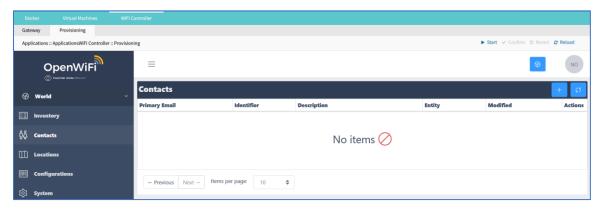
Inventory side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Positioning – Inventory.



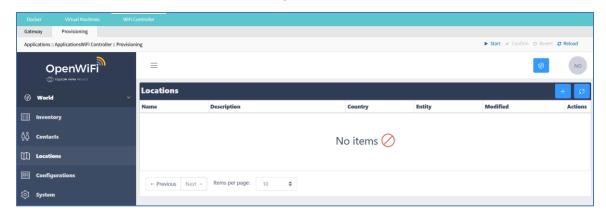
Contacts side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Positioning - Contacts.



Locations side-tab

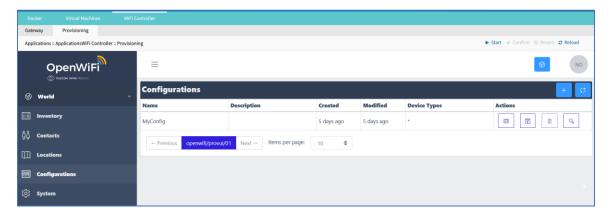
Go to Applications:: WiFi Controller:: Positioning - Locations.





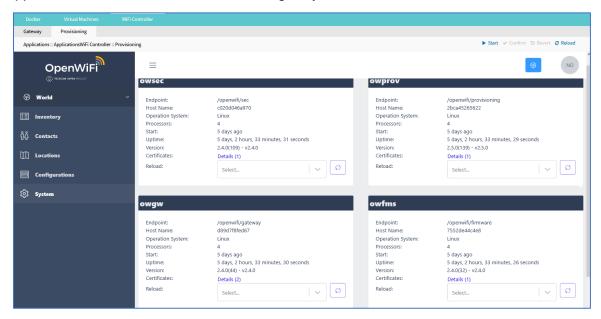
Configurations side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Positioning – Configurations.



System side-tab

Go to Applications :: WiFi Controller :: Positioning – System.



Network Function Virtualization

Administrators can run additional NFV's or other Virtual Machines. A large variety of configuration options is available through the command line interface.

Contact <u>Technical Support</u> for more information.



Appendix A – General Information

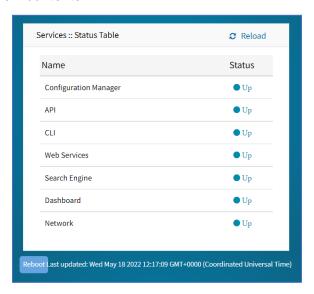
Technical Support

Our Technical Support staff provides assistance in any operational or installation issues for the Nodegrid products. For any question first follow this procedure:

- 1. From the Device WebUI, open the device help. Based on the WebUI location of the situation, go to the document location for that feature/function.
- 2. Check the Online help documentation at www.zpesystems.com/support
- (admin privileges only) Access the https://<Nodegrid URL>/services/status.
 Enter the login credentials.



On the Status page, review contents.



As needed, check the Knowledge Base or submit a Support Tickets.

++++++++++++++++

To enable/disable access, go to: Security:: Services. In Active Services menu, select/unselct:



Enable Services Status Page checkbox (default: enabled)

(as needed) Enable reboot on Service Status Page checkbox (default: enabled)

+++++++++++++++

4. Visit our Help Center Website for the Knowledge Base and other useful links.

Support Ticket

Submit an online ticket request

- 1. At the top-right of the WebUI, click **Submit a request**.
- 2. In the form, enter the required information. Provide as much detailed information as possible on the description of the problem or question.
- 3. If needed, a file or graphic image can be attached.
- 4. Select the I'm not a robot checkbox.
- 5. Click Submit.

A response email will be sent to you from ZPE Systems that confirms your request was received. The email includes the Support Ticket Number. This is needed as reference.

Updates and Patches

To automatically receive information about important security patch announcements, future firmware updates, and other technical information, sign up to **The Loop** at www.zpesystems.com/loop/

Manage Virtual Machines

Management of VMWare virtual machines are supported, including KVM Virtual Machines.

