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0	Bector Automation RML India Pvt. Ltd.

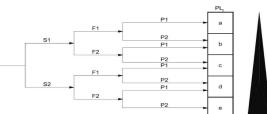
			PROTOCOL APPROVAL				
PREPARED BY			DESIGNATION		SIGNAT	URE AND DATE	
Sahana I H			Automation				
REVIEWED BY BRML			DESIGNATION		SIGNAT	TURE AND DATE	-
Vaibhav Bhosale			Automation				
Pabitra Hazra			Design				
REVIEWED BY STRIDE	S PHARMA		DESIGNATION		SIGNAT	TURE AND DATE	
APPROVED BY STRIDE	ES PHARMA		DESIGNATION		SIGNAT	TURE AND DATE	Key 1 s C L H PL, r
Assessment reference:	16049	Number of operatives:	1	LO (Like	elihood of Occurrence		FE 0.5
Type of machine:	Sachet Cartoning Machine	Number of shifts per week:		1 - 1.5	Highly unlikely Unlikely	Only in extreme circumstances Though conceivable But could occur	0.5 1 1.5
Machine location:	Bangalore	Usage (hours per week):		2	Possible	But unusual	2.5
Machine description:	Sachet Cartoning Machine	Operating manuals:	Supplied	5	Even chance	Could happen	4
Machine manufacturer:	BAR	SOP's	As required, per post assembly Hazop.	8	Probable	Not surprising	5
Machine model:	p780	Operatives' training record:		10	Likely	To be expected	
Machine serial number:	p780-16049-01-2022	Warning signs:	As required, per post assembly Hazop.	15	Certain	No doubt	i –
Modifications from 'as-	None	Raw materials:		DPH (D	egree of Possible Harr	m)	NP
supplied': Energy sources:	Electrical Power and Compressed Air	Maintenance manual:	Supplied	0.1	Scratch or bruise	,	1
Energy source ratings:	Electrical - 3phase, 415V Pneumatic - Air @6bar.	Maintenance training record:	Operators & maintenance to be trained upon installation		Laceration or mild ill	-effect	2
Safety measures:	(eg. PLd safety architecture)	Access by untrained visitors:	Prohibited	2 4 6	Break of major bone	or minor illness (temporary) or major illness (temporary) re, hearing (permanent)	4 8 12
Assessment carried out by:	OB, RB			10	Loss of two limbs or		12
Assessment date:	23-08-2022			15	Fatality		l i
Assessment reviewed by	/:						2
Assessment review date	e						
Version:	1.0						

RML Assumptions:

Machine has no electronic guarding at all at initial assessment, frame is present.

See "Example Keywords" sheet for further keywords Keywords:

						Initial assessment						Re-assessment after taking action				Residual Risk Action		
No. Assembly	Machine Location	Type of Hazard	Potential consequences	Comments	LO	FE	DPH	NP I	HRN	Risk leve	Action required	LO	FE DP	I NP	HRN	Risk leve	Description	
2 Main Drive Assembly		1. Driver Pully Assembly 2. Driven Pully Assembly 3. Main Drive Belt Guide &Dogs	Kinetic energy (Drawing in Nip Points/Crushing Shearing)	Injuries include amputations, lacerations, contusions crushing of tissues and bones, and broken bones.	Hazards - drawing in of operator getting caught in bet/tangled with power belt. Why is the hazard there - Conveyor running at linear speed >800mm/s. What drives the hazard - Sero Woldor. How could harm be caused - Operator handlothinghair becoming caught in Belt. Why would the hazard - Court - operator hierarching or inspection around the conveyor Potential occurrence of hazard - Fiven Chance Possible harm - Noting Lacendation, Break Minor Stone	2	4	2	1	16	Low, significa	Operator / Maintenance Staff nt Awareness Nip Point Warning Signs	2	4 2	1	16	Low, significar	Operator / Maintenance Staff Awareness and Training
		Motor And Gearbox Assembly	Thermal Energy	1. The vinding insulation & bearing deteriorates 2. Increases in the temperature of an electric motor reduce its lifespan (Motor Ambient working temperature <=80 deg celcius) (Gearbox Ambient temperature <= 80 deg celcius)	Hazards - 1. Burns due to contact with hot Sufface of the motor and Gearbox. 2. Motor Insulation ang et method and can access whot circuits and permanent damage to the motor. Why is the hazard there - Motors with a gearbox combination drives the conveyor and tend to heat (extensive temperatures >60 deg celoius can be hazards) What drives the hazard scene - Operation contact with hot motor and gearbox Surface. Why would the hazard court - Operation Instead in the machine, intervention by maintenance personnel. Possible hazard - Constantly. Possible hazard - Moro burns.	8	4	0.5	1	16	Low, significa	Operator / Maintenance Staff Awareness Hot Surface Warning Signs	5	4 0.5	1	10	Low, significar	Operator / Maintenance Staff Awareness and Training
	Main Drive Assembly	1. driver Pully Assembly 2. Driven Pully Assembly 3. Motor And Gearbox Assembly	1. Noise 2. Vibration	Vitration can assue shanges in tendoms muscles borne and joints and can affect the nervous gene collectivity these affects are hown are kinand-Amr Vitration Syndrome (HAVS). Workers affected by HAVS commonly report 1. Attacks of whiteining (blanching) of one or nore fingers when exposed to cold 2. Tingling and loss of sensation in the fingers 3. Pain and cold sensations between percluic white fingers attacks 4. Loss of grip strength & Bone cysts in fingers and wrists 5. Noise may damage hearing - Stress - Hypersensitivity to noise - Increased blood Pressure Increased Blood	Hazards -vibrate and generates excessive force in the bearing area and reduces the life of the machine Why is the hazard there - Electrical Energy. What drives the hazard - Electrical Energy. How could them be caused - Operatior incredicat with motor and gearbox Surface. Why would the hazard occur - Operator intervention or inspection around the machine, intervention by maintenance personnel. Potential occurres of hazard - Constantly. Possible harm - I. Whoreion can cause changes in tendons,muscles,bones and joints . (the highest around 8-16 Hz (Hertz or cycles per record) J. 2. Noise may damage hearing (Permissible limit is 75 dB for daytime and 70 dB at night from 1m Distance)	1.5	5.0	2.0	1.0	15.0	Low, significa	nt Operator / Maintenance Staff Awareness	5.0	1.5 2.0	1.0	45	Negligible	Regular Maintenance
		Motor Assembly	EMF/ Electro static	Electrostatic sparks may have encugh energy to produce electric shocks, cause electronic damage, spoil mechanical components	Hazards - electrical shock, fire and arc flash. Why is the hazard there - When power up the Electric Motor & its power cables are open and fed up floor What drives the hazard - Electrical Energy	0.033	4	15	1	1.98	Negligible	Use best practice design	0.03	4 15	1	1.8	Negligible	
				Burn		0.033	4	0.5	1 (0.066	Negligible	Use best practice design	0.03	4 0.5	1	0.06	Negligible	Operator / Maintenance Staff
			Parts becoming live under fault conditions / Short-circuit / Overload	How could harm be caused -Operator in contract with hot motor and gearbox Surface. Why would the hazard occur -Operatior intervention or inspection around the machine, intervention by maintenance personnel. Potential occurrence of hazard - Constantly. Possible harm - Minor burns , Electrocution	0.033	4	0.5	1 0	0.066	Negligible	Use best practice design	0.03	4 0.5	1	0.06	Negligible	Awareness and Training	
					0.033	4	15	1	1.98	Negligible	Use best practice design	0.03	4 15	1	1.8	Negligible		



- arting point for evaluation of safety function's ontribution to risk reduction w contribution to risk reduction glip contribution to risk reduction equired performance level
- Risk parameters: S severity of injury S1 silght (normally reversible injury) S2 serious (normally inverestible injury or death) F frequency and/or exposure tin hazard F1 seldom-to-less-often and/or exposure time is short F2 frequent-to-continuous and/or exposure time is long P possibility of eviding hazard or limiting harm P1 possibility of eviding hazard or limiting harm P2 scarcely possible



HRN	Risk	
0-5	Negligible	
5-50	Low, significant	
50-500	High	
Over 500	Unacceptable	
HRN = LO	x FE x DPH x NF	Þ

Νı	Number of Persons at risk)						
	1-2 persons						
	3-7 persons						
	8-15 persons						
	16-50 persons						
	50+ persons						