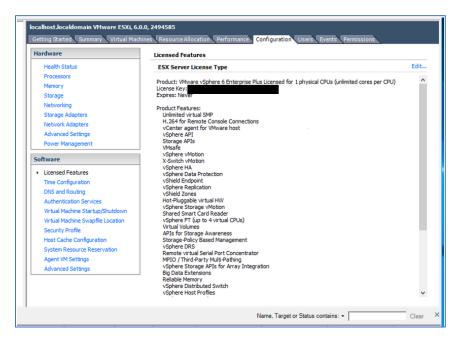
These features are available:

- MKS Sessions (for VMWare machines only)
- Virtual Serial console session (for VMWare machines only)
- Console session (for KVM machines only)
- Power Control through the hypervisor
- Web Session to the device

Direct connections to ESX or VSphere servers are supported. When a direct connection is made, the ESX server has to support the feature: "vCenter agent for VMware Host". This is enabled through an ESX server license.

To check if the ESX server supports this feature, login to the ESX host and go to the *License Feature* section. Host supported licenses and features are listed.





NOTE: To utilize the vSPC option with VMWare virtual machines, the port must be configured on the Virtual Machine.

Virtual Serial Port (vSPC) on VM Servers

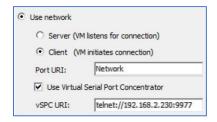
To redirect the VMware VM vSPC data to the Nodegrid Platform, the VM serial port needs to be configured.

Configure vSPC on VM Server

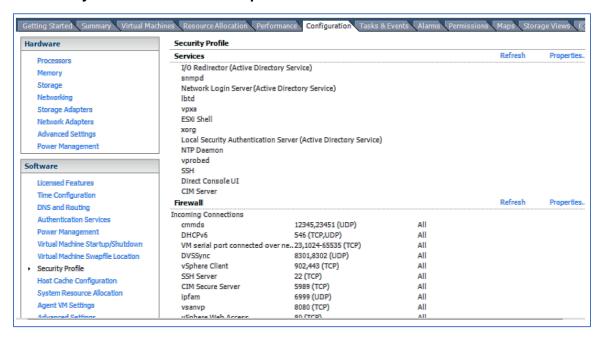
Ensure the VM is turned off.

- 1. Open the ESXi configuration (vSphere).
- Select the VM and click Edit Virtual Machine Settings.
- Click Add (displays dialog).
- 4. Click Serial Manager Device.
- 5. On the pop-up dialog, click Next.
- 6. Click Connect Via Network, then click Next.
- 7. Select Client (VM initiates the connection).t
- (optional) For Port URI, enter <group_id> where group_id is an identifier used during the Auto Discovery (to relate servers of the same group).
- On vSPC URI, type telnet://<IP or Nodegrid Manager hostname>:9977.
- 10. Click Finish.



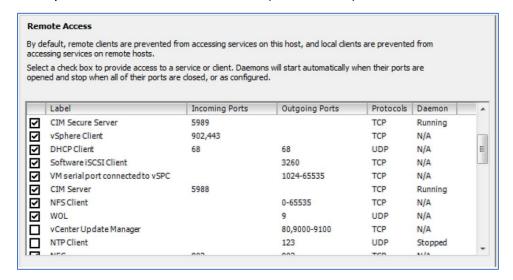


11. On the ESXi firewall, ensure the vSPC port is enabled. To confirm, go to **ESXi Configuration**, select **Security Profile** and click on **Properties**.



12. On the Remote Access page, review the box related to VM serial port connected to vSPC.

Outgoing Ports should have a TCP port range starting from 1024 or higher. The port range must include the TCP port used on the vSPC URI field (default 9977).





Modify Outgoing Port Range

- 1. Connect to the ESXi command line.
- 2. Execute the following command:

```
# vi /etc/vmware/firewall/service.xml
```

3. Edit the port section:

4. Save the changes and then restart the firewall service.

```
# esxcli network firewall refresh
```

For further information on VMware firewall, please refer to the VMware Knowledge Base.

Serial Port Pinout

The tables below provide serial port pinout information.

Cisco-like Pinout

Pin	Signal name	Input/output	
1	стѕ	IN	
2	DCD	IN	
3	RxD	IN	
4	GND	N/A	
5	GND	N/A	
6	TxD	OUT	
7	DTR	OUT	



Pin	Signal name	Input/output
8	RTS	OUT

Legacy Pinout

Pin	Signal name	Input/output
1	RTS	OUT
2	DTR	OUT
3	TxD	OUT
4	GND	N/A
5	стѕ	IN
6	RxD	IN
7	DCD	IN
8	Unused	N/A

Safety

Please refer to the links below for product safety information.

Nodegrid Serial Console

Nodegrid Net Services Router

Nodegrid Gate SR

Nodegrid Bold SR

Nodegrid Link SR

Nodegrid Hive SR

Please refer to the links below for product installation information.

Quick Install Guide

Please refer to the links below for product installation information.

Nodegrid Serial Console

Nodegrid Net Services Router

Nodegrid Gate SR

Nodegrid Bold SR



Nodegrid Link SR

Nodegrid Hive SR

RoHS

Please refer to the links below for RoHS information.

Nodegrid Serial Console

Nodegrid Net Services Router

Nodegrid Gate SR

Nodegrid Bold SR

Nodegrid Link SR

Nodegrid Hive SR

Data Persistence

In normal operation, when data logging is enabled (Configuration settings), this data is stored in non-volatile memory:

- user data from keystrokes
- managed devices output
- device monitoring data passing through a Nodegrid device

Nodegrid Device Memory

Nodegrid devices contain the following separate memory devices:

BIOS

Memory Size: 64MB Memory Type: NOR Flash Volatility: Nonvolatile User Data: No

Flash Disk

Memory Size: 32 GB or 64 GB. Other custom sizes may be used. Memory Type: SSD Volatility: Nonvolatile User Data: Yes. Partition/Data: sda2 - unit configuration sda5 - backup configuration sda8 - user home directories and log files

RAM

Memory Size: 4 GB or 8 GB Memory Type: DDR3 Volatility: Volatile User Data: Yes

Remove Data from Nonvolatile Memory

Soft Removal of User Data from Nonvolatile Memory

Removes files and installs factory default configuration on flash disk.



Restore Factory Default Configuration

- 1. Shutdown Nodegrid device and power off.
- 2. To remove the device from the network, disconnect Ethernet cables.
- 3. Disconnect any USB storage device and USB network device connected to device.
- 4. To access Nodegrid unit, use one of these options:

Connect a terminal/workstation to the Nodegrid console port (RJ-45 console adapter) and a straight-through network cable.

Connect a HDMI monitor (HDMI port) and USB keyboard (USB port).

- 5. Power on the device.
- 6. On the following menu, select Nodegrid Manager Rescue Mode.

7. At the prompt ("bash-4.3#"), run this command (erases all files and loads factory configuration):

```
apply_settings --factory-and-cleanlogs -f -h
```

8. Wait for this message:

```
Apply factory settings completed. INIT:
Switching [ ... ] reboot: System halted
```

9. Power off the unit.

Hard Removal - Secure Erase

This completely erases the flash disk. This procedure destroys ALL data on flash disk and render it unrecoverable even by data recovery services. After that, the Nodegrid software must be reinstalled via network.



Fully Erase Nonvolatile Memory

- 1. Shutdown Nodegrid device and power off.
- 2. To remove the device from the network, disconnect Ethernet cables.
- 3. Disconnect any USB storage device and USB network device connected to device.
- 4. To access Nodegrid unit, use one of these options:

Connect a terminal/workstation to the Nodegrid console port (RJ-45 console adapter) and a straight-through network cable.

Connect a HDMI monitor (HDMI port) and USB keyboard (USB port).

- 5. Power on the device.
- 6. When the BIOS setup page appears, press the 'Esc' key.
- 7. In the Grub Menu, select Nodegrid Platform Secure Erase.

8. Type 'erase' to permanently erase all data from the system:

```
Nodegrid Boot live - Secure Erase

This action will completely erase the system. Using this procedure will destroy ALL data on the SSD and render it unrecoverable even by data recovery services. After executing this step, system software will no longer exist and must be reinstalled via network. Type 'erase' to secure erase the SSD or 'cancel' to reboot:
```

NOTE: Secure Erase requires the unit be power cycled (powered off and powered on) prior to the erase command execution. Otherwise, the following message displays and the system halts to allow the power cycle to be done.

Operation not supported. Unit must be power cycled prior to erase command. Wait for system halt and power cycle the unit. [4.614365] reboot: System halted

9. Type **yes** to confirm.



Secure erase cannot be canceled once confirmed. Type 'yes' to confirm secure erase:

10. Wait for the System halted message.

11. Power off the unit.

You can find a copy of the <u>Letter of Volatility here</u>.

Mount Remote Shares for Virtual Media

Nodegrid supports remote shares (NFS or Windows shares) to contain files shared with Service Processor systems. Before the files can be shared out through the Virtual Media function, the remote share must be mounted to the Nodegrid device.

CLI Procedure

- 1. Connect to the Nodegrid shell as the root user.
- Go to /var/firefox/datastore/
- 3. Create a folder.
- 4. Use the mount command to mount the remote share to the folder.

To permanently get the share mounted, the mount command can be added to the /etc/fstab file.

Example: NFS mount to folder VirtualMedia

```
mount -t nfs 192.168.1.1.:/NFS/NG /var/firefox/datastore/VirtualMedia
```

Monitoring Templates

This monitors and collects sensor data from Managed Devices, connected to a Nodegrid sensor or that support SNMP or IPMI protocol.

The collected data are defined and controlled through Monitoring Templates which will be assigned to a monitored device during its configuration.

Customize a Monitoring Template

Several preexisting monitoring templates are available. These typically fulfill user requirements. As needed, these templates can be customized. All templates are text files, located in sub directories at /etc/collectd.templates according to the protocol used to collect monitoring data (SNMP or IPMI).

/etc/collectd.templates/snmp

/etc/collectd.templates/ipmi



Any new file added to these directories automatically appear in the user interface.

SNMP Template

Create a new SNMP Template

CLI Procedure

- 1. Login to the Shell as root.
- 2. Create a copy of one existing template as a starting point for the new template.
- 3. Each SNMP template file has two types of subsections:
 - Data (one entry per data point, each identified by a unique ID.)
 - Host (one single entry, defined SNMP parameters, collecting interval, and data points to be collected.)
- 4. The template file should only include data points of general common use. All other data points can be removed from the file.
- 5. Use commit to save the template.

Settings and Values for Data Entry

Setting	Value	Description
Data	Internal name of the data point as it is collected. Should be unique.	Cannot have spaces. Example: "pdu_in_cur", "pdu_in_vol".
Туре	Temperature, fan speed, humidity, counter, percent time left, voltage, current power, apparent_power, power_factor, frequency	Data type
Table	True/False	reflects if the OID is part of a table or not
Instance	True/False	If Table= true (SNMP OID prefix retrieves a list of names associated with the corresponding values). For example, in a PDU this could be the outlet name. If Table = false (name of the instance is associated with the value).
InstancePrefi x	String	(optional) String to prepend to the Instance, enclosed in double quotes.
Values	True/False	If Table = true (SNMP OID prefix retrieves a list of values). If Table = false (SNMP OID retrieves a single value).
Scale	Decimal value	(optional) Decimal value to be multiplied to the value retrieved before persisting it.

Example:



```
Type "current"

Table true

Instance ".1.3.6.1.4.1.476.1.42.3.8.40.20.1.20"

Values ".1.3.6.1.4.1.476.1.42.3.8.40.20.1.130"

Scale 0.01

</Data>
```

The host entry in an SNMP template only requires an adjustment in the Collect setting. The values list should contain a list of all data entries to be collected. All listed data entries require a corresponding data entry definition.

IPMI Discovery Template

The discovery template for IPMI automatically discovers all available sensors on an IPMI device. The template has one subsection.

IPMI	0	pti	O	ns
-------------	---	-----	---	----

Setting	Value	Description
AuthType	None, md2, md5, straight	Authentication type for the IPMI protocol (default: negotiate the strongest one).
Privilege	Callback, user, operator, admin	Privilege level for IPMI protocol (default: admin).
Sensor	Name of the Sensor to be collected	Selects sensors to collect or ignore, depending on "Ignore, Selected" setting. Can be defined multiple times, each for one selected sensor.
IgnoreSelected	True/False	If true, does not collect for the sensors selected by Sensor. If false, only collects for the sensors selected by Sensor.
Scale	un	(optional) A decimal value to be multiplied to the value retrieved before persisting it.

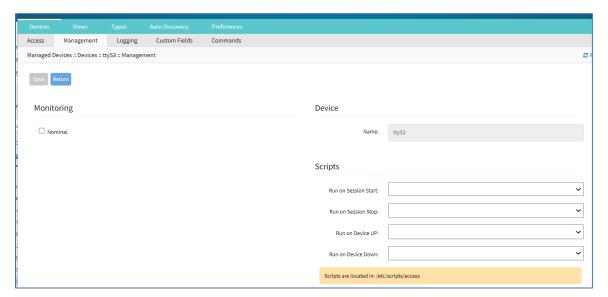
Enable Monitoring

Monitoring is enabled on a per-device basis. The settings are part of the Managed Device settings.

WebUI Procedure

NOTE: for <device name> on Devices table, click on a device to display the dialog with sub-tabs.





- 2. Enable and configure the required monitoring protocol like SNMP or IPMI
- 3. Select **Enable Monitoring** checkbox.
- 4. Assign the template
- 5. Assign the collection interval.
- 6. Click Save.

Supported Nodegrid Devices

USB Passthrough

This feature requires the latest USB controller (currently only available for NSR). Support for the Link SR, Bold SR, and Gate SR will become available in future releases. NSC does not support this feature.

USB Passthrough ties two consecutive ports (defined by the hardware). Two operation modes are available for USB ports:

Host Mode

USB devices connected to the port are detected. Power to the port can be controlled.

Passthrough Mode

USB devices connected to the port are not detected. Power to the port is not available.

USB Power

The USB Power feature allows control of power to specific USB ports. This requires the latest USB controller (currently only available for NSR). Support for the Link SR, Bold SR, and Gate SR will become available in future releases. NSC does not support this feature.

USB ports for the new hardware have two operation modes:

Host Mode



USB devices connected to the port are detected. Power to the port can be controlled.

Passthrough Mode

USB devices connected to the port are not detected. Power to the port is not available.

Nodegrid automatically detects if the installed USB card supports Power Control. Required configuration files are updated during boot. All USB ports are configured with USB mode set to Host. Initial state (by default) is set to On.

NOTE: Devices with internal USB Serial adapters that provide power do not allow the USB Power option to be on or off.

USB Type

If Power Control is supported, the USB Type can be configured without the device connected to the port. Three options are available:

```
usb_serialB (USB serial adapter)
usb_sensor (USB sensors – i.e., TRH320 for temperature and humidity)
usb_device (all other USB devices)
```

When usb_device is selected, Management and Monitoring tabs are not available.

KVM Dongle

With the KVM USB dongle, a KVM session can be established to a legacy server (VGA and USB connection). The System automatically detects the dongle when it is connected. The device must be enabled.

Bluetooth

Bluetooth devices are supported. These are primarily used for monitoring and IoT applications. The Bluetooth functionality is provided through the Nodegrid WiFi module which is available for the Nodegrid Service Router family.

By default, the Bluetooth functionality is disabled. It must be manually enabled before use.

An admin user can enable the service via the shell with these commands:

```
[admin@nodegrid /]# shell sudo su -
root@nodegrid:~#sed -i
s/^BLUETOOTH_ENABLED=0/BLUETOOTH_ENABLED=1/g/etc/default/Bluetooth
root@nodegrid:~#sed -i s/^#AutoEnable=true/AutoEnable=true/g /etc/bluetooth/main.conf
root@nodegrid:~#sed -i
s/^#InitiallyPowered=true/InitiallyPowered=true/g/etc/bluetooth/main.conf
root@nodegrid:~# /etc/init.d/bluetooth start
root@nodegrid:~# bluetoothctl
root@nodegrid:~# [bluetooth]# scan on
```

After that, Bluetooth devices can be paired to the Nodegrid, then configured for monitoring or an IoT application.



To pair to a device, use the bluetoothctl command:

```
root@nodegrid:~#bluetoothctl bluetoothctl
[bluetooth]# devices
Device 00:16:94:1A:EA:2C Sensor
[bluetooth]# pair 00:16:94:1A:EA:2C
Attempting to pair with 00:16:94:1A:EA:2C
Pairing successful
[bluetooth]# connect 00:16:94:1A:EA:2C
Attempting to connect to 00:16:94:1A:EA:2C
[bluetooth]# quit
```

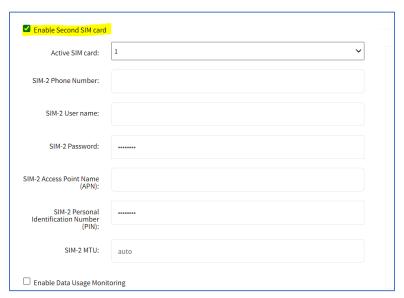
5G Support

NOTE: EM9191 modem supports 5G. EM7565 does not support 5G.

Cellular connection details are available in *Network :: Connections :: <connection>* (for Mobile Broad Band GSM type).

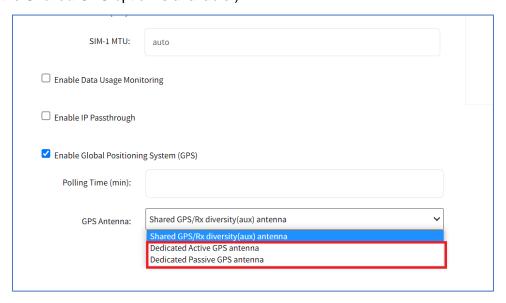
The EM7565 modem and Nodegrid Hive SR (with EM9191 modem) supports dual SIM cards. The EM7565 modem supports GPS dedicated antenna options.

When dual sim is supported, it must be enabled. Go to *Network :: Connections :: <connection>* and configure the settings.





When the modem supports dedicated GPS antenna, it is shown in the GPS Antenna drop-down. (If not, only the **Shared GPS** option is available.)



New temperature information field is displayed in *Tracking :: Devices :: Wireless Modem ::* <modem>.



The information is also available in *Tracking :: HW Monitor :: Thermal*.



Tracking :: HW Monitor :: Thermal			
Name	Value	Unit	Description
CPU Temperature	42	Celsius	CPU temperature
System Temperature	39	Celsius	System temperature
CPU Fan	4189	RPM	CPU FAN speed
System Fan	11550	RPM	System FAN speed
Wireless Modem Channel-A Temperature	35	Celsius	Wireless modem Channel-A temperature

PXE Boot

Nodegrid supports PXE boot (Pre-Boot Execution Environment). PXE is part of the UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) used to boot a software image retrieved at boot time from a network server. Data centers prefer this method for OS booting, installation, and deployment.

By default, PXE boot is enabled in Nodegrid. It can be disabled on WebUI (*Security :: Services*) or CLI (/settings/services scope). The example shows how to configure the DHCP/PXE server in Linux (Ubuntu) with installed Apache web server, tftpd-hpa service and Nodegrid 5.8.x.

NOTE: PXE, DHCP and TFTP servers must be installed.

- 1. Download Nodegrid network boot files (tarball) Contact Support to obtain the file
- 2. Copy Nodegrid network boot tar.gz (tarball) file to the DHCP server
- 3. Unzip the tar file (creates two directories: nodegrid 5.8.xx and boot).

Alternatively, create the directory and put tar file in that directory. Then unzip the tarball file (i.e., cd /var/lib/tftpboot/PXE directory).

Example:

4. (optional) To format the Hard Drive, create a file named "reformat" inside the nodegrid directory Example:

```
touch nodegrid-5.8.xx/reformat
```



 Open dhcpd.conf and add these lines in the "host definition" section. The hardware ethernet value must match the Nodegrid device MAC address. The fixed-address is the Nodegrid device IP address.

Legacy Mode Example

```
host PXEboot_NSC {
    hardware ethernet e4:1a:2c:56:02:9e;
    fixed-address 192.168.22.61;
    option tftp-server-name "192.168.22.201";
    next-server 192.168.22.201;
    option bootfile-name "PXE/boot/grub/i386-pc/core.0";
    option domain-name "zpesystems.com";
    option domain-name-servers 192.168.22.205, 75.75.75, 75.75.76.76;
    option routers 192.168.22.202;
}
```

UEFI Mode Example:

```
host PXEboot_NSC {
    hardware ethernet e4:1a:2c:56:02:9e;
    fixed-address 192.168.22.61;
    option tftp-server-name "192.168.22.201";
    next-server 192.168.22.201;
    option bootfile-name "PXE/boot/grub/x86_64-efi/core.efi";
    option domain-name "zpesystems.com";
    option domain-name-servers 192.168.22.205, 75.75.75, 75.75.76.76;
    option routers 192.168.22.202;
}
```

6. On Web server (i.e., Apache), cd /var/www and create a soft link to the file for the network boot: In -s and filename to link to the directory.

```
root@ubuntu-srv1:/var/www# pwd
root@ubuntu-srv1:/var/www#
root@ubuntu-srv1:/var/www# ln -sf /var/lib/tftpboot/PXE/nodegrid-5.8.xx/ nodegrid-
5.8.xx
```

7. Restart the DHCP server.

```
sudo service isc-dhcp-server restart
```

- 8. Restart tftpd-hpa process.
- 9. Start the Nodegrid device. This installs the Nodegrid netboot image on the device.



VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol)

The Nodegrid Platform supports embedded Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP). This allows Nodegrid to become part of a virtual router interface (provides router redundancy). This is used to provide automatic failover support for default gateways. By default, VRRP is not configured. To enable support, the service must first be configured by an administrator using the shell.

NOTE: VRRP can only be used with network interfaces directly exposed to the Nodegrid OS. Individual switch ports on a Nodegrid Service Router card cannot be used.

With VRRP, if there are two Nodegrid SR devices, one can be configured to be the VRRP master, and the other to be the VRRP backup. One SR is connected to the other and assigned a virtual IP address in keepalived configuration. The connection uses one SR (configured as master). If that SR goes down, VRRP assigns the virtual IP to the backup SR – and traffic continues on the second SR.

VRRP support is implemented through *keepalived* services. Official documentation for the service is available on the Keep Alived web site.

CLI Procedure

The service configuration files are located in /etc/keepalived/. At a minimum, the keepalived.conf must be a valid configuration. The service is started with this command.

```
/etc/init.d/keepalived start
```

To automatically start keepalived on the next system start, run this command:

```
update-rc.d -s keepalived defaults 90
```

Example Configuration

The following configuration uses IPv6 for the above topology, but IPv4 is also supported and configured in a similar process.

Router Configuration

Example:

```
sw1$ ip link add name br0 type bridge vlan_filtering 1 mcast_snooping 0
sw1$ ip link set dev swp3 master br0
sw1$ ip link set dev swp11 master br0
sw1$ ip link set dev br0 up
sw1$ ip -6 address add 2001:db8:1::2/64 dev br0
sw1$ ip link set dev swp3 up
sw1$ ip link set dev swp11 up
sw1$ ip link set dev swp7 up
sw1$ ip -6 address add 2001:db8:2::2/64 dev swp7
sw1$ ip -6 route add 2001:db8:4::/64 via 2001:db8:2::1
```



```
global_defs {
vrrp_garp_master_refresh 60
vrrp_instance vrrp_test {
 state MASTER
 interface br0
virtual_router_id 5
 priority 200
 version 3
 advert int 0.1
 use_vmac
 vmac_xmit_base
virtual ipaddress {
 2001:db8:1::100
 }
 notify_master "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh true br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
 notify_backup "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh false br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
notify_stop "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh false br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
sw2$ ip link add name br0 type bridge vlan_filtering 1 mcast_snooping 0
sw2$ ip link set dev swp55 master br0
sw2$ ip link set dev swp54 master br0
sw2$ ip link set dev br0 up
sw2$ ip -6 address add 2001:db8:1::3/64 dev br0
sw2$ ip link set dev swp55 up
sw2$ ip link set dev swp54 up
sw2$ ip link set dev swp56 up
sw2$ ip -6 address add 2001:db8:3::2/64 dev swp56
sw2$ ip -6 route add 2001:db8:4::/64 via 2001:db8:3::1
sw2$ cat /etc/keepalived/keepalived.conf
global_defs {
vrrp_garp_master_refresh 60
vrrp_instance vrrp_test {
state BACKUP
 interface br0
virtual_router_id 5
 priority 150
 version 3
 advert_int 0.1
 use_vmac
 vmac_xmit_base
 virtual_ipaddress {
```



```
2001:db8:1::100
}
notify_master "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh true br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
notify_backup "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh false br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
notify_stop "/usr/local/bin/vmac.sh false br0 00:00:5e:00:02:05 1"
}
```

In the above configuration, the virtual router uses an advertisement interval of 0.1 seconds. A longer interval can be used – but increases the failover time. This is because the Backup router waits for three times the advertisement interval before declaring the Master as down.

The vmac_xmit_base option causes VRRP packets to be sent with the MAC of the underlying interface (br0 in the example) instead of the virtual MAC. (This does not conform to the VRRP specification, but is recommended in practice.)

On both switches, vmac.sh is the file described below. The file ensures packets whose destination MAC is the virtual MAC are locally received by the Master router. An FDB entry is configured with the virtual MAC and the local flag.

Example:

Host Configuration

Example:

```
host$ ip link add name bond0 type bond mode active-backup miimon 100 use_carrier 1
host$ ip link set dev ens6 master bond0
host$ ip link set dev ens7 master bond0
host$ ip link set dev ens6 up
host$ ip link set dev ens7 up
host$ ip link set dev bond0 up
```



```
host$ ip -6 address add 2001:db8:1::1/64 dev bond0
host$ ip -6 route add 2001:db8:4::/64 via 2001:db8:1::100
host$ ip link set dev bond0 type bond primary ens6
```

To avoid duplicate packets, the host uses an active-backup LAG to connect both switches. The virtual router (2001:db8:1::100) is the gateway to the 2001:db8:4::/64 network (although in actual deployments this usually is the default gateway).

The MAC address of the virtual router is the virtual router MAC (VMAC):

```
host$ ip -6 neighbour show 2001:db8:1::100
2001:db8:1::100 dev bond0 lladdr 00:00:5e:00:02:05 router REACHABLE
```

The LSB indicates that the virtual router ID is 5 (in accordance with the virtual router configuration above).

Appendix B – UEFI Implementation

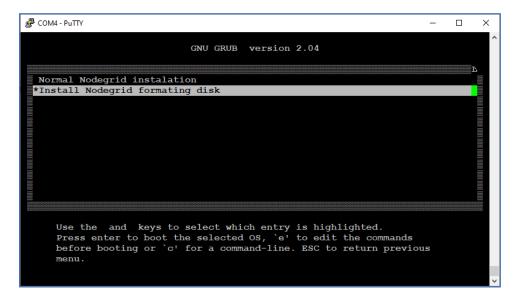
The latest UEFI specification defines an entirely new interface between operating system and firmware/BIOS.

UEFI Upgrade/Downgrade Concerns

Nodegrid OSes version 5.0 or below are Legacy Only, which means those images are not capable of booting in a system configured for UEFI Boot Mode. In a system running one of those images can be upgraded to new versions but will still run in Legacy. To Upgrade a Legacy device with a new image in UEFI mode, the following procedure is required:

- Burn an USB Drive with NG 5.X UEFI image
 Or setup a PxE Server with NG5.X UEFI Netboot Tarball.
- 2. During installation, select Install Nodegrid formatting disk.





3. After installation, change Boot mode to UEFI Mode. Login to OS shell as root and enter the following command:

/usr/sbin/hwec_cmds -boot_mode set uefi

4. Reboot the system.

Enable Secure Boot (optional)

WebUI Procedure

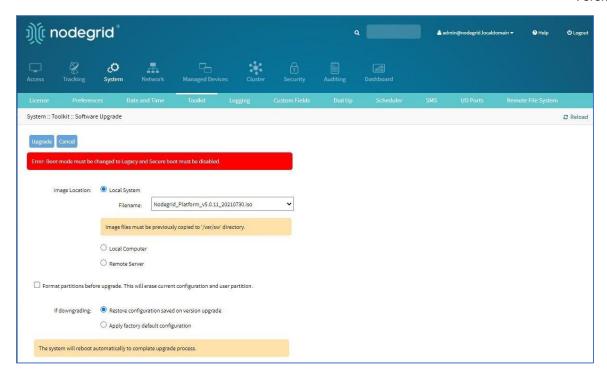
- 1. Go to System :: Services :: Intrusion Prevention.
- Select Enable Secure Boot checkbox.
- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Reboot the device.

Nodegrid OS version 5.1 and above are both Legacy and UEFI compatible.

Downgrade to Legacy

When in UEFI Boot Mode (optional Secure Boot), the device cannot be downgraded to Legacy Only. If a Legacy Image downgrade is necessary (v5.0 and below), disable Secure Boot and change to Legacy Mode. Then the downgrade procedure can be done.





- 1. Log into OS shell as root.
- 2. Enter:

```
/usr/sbin/hwec_cmds -secure_boot set 00
/usr/sbin/hwec_cmds -boot_mode set legacy
```

- 3. Reboot the system.
- 4. After that, proceed normally with the reboot.

Self-Encrypting Drive

Self-Encrypting Drive (SED) refers to SSDs with built-in full-disk encryption. The SED feature provides data privacy security against SSD theft. The customer can enable SSD data encryption, based on an authentication password. The Pre-Boot Authenticator is stored in SSD's Controller MBA and unlocks the drive during the boot process.

Minimum BIOS Versions

- NSR-COMP-EXPN (10518T00)
- NSR (10518T00)
- GSR (10617T00)
- LSR (10730T00)
- BSR (10813T00)



Device Conditions

- System's Boot Mode must be UEFI.
- Self-Encrypting Drive Pre-Boot Authenticator must be installed.
- After feature is enabled, a **power cycle** is required to activate.
- Lock Password is required to disable this feature.

Security Adjustments to System

- PxE Boot is disabled.
- Boot Order is set to SSD Only.
- When Password-and Protected Boot is enabled, use of Rescue Mode requires authentication.
- Secure Boot is strongly recommended.

Secure Boot

Secure Boot is optional in UEFI, but it highly recommended. It ensures software integrity on the device. A trust relationship is established between the UEFI BIOS and the device software (bootloaders, OS, UEFI drivers and utilities). When enabled, only software or firmware signed with approved keys can be executed. This guards the system against malicious attacks, rootkits, and unauthorized software updates that could occur prior to the device's OS launch.

The Secure Boot mechanism relies on public/private key pairs to verify the software's digital signature before execution. In the Secure Boot Standard Mode (default configuration), ZPE official public certificates are provided to validate Nodegrid OS images. To validate other device OS, the Secure Boot Custom Mode can use custom certificates installed in BIOS.

Requirements

- System's Boot Mode must be UEFI.
- Minimum BIOS version for Nodegrid devices:

NSR-COMP-EXPN (10518T00)

NSR (10518T00)

GSR (10617T00)

LSR (10730T00

BSR (10813T00

Intrusion Prevention

The Intrusion Prevention section allows configuration of preventive mechanisms (i.e., Fail 2 Ban, Rescue Mode) to prevent unauthorized access to a System. The following settings are available:



Intrusion Prevention Settings

Setting	Value	Description
Block host with multiple authentications fails	TRUE/FALSE	Blocks host from access after the maximum limit of failures occur.
Period Host will stay blocked (min)	Number in minutes	Amount of time the system is not reachable on the network (default: 10).
Timeframe to monitor authentication fails (min)	Number in minutes	Amount of time when failed authentication attempts maxed, and before the counter gets reset (default: 10).
Number of authentication fails to block host	Number	Number of failed authentication attempts before the user is blocked (default: 5).
Rescue Mode requires authentication	TRUE/FALSE	When enabled, Rescue Mode requires authentication through a local user account (i.e., root).
Password protected boot	TRUE/FALSE	When enabled, editing BIOS and Grub requires authentication based on the defined password.
Enable Secure Boot	TRUE/FALSE	When enabled, only ZPE-signed OS with ZPE standard certificates in BIOS are permitted to boot.
SED PBA Version	Read only text	Pre-Boot Authenticator Version installed in the SSD.
Self-encrypting drive	TRUE/FALSE	When enabled, all SSD data is automatically encrypted.
Lock password menu: Random Auto Generated	Radio button	Select to generate a ZPE random password.
Lock password menu: Random autogenerated	Radio button	Save the auto-generated Lock password.
Generated password	Read only text	Auto-generated Lock password. WARNING! SAVE THIS PASSWORD (Lock Password is required to disable this feature.)
User defined	Radio button	Enter user defined Lock password.
Lock password	Read only text	Enter Lock Password. WARNING! SAVE THIS PASSWORD (Lock Password is required to disable this feature.)
Confirm lock password	Read only text	Confirm Lock Password. WARNING! SAVE THIS PASSWORD (Lock Password is required to disable this feature.)

NOTES:

Password Protected Boot is a patent-pending feature that allows Nodegrid OS to communicate with BIOS to enable the BIOS password to prevent unauthorized changes. The same password also protects Grub from unauthorized changes.



The Password Protected Boot feature requires minimum BIOS version of 81122T00. On the WebUI, see About information for the current version.